Registered number: 07855042

ROBERT GALBRAITH LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Director

Mr N Blair

Registered number

07855042

Registered office

5th Floor

89 New Bond Street

London W1S 1DA

Accountants

SRLV

Chartered Accountants

89 New Bond Street

London W1S 1DA

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ROBERT GALBRAITH LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:07855042

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

	Note		2017 £		2016 £
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	4	150,423		135,815	
Cash at bank and in hand	5	700,805		748,220	
		851,228		884,035	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(269,253)		(254,709)	
Net current assets			581,975		629,326
Total assets less current liabilities		•	581,975	•	629,326
Net assets			581,975		629,326
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			581,974		629,325
		•	581,975	•	629,326

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the profit and loss account in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 20 March 2018.

Mr N Blair

Director

The notes on pages 2 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1. General information

Robert Galbraith Limited is a private limited company, limited by shares, domiciled in England and Wales, registration number 07855042. The registered office is 5th Floor, 89 New Bond Street, London W1S 1DA.

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of literary publishing.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of literary publishing income received during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

2.3 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

2.5 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

2.6 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is pound sterling.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Profit and loss account except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

2.8 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Profit and loss account over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.9 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and loss account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they
 will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable
 profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

3.	Employees			

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2016 - 1).

4. Debtors

	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade debtors	16,320	-
Other debtors	56,877	78,816
Prepayments and accrued income	38,393	13,752
Deferred taxation	38,833	43,247
	150,423	135,815

5. Cash and cash equivalents

	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	700,805	748,220

2017

2017

2016

2016

6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade creditors	46,037	14,065
Other creditors	172,363	237,644
Accruals and deferred income	50,853	3,000
	269,253	254,709

7. Deferred taxation

£	£
43,247	62,326
(4,414)	(19,079)
38,833	43,247
	43,247 (4,414)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

7. Deferred taxation (continued)

The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:

2017 2016 £ £

Short term timing difference

38,833 43,247

8. First time adoption of FRS 102

The policies applied under the entity's previous reporting framework are not materially different from the recognition and measurement principles set out under FRS 102. As a result, the transition to the new reporting regime has not impacted on equity or profit or loss and therefore no reconciliation between previously reported results and the 2016 comparative information has been presented.