Directors' Report and

Consolidated Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2022

for

Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Holdings2) Limited

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Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Holdings2) Limited

Contents of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

| | Page |
|--|----------|
| Company Information | 1 |
| Directors' Report | 2 to 3 |
| Statement of Directors' Responsibilities | . 4 |
| Independent Auditor's Report | 5 to 7 |
| Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income | 8 |
| Consolidated Balance Sheet | 9 |
| Company Balance Sheet | 10 |
| Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity | 11 |
| Company Statement of Changes in Equity | 12 |
| Consolidated Cash Flow Statement | 13 |
| Notes to the Financial Statements | 14 to 22 |

Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Holdings2) Limited

Company Information for the year ended 31 December 2022

DIRECTORS:

J P Marsh

T E Render N R Henshaw K Savjani J G Du Plessis

REGISTERED OFFICE:

3 More London Riverside

London SEI 2AQ

REGISTERED NUMBER:

08121567 (England and Wales)

AUDITOR:

KPMG LLP

One Snowhill

Snow Hill Queensway

Birmingham B4 6GH

Directors' Report

for the year ended 31 December 2022

The Directors present their report with the financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies' exemption.

The Directors have elected to prepare consolidated financial statements for the first time this year.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity is that of a holding company with a single subsidiary, Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Projectco2) Limited.

The group was established to undertake the design, redevelopment, financing and operation of schools and associated services under the Government's Building Schools for the Future scheme for a period of twenty-six years pursuant to and in accordance with the terms of an agreement with the terms of an agreement with the Nottingham City Council. This agreement together with a loan facilities agreement, a construction contract, a facilities management contract and other related contracts was signed on 24 August 2012. Construction of the school commenced in August 2012 and completed in August 2013.

In June 2022, Building Schools for the Future Investments LLP acquired a further 8% investment in the Company from Inspiredspaces Nottingham (PSP1) Limited.

As at 31 December 2022, loan stock was held by Building Schools for the Future Investments LLP 90% (2021: 82%), Nottingham City Council 10% (2021: 10%) and Inspiredspaces Nottingham (PSP1) Limited 0% (2021: 8%).

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The Directors consider the performance of the Group and the Company during the year, the financial position at the end of the year and its prospects for the future to be satisfactory.

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income set out on page 8 shows a profit for the financial year of £71,000 (2021: £73,000).

DIVIDENDS

The Directors recommended an interim dividend of £66,000 (2021: £75,000).

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Directors continue to develop the business in line with the contract.

DIRECTORS

The Directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2022 to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

J P Marsh

T E Render

N R Henshaw

K Savjani

J G Du Plessis

K J Edwards (resigned on 19 October 2022)

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The management of the business and the execution of the Group's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The key business risks affecting the Group are considered to relate to cash flow management, facility management compliance and review of the insurance cover and lifecycle profile. The Group is exposed to inflation risk as some of its operational costs are RPI linked. This risk is mitigated as an element of the Group's availability income is also linked to RPI. The board formally reviews risks and appropriate processes are put in place to mitigate them.

Directors' Report - continued for the year ended 31 December 2022

GOING CONCERN

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

The Directors have prepared cash flow forecasts covering a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that, taking account of the severe but plausible downsides, the group and company will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period and to operate within the covenants on its external borrowings.

Specifically, the directors have considered if, in modelled severe but plausible downside scenarios, the level of operational performance of the group would lead to service failure points being awarded against the group in accordance with the terms of the group's contract with the local authority sufficient to cause an event of default under the terms of the group's external borrowings. To date there has been no material adverse impact on the group's cashflows, or the service levels provided and no indication of heightened risk of subcontractor failure. As a result, the cashflow forecasts indicate that, even in downside scenarios, the group will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the group and company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There have been no material post balance sheet events which would require disclosure or adjustment to these financial statements.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the group's auditor is unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditor is aware of that information.

DIRECTORS INDEMNITIES

The Group and Company has made qualifying third-party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors, which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report.

AUDITOR

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

James Marsh - Director

Date: 7 August 2023

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the group and parent company financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the group and parent company financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and parent company and of the group's profit or loss for that period. In preparing each of the group and parent company financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the group and parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the parent company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the parent company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Holdings2) Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Holdings2) Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated and Company Balance Sheet, the Consolidated and Company Statement of Changes in Equity, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the parent Company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of the Group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Group in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease their operations, and as they have concluded that the Group and the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over their ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Group's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Group and Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the Group or the Company will continue in operation.

Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations - ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of directors as to the Group's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud, as well as whether they
 have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.
- · Reading Board minutes.
- Using analytical procedures to identify any usual or unexpected relationships.

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because of the existence of limited incentives and opportunities to make inappropriate accounting entries in relation to revenue.

We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Holdings2) Limited (continued)

We performed procedures including identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included those posted to unusual accounts.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the directors and other management (as required by auditing standards), and discussed with the directors and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Group is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the Group is subject to other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified health and safety as the most likely area to have such an effect, recognising the nature of the Group's activities. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

Directors' report

The directors are responsible for the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover that report and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in that report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006, we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Holdings2) Limited (continued)

Other matter - prior period consolidated financial statements

We note that the company did not previously prepare consolidated financial statements. Consequently ISAs (UK) require the auditor to state that the corresponding figures contained with the consolidated financial statements are unaudited. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Group and parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Group or the parent Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

John Hughes (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants
One Snowhill
Snow Hill Queensway
Birmingham
B4 6GH

Date: 8 August 2023

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2022

| | Note | 2022 £'000 | 2021 £'000 |
|--|--------|------------------|----------------|
| TURNOVER Cost of sales | | 1,206 (1,006) | 1,169 (978) |
| GROSS PROFIT BEING OPERATING PROFIT | 3 | 200 | 191 |
| Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar expenses | 4 5 | 741 (853) | 784 (885) |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION | | 88 | 90 |
| Tax on profit | 6 | (17) | (17) |
| PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR | | 71 | 73 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE RESULT FOR THE YEAR | | - | - |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR | | 71 | 73 |
| Profit attributable to: | | | |
| Owners of the parent | | 71 | 73 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the parent | | 71 | 73 |

Consolidated Balance Sheet

| | | _ | |
|----|------|------|------|
| 31 | Dece | mher | 2022 |

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|---------------|---|
| Note | _ | £'000 |
| Note | 2 000 | 2 000 |
| • | (21 | 712 |
| - | | 712 |
| . 9 | • | 14,829 |
| | 1,760 | 1,510 |
| | 16,343 | 17,051 |
| · | | |
| 10 | (1,142) | (1,023) |
| | 15,201 | 16,028 |
| | 15,201 | 16,028 |
| | | |
| 11 | (15,171) | (16,003) |
| | 30 | 25 |
| | | |
| 14 | 10 · | 10 |
| | 20 | 15 |
| | 30 | 25 |
| | 11 | 9 621 9 13,962 1,760 16,343 10 (1,142) 15,201 11 (15,171) 30 |

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 7 August 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

James Marsh - Director

Company Balance Sheet

31 December 2022

| • | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|------|---------|---------|
| | Note | £'000 | £'000 |
| FIXED ASSETS | _ | | |
| Investments | 7 | 10 | 10 |
| | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | • |
| Debtors: amounts falling due within one year | 9 | 88 | 73 |
| Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year | 9 | 1,770 | 1,803 |
| | | 1,858 | 1,876 |
| CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR | 10 | (88) | (73) |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS | | 1,770 | 1,803 |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 1,780 | 1,813 |
| CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER | | | |
| MORE THAN ONE YEAR | 11 | (1,770) | (1,803) |
| NET ASSETS | | 10 | . 10 |
| CANITAL AND DESCRIPTO | | | |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | ı |
| Called up share capital | 14 | 10 | 10 |
| Profit and loss account | | | |
| SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS | | 10 | 10 |

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 7 August 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

James Marsh - Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2022

| : | Called up share capital £'000 | Retained earnings £'000 | Total equity |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 10 | 17 | 27 |
| Total Comprehensive Income | - | 73 | 73 |
| Interim Dividends (note 8) | - | (75) | (75) |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 10 | 15 | 25 |
| | | | |
| Total Comprehensive Income | - | 71 | 71 |
| Interim Dividends (note 8) | - | . (66) | (66) |
| Balance at 31 December 2022 | 10 | 20 | 30 |

Company Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2022

| | Called up share capital £'000 | Retained earnings £'000 | Total equity |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 10 | - | 10 |
| Total Comprehensive income | - | 75 | 75 |
| Interim Dividends (note 8) | - | (75) | (75) |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 10 | - | 10 |
| Total Comprehensive income | - | 66 | 66 |
| Interim Dividends (note 8) | | (66) | (66) |
| Balance at 31 December 2022 | 10 | | 10 |

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 December 2022

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|------|-------|-------|
| | Note | £'000 | £'000 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | |
| Cash generated from operations | | | |
| Profit for the financial year | | 88 | 90 |
| Interest receivable and similar income | 5 | (741) | (784) |
| Interest payable and similar expenses | 6 | 853 | 885 |
| Net cash generated from operations | _ | 200 | 191 |
| Decrease in debtors | | 959 | 898 |
| Increase in creditors | | 2 | 25 |
| Tax paid | | (33) | (18) |
| Dividends paid . | | (66) | (75) |
| Interest paid | | (835) | (863) |
| Interest received | | 741 | 784 |
| Net cash from operating activities | - | 968 | 942 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| Repayment of bank borrowings | 12 | (700) | (663) |
| Movement in amounts owed to shareholders | 12 | 130 | (15) |
| Movement in amounts owed to participating interests | 12 | (148) | (3) |
| Net cash from financing activities | | (718) | (681) |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | . 250 | 261 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January | | 1,510 | 1,249 |
| Cash and Cash equivalents at 1 January | - | | 1,249 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December | _ | 1,760 | 1,510 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Holdings2) Limited is a private limited company incorporated in England. The Registered Office is 3 More London Riverside, London, SEI 2AQ.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These Group and parent company financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102. The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2022. The presentation currency of these financial statements is sterling, which is the functional currency of the group and company. All amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest £1,000.

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

The parent company is included in the consolidated financial statements, and is considered to be a qualifying entity under FRS 102 paragraphs 1.8 to 1.12.

The following exemptions available under FRS 102 in respect of certain disclosures for the parent company financial statements have been applied:

- No separate parent company Cash Flow Statement with related notes is included; and
- Key Management Personnel compensation has not been included a second time; and,
- Certain disclosures required by FRS 102.11 Basic Financial Instruments and FRS 102.12 Other Financial Instrument Issues in respect of financial instruments not falling within the fair value accounting rules of Paragraph 36(4) of Schedule 1.

The Group and company transitioned from FRS 101 to FRS 102 as at 1 January 2021. In the transition to FRS 102 from FRS 101, the Group and company has made no measurement and recognition adjustments. The transition to FRS102 has not affected the financial position or financial performance of the Group and company.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31 December 2022. A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the parent. The results of subsidiary undertakings are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Control is established when the Company has the power to govern the operating and financial policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, the Group takes into consideration potential voting rights that are currently exercisable. Under Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 the Company is exempt from the requirement to present its own profit and loss account. The company's result for the year was £nil (2021: £nil).

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

The Directors have prepared cash flow forecasts covering a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that, taking account of the severe but plausible downsides, the group and company will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period and to operate within the covenants on its external borrowings.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2022

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Going concern - continued

Specifically, the directors have considered if, in modelled severe but plausible downside scenarios, the level of operational performance of the group would lead to service failure points being awarded against the group in accordance with the terms of the group's contract with the local authority sufficient to cause an event of default under the terms of the group's external borrowings. To date there has been no material adverse impact on the group's cashflows, or the service levels provided and no indication of heightened risk of subcontractor failure. As a result, the cashflow forecasts indicate that, even in downside scenarios, the group will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the group and company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Short term debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in administrative expenses.

A financial asset not carried at fair value through profit or loss is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cashflows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. For financial instruments measured at cost less impairment an impairment is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that the Group and Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date. Interest on the impaired asset continues to be recognised through the unwinding of the discount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

Turnover

Income received in respect of the service concession is allocated between revenue and capital repayment and interest income on the PFI financial asset using the effective interest rate method. Service revenue is recognised as non-pass-through operating and maintenance costs plus a margin.

Revenue and expenses are recognised on an accruals basis, i.e. when the actual flow of the related goods and services occurs, regardless of when the resulting monetary or financial flow arises. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, net of discounts and taxes.

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

All interest-bearing loans and borrowings which are basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar loan. After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and Cash equivalents comprise cash balances.

The Group is obliged to keep a separate cash reserve in respect of future maintenance costs. This restricted cash balance, which is shown on the balance sheet within the "cash at bank" balance, amounts to £919,000 at the year end (2021: £607,000).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2022

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Service concessions treated as financial assets

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained within 35.10(i) of FRS 102 not to apply 34.121 - 34.16A to its PFI service concession arrangement (the finance debtor). Accordingly, the service concession arrangement has continued to be accounted for using the same accounting policies that applied at the date of transition to FRS 102.

Specifically, the finance debtor is accounted for as a financial asset at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, whereby the asset related unitary charge is allocated between repayment of the finance debtor and finance income at the property specific rate.

Interest receivable and interest payable

Interest payable and similar expenses comprise of interest payable. Interest receivable and similar income comprises interest receivable on funds invested and interest receivable on the financial asset.

Interest income and interest payable is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues, using the effective interest method. Dividend income is recognised in the income statement on the date the entity's right to receive payments is established.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investment in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost less provision for any impairment in the carrying value of the investment.

Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amount reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. There are no significant estimates or judgements in the preparation of these financial statements.

2. STAFF COSTS AND DIRECTOR'S REMUNERATION

The Group has no employees and hence there were no staff costs for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: £nil). There are no key management personnel other than the directors. The directors received no remuneration, fees or other benefits in the performance of their qualifying services in respect of their services to the Group (2021: £nil).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2022

3. OPERATING PROFIT

| | The following costs were incurred during the year: | | • |
|----|--|-------|-------|
| | The following costs were incurred during the year. | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | £'000 | £'000 |
| | Auditor's remuneration - audit of these financial statements | 1 | 1 |
| | Audit of subsidiary accounts pursuant to legislation | 16 | 12 |
| | | 17 | 13 |
| 4. | INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME | | |
| | • | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | 000'£ | £'000 |
| | Bank interest receivable | 9 | - |
| | Interest on financial assets | 732 | 784 |
| | | 741 | 784 |
| 5. | INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSE | | |
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | £'000 | £'000 |
| | Bank borrowings | 635 | 665 |
| | Amounts payable to parent undertaking | 218 | 220 |
| | | 853 | 885 |
| 6. | TAXATION | | |
| | Analysis of the tax charge | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | £,000 | £'000 |
| | UK corporation tax | | |
| | Tax charge on profit | 17 | 17 |
| | Total tax | 17 | 17 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2022

6. TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax credit included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is the same (2021: the same) as the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK.

| Profit before tax | 2022 £'000 88 | 2021 £'000 90 |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021: 19%) | 17 | 17 |
| Total tax charge in consolidated statement of comprehensive income | 17 | 17 |

Factors affecting the tax charge in future years

An increase in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 25% (effective from 1 April 2023) was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021. This will have a consequential effect on the Group's future tax charge. There is no recognised or unrecognised deferred tax asset/liability

7. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Company

| | Investment in subsidiary undertakings £'000 |
|----------------------|--|
| COST | |
| At 1 January 2022 | • |
| And 31 December 2022 | 10 |
| | |
| NET BOOK VALUE | |
| At 31 December 2022 | 10 |
| At 31 December 2021 | 10 |
| | |

Shares in subsidiary undertaking represent a holding of 100% of the ordinary share capital of Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Projectco2) Limited. This Company is incorporated in the United Kingdom, registered at 3 More London Riverside, London, SEI 2AQ, and its sole purpose is the design, build, maintenance and operation of a series of schools in the Nottingham area.

8. DIVIDENDS

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Ordinary shares of £1 each Interim | | |
| Interim dividend | 66 | 75 |
| | | |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2022

9. **DEBTORS**

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|---------|--------|---------|-------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | £'000 . | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Amounts falling due within one year: | | | | |
| Amounts receivable in respect of financial assets | 563 | 659 | - | - |
| Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings | - | - | 88 | 73 |
| Corporation tax | 2 | 1 | - | - |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 56 | 52 | - | |
| | 621 | 712 | 88 | 73 |
| | Group | 1 | Compan | y |
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | £'000 | £'000 | 000'£ | £'000 |
| Amounts falling due after more that one year: | • | | • | |
| Amounts receivable in respect of financial assets | 13,962 | 14,829 | - | - |
| Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings | | - | 1,770 | 1,803 |
| | 13,962 | 14,829 | 1,770 | 1,803 |
| | | | | |
| Aggregate amounts | 14,583 | 15,541 | 1,858 | 1,876 |

The amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings bear interest at 12% per annum and are repayable semi-annually with the first instalment due on 30th September 2019 until March 2038.

10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| • | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Trade creditors | 82 | 57 | - | • |
| Bank loans and overdrafts (note 12) | 818 | 701 | - | - |
| Amounts payable to shareholders | 79 | 60 | 79 | 60 |
| Amounts payable to participating interests | 9 | 13 | 9 | 13 |
| Corporation tax | - | 15 | <u>-</u> | - |
| Accruals & deferred income | 154 | 177 | - | - |
| | 1,142 | 1,023 | 88 | 73 . |
| | | | | |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2022

11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|--------|--------|---------|-------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Bank loans and overdrafts (note 12) | 13,401 | 14,200 | - | - |
| Amounts payable to shareholders | 1,593 | 1,478 | 1,593 | 1,478 |
| Amounts payable to participating interests | 177 | 325 | 177 | 325 |
| | 15,171 | 16,003 | 1,770 | 1,803 |

12. LOANS

An analysis of the maturity of the bank loans is given below:

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|--------|--------|----------|----------|
| • | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 . | £'000 |
| Repayment schedule of the bank loan: | | | | |
| Wholly repayable within five years | 4,421 | 4,251 | - | - |
| Not wholly repayable within five years | 9,987 | 10,857 | <u>.</u> | <u> </u> |
| | 14,408 | 15,108 | | - |

As at 31 December 2022 £14,408,000 (2021: £15,108,000) has been drawn for the senior term loan only. Loan issue costs in respect of these facilities have been deducted from gross proceeds of the bank borrowings and are being amortised using the effective interest rate method. There was £nil (2021: £nil) of accrued interest and an effective interest rate adjustment of £189,000 (2021: £207,000) on these loans outstanding at the year end.

The term loan facility is repayable in 94 quarterly instalments commencing on 30 June 2014 and ending on 30 August 2037.

Interest on the term loan is charged at a fixed rate of 4.15%.

The facilities are secured, by way of first fixed charge, over all of the assigned rights which the group now has, its present and future interest in the securities and all other stocks, shares, debentures, bonds and other securities, all account monies, all benefits in respect of insurances, all book and other debts and other monies due, its present and future goodwill and its present and future uncalled capital. They are also secured by way of a floating charge over the whole of the charged assets being the whole of the property (including uncalled capital) which is or may be from time to time comprised in the property and undertaking of the charger.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2022

12. LOANS - continued

An analysis of the maturity of the group loans is given below:

| | Group | | Company | | |
|--|-------|-------|---------|-------|--|
| . • | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | |
| Repayment schedule of the group loan: | | | | | |
| Wholly repayable within five years | 249 | 223 | 249 | 223 | |
| Not wholly repayable within five years | 1,554 | 1,598 | 1,554 | 1,598 | |
| | 1,803 | 1,821 | 1,803 | 1,821 | |

Amounts owed to group undertakings comprise loan stock of £1,623,000 (2021: £1,493,000) from Building Schools for the Future Investments LLP. Amounts owed to related parties comprise of £180,000 (2021: £182,000) Nottingham City Council and £nil (2021: £146,000) from Inspiredspaces Nottingham (PSP1) Limited. These borrowings bear interest at 12% per annum and are repayable in semi-annual instalments commencing in September 2019. There was £55,000 (2021: £55,000) of accrued interest on this loan outstanding at the year end.

13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Net debt

The below is an analysis of changes in net debt from the beginning to the end of the current reporting period:

| | 1 January 2022 £'000 | Cash flows | 31 December 2022 £'000 |
|--|----------------------------|------------|------------------------------|
| Cash at bank and in hand | 1,510 | 250 | 1,760 |
| | 1,510 | 250 | 1,760 |
| Bank loans | (15,108) | 700 | (14,408) |
| Amounts payable to shareholders | (1,493) | (130) | (1,623) |
| Amounts payable to participating interests | (328) | 148 | (180) |
| Net Debt | (15,419) | 968 | (14,451) |

Net debt consists of the borrowings of an entity less any cash and cash equivalents.

14. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

| Allotted, issue | d and fully paid: | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------|-------|
| Number: | Class: | Nominal value: | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | , | £'000 | £'000 |
| 10,000 | Ordinary | £1 | 10 | 10 |

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2022

15. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year ended 31 December 2022 the Group recognised interest £196,000 (2021: £180,000) payable to Building Schools for the Future Investments LLP. The Group owed Building Schools for the Future Investments LLP £1,672,000 (2021: £1,538,000).

16. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The directors regard Building Schools for the Future LLP, a company incorporated in England and Wales as the immediate parent undertaking and controlling party and International Public Partnerships Limited a company registered in Guernsey as the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party.