Company Registration No. 07946256 (England and Wales)

COLUMBIA SPECIAL PROCESSES LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS					
	3	17.007		19 446	•
Debtors	3	17,907		18,446	
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	4			(530)	
WITHIN ONE YEAR	. 4	-		(539)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			17,907	<u>—</u> —	17,907
CARITAL AND DECEDIVES					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	_		_		
Called up share capital	5		1		1
Profit and loss reserves			17,906		17,906
					
TOTAL EQUITY			17,907		17,907
•					=

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 17 December 2018

Mr N E Holmes

DIRECTOR

COMPANY REGISTRATION NO. 07946256

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

COMPANY INFORMATION

Columbia Special Processes Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 140 Cheston Road, Aston, Birmingham, West Midlands, B7 5EH.

1.1 ACCOUNTING CONVENTION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 TURNOVER

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of services, excluding value added tax.

1.3 CASH AT BANK AND IN HAND

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.5 EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2 EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 1 (2017 – 1).

3 DEBTORS

		2018	2017
	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR:	£	£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	17,907	18,446
٠			
4	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2018	2017
		£	. ₤
	Taxation and social security	-	539

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

5	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	• •	
_	GILLES OF STATES	2018	2017
		£	£
	ORDINARY SHARE CAPITAL		
	ISSUED AND FULLY PAID		
	1 Ordinary of £1 each	1	1
		1	1
	,		

6 AUDIT REPORT INFORMATION

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Neal Aston ACA ACCA.

The auditor was JW Hinks LLP.

7 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of exemption of Section 33 of FRS 102 Related Party Disclosures not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

8 PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent company is Ephraim Group Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate controlling party of the company is Mr N E Holmes, a 100% shareholder of the company's parent, Ephraim Group Limited.

The smallest and largest undertaking for which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are prepared is Ephraim Group Limited.