Registration number: 08042876

C & J Plumbing & Heating South West Ltd

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 April 2017

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Company Information

Directors

Christopher Paul Moore

James Edward Moore

Registered office

3 Moore View

Inches Bodmin Cornwall PL30 5LR

Accountants

K D Chapman & Co Winston House

28-32 St Nicholas Street

Bodmin Cornwall PL31 1AD

(Registration number: 08042876) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2017

	Note	2017 £
Fixed assets		
Tangible assets	4	54,107
Current assets		
Stocks	5	95,536
Debtors	6	96,229
Cash at bank and in hand		10,000
		201,765
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(133,789)
Net current assets		67,976
Total assets less current liabilities		122,083
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(14,888)
Net assets		107,195
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital		2
Profit and loss account		107,193
Total equity	,	107,195

For the financial year ending 30 April 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

(Registration number: 08042876) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2017

Approved and authorised by the Board on 31 July 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

Christopher Paul Moore

Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2017

1 General information

These accounts replace the original accounts and are now the statutory accounts. These have been prepared as they were at the date of the original accounts.

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in Other.

The address of its registered office is:

3 Moore View

Inches

Bodmin

Cornwall

PL30 5LR

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 31 July 2017.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2017

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and ratePlant and machinery15% Reducing balanceMotor vehicles25% Reducing balanceComputer equipment15% Reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2017

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 11.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2017

4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Office equipment £	Motor vehicles £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 May 2016	1,278	12,654	1,552	75,443
Additions	2,545	434	4,777	10,578
At 30 April 2017	3,823	13,088	6,329	86,021
Depreciation				
At 1 May 2016	-	4,431	718	35,145
Charge for the year		1,299	842	12,719
At 30 April 2017		5,730	1,560	47,864
Carrying amount				
At 30 April 2017	3,823	7,358	4,769	38,157
·				Total
				£
Cost or valuation				
At 1 May 2016				90,927
Additions				18,334
At 30 April 2017				109,261
Depreciation				
At 1 May 2016				40,294
Charge for the year				14,860
At 30 April 2017				55,154
Carrying amount				
At 30 April 2017				54,107

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £3,823 in respect of freehold land and buildings.

5 Stocks

	2017
	£
Other inventories	95,536

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2017

6 Debtors	
	2017
	£

Trade debtors 96,229

96,229

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2017

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	Note	2017 £
	Note	L
Due within one year		
Bank loans and overdrafts	8	17,778
Trade creditors		60,825
Taxation and social security		19,902
Accruals and deferred income		1,700
Other creditors		33,584
·		133,789
	=	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		2017
	Note	2017 £
Due office and uses		
Due after one year	•	14,888
Loans and borrowings	8 .	14,000
8 Loans and borrowings		
		2017
		£
Non-current loans and borrowings		14,888
Finance lease liabilities	;	14,000
		2017
O the county of		£
Current loans and borrowings Bank overdrafts		0.405
Finance lease liabilities		9,405 8,373
Finance lease liabilities		
	:	17,778

9 Dividends

Interim dividends paid

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2017

	2017 £
Interim dividend of £30,000.00 per each Ordinary share	60,000
10 Related party transactions	
Directors' remuneration	
The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:	
	2017
	£
Remuneration	16,100

11 Transition to FRS 102

C & J Plumbing & Heating South West Ltd prepares it's first financial statements that comply with FRS 102 for the year ended 30th April 2017. C & J Plumbing & Heating South West Ltd date of transition to FRS 102 is the 1st May 2016. For C & J Plumbing & Heating South West the transition to FRS 102 has not resulted in any changes in accounting policies compared to those used previously. As there has been no changes in terms of the comparative figures, reconciliations of Equity and Profit have not been included.