Registration number: 07848689 (England and Wales)

ASPECTVISTA LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

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ASPECTVISTA LIMITED COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

A J Sperrin

D C Farley

Secretary

A J Sperrin

Registered office

12 Blacks Road Hammersmith London

W6 9EU

Auditors

Harmer Slater Limited Statutory Auditor Salatin House 19 Cedar Road

Sutton Surrey SM2 5DA

ASPECTVISTA LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of property investment.

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing of these financial statements were as follows:

A J Sperrin

D C Farley

Mr Gavin Sorrell (appointed 1 March 2015 and resigned 30 March 2015)

Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information (as defined by section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and which they know the auditors are unaware.

Reappointment of auditors

The auditors Harmer Slater Limited are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Small company provisions

The directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by sections 414B and 415A of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare a strategic report and in preparing the directors' report on the grounds that the company qualifies as a small company but for being a member of an ineligible group.

Approved by the Board on 14 July 2015 and signed on its behalf by:

A J Sperrin Director

ASPECTVISTA LIMITED STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF ASPECTVISTA LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Aspectvista limited for the year ended 31 March 2015, set out on pages 6 to 14. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's member in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's member those matters we are required to state in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's member for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (set out on page 3), the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF ASPECTVISTA LIMITED

(CONTINUED)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Directors' Report.

Ransford Agyei-Boamah (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of Harmer Slater Limited Statutory Auditors

Salatin House 19 Cedar Road Sutton SM2 5DA

14 July 2015

ASPECTVISTA LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Gross rental income	2	73,795	15,993
Property outgoings		(5,139)	
Net rental income		68,656	15,993
Administrative expenses		(720)	(720)
Operating profit	3	67,936	15,273
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		67,936	15,273
Profit for the financial year	10	67,936	15,273

Continuing operations

Gross rental income and operating profit derive wholly from continuing operations.

ASPECTVISTA LIMITED STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

	2015 £	2014 £
Profit for the financial year	67,936	15,273
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of properties	<u> </u>	200,000
Total recognised gains and losses relating to		
the year	67,936	215,273

ASPECTVISTA LIMITED (REGISTRATION NUMBER: 07848689) BALANCE SHEET AT 31 MARCH 2015

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Fixed assets Investment properties	6	1,700,000	1,700,000
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank	7	1,031 326 1,357	1 1
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,418,147)	(1,484,727)
Net current liabilities Net assets		283,210	(1,484,726) 215,274
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Revaluation reserve Profit and loss reserve	9 · 10 10	200,000 83,209	200,000 15,273
Shareholder's funds		283,210	215,274

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 14 July 2015 and signed on its behalf by:

A J Sperrin Director

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Going concern

No material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern have been identified by the directors.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards.

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard No 18 "Accounting Policies" the company's directors have reviewed the company's accounting policies and confirm that they continue to be the most appropriate.

A summary of the significant accounting policies which have been consistently applied in the current and the preceding year is set out below.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996), from presenting a cash flow statement on the grounds that it qualifies as a subsidiary undertaking, 90% or more of whose voting rights are controlled within the group and consolidated financial statements (which includes the company) are publicly available.

Departures from Companies Act requirements

The financial statements depart from the standard format of the Companies Act 2006 in that turnover has been replaced by gross rental income. This departure, as permitted by s396 of the Companies Act 2006, has arisen because the directors consider that this presentation is more appropriate given the nature of the company's activities.

Gross rental income

Rental income represents amounts invoiced to third parties in relation to the leasing of the company's trading and investment properties.

Rental income from trading and investment properties leased out under operating leases are recognised in the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties owned by the company which are held for long-term rental income or for capital appreciation or both and are included in fixed assets at their latest valuation plus subsequent additions at cost. Surpluses and deficits arising on valuation are taken direct to the revaluation reserve.

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investment properties (continued)

The Group property portfolio (which includes the company's investment properties) is valued annually. At least 25 per cent of the properties held at the previous year end together with any additions during the year will be valued by an external valuation agent and the remainder by the directors so that within every four year period all properties would have been subject to an external valuation.

Depreciation is not provided in respect of freehold properties. This treatment may be a departure from the Companies Act 2006 concerning the depreciation of fixed assets in respect of certain of these properties. However such properties are not held for consumption but for investment and the directors consider that annual depreciation would be inappropriate and that this policy is necessary to give a true and fair view. Depreciation is only but one of many factors reflected in the valuation and the amount which might have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified. Any permanent diminution in value of properties is charged to the profit and loss account.

Taxation

Current tax represents the expected tax payable (or recoverable) on the taxable profits for the year using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and taking into account any adjustments arising from prior years.

The company is in a group Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT), therefore deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from revaluation of those assets as any gains realised would be exempt from taxation as long as the REIT conditions are met.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2 GROSS RENTAL INCOME

In the opinion of the directors the company's gross rental income, profit before taxation and net assets are not attributable to classes of business or geographical segments which differ substantially from each other. Consequently no segmental information has been presented.

The gross rental income and profit before taxation is attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

3	OPERATING PROFIT PROFIT		
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
		2015 £	2014 £
	Auditor's remuneration	720	720
4	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		
	No remuneration was paid to the directors during the year (2014: nil).		
5	TAXATION		
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2015 £	2014 £
	Current tax		
	UK Corporation tax	<u> </u>	
	Total tax on profit on ordinary activities	-	
	Factors affecting current tax charge for the year		
		2015 £	2014 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	67,936	15,273
	Corporation tax at standard rate 21% (2014: 23%)	14,267	3,513
	Exempt property rental income	(14,267)	(3,513)
	Total current tax	-	-

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The company is a Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT). Consequently, the company no longer pays UK corporation tax on the profits and gains from qualifying rental business provided it meets certain conditions. Non-qualifying profits and gains of the company continue to be subject to corporation tax as normal.

6 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Investment properties £
Valuation At 1 April 2014 and 31 March 2015	1,700,000
Net book value	
At 31 March 2015	1,700,000
At 31 March 2014	1,700,000

The company's investment properties were independently valued by GVA Grimley Limited at 31 October 2014 in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Standards of RICS which became effective on 1 May 2003, on the basis of market value. Market value represents the figure that would appear in a hypothetical contract of sale between a willing buyer and a willing seller. Market value is estimated without regard to costs of sale. The directors are of the opinion that it is unlikely that there has been a material change in value between the last valuation date and 31 March 2015 and in consequence have not updated the valuation.

The historical cost of these investment properties at 31 March 2015 was £1,500,000 (31 March 2014: £1,500,000).

7 DEBTORS

		2015 £	2014 £
	Other debtors	312	1
	Prepayments	719	
		1,031	1
8	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2015 £	2014 £
	Amount owed to parent undertaking	1,417,427	1,484,007
	Accruals	720	720
	•	1,418,147	1,484,727

9 SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares	2015		2014
	No.	£ No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1	1	1	1 1
10 RESERVES			
	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss reserve £	Total £
At 1 April 2014	200,000	15,273	215,273
Profit for the year		67,936	67,936
At 31 March 2015	200,000	83,209	283,209
11 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHO	OLDER'S FUNDS		
		2015 £	2014 £
Profit attributable to the member of the company		67,936	15,273
Other recognised gains and losses relating to the year	ear		200,000
Net addition to shareholder's funds		67,936	215,273
Shareholder's funds at 1 April		215,274	1
Shareholder's funds at 31 March		283,210	215,274

12 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company has taken advantage of the disclosure requirements set out within Financial Reporting Standard No 25 "Financial Instruments: disclosure and presentation" on the grounds it qualifies as a subsidiary, 90 per cent or more whose voting rights are controlled within the group.

13 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the provisions of the Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 which exempts wholly owned subsidiary undertakings from disclosing transactions with entities that are part of the group or investees of the group qualifying as related parties.

14 CONTROL

The company is controlled by Pineapple Corporation Plc, incorporated in England and Wales, accounts of which are available from 12 Blacks Road, Hammersmith, London, W6 9EU.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the parent company of the smallest group and largest group for which consolidated financial statements are prepared and are available to the public is Pineapple Corporation Plc. The financial statements of Pineapple Corporation Plc may be obtained from 12 Blacks Road, Hammersmith, London, W6 9EU.