GRAND GALLANT SPORTS LIMITED

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2023

GRAND GALLANT SPORTS LIMITED

Registered number: 08081684

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2023

	Notes		2023		2022
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		104,063		117,262
Investments	4		29,420		29,420
			133,483	-	146,682
Current assets					
Stocks		950,472		914,932	
Debtors	5	126,289		174,396	
Cash at bank and in hand		6,406		21,148	
		1,083,167		1,110,476	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(412,706)		(401,212)	
Net current assets			670,461		709,264
Total assets less current				-	
liabilities			803,944		855,946
Creditors: amounts falling					
due after more than one ye	ar 7		(38,812)		(48,215)
Net assets			765,132	-	807,731
Net assets			700,102	-	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		(100)
Profit and loss account			765,032		807,831
Shareholders' funds			765,132	-	807,731
				-	

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Muhammad Ijaz

Director

Approved by the board on 20 December 2023

GRAND GALLANT SPORTS LIMITED

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 March 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings over the lease term

Plant and machinery over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees		2023 Number	2022 Number
			Number	Humber
	Average number of persons employed by the company		17	8
3	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant and		
		machinery	Motor	
		etc	vehicles	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2022	2,300	147,724	150,024
	Additions	288	-	288
	At 31 March 2023	2,588	147,724	150,312
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2022	520	32,242	32,762
	Charge for the year	207	13,280	13,487
	At 31 March 2023	727	45,522	46,249
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2023	1,861	102,202	104,063
	At 31 March 2022	1,780	115,482	117,262

4 Investments

			Other
			investments
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 April 2022		29,420
	At 31 March 2023		29,420
5	Debtors	2023	2022
		£	£
	Trade debtors	42,531	54,697
	Other debtors	83,758	119,699
		126,289	174,396
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6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	93,947	-
	Trade creditors	220,619	281,664
	Taxation and social security costs	98,139	116,417
	Other creditors	1	3,131
		412,706	401,212
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2023	2022
,	Creditors, amounts failing due after one year	£	£022
		L	L
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	38,812	48,215

8 Other information

GRAND GALLANT SPORTS LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Unit 4

Froxmer Street Industrial Estate

Manchester

M18 8EF

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