

**Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Holdings2) Limited**

**Directors' report and financial statements**

Registered number 8121567

For the period from the date of incorporation on  
27 June 2012 to 31 December 2012



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## **Directors' report**

The directors present their report and consolidated financial statements for the period from incorporation on 27 June 2012 until 31 December 2012

The company was incorporated on 27 June 2012 with an authorised share capital of 1 ordinary share of £1. On 16 August 2012 the authorised share capital was increased from £1 to £10,000 by the creation of 9,999 new ordinary shares of £1 each. On the same day a further 9,999 ordinary shares of £1 each were issued at par for cash consideration.

On 25 October 2012 the company changed its accounting reference date to 31 December.

## **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company is that of a holding company with a single subsidiary, Inspiredspaces Nottingham (ProjectCo2) Limited.

The principal activities of the subsidiary are the design, redevelopment, financing and operation of a school and associated services under the Government's Building Schools for the Future scheme for a period of twenty six years pursuant to and in accordance with the terms of an agreement with the Nottingham City Council. This agreement together with a loan facilities agreement, a construction contract, a facilities management contract and other related contracts were signed on 24 August 2012. Construction of the school commenced in August 2012 and is scheduled to be completed in August 2013.

The consolidated income statement is set out on page 7 and relates to the operating activities during the period. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

The directors consider the performance of the group during the period, the financial position at the end of the period and its prospects for the future to be satisfactory.

The directors anticipate that the group will continue its present role during 2013.

## **Principal risks and uncertainties**

The group's principal activity as detailed above is risk averse as its trading relationships with its customer, funders and sub-contractors are determined by the terms of their respective detailed contracts. The financial risks and the measures taken to mitigate them are as detailed in the following section.

### ***Credit risk***

The group will receive its revenue from a United Kingdom government body and therefore is not exposed to significant risk.

### ***Inflation risk***

The group's project revenue and operating costs are linked to inflation at the inception of the project.

### ***Insurance risk***

The group is exposed to the conditions prevailing in the insurance market at each renewal date. The directors manage this through close monitoring of the claims record of the project and through employing experienced broking organisations to obtain competitive insurance terms.

### ***Interest rate risk***

The group has in place loans on which a fixed rate of interest is paid.

## **Directors' report** *(continued)*

### **Principal risks and uncertainties** *(continued)*

#### ***Lifecycle risk***

The group has contracted out the responsibility for lifecycle costs and these are now at the risk of the sub-contractor. A cash lifecycle fund will be held by the company to cover future anticipated replacement costs and will be utilised in reimbursing the sub-contractor for the profiled costs.

#### ***Liquidity risk***

The group has adopted a prudent approach to liquidity management by endeavouring to maintain sufficient cash and liquid resources to meet its obligations as they fall due.

#### ***Solvency and performance of sub-contractors***

The solvency and performance of key sub-contractors is regularly monitored by the directors.

The group's operations are managed under the supervision of its shareholders and funders and are largely determined by the detailed terms of the PFI contract which stipulates the monitoring of the key performance criteria on operational activities detailed in the following section.

#### ***Progress of the works***

The group monitors the performance of the works to date by comparing it with the planned schedule agreed at financial close under the design and building scope of the project. In addition the client has the ability to levy financial penalties and/or require remedial action in the event that defects are not rectified according to detailed criteria set out in the project agreement. The directors believe progress of the works to be satisfactory and that the target construction completion date of 31 August 2013 will be achieved.

#### ***Performance of the services***

Once the project is in operation, the client has the ability to levy financial penalties and/or require remedial action in the event that either performance standards are not achieved or accommodation is not available according to detailed criteria set out in the project agreement.

#### ***Financial performance***

The group has modelled the anticipated financial outcome of the project across its full term. The company monitors actual financial performance against anticipated performance. Income and expenditure for the period ended 31 December 2012, which are based on fixed long-term contracts, have been in line with the directors' expectations.

#### ***Safety performance***

The group is committed to providing a safe environment for its sub-contractors and those impacted by its activities. Safety reports are provided at each board meeting. These are reviewed by the directors who monitor actual performance against anticipated performance using industry benchmarks. Appropriate action is taken where necessary in order to ensure that all matters raised are fully resolved and are compliant with safety regulations.

#### ***Results and dividends***

The consolidated income statement is set out on page 7 and relates to the operating activities during the period. No interim dividend was declared or paid during the period. No further dividend is recommended.

## **Directors' report** *(continued)*

### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the period were as follows

D Blanchard	Appointed	16 August 2012	Resigned	28 June 2013
D Fisher	Appointed	16 August 2012	Resigned	30 January 2013
T George	Appointed	27 June 2012	Resigned	16 August 2012
M Harding	Appointed	16 August 2012		
N Humby	Appointed	30 January 2013		
I Mason	Appointed	30 January 2013		
L Mills	Appointed	27 June 2012	Resigned	16 August 2012
T Render	Appointed	16 August 2012		
M Trodd	Appointed	16 August 2012		
P Andrews	Appointed	28 June 2013		

### **Disclosure of information to auditor**

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

### **Auditor**

KPMG LLP was appointed to fill the initial vacancy as auditor pursuant to Section 485 of the Companies Act 2006. Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office

By order of the board



**M Trodd**  
*Director*

24 Birch Street  
Wolverhampton  
WV1 4HY  
2013

28<sup>th</sup> August 2013

## **Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' report and the financial statements**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare company financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare financial statements in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU and applicable law.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and parent company of its profit or loss for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the parent company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

## **Independent auditor's report to the members of Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Holdings2) Limited**

We have audited the financial statements of Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Holdings2) Limited for the period from incorporation on 27 June 2012 to 31 December 2012 set out on pages 7 to 28. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### **Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor**

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion, on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### **Scope of the audit of the financial statements**

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council website at [www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate).

### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of the group's profit for the period then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU, and
- the parent company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the EU and as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006, and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

**Independent auditor's report to the members of Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Holdings2) Limited (continued)**

**Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

*R J Pound*

**Robert Pound (Senior Statutory Auditor)**  
**for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor**  
*Chartered Accountants*  
One Snowhill  
Snow Hill Queensway  
Birmingham  
B4 6GH  
United Kingdom

*3 September 2013*

**Consolidated Income Statement**  
*for the 6 month and 3 day period ended 31 December 2012*

	<i>Note</i>	<b>Period ended 31 December 2012 £000</b>
<b>Continuing operations</b>		
Revenue	2	8,359
Cost of sales		(8,085)
<b>Gross profit</b>	3	274
Finance income	5	79
Finance expense	5	(99)
<b>Net financing expense</b>		(20)
<b>Profit before tax</b>		254
Income tax charge	6	(61)
<b>Profit for the period</b>	14	193



**Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**  
*at 31 December 2012*

	Note	2012 £000
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Non current assets</b>		
Other financial assets	8	7,860
		<u>7,860</u>
<b>Current assets</b>		
Trade and other receivables	9	628
Other financial assets	8	578
Cash and cash equivalents	15	4,399
		<u>5,605</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u>13,465</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Trade and other payables	10	(1,389)
		<u>(1,389)</u>
<b>Non current liabilities</b>		
Trade and other payables	10	(98)
Non current bank borrowings	11	(11,411)
Non current other borrowings	11	(364)
		<u>(11,873)</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<u>(13,262)</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u>203</u>
<b>Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent</b>		
Ordinary shares	13	10
Retained earnings	14	193
<b>Total equity</b>		<u>203</u>

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 28<sup>th</sup> August 2013 and were signed on its behalf by



**M Trodd**  
 Director  
 Registered number 8121567

**Consolidated statement of changes in equity**  
*for the 6 month and 3 day period ended 31 December 2012*

	Note	Share Capital £000	Retained Earnings £000	Total Equity £000
<b>Balance on incorporation</b>		-	-	-
Share capital issued	13	10	-	10
Total comprehensive income for the period	14	-	193	193
<b>Balance at 31 December 2012</b>		<u>10</u>	<u>193</u>	<u>203</u>

**Consolidated statement of cash flows**  
*for the 6 month and 3 day period ended 31 December 2012*

	<i>Note</i>	<b>Period ended 31 December 2012 £000</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Profit for the period	14	193
Adjustments for		
Finance income	5	(79)
Finance expense	5	99
Taxation	6	61
		<u>274</u>
Increase in trade and other receivables		(9,066)
Increase in trade and other payables		<u>1,487</u>
		(7,305)
Interest received on bank deposits and finance receivables		-
Interest paid and similar charges		<u>(88)</u>
<b>Net cash from operating activities</b>		<u>(7,393)</u>
 <b>Cash flow from financing activities</b>		
Share capital issued	13	10
Drawings from loan facilities net of issue costs		<u>11,782</u>
<b>Net cash inflow from financing activities</b>		<u>11,792</u>
 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		4,399
Cash and cash equivalents on incorporation		<u>-</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December 2012</b>		<u><u>4,399</u></u>

**Company Statement of Financial Position**  
*at 31 December 2012*

	Note	2012 £000
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Non current assets</b>		
Investments	7	10
Other financial assets	8	364
<b>Total assets</b>		<u>374</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
<b>Non current liabilities</b>		
Non current other borrowings	11	<u>(364)</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<u>(364)</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u>10</u>
<b>Equity attributable to equity holders</b>		
Ordinary shares	13	<u>10</u>
<b>Total equity</b>		<u>10</u>

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 28<sup>th</sup> August 2013 and were signed on its behalf by



**M Trodd**  
 Director  
 Registered number 8121567

**Company statement of changes in equity**  
*for the 6 month and 3 day period ended 31 December 2012*

	<b>Share Capital £000</b>	<b>Total Equity £000</b>
<b>Balance on incorporation</b>	-	-
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in Equity	10	10
Total contributions by owners	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>
<b>Balance at 31 December 2012</b>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>

**Company statement of cash flows**  
*for the 6 month and 3 day period ended 31 December 2012*

	<i>Note</i>	<b>Period ended 31 December 2012 £000</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Result for the period		-
<b>Cash flow from investing activities</b>		
Acquisition of a subsidiary	7,8	(10)
Investment in subsidiary		(364)
<b>Net cash flow from investing activities</b>		<u>(374)</u>
<b>Cash flow from financing activities</b>		
Issue of share capital	13	10
Drawings from loan facilities net of issue costs	11	364
<b>Net cash inflow from financing activities</b>		<u>374</u>
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>		-
<b>Cash and cash equivalents on incorporation</b>		-
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December 2012</b>		<u>-</u>

## Notes

### *(forming part of the financial statements)*

#### **1 Accounting policies**

Inspiredspaces Nottingham (Holdings2) Limited (the "company") is a company incorporated and domiciled in the UK

The group and company financial statements have been prepared and approved by the directors in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs")

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements

The financial statements are presented in pounds sterling which is the company's functional currency

#### ***Measurement convention***

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value financial instruments classified as fair value through the profit or loss or as available-for-sale

#### ***Basis of consolidation***

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the group The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences to the date that control ceases

Transactions are eliminated upon consolidation Intra-group balances and transactions and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements

No profit or loss is presented for the company as permitted by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006  
The profit for the period was £nil

#### ***Going concern***

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis which assumes that the group will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future

The directors have reviewed the group's cash flow forecasts and profit projections over the concession period The forecasts demonstrate that the group expects to comply with its banking covenants and meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future The directors believe it is appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis

#### ***Non-derivative financial assets***

The group initially recognises loans and receivables and deposits on the date that they originated

The group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cashflows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive contractual cashflows on a financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and reward or ownership of the financial asset are transferred

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the balance sheet when and only when the group has a legal right to offset the amount and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously Non-derivative financial instruments comprise investments in equity and debt securities, trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, loans and borrowings, and trade and other payables

## Notes (continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### *Non-derivative financial assets (continued)*

##### *Trade and other receivables*

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

##### *Cash and cash equivalents*

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the group's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose only of the cash flow statement.

#### *Non-derivative financial liabilities*

The group initially recognises debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date that they are originated. All other financial liabilities (including liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss) are recognised initially on the trade date, which is the date the company becomes party to the contractual provision of the instrument.

The group derecognises the liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The group classifies non-derivative financial liabilities into the other liabilities category. Such financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

##### *Interest-bearing borrowings*

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

##### *Trade and other payables*

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### *Impairment excluding inventories, and deferred tax assets*

##### *Financial assets (including receivables)*

A financial asset not carried at fair value through profit or loss is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Interest on the impaired asset continues to be recognised through the unwinding of the discount. When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.



## Notes (continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### *Revenue*

Services revenue (in accordance with IFRIC 12) represents revenues from the provision of construction services to Private Finance Initiative ("PFI") projects calculated as the fair value of services provided. A margin is recognised on the service provided which is reimbursed to the group along with the value of construction over the duration of the concession by the grantor through payment of a unitary charge in line with the Project Agreement of 24 August 2012.

#### *Service concessions*

In accordance with IFRIC 12 and the various provisions of adopted IFRSs, the group has determined the appropriate treatment of the principal assets of, and income streams from PFI and similar contracts. Results of all service concessions which fall within the scope of IFRIC 12 conform to the following policies depending on the rights to consideration under the service concessions.

#### *Service concessions treated as financial assets*

The group recognises a financial asset arising from a service concession arrangement when it has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from or at the direction of the grantor for the construction or upgrade services provided. Such financial assets are measured at fair value upon initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, the financial assets are held at amortised cost.

Revenue is recognised by allocating a proportion of total cash receivable to construction income and service income. The consideration received will be allocated by reference to the relative fair value of the services delivered, when the amounts are separately identifiable.

During the construction phase, revenue is recognised at cost, plus attributable profit to the extent that this is reasonably certain, in accordance with IAS 11. Costs for this purpose include valuation of all work done by subcontractors whether certified or not, and all overheads other than those relating to the general administration of the relevant companies.

During the operational stage, cash received in respect of the service concessions is allocated to service and maintenance revenue based on its fair value, with the remainder being allocated between capital repayment and interest income using the effective interest method.

The finance receivables are held as loan or receivable in accordance with IAS 39 'Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement'. Finance receivables are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, finance receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment losses.

#### *Investments*

Investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less any impairment in the parent company accounts.

## Notes (continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### *Expenses*

##### *Financing income and expenses*

Financing expenses comprise interest payable, finance leases recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method and, unwinding of the discount on provisions. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that takes a substantial time to be prepared for use, are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Financing income comprises interest receivable on funds invested and interest receivable on the financial asset.

Interest income and interest payable is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues, using the effective interest method. Dividend income is recognised in the income statement on the date the entity's right to receive payments is established.

#### *Taxation*

The group has entered into a composite trade agreement with the HMRC whereby Corporation tax is charged on accounting profits at tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet dates.

Tax on the profit or loss for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous periods.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets and they relate to those taxes levied by the same tax authority as the same taxable entity or a different tax entity but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

#### *Determination of fair values*

A number of the group's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following method.

##### *Trade and other receivables*

The fair value of trade and other receivables, excluding construction work in progress, but including service concession receivables, is estimated at the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. This fair value is determined for disclosure purposes or when acquired in a business combination.

##### *Non-derivative financial liabilities*

Fair value, which is determined for disclosure purposes, is calculated based on the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date.

## Notes (continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Accounting estimates and judgements

There are no other estimates and judgements which have a material impact on the financial statements

#### Adopted IFRSs not yet applied

The following Adopted IFRSs have been issued but have not been applied in these financial statements. Their adoption is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements unless otherwise indicated.

- Amendments to IFRS 7 'Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities' (mandatory for year commencing on or after 1 January 2013)
- IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement (mandatory for year commencing on or after 1 January 2013)
- Amendments to IAS 32 'Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities' (mandatory for year commencing on or after 1 January 2014)
- Annual Improvements to IFRS 2009-2011 cycle (mandatory for year commencing on or after 1 January 2013)

The group has considered the impact of these new standards and interpretations in future periods on profit and net assets. None of the above standards or interpretations is expected to have an impact. The group has chosen not to early adopt any of the above standards and interpretations.

### 2 Revenue

	Period ended 31 December 2012 Group £000
Rendering of construction services	8,359
Total revenues	<u>8,359</u>

### 3 Expenses and auditor's remuneration

#### Auditor's remuneration

	Period ended 31 December 2012 Group £000
Audit of these financial statements borne and paid by subsidiary	1
Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the subsidiary's annual accounts	<u>10</u>
	<u>11</u>

## Notes (continued)

### 4 Staff numbers and costs

There were no employees during the period. The directors have no contract of services with the group. Amounts payable to third parties in respect of directors' services were £nil.

### 5 Finance income and expense

	Period ended 31 December 2012 Group £000
<i>Finance income</i>	
Interest income on financial asset	78
Interest receivable	1
Total finance income	<u>79</u>
<i>Finance expense</i>	
Interest expense on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	<u>(99)</u>
Total finance expense	<u>(99)</u>

### 6 Income tax charge

#### Recognised in the income statement

	Period ended 31 December 2012 Group £000
Corporation tax	
Current year	<u>61</u>
	<u>61</u>

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit for the period as follows

	Period ended 31 December 2012 Group £000
Profit before tax	<u>254</u>
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24.5%	61
Tax charge	<u>61</u>

## Notes (continued)

### 6 Income tax charge (Continued)

#### *Factors that may affect future tax charges*

Reductions in the UK corporation tax rate from 26% to 24% (effective from 1 April 2012) and to 23% (effective 1 April 2013) were substantively enacted on 26 March 2012 and 3 July 2012 respectively. Further reductions to 21% (effective from 1 April 2014) and 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) were substantively enacted on 2 July 2013. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly.

### 7 Investments in subsidiaries

The company has the following investment in a subsidiary

	2012 Company £000
On incorporation	-
Investment in subsidiary during the year	10
	<u>10</u>

Investments in subsidiary undertakings represent a holding of 100% of the ordinary share capital of Inspiredspaces Nottingham (ProjectCo2) Limited. The company is incorporated in Great Britain and its sole purpose is the design, build operation, servicing and maintenance of a school in Nottingham.

### 8 Other financial assets

	2012 Company £000	2012 Group £000
<b>Current Assets</b>		
PFI Financial Asset	-	578
	<u>-</u>	<u>578</u>
<b>Non current Assets</b>		
PFI Financial Asset	-	7,860
Amount due from subsidiary	364	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>7,860</u>
	<u>364</u>	<u>8,438</u>

## Notes (continued)

### 9 Trade and other receivables

	2012 Group £000
Other receivables	551
Prepayments	77
	<u>628</u>
<i>Analysed</i>	
Non-current	-
Current	628
	<u>628</u>

### 10 Trade and other payables

	2012 Group £000
Trade payables	53
Corporation tax	61
Accruals	1,275
Other creditors	98
	<u>1,487</u>
<i>Analysed</i>	
Non-current	98
Current	1,389
	<u>1,487</u>

## Notes (continued)

### 11 Other interest bearing loans and borrowings

Bank borrowings relate to term loan facilities granted by Aviva Public Private Finance Limited. The table below shows those loan facilities available to the group and their level of utilisation at the balance sheet date.

	Facility 2012 Group £000	Amount utilised and carrying value 2012 Group £000
Term loan facility	19,397	9,925
Equity bridge loan facility	1,497	1,486
Debt service reserve facility	495	-
	<u>21,389</u>	<u>11,411</u>
<i>Analysed</i>		
Current		-
Non-current		<u>11,411</u>
		<u>11,411</u>

Loan issue costs in respect of these facilities have been deducted from gross proceeds of the bank borrowings and are being amortised using the effective interest rate method.

The term loan facility is repayable in 94 quarterly instalments commencing on 30 June 2014.

The equity bridge facility is repayable in one instalment on 31 March 2014.

Interest on the term loan and equity bridge loan is charged at a fixed rate of 4.15%.

The debt service reserve facility has not been utilised, in addition interest rates and repayments schedules have yet to be agreed.

	Facility 2012 Group £000	Amount utilised and carrying value 2012 Group £000
Other borrowings	374	364
	<u>374</u>	<u>364</u>
<i>Analysed</i>		
Current		-
Non-current		<u>364</u>
		<u>364</u>

## Notes (continued)

### 11 Borrowings (continued)

	Facility 2012 Company £000	Amount utilised and carrying value 2012 Company £000
Other borrowings	374	364
	<u>374</u>	<u>364</u>
Analysed		
Current		-
Non-current		364
		<u>364</u>

Other borrowings comprise a loan of £187,000 from Building Schools for the Future Investments LLP and £187,000 from Nottingham City Council. Loan issue costs in respect of the loan have been deducted from gross proceeds of the borrowings and are being amortised using the effective interest rate method. The loan is repayable in one instalment on 26 March 2014. This loan which is unsecured bears interest at a fixed rate of 4.15%.

The group's shareholders have committed to subscribe £1,872,000 of Loan Stock no later than 28 March 2014, in proportion to their shareholdings. These funds will be used to repay other borrowings and the equity bridge facility.

### 12 Capital commitments

- (a) Under the terms of a contract with Carillion Construction Limited dated 24 August 2013, the group was committed at 31 December 2012 to payments totalling £11,240,000 in respect of design and construction services to be provided over the period up to 31 March 2014.
- (b) Under the terms of a contract with Inspiredspaces Nottingham Limited 24 August 2013, the group was committed at 31 December 2012 to payments totalling £5,945,000 (index-linked) in respect of management and administration services to be provided over the period up to 30 September 2038.



**Notes (continued)**

**13 Ordinary Shares**

**2012  
Company  
£000**

**Allotted, called up and fully paid**

10,000 ordinary shares of £1 each

**10**

The company was incorporated on 27 June 2012 with an authorised share capital of 1 ordinary share of £1. On 16 August 2012 the authorised share capital was increased from £1 to £10,000 by the creation of 9,999 new ordinary shares of £1 each. On the same day a further 9,999 ordinary shares of £1 each were issued at par for cash consideration.

On 25 October 2012 the company changed its accounting reference date to 31 December.

**14 Retained earnings**

**2012  
Group  
£000**

On incorporation

Profit for the financial period

At end of period

-

**193**

**193**

**15 Financial instruments**

**15 (a) Fair values of financial instruments**

*Trade and other receivables*

The fair value of trade and other receivables, excluding construction contract debtors, is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the balance sheet date if the effect is material.

*Trade and other payables*

The fair value of trade and other payables is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the balance sheet date if the effect is material.

*Cash and cash equivalents*

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents is estimated as its carrying amount where the cash is repayable on demand. Where it is not repayable on demand then the fair value is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the balance sheet date.

*Interest-bearing borrowings*

Fair value is calculated based on the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the balance sheet date, if the effect is material.

## Notes (continued)

### 15 (a) Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

#### Fair values

The fair values of all financial assets and financial liabilities by class together with their carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet are as follows

	Carrying amount 2012 Group £000	Fair value 2012 Group £000
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Other financial assets	8,438	8,438
<b>Loans and receivables</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	4,399	4,399
Trade and other receivables (note 8)	628	628
<b>Total loans and receivables</b>	<u>5,027</u>	<u>5,027</u>
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<u>13,465</u>	<u>13,465</u>
	Carrying amount 2012 Group £000	Fair value 2012 Group £000
<b>Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost</b>		
Interest bearing loans	11,775	11,775
Trade and other payables (note 9)	1,487	1,487
<b>Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost</b>	<u>13,262</u>	<u>13,262</u>
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	<u>13,262</u>	<u>13,262</u>
<b>Total financial instruments</b>	<u>203</u>	<u>203</u>

## Notes (continued)

### 15 (a) Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

#### Fair value hierarchy

The list below analyses financial instruments measured at fair value, into a fair value hierarchy based on the valuation technique used to determine fair value

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)
- Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

The group does not have any financial instruments that are measured by any other technique other than at Level 1

### 15 (b) Credit risk

#### Financial risk management

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the group's receivables from customers and investment securities

The group receives its revenue from a government body and therefore is not exposed to significant risk. The group invests cash and enters into interest rate swap agreements with financial institutions. The credit quality of these institutions is reviewed by the directors on a regular basis. As such the group's exposure to credit risk is reduced.

#### Credit quality of financial assets and impairment losses

The ageing of trade and other receivables at the balance sheet date and maximum exposure to credit risk for trade receivables and other financial assets was

	2012 £000
Government backed institutions- Nottingham City Council (UK)	
Not past due	8,438
	<u>8,438</u>

### 15 (c) Liquidity risk

#### Financial risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The group has adopted a cautious approach to liquidity management by endeavouring to maintain sufficient cash and liquid resources to meet its obligations as they fall due.

## Notes (continued)

### 15 (c) Liquidity risk (continued)

#### Liquidity risk

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the effect of netting agreements

2012 Group	Carrying Value £000	Less than 3 months £000	3 to 12 months £000	1 to 5 years £000	More than 5 years £000	Total £000
<b>Non-derivative Financial Liabilities</b>						
Term loan	10,209	106	318	2,487	13,669	16,580
Equity bridge loan	1,497	15	47	1,513	-	1,575
Other unsecured loans	374	4	12	378	-	394
Trade & other payables	1,389	1,328	61	-	-	1,389
	<u>13,469</u>	<u>1,453</u>	<u>438</u>	<u>4,378</u>	<u>13,669</u>	<u>19,938</u>

### 15 (d) Market risk

#### Financial risk management

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments

#### Market risk – Interest rate risk

##### Profile

At the balance sheet date the interest rate profile of the group's interest-bearing financial instruments was

	<b>2012 Group £000</b>
<b>Fixed rate instruments</b>	
Financial assets	8,438
Financial liabilities	<u>(11,775)</u>
	<u>(3,337)</u>

#### Sensitivity analysis

A sensitivity analysis has not been performed on the basis that the majority of interest rates are fixed rates and the group is not exposed to foreign exchange risk

### 15 (e) Capital management

The group manages its cash, bank loan and other overdrafts and equity as capital. The group's principal objective is that the company has sufficient capital to fund its operations. In developing business plans, the directors consider the likely capital requirements and how fund them. Additional capital is funded by the least cost source at the time of fund raising.

**Notes (continued)**

**16 Related parties**

Other related party transactions

	<b>Purchase of goods and services for the period ended 31 December 2012 Group £000</b>
Building Schools for the Futures Investments Limited	12
Carillion Construction Limited	6,259
Carillion Private Finance	1,316
Carillion Insurance Advisors	20
Inspiredspaces Nottingham Limited	266
Nottingham City Council	4
	<u>7,877</u>
	<b>Payables outstanding 2012 Group £000</b>
Carillion Construction Limited	1,346
Inspiredspaces Nottingham Limited	49
Nottingham City Council	4
	<u>1,399</u>

**17 Parent company undertaking**

At 31 December 2012 72% of the company's share capital was held by Inspiredspaces Nottingham (PSP3) Limited a wholly owned subsidiary of Carillion, 10% was held by Inspiredspaces Nottingham Limited, 9% was held by Building Schools for the Future Investments LLP and 9% by Nottingham City Council