Registered number: 07937902

# **ENVIROSURE LIMITED**

# UNAUDITED

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

# ENVIROSURE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 07937902

### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		6,881		9,270
		_	6,881	•	9,270
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	16,841		21,086	
Cash at bank and in hand		228,025		215,835	
	_	244,866	_	236,921	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(76,968)		(70,800)	
Net current assets	-		167,898		166,121
Total assets less current liabilities		_	174,779	•	175,391
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax		(1,307)		(1,762)	
	-		(1,307)		(1,762)
Net assets		=	173,472		173,629
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			173,372		173,529
		_	173,472		173,629

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings or directors report in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

# ENVIROSURE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 07937902

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

#### S L Carter

Director

Date: 23 December 2022

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

#### 1. General information

Envirosure Limited is a private company limited by shares and registered in England and Wales (07937902). The registered office address is 52 New Town, Uckfield, East Sussex, TN22 5DE.

### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

#### 2.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

#### 2.4 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### 2.6 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

Goodwill	-	
		4 years

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, .

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery - 20% straight line
Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings - 25% straight line
Office equipment - 25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.8 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

#### 2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

#### 2.10 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

#### 2.11 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.12 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

#### 2.13 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

#### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2021 - 1).

#### 4. Intangible assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2021	4,000
At 31 March 2022	4,000
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2021	4,000
At 31 March 2022	4,000
Net book value	
At 31 March 2022	
At 31 March 2021	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

# 5. Tangible fixed assets

6.

	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Fixtures and fittings	Office equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 April 2021	16,000	29,500	414	475	46,389
At 31 March 2022	16,000	29,500	414	475	46,389
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2021	16,000	20,325	414	380	37,119
Charge for the year on owned assets	-	2,294	-	95	2,389
At 31 March 2022	16,000	22,619	414	475	39,508
Net book value					
At 31 March 2022		6,881			6,881
At 31 March 2021		9,175	<del></del>	95	9,270
Debtors					
				2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors				16,658	12,911
Prepayments and accrued income				183	8,175
				16,841	21,086

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Trade creditors	1,586	1,223
	Corporation tax	3,602	7,146
	Other taxation and social security	8,893	8,123
	Other creditors	58,902	52,340
	Accruals and deferred income	3,985	1,968
		76,968	70,800
8.	Deferred taxation		
			2022 £
	At beginning of year		(1,761)
	Charged to profit or loss		454
	At end of year	_	(1,307)
		2022 £	2021 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	(1,307)	(1,761)
		(1,307)	(1,761)
9.	Commitments under operating leases  At 31 March 2022 the Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancell the following periods:	able operating lease	es for each of
		2022 £	2021 £
	Not later than 1 year	12,000	8,676

8,676

12,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

# 10. Related party transactions

Included in other creditors is an interest free loan to the value of £58,902 (2021 - £52,340) due to the director of the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.