

### **FILE COPY**

## CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF A COMMUNITY INTEREST COMPANY

Company No. 7818343

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales, hereby certifies that:

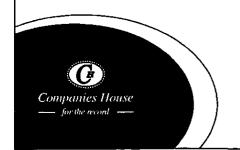
### **GOOD FUNERAL GUIDE CIC**

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 2006 as a Community Interest Company; is a private company, that the company is limited by shares; and the situation of the registered office is in England/Wales



\*N07818343L\*

Given at Companies House on 20th October 2011.





In accordance with

Section 9 of the Companies Act 2006

### IN01

### Application to register a company



<u> 21136</u>

A fee is payable with this form

Please see 'How to pay' on the last page

What this form is for You may use this form to register a private or public company

What this form is NC You cannot use this for a limited liability partni this, please use form LL



17/10/2011 A20 COMPANIES HOUSE

Part 1 Company detail
-----------------------

Filling in this form Please complete in typescript or in bold black capitals

All fields are mandatory unless specified or indicated by \*

A1	Company details			
	Please show the proposed company name below	① Duplicate names		
Proposed company	GOOD FUNERAL GUIDE CIC	Duplicate names are not permitted list of registered names can be four on our website. There are various rul		
For official use		that may affect your choice of name More information is available at www.companieshouse.gov.uk		
A2	Company name restrictions @			

Please tick the box only if the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted words or expressions that require you to seek comments of a government department or other specified body

I confirm that the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted words or expressions and that approval, where appropriate, has been sought of a government department or other specified body and I attach a copy of their response

### Company name restrictions

A list of sensitive or restricted words or expressions that require consent can be found in guidance available on our website www.companieshouse.gov.uk

#### **A3** Exemption from name ending with 'Limited' or 'Cyfyngedig' o

Please tick the box if you wish to apply for exemption from the requirement to have the name ending with 'Limited', Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative

I confirm that the above proposed company meets the conditions for exemption from the requirement to have a name ending with 'Limited', 'Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative

### Name ending exemption

Only private companies that are limited by guarantee and meet other specific requirements are eligible to apply for this For more details, please go to our

website

www.companieshouse.gov.uk

	 Ca	. 4 6
14	Company	τype

Please tick the box that describes the proposed company type and members' liability (only one box must be ticked)

- Public limited by shares
- Private limited by shares
- Private limited by guarantee
- Private unlimited with share capital
- Private unlimited without share capital

#### Ocompany type

If you are unsure of your company's type, please go to our website www.companieshouse.gov.uk

#### Application to register a company **A5** Situation of registered office o • Registered office Please tick the appropriate box below that describes the situation of the Every company must have a proposed registered office (only one box must be ticked) registered office and this is the **England and Wales** address to which the Registrar will Wales send correspondence Scotland For England and Wales companies, Northern Ireland the address must be in England or Wales For Welsh, Scottish or Northern Ireland companies, the address must be in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively **A6** Registered office address • Registered office address Please give the registered office address of your company You must ensure that the address 69 Building name/number shown in this section is consistent with the situation indicated in Street MOUNT STREET section A5 You must provide an address in England or Wales for companies to be registered in England and Wales. Post town REDDITCH You must provide an address in County/Region WOKES Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland B98 7BE for companies to be registered in Postcode Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively Α7 Articles of association o Please choose one option only and tick one box only • For details of which company type can adopt which model articles, I wish to adopt one of the following model articles in its entirety. Please tick Option 1 please go to our website only one box www.companieshouse.gov.uk Private limited by shares Private limited by guarantee $\Box$ **Public company** Option 2 I wish to adopt the following model articles with additional and/or amended provisions i attach a copy of the additional and/or amended provision(s). Please tick only one box Private limited by shares Private limited by guarantee Public company Option 3 I wish to adopt entirely bespoke articles. I attach a copy of the bespoke articles to this application Restricted company articles • Please tick the box below if the company's articles are restricted • Restricted company articles Restricted company articles are those containing provision for entrenchment For more details, please go to our website www.companieshouse.gov.uk

**IN01** 

CHFP000 04/11 Version 4.1

### Part 2 Proposed officers

For private companies the appointment of a secretary is optional, however, if you do decide to appoint a company secretary you must provide the relevant details. Public companies are required to appoint at least one secretary.

Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual.

For a secretary who is an individual, go to Section B1, For a corporate secretary, go to Section C1, For a director who is an individual, go to Section D1, For a corporate director, go to Section E1

### Secretary

B1	Secretary appointments ●	
<del></del>	Please use this section to list all the secretary appointments taken on formation For a corporate secretary, complete Sections C1-C5	Corporate appointments     For corporate secretary     appointments, please complete
Title*		section C1-C5 instead of section B
Full forename(s)		Additional appointments
Surname		If you wish to appoint more than one secretary, please use
Former name(s) <b>9</b>		the 'Secretary appointments' continuation page
		Promer name(s) Please provide any previous names which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years Married women do not need to give former names unless previously use for business purposes
B2	Secretary's service address ®	<u></u>
Building name/num	ber	Service address This is the address that will appear
Street		on the public record This does not have to be your usual residential address
Post town		Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service
County/Region		address will be recorded in the proposed company's register
Postcode		of secretaries as the company's registered office
Country		If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record
B3	Signature •	
	I consent to act as secretary of the proposed company named in Section A1	• Signature The person named above consents
Signature	Signature X	to act as secretary of the proposed

Application to register a company

### **Corporate secretary**

C1	Corporate secretary appointments •	
	Please use this section to list all the corporate secretary appointments taken on formation	Additional appointments     if you wish to appoint more than one corporate secretary, please use the
Name of corporate body/firm		'Corporate secretary appointments' continuation page
Building name/number		Registered or principal address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address
Street		must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or
Post town		LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number
County/Region		
Postcode		
Country		
C2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm	
	Is the corporate secretary registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)?	
	<ul> <li>→ Yes Complete Section C3 only</li> <li>→ No Complete Section C4 only</li> </ul>	
C3	EEA companies <sup>®</sup>	<u> </u>
<del></del>	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register	A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance
Where the company/ firm is registered •		This is the register mentioned in  Article 3 of the First Company Law
Registration number		Directive (68/151/EEC)
C4	Non-EEA companies	
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.	Non-EEA     Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		the company or firm is registered, you must also provide its number in that register
Governing law		
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered •		
Registration number		
C5	Signature 9	
	I consent to act as secretary of the proposed company named in Section A1	<b>⊘</b> Signature
Signature	X X	The person named above consents to act as corporate secretary of the proposed company
		l

Application to register a company

### Director

D1	Director appointments •	
_	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E5	Appointments     Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an
Title*	MR.	individual Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of
Full forename(s)	CHARLES RICHARD	which must be an individual
Surname	CHARLES RICHARD	Please provide any previous names
Former name(s)		which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years Married women do not need to give former names unless previously used
Country/State of residence •	u.k.	for business purposes  Ocuntry/State of residence
Nationality  Date of birth	BRITISH   2 3   0 3   1 4 5 2	This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in section D4
Business occupation		Business occupation
(if any) •	RETIRED	If you have a business occupation, please enter here If you do not, please leave blank
		Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page
D2	Director's service address   Please complete the service address below You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4	Service address This is the address that will appear
Building name/number		
Street		on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential.
		on the public record This does not have to be your usual residential address.  Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service
Post town	MOUNT STREET	on the public record This does not have to be your usual residential address.  Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of
Post town County/Region	69	on the public record This does not have to be your usual residential address.  Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the
	MOUNT STREET  REDDITCH	on the public record This does not have to be your usual residential address.  Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of directors as the company's registered office  If you provide your residential
County/Region	MOUNT STREET  REDDITCH  WORCS	on the public record This does not have to be your usual residential address.  Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of directors as the company's registered office
County/Region Postcode	MOUNT STREET  REDDITCH  WORCS  B 9 8 7 B E	on the public record This does not have to be your usual residential address.  Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of directors as the company's registered office  If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the
County/Region Postcode Country	MOUNT STREET  REDDITCH  WORCS  B 9 8 7 B E  ENGLAND	on the public record This does not have to be your usual residential address.  Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of directors as the company's registered office  If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the

Application to register a company

### Director

D1.	Director appointments •	
ı	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E5	Appointments     Private companies must appoint     Appoint and least one director who is an
Title*	MR	at least one director who is an individual Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of
Full forename(s)	RICHAR JAMES	which must be an individual
Surname	HONEYSETT	Please provide any previous names
Former name(s)		which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years Married women do not need to give former names unless previously used
Country/State of residence •	NK.	for business purposes  Country/State of residence
Nationality	BRITISH.	This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in
Date of birth	1 5 0 4 1 9 5 4	Section D4
Business occupation (if any) •	FUNERAL CELEBRANT	Business occupation     If you have a business occupation,     please enter here If you do not,     please leave blank
		Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page
D2	Director's service address®	
	Please complete the service address below You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in <b>Section D4</b>	Service address This is the address that will appear
Building name/number	THE COMPANY'S REGISTERED OFFICE	on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential.
Street		address Please state 'The Company's
		Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the
Post town		proposed company's register of directors as the company's registered
County/Region		office
Postcode		If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the
Country		public record
D3	Signature ®	
	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1	Signature The person named above consents
Signature	X R John X	to act as director of the proposed company

Application to register a company

### **Corporate director**

E1	Corporate director appointments ●	
	Please use this section to list all the corporate directors taken on formation	Additional appointments
Name of corporate body or firm		If you wish to appoint more than one corporate director, please use the 'Corporate director appointments' continuation page
Building name/number		Registered or principal address
Street		This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be
Post town		a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or
County/Region		LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number
Postcode		
Country		
E2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm	
	Is the corporate director registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)?  → Yes Complete Section E3 only  → No Complete Section E4 only	
E3	EEA companies ®	
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register	● EEA  A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance
Where the company/ firm is registered		www.companieshouse.gov.uk
Registration number		This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law Directive (68/151/EEC)
E4	Non-EEA companies	
L		
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.	Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered,
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		you must also provide its number in that register
Governing law		
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered •		
If applicable, the registration number		
E5	Signature 9	
	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1	<b>⊙</b> Signature
Signature	Signature X	The person named above consents to act as corporate director of the proposed company

INO1 Application to register a company

Part 3	Statemen	t of capital				
	Does your company have share capital?					
		omplete the sections belo to Part 4 (Statement				
F1		in pound sterling (			1	
		each class of shares he	<u> </u>			
			and then go to Section F4			
Class of shares (E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc.	)	Amount paid up on each share	Amount (if any) unpaid on each share •	Number of sha	res 🕖	Aggregate nominal value <b>3</b>
ORDINARY	/	£1.00	0	100		£ 100 00
						£
				_		£
	·					£
			Total	s		£
F2	Share capital	in other currencies	5			
Please complete the ta Please complete a sep		v any class of shares held h currency	in other currencies			
Currency			<del></del>			
Class of shares (E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc	)	Amount paid up on each share	Amount (if any) unpaid on each share	Number of shares • Aggregate		Aggregate nominal value 3
	. <u></u>					
<u> </u>			Total			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Currency						
(E g Ordinary/Preference etc	)	Amount paid up on each share	Amount (if any) unpaid on each share	Number of sha	res <b>0</b>	Aggregate nominal value •
				_		
		l	7-4-1	-		
				<u>s </u>	<u>,</u>	<u> </u>
F3	Totals					
	Please give the total number of shares and total aggregate nominal value of issued share capital				Total aggregate nominal value Please list total aggregate values i different currencies separately For	
Total number of shares					ple £100 + €100 + \$10 etc	
Total aggregate nominal value @	£100.00					
Including both the nominal value and any share premium     Total number of issued shares in this class		Number of shares issue nominal value of each	share Ple	ontinuation Paç ease use a State ge if necessary		pital continuation

### INO1 Application to register a company

F4	Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)	
	Please give the prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares for each class of share shown in the statement of capital share tables in <b>Sections F1</b> and <b>F2</b>	OPrescribed particulars of rights attached to shares
Class of share	ORDIN ARY SHARES	The particulars are a particulars of any voting rights,
Class of share Prescribed particulars    O	,	The particulars are a particulars of any voting rights, including rights that arise only in certain circumstances, b particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participate in a distribution,

### IN01 Application to register a company

Class of share	• Prescribed particulars of rights
Prescribed particulars	attached to shares  The particulars are a particulars of any voting rights, including rights that arise only is certain circumstances, b particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participat in a distribution, c particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate in distribution (including on winding), and d whether the shares are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder an any terms or conditions relating to redemption of these shares  A separate table must be used for each class of share  Continuation pages Please use a "Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)" continuation page if necessary
	CHEPONO

Application to register a company

F5

### Initial shareholdings

This section should only be completed by companies incorporating with share capital Please complete the details below for each subscriber

Initial shareholdings Please list the company's subscribers in alphabetical order

Please use an 'Initial shareholdings' continuation page if necessary

The addresses will appear on the public record. These do not need to be the subscribers' usual residential address

Subscriber's details	Class of share	Number of shares	Currency	Nominal value of each share	Amount (if any) unpaid	Amount paid
C COWLING	ORDINARY	76	GBP	£1.∞	0	£76.00
Address 69 MOUNT STREET REODITCH, WORCS, B98 7BE						
Name R HONEYSETT	ORDINARY	24	GBP	£1.00	0	£24.00
Address 24 RAVENSCROFT RD., SOLIHULL, WM B928AH.						
Address						
Name						
Address						
Name						
Address						
			<u> </u>			

	Application to register a company	
Part 4	Statement of guarantee	
	Is your company limited by guarantee?  → Yes Complete the sections below → No Go to Part 5 (Statement of compliance)	-
C1	Subscribers	<u> </u>
G1	Please complete this section if you are a subscriber of a company limited by guarantee. The following statement is being made by each and every person named below  I confirm that if the company is wound up while I am a member, or within one year after I cease to be a member, I will contribute to the assets of the company by such amount as may be required for  - payment of debts and liabilities of the company contracted before I cease to be a member,  - payment of costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and,  - adjustment of the rights of the contributors among ourselves, not exceeding the specified amount below	Name     Please use capital letters     Address     The addresses in this section will appear on the public record They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address.     Amount guaranteed     Any valid currency is permitted     Continuation pages     Please use a 'Subscribers' continuation page if necessary
	Subscriber's details	_
Forename(s) •		_
Surname   O		_
Address <b>②</b>		-
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed		-
	Subscriber's details	-
Forename(s) •		-
Surname •		-
Address <b>②</b>		<del>-</del> -
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		-
	Subscriber's details	-
Forename(s) •		-
Surname <b>0</b>		-
Address ②		- -
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed		-

### INO1 Application to register a company

	Subscriber's details	<b>⊕</b> Name
Forename(s) •		Please use capital letters.
Surname •		Address The addresses in this section will
Address <b>9</b>		appear on the public record. They do not have to be the subscribers' usual
		residential address
Postcode		Amount guaranteed Any valid currency is permitted
Amount guaranteed 9		Continuation pages Please use a 'Subscribers'
	Subscriber's details	continuation page if necessary
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address 2		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address 2		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address •		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		
_	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		:
Address 2		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed €		
		<u> </u>

Part 5

## INO1 Application to register a company

Statement of compliance

	This section must be completed by all companies	_	
	Is the application by an agent on behalf of all the subscribers?		ł
	→ No Go to Section H1 (Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers)		
	→ Yes Go to Section H2 (Statement of compliance delivered by an agen	t)	
н1	Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers •		
	Please complete this section if the application is not delivered by an agent for the subscribers of the memorandum of association	delivere Every sul memoral	ent of compliance and by the subscribers describer to the andum of association must
	I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with	sign the	statement of compliance
Subscriber's signature	signature X	K	
Subscriber's signature	Signature R DASA	<b>x</b>	
Subscriber's signature	Signature	×	
Subscriber's signature	Signature X	X	
Subscriber's signature	Signature X	×	
Subscriber's signature	Signature	×	
Subscriber's signature	Signature X	X	
Subscriber's signature	Signature X	<b>x</b>	

### INO1 Application to register a company

Subscriber's signature	_Signature	X	Continuation pages Please use a 'Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers' continuation page if more subscribers need to sign
Subscriber's signature	Signature X	X	
Subscriber's signature	Signature X	<b>X</b>	
Subscriber's signature	Signature	X	
H2	Chatamant of a muliness delivered by an areat		<u> </u>
112	Statement of compliance delivered by an agent		
<u> </u>	Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for the subscribers to the memorandum of association		
	Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for		
Agent's name	Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for		
Agent's name Building name/number Street	Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for		
Agent's name Building name/number Street	Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for		
Agent's name Building name/number Street Post town	Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for		
Agent's name Building name/number Street Post town County/Region	Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for		
Agent's name Building name/number	Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for		
Agent's name Building name/number Street  Post town County/Region Postcode	Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for		

### **Presenter information** You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record R. HONEYPETT GOOD FLINERAL GUIDE CIC RAVENSCROFF ROAD SOU HULL WH Postcode B 9 Country UR. 706 7289 0121 Certificate We will send your certificate to the presenters address (shown above) or if indicated to another address ☐ At the registered office address (Given in Section A6) At the agents address (Given in Section H2) Checklist We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing Please make sure you have remembered the following You have checked that the proposed company name is available as well as the various rules that may affect your choice of name More information can be found in guidance on our website If the name of the company is the same as one already on the register as permitted by The Company and Business Names (Miscellaneous Provisions) Regulations 2008, please attach consent ☐ You have used the correct appointment sections Any addresses given must be a physical location They cannot be a PO Box number (unless part of a full service address), DX or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number ☐ The document has been signed, where indicated All relevant attachments have been included

### Important information

Please note that all information on this form will appear on the public record, apart from information relating to usual residential addresses

### £ How to pay

### A fee is payable on this form

Make cheques or postal orders payable to 'Companies House' For information on fees, go to www.companieshouse.gov.uk

### Where to send

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the appropriate address below

For companies registered in England and Wales The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ DX 33050 Cardiff

### For companies registered in Scotland

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF DX ED235 Edinburgh 1 or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post)

### For companies registered in Northern Ireland

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Second Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG DX 481 N R Belfast 1

### Section 243 exemption

If you are applying for, or have been granted a section 243 exemption, please post this whole form to the different postal address below The Registrar of Companies, PO Box 4082, Cardiff, CF14 3WE

### Further information

For further information, please see the guidance notes on the website at www companieshouse gov uk or email enquiries@companieshouse gov uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk

You have enclosed the correct fee

You have enclosed the Memorandum of Association

## **CIC 36**

## Declarations on Formation of a Community Interest Company<sup>1</sup>

Please
complete in
typescript,
or in bold
black
capitals.

Company	Name	in	full	ı
---------	------	----	------	---

Good Funeral Guide	
	Community Interest Company

### **SECTION A: COMMUNITY INTEREST STATEMENT – beneficiaries**

We/I, the undersigned, declare that the company will carry on its activities for the benefit of the community, or a section of the community<sup>2</sup>. [Insert a <u>short description of the community, or section of the community, which it is intended that the company will benefit below 1<sup>3</sup></u>

The company's activities will provide benefit to ... all bereaved people in the UK by supporting and empowering them to make informed choices when selecting funeral service providers and funeral merchandise, and enabling them to play an informed role in planning and creating their funeral ceremonies.

### **COMPANY NAME**

Good Funeral Guide

### SECTION B: Community Interest Statement – Activities & Related Benefit

Please indicate how it is proposed that the company's activities will benefit the community, or a section of the community. Please provide as much detail as possible to enable the CIC Regulator to make an informed decision about whether your proposed company is eligible to become a community interest company. It would be useful if you were to explain how you think your company will be different from a commercial company providing similar services or products for individual or personal gain.

Activities (Tell us here what the company is being set up to do)	How will the activity benefit the community?  (The community will benefit by )
Create and maintain a website	The Good Funeral Guide website will be a consumer advice and advocacy service which is wholly independent of the funeral industry. It will provide accessible, authoritative and comprehensive information for everyone involved in end of life matters, especially the death of someone close to them. The website will incorporate links to other information sources. It will also incorporate a telephone and email advice service.
Publish a blog will debate both topical and enduring issues around end-of-life matters and funerals and also monitor the funeral industry.	The blog will seek to facilitate a national conversation in this 'taboo' area and enable the views, reflections and experiences of all to be aired and debated. The Good Funeral Guide has no political agenda, affiliations or allegiances, and might engage in political activity and campaigning only in defence of the lawful and human rights of the bereaved, and only ever as an ancillary activity.
If the company makes any sur enhancing the functionality and	plus it will be used for d scope of the Good Funeral Guide website

(Please continue on separate continuation sheet if necessary.)

# CIC36/CIC37 Continuation Sheet

**COMPANY NAME** 

Good Funeral Guide

### **SECTION B: COMPANY ACTIVITIES - CONTINUATION SHEET**

Please indicate how it is proposed that the company's activities will benefit the community (or a section of the community). Please provide as much detail as possible to enable the Regulator to make a properly informed decision about whether your company is eligible to be a community interest company. We would find it useful if you brought out how you think your company will be different from a commercial company providing similar services or products for individual, personal gain.

Activities (Tell us here what the company is being set up to do)	How will the activity benefit the community?  (The community will benefit by )
Identify and celebrate the work of best practitioners in the funeral industry and recommend them in a listing on the website.	The community will benefit by receiving expert opinion about those who will serve them best at a time when the bereaved are seeking services and merchandise in a market of which they may have little experience or none.
Facilitate the exchange of information and experience among Friends of the Good Funeral Guide, who will be individual volunteer citizens and also those working in the funeral industry who share the vision and purpose of the Good Funeral Guide	The community will benefit from the more efficient and effective work of a joined-up community of funeral industry practitioners and interested others, seeking, through reflective self-appraisal and best practice sharing, to develop and enhance industry understanding of, and responsiveness to, consumer needs and expectations.

Activities (Tell us here what the company is being set up to do)	How will the activity benefit the community? (The community will benefit by )
Act as an advocate for the bereaved in holding the industry to account when necessary and identifying areas where reform is needed	The community will beneft by having a consumer watchdog working constantly in its interest.
Respond with advice and guidance to the bereaved and other individuals when called upon	The community will benefit by being able to avail itself of expert, appropriate, unbiassed advice in all areas of funeral planning. This advice and guidance will be offered free of charge.
If the company makes any sur enhancing the functionality and	plus it will be used for d scope of the Good Funeral Guide website

# CIC36/CIC37 Continuation Sheet

**COMPANY NAME** 

Good Funeral Guide

### **SECTION B: COMPANY ACTIVITIES - CONTINUATION SHEET**

Please Indicate how it is proposed that the company's activities will benefit the community (or a section of the community). Please provide as much detail as possible to enable the Regulator to make a properly informed decision about whether your company is eligible to be a community interest company. We would find it useful if you brought out how you think your company will be different from a commercial company providing similar services or products for individual, personal gain.

Activities (Tell us here what the company is being set up to do)	How will the activity benefit the community?  (The community will benefit by )
Serve as a source of information and comment to the media by means of access to a panel of experts via the website	The community will benefit by receiving broader, deeper and more serious media coverage of matters related to death, dying, the funeral industry and funerary practices.
Co-operate with other advocates for the bereaved in championing the rights of the bereaved as enshrined in current law; monitor advice and guidance offered by official bodies; and press for improvements as necessary.	The community will benefit by receiving best and fullest possible advice and guidance from government bodies and official channels at point of need.

Activities (Tell us here what the company is being set up to do)	How will the activity benefit the community? (The community will benefit by )
Promote and facilitate an engaged and informed debate about the evolution of the secular funeral and how secular funerals can evolve into events which are more fully transformative of grief.	The community will benefit by being able to achieve highest-possible emotional and, where applicable, spiritual value from a funeral, and thereby enjoy an experience which will enable the bereaved the better to come to terms with the death of someone; to derive meaningful and lasting resolution of grief; and be better able to live with loss.
If the company makes any surpenhancing the functionality and	olus it will be used for I scope of the Good Funeral Guide website

### **COMPANY NAME**

### GOOD FUNERAL GUIDE

### **SECTION C:**

- 1. We/I, the undersigned, declare that the company in respect of which this application is made will not be:
  - (a) a political party;
  - (b) a political campaigning organisation; or
  - (c) a subsidiary of a political party or of a political campaigning organisation.4

SECTION D: SIGN	ATURIES	
Each person who will be a	Signed Market Signed	Date 23-09-201
first director of the	Signed RMANA	Date 23.9.11.
company must sign the	Signed	Date
declarations.	Signed	Date
	Signed	Date

(Please continue on separate continuation sheet if necessary.)

### **CHECKLIST**

This form must be accompanied by the following documents:

- (a) Memorandum of Association
- (b) Articles of Association, which comply with requirements imposed by section 32 of the Act and Part 3 of the Regulations or which are otherwise appropriate in connection with becoming a community interest company
- (c) Form IN01- you need to indicate that the proposed company is adopting bespoke articles.
- (d) Any completed continuation sheets
- (e) A cheque for £35 made payable to Companies House

You do not have to give any contact information in the box opposite but if you do, it will help the Registrar of Companies to contact you if there is a query on the form. The contact information that you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

R HONEYSETT	
24 RAVENSCROFT	ROAD
SOLI HULL	
B92 8AH	Tel 0121706 7289
DX Number	DX Exchange

### When you have completed and signed the form, please send it to the Registrar of Companies at:

For companies registered in England and Wales: Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ DX 33050 Cardiff

For companies registered in Scotland: Companies House, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, EH3 9FF DX 235 Edinburgh

For companies registered in Northern Ireland: Companies House, 2nd Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, BT2 8BG

### **NOTES**

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This form will be placed on the public record Any information relevant to the application that you do not wish to appear on the public record, should be described in a separate letter addressed to the CIC Regulator and delivered to the Registrar of Companies with the other documents.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The community interest test is referred to in section 35 of the Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004 and is expanded upon in regulations 3, 4 & 5 of the Regulations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> E.g. "the residents of Oldtown" or "those suffering from XYZ disease".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> A company is not eligible to be formed as a community interest company if it will be an "excluded company". If you are not sure whether the company which you wish to form falls into any of these categories, you should refer to the definitions of the terms "political party", "political campaigning organisation" and "subsidiary" (and of the related terms "election", "governmental authority", "public authority" and "referendum") in Regulation 2 of the Regulations before completing this form.

### The Companies Act 2006

Community Interest Company Limited by Shares'

Memorandum of Association

of

Good Funeral Guide C.I.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> On the different types of limited company forms available to CICs, see [Part 3] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes

<sup>&</sup>quot;For companies incorporated after 1 October 2009 the memorandum of association will consist only of the names of the subscribers of the company. If you are an existing company incorporated prior to 1 October 2009 and wishing to become a community interest company, you will need to incorporate the relevant provisions of your current memorandum into the articles of the community interest company." For illustration, space for one subscriber has been supplied here. There is no upper limit to the number of subscribers and further entries may be added as appropriate.

### The Companies Act 2006

### Community Interest Company Limited by Shares

Memorandum of Association "

of

### Good Funeral Guide C.I.C.

Each subscriber to this Memorandum of Association wishes to form a company under the Companies Act 2006 and agrees to become a member of the Company and to take at least one share

Name of each subscriber"

Authentication by each subscriber

Charles Cowling

Richard Honeysett

Dated 23 September 2011

The	Comp	anies	Act	2006
-----	------	-------	-----	------

### Community Interest Company Limited by Shares

### Articles of Association<sup>1</sup>

of

Good Funeral Guide C.I.C.

(CIC Limited by Shares, Schedule 2, Small Membership)

### The Companies Act 2006

### Community Interest Company Limited by Shares

### INDEX TO THE ARTICLES

INTI	ERPRETATION	1
1	Defined terms	l
COM	MMUNITY INTERST COMPANY AND ASSET LOCK	1
2.	Community Interest Company	I
3	Asset Lock	1
4	Not for profit	2
OBJ	ECTS, POWERS AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY	2
5	Objects	2
6.	Powers	2
7	Liability of shareholders	2
DIR	ECTORS	2
DIR	ECTORS' POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES	2
8	Directors' general authority	2
9	Shareholders' reserve power	2
10	Chair	3
11.	Directors may delegate	3
DEC	CISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS	3
12	Directors to take decisions collectively	3
13	Calling a Directors' meeting	3
14.	Participation in Directors' meetings	4
15	Ouorum for Directors' meetings	4
16.	Chairing of Directors' meetings	. 4
17	Voting	5
18	Decisions without a meeting	. 5
19.	Conflicts of interest	, 5
20	Directors' power to authorise a conflict of interest	. 6
21	Register of Directors' interests	. 6
API	POINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS	. 6
22	Methods of appointing Directors	. 6
23	Termination of Director's appointment	. 7
24	Directors' remuneration	.7
25	Directors' expenses	. 8
SHA	ARES	. 8
26	All shares to be fully paid up and issued at nominal value to a Director	. გ
27.	Powers to issue different classes of share	٠ ٥
28	Company not bound by less than absolute interests	. 8
29.	Share certificates	. 9
30	Replacement share certificates	. 9
31	Share transfers	. 9
32.	Purchase of own shares	10
33	Transmission of shares	10
34.		11

35.	Transmittees bound by prior notices	11
	IDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS	
36.	Procedure for declaring dividends	11
37.	Payment of dividends and other distributions	12
38	No interest on distributions	
39.	Unclaimed distributions	12
40	Non-cash distributions	13
41.	Waiver of distributions	13
CAP	ITALISATION OF PROFITS	
42	Authority to capitalise and appropriation of capitalised sums	14
DEC	ISION-MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS	14
43	Meetings	14
44	Written resolutions	15
ADN	MINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS	16
45.	Means of communication to be used	
46	Irregularities	
47	Minutes	16
48	Records and accounts	
49	Indemnity	
50	Insurance	18
51	Exclusion of model articles	
SCH	[EDULE	19

### The Companies Act 2006

### **Articles of Association**

of

### Good Funeral Guide C.I.C.

#### INTERPRETATION

### 1. Defined terms

The interpretation of these Articles is governed by the provisions set out in the Schedule to the Articles

### COMMUNITY INTERST COMPANY AND ASSET LOCK

### 2. Community Interest Company

The Company shall be a community interest company

- 3. Asset Lock<sup>2</sup>
- 3 1 The Company shall not transfer any of its assets other than for full consideration
- 3.2 Provided the conditions in Article 3.3 are satisfied. Article 3.1 shall not apply to
  - (a) the transfer of assets to any specified asset-locked body or (with the consent of the Regulator) to any other asset-locked body, and
  - (b) the transfer of assets made for the benefit of the community other than by way of a transfer of assets into an asset-locked body
- The conditions are that the transfer of assets must comply with any restrictions on the transfer of assets for less than full consideration which may be set out elsewhere in the Memorandum and Articles of the Company
- 3.4 If
  - 3 4 1 the Company is wound up under the Insolvency Act 1986; and
  - 3 4 2 all its liabilities have been satisfied

any residual assets shall be given or transferred to the asset-locked body specified in Article 3.5 below  $^3$ 

3.5 For the purposes of this Article 3, the following asset-locked body is specified as a potential recipient of the Company's assets under Articles 3.2 and 3 4:

Name The Natural Death Centre

Charity Registration Number 1091396

Company Registration Number (if applicable) [

]

Registered Office. In The Hill House, Watley Lane, Twyford, Winchester SO21 1QX

### 4. Not for profit

The Company is not established or conducted for private gain any profits or assets are used principally for the benefit of the community

### **OBJECTS, POWERS AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY**

### 5. Objects<sup>4</sup>

The objects of the Company are to carry on activities which benefit the community and in particular (without limitation) to serving as a consumer advocacy organisation for the bereaved

#### 6. Powers

To further its objects the Company may do all such lawful things as may further the Company's objects and, in particular, but, without limitation, may borrow or raise and secure the payment of money for any purpose including for the purposes of investment or of raising funds

### 7. Liability of shareholders<sup>5</sup>

The liability of the shareholders is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares held by them

### **DIRECTORS**

### DIRECTORS' POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES6

### 8. Directors' general authority

Subject to the Articles, the Directors are responsible for the management of the Company's business, for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the Company

### 9. Shareholders' reserve power

- 9 1 The shareholders may, by special resolution, direct the Directors to take, or refrain from taking, specific action
- 9 2 No such special resolution invalidates anything which the Directors have done before the passing of the resolution

#### 10. Chair

The Directors may appoint one of their number to be the chair of the Directors for such term of office as they may determine and may at any time remove him or her from office

### 11. Directors may delegate<sup>7</sup>

- Subject to the Articles, the Directors may delegate any of the powers which are conferred on them under the Articles or the implementation of their decisions or day to day management of the affairs of the Company
  - (a) to such person or committee;
  - (b) by such means (including by power of attorney),
  - (c) to such an extent;
  - (d) in relation to such matters or territories, and
  - (e) on such terms and conditions,

as they think fit

- 11 2 If the Directors so specify, any such delegation may authorise further delegation of the Directors' powers by any person to whom they are delegated
- 11.3 The Directors may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alter its terms and conditions

### DECISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS

### 12. Directors to take decisions collectively<sup>8</sup>

Any decision of the Directors must be either a majority decision at a meeting or a decision taken in accordance with Article 18 In the event of the Company being a single director company, a majority decision is made when that single Director makes a decision.

### 13. Calling a Directors' meeting

- 13.1 Two Directors may (and the Secretary, if any, must at the request of two Directors) call a Directors' meeting
- 13 2 A Directors' meeting must be called by at least seven Clear Days' notice unless either.
  - 13 2.1 all the Directors agree, or
  - 13 2 2 urgent circumstances require shorter notice.
- 13.3 Notice of Directors' meetings must be given to each Director.

- 13 4 Every notice calling a Directors' meeting must specify:
  - 13 4 1 the place, day and time of the meeting, and
  - 13.4 2 if it is anticipated that Directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting
- 13.5 Notice of Directors' meetings need not be in Writing
- 136 Notice of Directors' meetings may be sent by Electronic Means to an Address provided by the Director for the purpose

### 14. Participation in Directors' meetings

- 14.1 Subject to the Articles, Directors participate in a Directors' meeting, or part of a Directors' meeting, when
  - 14 1 1 the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with the Articles;
  - 14 1.2 they can each communicate to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting
- In determining whether Directors are participating in a Directors' meeting, it is irrelevant where any Director is or how they communicate with each other 9
- 14.3 If all the Directors participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is

### 15. Quorum for Directors' meetings<sup>10</sup>

- 15.1 At a Directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting
- 15.2 The quorum for Directors' meetings may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the Directors, but it must never be less than two, and unless otherwise fixed it is [two].
- 15 3 If the total number of Directors for the time being is less than the quorum required, the Directors must not take any decision other than a decision:
  - 15 3 1 to appoint further Directors, or
  - 15.3.2 to call a general meeting so as to enable the shareholders to appoint further Directors

### 16. Chairing of Directors' meetings

The Chair, if any, or in his or her absence another Director nominated by the Directors present shall preside as chair of each Directors' meeting

### 17. Voting<sup>11</sup>

- 17.1 Questions arising at a Directors' meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes
- 17.2 In all proceedings of Directors each Director must not have more than one vote 12
- 173 In case of an equality of votes, the Chair shall have a second or casting vote

### 18. Decisions without a meeting 13

- 18 1 The Directors may take a unanimous decision without a Directors' meeting by indicating to each other by any means, including without limitation by Electronic Means, that they share a common view on a matter Such a decision may, but need not, take the form of a resolution in Writing, copies of which have been signed by each Director or to which each Director has otherwise indicated agreement in Writing.
- 18.2 A decision which is made in accordance with Article 18.1 shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting duly convened and held, provided the following conditions are complied with
  - 18 2.1 approval from each Director must be received by one person being either such person as all the Directors have nominated in advance for that purpose or such other person as volunteers if necessary ("the Recipient"), which person may, for the avoidance of doubt, be one of the Directors;
  - 18.2 2 following receipt of responses from all of the Directors, the Recipient must communicate to all of the Directors by any means whether the resolution has been formally approved by the Directors in accordance with this Article 18 2;
  - 18 2 3 the date of the decision shall be the date of the communication from the Recipient confirming formal approval,
  - 18.2 4 the Recipient must prepare a minute of the decision in accordance with Article 47.

### 19. Conflicts of interest 14

- Whenever a Director finds himself or herself in a situation that is reasonably likely to give rise to a Conflict of Interest, he or she must declare his or her interest to the Directors unless, or except to the extent that, the other Directors are or ought reasonably to be aware of it already.
- 19 2 If any question arises as to whether a Director has a Conflict of Interest, the question shall be decided by a majority decision of the other Directors.
- 193 Whenever a matter is to be discussed at a meeting or decided in accordance with Article 18 and a Director has a Conflict of Interest in respect of that matter then, subject to Article 20, he or she must
  - 19.3 1 remain only for such part of the meeting as in the view of the other Directors is necessary to inform the debate,

- 19.3.2 not be counted in the quorum for that part of the meeting, and
- 19 3 3 withdraw during the vote and have no vote on the matter
- When a Director has a Conflict of Interest which he or she has declared to the Directors, he or she shall not be in breach of his or her duties to the Company by withholding confidential information from the Company if to disclose it would result in a breach of any other duty or obligation of confidence owed by him or her.

### 20. Directors' power to authorise a conflict of interest

- 20.1 The Directors have power to authorise a Director to be in a position of Conflict of Interest provided
  - 20.1 1 in relation to the decision to authorise a Conflict of Interest, the conflicted Director must comply with Article 19,
  - 20 1 2 in authorising a Conflict of Interest, the Directors can decide the manner in which the Conflict of Interest may be dealt with and, for the avoidance of doubt, they can decide that the Director with a Conflict of Interest can participate in a vote on the matter and can be counted in the quorum,
  - 20 1 3 the decision to authorise a Conflict of Interest can impose such terms as the Directors think fit and is subject always to their right to vary or terminate the authorisation
- If a matter, or office, employment or position, has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with Article 20 1 then, even if he or she has been authorised to remain at the meeting by the other Directors, the Director may absent himself or herself from meetings of the Directors at which anything relating to that matter, or that office, employment or position, will or may be discussed.
- A Director shall not be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he or she derives from any matter, or from any office, employment or position, which has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with Article 20 1 (subject to any limits or conditions to which such approval was subject)

### 21. Register of Directors' interests

The Directors shall cause a register of Directors' interests to be kept. A Director must declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which he or she has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the Company which has not previously been declared.

### APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS<sup>15</sup>

# 22. Methods of appointing Directors 16

22.1 Those persons notified to the Registrar of Companies as the first Directors of the Company shall be the first Directors

- 22.2 Any person who is willing to act as a Director, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a Director by a decision of the Directors.
- 22 3 Each member of the company shall be a Director

# 23. Termination of Director's appointment<sup>17</sup>

A person ceases to be a Director as soon as:

- (a) that person ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Act 2006, or is prohibited from being a Director by law;
- (b) a bankruptcy order is made against that person, or an order is made against that person in individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy,
- (c) a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts,
- (d) the Directors reasonably believe he or she is suffering from mental disorder and incapable of acting and they resolve that he or she be removed from office,
- (e) notification is received by the Company from the Director that the Director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms (but only if at least two Directors will remain in office when such resignation has taken effect), or
- (f) the Director fails to attend three consecutive meetings of the Directors and the Directors resolve that the Director be removed for this reason
- (g) the Director ceases to be a member

### 24. Directors' remuneration<sup>18</sup>

- 24.1 Directors may undertake any services for the Company that the Directors decide
- 24.2 Subject to the Articles and in particular Article 3 Directors are entitled to such remuneration as the Directors determine:
  - (a) for their services to the Company as Directors, and
  - (b) for any other service which they undertake for the Company
- 24.3 Subject to the Articles and in particular Article 3, a Director's remuneration may:
  - (a) take any form, and
  - (b) include any arrangements in connection with the payment of a pension, allowance or gratuity, or any death, sickness or disability benefits, to or in respect of that Director

- 24.4 Unless the Directors decide otherwise, Directors' remuneration accrues from day to day
- 24.5 Unless the Directors decide otherwise, Directors are not accountable to the Company for any remuneration which they receive as Directors or other officers or employees of the Company's subsidiaries or of any other body corporate in which the Company is interested

## 25. Directors' expenses

The Company may pay any reasonable expenses which the Directors properly incur in connection with their attendance at

- (a) meetings of Directors or committees of Directors,
- (b) general meetings, or
- (c) separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company,

or otherwise in connection with the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their responsibilities in relation to the Company

#### **SHARES**

### 26. All shares to be fully paid up and issued at nominal value to a Director

- No share is to be issued for less than the aggregate of its nominal value and any premium to be paid to the Company in consideration for its issue
- This does not apply to shares taken on the formation of the Company by the subscribers to the Company's Memorandum
- 26 3 No share shall be issued to a person except a Director

# 27. Powers to issue different classes of share 19

- 27 1 Subject to the Articles, but without prejudice to the rights attached to any existing share, the Company may issue shares with such rights or restrictions as may be determined by ordinary resolution
- 27.2 The Company may issue shares which are to be redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or the holder, and the Directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares.

### 28. Company not bound by less than absolute interests

Except as required by law, no person is to be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and except as otherwise required by law or the Articles, the Company is not in any way to be bound by or recognise any interest in a share other than the holder's absolute ownership of it and all the rights attaching to it.

#### 29. Share certificates

- 29 1 The Company must issue each shareholder, free of charge, with one or more certificates in respect of the shares which that shareholder holds
- 29 2 Every certificate must specify.
  - (a) in respect of how many shares, of what class, it is issued,
  - (b) the nominal value of those shares,
  - (c) that the shares are fully paid, and
  - (d) any distinguishing numbers assigned to them
- 29 3 No certificate may be issued in respect of shares of more than one class
- 29 4 If more than one person holds a share, only one certificate may be issued in respect of it
- 29 5 Certificates must
  - (a) have affixed to them the Company's common seal, <sup>20</sup> or
  - (b) be otherwise executed in accordance with the Companies Acts.

### 30. Replacement share certificates

- 30 1 If a certificate issued in respect of a shareholder's shares is
  - (a) damaged or defaced, or
  - (b) said to be lost, stolen or destroyed,

that shareholder is entitled to be issued with a replacement certificate in respect of the same shares

- 30 2 A shareholder exercising the right to be issued with such a replacement certificate:
  - (a) may at the same time exercise the right to be issued with a single certificate or separate certificates,
  - (b) must return the certificate which is to be replaced to the Company if it is damaged or defaced, and
  - (c) must comply with such conditions as to evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee as the Directors decide.

### 31. Share transfers<sup>21</sup>

31 1 Shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer in any usual form or any other form approved by the Directors, which is executed by or on behalf of the transferor.

- 31.2 No fee may be charged for registering any instrument of transfer or other Document relating to or affecting the title to any share.
- 31 3 The Company may retain any instrument of transfer which is registered
- 31 4 The transferor remains the holder of a share until the transferee's name is entered in the register of shareholders as holder of it
- 31.5 The Directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share to a person of whom they do not approve
- They may also refuse to register the transfer unless it is lodged at the registered office of the Company or at such other place as the Directors may appoint and is accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer, and by such other information, as they may reasonably require
- 31.7 If the Directors refuse to register such a transfer, they shall, within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal
- 31.8 The provisions of this Article apply in addition to any restrictions on the transfer of a share which maybe set out elsewhere in the Memorandum or Articles of the Company

# 32. Purchase of own shares<sup>22</sup>

Subject to the articles, the Company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and may make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of its own shares otherwise than out of the distributable profits of the Company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares. Any share so purchased shall be purchased at its nominal value

### 33. Transmission of shares<sup>23</sup>

- 33 1 If title to a share passes to a transmittee, the Company may only recognise the transmittee as having any title to that share
- 33 2 A transmittee who produces such evidence of entitlement to shares as the Directors may properly require
  - (a) may, subject to the Articles, choose either to become the holder of those shares or to have them transferred to another person, and
  - (b) subject to the Articles, and pending any transfer of the shares to another person, has the same rights as the holder had
- 33 3 But transmittees do not have the right to attend or vote at a general meeting, or agree to a proposed written resolution, in respect of shares to which they are entitled, by reason of the holder's death or bankruptcy or otherwise, unless they become the holders of those shares

### 34. Exercise of transmittees' rights

- 34.1 Transmittees who wish to become the holders of shares to which they have become entitled must notify the Company in Writing of that wish.
- 34 2 If the transmittee wishes to have a share transferred to another person, the transmittee must execute an instrument of transfer in respect of it
- 34.3 Any transfer made or executed under this Article is to be treated as if it were made or executed by the person from whom the transmittee has derived rights in respect of the share, and as if the event which gave rise to the transmission had not occurred

### 35. Transmittees bound by prior notices

35 1 If a notice is given to a shareholder in respect of shares and a transmittee is entitled to those shares, the transmittee is bound by the notice if it was given to the shareholder before the transmittee's name has been entered in the register of shareholders

# DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS<sup>24</sup>

# 36. Procedure for declaring dividends

- 36 1 Subject to the Companies Acts, the Regulations and the Articles, the Company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends, and the Directors may, provided that such decision is authorised by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders, decide to pay interim dividends
- For the avoidance of doubt the payment of dividends shall be considered to be a transfer of assets other than for full consideration and shall not be permitted other than in the circumstances prescribed in Article 3
- 36 3 A dividend must not be declared unless the Directors have made a recommendation as to its amount Such a dividend must not exceed the amount recommended by the Directors
- No dividend may be declared or paid unless it is in accordance with shareholders' respective rights
- 36 5 Unless the shareholders' resolution to declare or Directors' decision to pay a dividend, or the terms on which shares are issued, specify otherwise, it must be paid by reference to each shareholder's holding of shares on the date of the resolution or decision to declare or pay it
- 36 6 If the Company's share capital is divided into different classes, no interim dividend may be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear
- The Directors may pay at intervals any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment

36 8 If the Directors act in good faith, they do not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on shares with deferred or non-preferred rights

### 37. Payment of dividends and other distributions

- Where a dividend or other sum which is a distribution is payable in respect of a share, it must be paid by one or more of the following means:
  - (a) transfer to a bank or building society account indicated by the distribution recipient either in Writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide,
  - (b) sending a cheque made payable to the distribution recipient by post to the distribution recipient at the distribution recipient's registered Address (if the distribution recipient is a holder of the share), or (in any other case) to an Address indicated by the distribution recipient either in Writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide,
  - sending a cheque made payable to such person by post to such person at such Address as the distribution recipient has indicated either in Writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide, or
  - (d) any other means of payment as the Directors agree with the distribution recipient either in Writing or by such other means as the Directors decide
- In the Articles, "the distribution recipient" means, in respect of a share in respect of which a dividend or other sum is payable:
  - (a) the holder of the share, or
  - (b) If the share has two or more joint holders, whichever of them is named first in the register of members; or
  - (c) If the holder is no longer entitled to the share by reason of death or bankruptcy, or otherwise by operation of law, the transmittee

### 38. No interest on distributions

The Company may not pay interest on any dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share unless otherwise provided by

- (a) the terms on which the share was issued, or
- (b) the provisions of another agreement between the holder of that share and the Company.

#### 39. Unclaimed distributions

- 39 1 All dividends or other sums which are
  - (a) payable in respect of shares, and
  - (b) unclaimed after having been declared or become payable,

may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Directors for the benefit of the Company until claimed

- 39.2 The payment of any such dividend or other sum into a separate account does not make the Company a trustee in respect of it
- 39.3 If
  - (a) twelve years have passed from the date on which a dividend or other sum became due for payment; and
  - (b) the distribution recipient has not claimed it,

the distribution recipient is no longer entitled to that dividend or other sum and it ceases to remain owing by the Company

#### 40. Non-cash distributions

- 40 1 Subject to the terms of issue of the share in question, the Company may, by ordinary resolution on the recommendation of the Directors, decide to pay all or part of a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by transferring non-cash assets of equivalent value (including, without limitation, shares or other securities in any company)
- 40.2 For the purposes of paying a non-cash distribution, the Directors may make whatever arrangements they think fit, including, where any difficulty arises regarding the distribution
  - (a) fixing the value of any assets;
  - (b) paying cash to any distribution recipient on the basis of that value in order to adjust the rights of recipients, and
  - (c) vesting any assets in trustees

#### 41. Waiver of distributions

Distribution recipients may waive their entitlement to a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by giving the Company notice in Writing to that effect, but if.

- (a) the share has more than one holder; or
- (b) more than one person is entitled to the share, whether by reason of the death or bankruptcy of one or more joint holders, or otherwise,

the notice is not effective unless it is expressed to be given, and signed, by all the holders or persons otherwise entitled to the share.

#### CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

### 42. Authority to capitalise and appropriation of capitalised sums

- 42.1 Subject to the Articles, the Directors may, if they are so authorised by an ordinary resolution
  - (a) decide to capitalise any profits of the Company (whether or not they are available for distribution) which are not required for paying a preferential dividend, or any sum standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve, and
  - (b) appropriate any sum which they so decide to capitalise (a "capitalised sum") to the persons who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend (the "persons entitled") and in the same proportions
- 42.2 Capitalised sums must be applied.
  - (a) on behalf of the persons entitled, and
  - (b) In the same proportions as a dividend would have been distributed to them
- 42 3 Any capitalised sum may be applied in paying up new shares of a nominal amount equal to the capitalised sum which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct
- 42 4 A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied in paying up new debentures of the Company which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct
- 42.5 Subject to the Articles the Directors may
  - (a) apply capitalised sums in accordance with Articles 42 3 and 42.4 partly in one way and partly in another,
  - (b) make such arrangements as they think fit to deal with shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions under this Article (including the issuing of fractional certificates or the making of cash payments), and
  - (c) authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the Company on behalf of all the persons entitled which is binding on them in respect of the allotment of shares and debentures to them under this Article

### **DECISION-MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS**

- 43. Meetings<sup>25</sup>
- 43.1 The Directors may call a general meeting at any time

- 43.2 General meetings must be held in accordance with the provisions regarding such meetings in the Companies Act. <sup>26</sup>
- 43 3 A person who is not a shareholder of the Company shall not have any right to vote at a general meeting of the Company, but this is without prejudice to any right to vote on a resolution affecting the rights attached to a class of the Company's debentures <sup>27</sup>
- 43 4 Article 43 3 shall not prevent a person who is a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a member from voting at a general meeting of the Company.

#### 44. Written resolutions

- 44.1 Subject to Article 44 3, a written resolution of the Company passed in accordance with this Article 44 shall have effect as if passed by the Company in general meeting
  - 44 1 1 A written resolution is passed as an ordinary resolution if it is passed by a simple majority of the total voting rights of eligible shareholders.
  - 44 1 2 A written resolution is passed as a special resolution if it is passed by shareholders representing not less than 75% of the total voting rights of eligible shareholders. A written resolution is not a special resolution unless it states that it was proposed as a special resolution
- In relation to a resolution proposed as a written resolution of the Company the eligible shareholders are the shareholders who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution on the Circulation Date of the resolution
- 44 3 A shareholders' resolution under the Companies Acts removing a Director or an auditor before the expiration of his or her term of office may not be passed as a written resolution.
- A copy of the written resolution must be sent to every shareholder together with a statement informing the shareholder how to signify their agreement to the resolution and the date by which the resolution must be passed if it is not to lapse. Communications in relation to written notices shall be sent to the Company's auditors in accordance with the Companies Acts
- A shareholder signifies their agreement to a proposed written resolution when the Company receives from him or her an authenticated Document identifying the resolution to which it relates and indicating his or her agreement to the resolution
  - 44.5.1 If the Document is sent to the Company in Hard Copy Form, it is authenticated if it bears the shareholder's signature.
  - 44.5.2 If the Document is sent to the Company by Electronic Means, it is authenticated [if it bears the shareholder's signature] or [if the identity of the shareholder is confirmed in a manner agreed by the Directors] or [if it is accompanied by a statement of the identity of the shareholder and the Company has no reason to doubt the truth of that statement] or [if it is from an email Address notified by the shareholder to the Company for the purposes of receiving Documents or information by Electronic Means]

- 44.6 A written resolution is passed when the required majority of eligible shareholders have signified their agreement to it
- 44.7 A proposed written resolution lapses if it is not passed within 28 days beginning with the Circulation Date

# ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS

# 45. Means of communication to be used

- Subject to the Articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the Company under the Articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006 provides for Documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the Company.
- Subject to the Articles, any notice or Document to be sent or supplied to a Director in connection with the taking of decisions by Directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that Director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or Documents for the time being.
- A Director may agree with the Company that notices or Documents sent to that Director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within an agreed time of their being sent, and for the agreed time to be less than 48 hours.

### 46. Irregularities

The proceedings at any meeting or on the taking of any poll or the passing of a written resolution or the making of any decision shall not be invalidated by reason of any accidental informality or irregularity (including any accidental omission to give or any non-receipt of notice) or any want of qualification in any of the persons present or voting or by reason of any business being considered which is not referred to in the notice unless a provision of the Companies Acts specifies that such informality, irregularity or want of qualification shall invalidate it

#### 47. Minutes

- 47.1 The Directors must cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose
  - 47.1 1 of all appointments of officers made by the Directors,
  - 47 1 2 of all resolutions of the Company and of the Directors (including, without limitation, decisions of the Directors made without a meeting), and
  - 47.1 3 of all proceedings at meetings of the Company and of the Directors, and of committees of Directors, including the names of the Directors present at each such meeting,

and any such minute, if purported to be signed (or in the case of minutes of Directors' meetings signed or authenticated) by the chair of the meeting at which the proceedings were had, or by the chair of the next succeeding meeting, shall, as against any shareholder or Director of the Company, be sufficient evidence of the proceedings.

47.2 The minutes must be kept for at least ten years from the date of the meeting, resolution or decision

# 48. Records and accounts<sup>28</sup>

The Directors shall comply with the requirements of the Companies Acts as to maintaining a shareholders' register, keeping financial records, the audit or examination of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies and the Regulator of

- 48.1 annual reports,
- 48.2 annual returns, and
- 48.3 annual statements of account
- 48 4 Except as provided by law or authorised by the Directors or an ordinary resolution of the Company, no person is entitled to inspect any of the Company's accounting or other records or documents merely by virtue of being a shareholder

### 49. Indemnity

- 49 1 Subject to Article 49 2, a relevant Director of the Company or an associated company may be indemnified out of the Company's assets against
  - (a) any liability incurred by that Director in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or an associated company,
  - (b) any liability incurred by that Director in connection with the activities of the Company or an associated company in its capacity as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Companies Act 2006), and
  - (c) any other liability incurred by that Director as an officer of the Company or an associated company
- 49.2 This Article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law.

#### 49.3 In this Article

(a) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate, and

(b) a "relevant Director" means any Director or former Director of the Company or an associated company

#### 50. Insurance

50.1 The Directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant Director in respect of any relevant loss

#### 50.2 In this Article

- (a) a "relevant Director" means any Director or former Director of the Company or an associated company,
- (b) a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant Director in connection with that Director's duties or powers in relation to the Company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company or associated company, and
- (c) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate

### 51. Exclusion of model articles

The relevant model articles for a company limited by shares are hereby expressly excluded

# **SCHEDULE**

# INTERPRETATION

1 In the Articles, unless the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Term	Meaning
"Address"	includes a number or address used for the purposes of sending or receiving Documents by Electronic Means;
"Articles"	means the Company's articles of association,
"asset-locked body"	means (1) a community interest company or a charity <sup>29</sup> or a Permitted Industrial and Provident Society, or (ii) a body established outside the United Kingdom that is equivalent to any of those,
"bankruptcy"	includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy,
"Chair"	has the meaning given in Article 10,
"Circulation Date"	in relation to a written resolution, has the meaning given to it in the Companies Acts,
"Clear Days"	in relation to the period of a notice, that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect,
"community"	is to be construed in accordance with the section 35(5) of the Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004,
"Companies Acts"	means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006), in so far as they apply to the Company,
"Company"	[ Community Interest Company/C I C ],
"Conflict of Interest"	any direct or indirect interest of a Director (whether personal, by virtue of a duty of loyalty

to another organisation or otherwise) that conflicts or might conflict with the interests of the Company,

"Director"

means a director of the Company, and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called,

"distribution recipient"

has the meaning given in Article 37;

"Document"

includes, unless otherwise indicated, any document sent or supplied in Electronic Form;

"Electronic Form and Electronic Means"

have the meanings respectively given to them in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006;

"fully paid"

in relation to a share, means that the nominal value and any premium to be paid to the Company in respect of that share have been paid to the Company,

"Hard Copy Form"

has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006;

"holder"

in relation to shares means the person whose name is entered in the register of shareholders as the holder of the shares,

"instrument"

means a Document in Hard Copy Form;

"Memorandum"

the Company's memorandum of association,

"paid"

means paid or credited as paid,

"participate"

in relation to a Directors' meeting, has the meaning given in Article 14,

"Permitted Industrial and Provident Society"

means an industrial and provident society which has a restriction on the use of its assets in accordance with regulation 4 of the Community Benefit Societies (Restriction on Use of Assets) Regulations 2006 or regulation 4 of the Community Benefit Societies (Restriction on Use of Assets) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2006,

"the Regulator"

means the Regulator of Community Interest Companies,

"the Regulations"

means the Community Interest Company Regulations 2005 (as amended),

"Secretary"

the secretary of the Company (if any),

"shareholder"

means a person who is the holder of a share,

"shares"

means shares in the Company,

"specified"

means specified in the memorandum or articles of association of the Company for the purposes of

this paragraph;

"subsidiary"

has the meaning given in section 1159 of the

Companies Act 2006,

"transfer"

includes every description of disposition, payment, release or distribution, and the creation or extinction of an estate or interest in, or right

over, any property,

"transmittee"

means a person entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a shareholder or

otherwise by operation of law, and

"Writing"

means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in Electronic Form or

otherwise

- 2. Subject to clause 3 of this Schedule, any reference in the Articles to an enactment includes a reference to that enactment as re-enacted or amended from time to time and to any subordinate legislation made under it
- Unless the context otherwise requires, other words or expressions contained in these Articles bear the same meaning as in the Companies Acts as in force on the date when these Articles become binding on the Company

### Explanatory Notes: CIC Limited by Shares, Schedule 2, Small Membership

- <sup>1</sup> On articles of association generally, see [Part 5] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes—If you are an existing company wishing to become a community interest company, there is no need to adopt completely new articles, but you must comply with the requirements of the Regulations by including the provisions set out in Schedule 2 to the Regulations in the articles of your company
- <sup>2</sup> See [Part 6] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes Inclusion of the provisions contained in articles 3 1 to 3 3 (reflecting paragraph 1(1) to (3) of Schedule 2 to the Regulations) is mandatory
- <sup>3</sup> When a CIC is wound up, its "residual assets" are any property remaining after satisfaction of the company's liabilities under the Insolvency Act 1986 The Regulations permit shareholders to be paid back, out of the residual assets, the nominal value of their shares. Anything left over after this process is classed as "remaining residual assets" and must be paid to a specified Asset Locked Body (or, if no such body is specified, to an Asset Locked Body chosen by the Regulator in consultation with the company)
- <sup>4</sup> On the specification of the company's objects, see [Part 5] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes
- <sup>5</sup> On limited liability and share capital generally, see [Part 3] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes
- <sup>6</sup> Note that although this model constitution assumes that all directors are issued shares and the directors are given wide powers, under the Articles (and company law more generally) there are still some decisions which shareholders must make as shareholders (either in general meeting under the Companies Act 2006 (article 43), or by written resolution in accordance with article 44) [See in general the Companies House guidance booklet, "Resolutions" (available online at <a href="http://www.companieshouse.gov.uk/about/gbhtml/gba7.shtml">http://www.companieshouse.gov.uk/about/gbhtml/gba7.shtml</a>)]
- <sup>7</sup> Article 11 permits the directors to delegate any of their functions. Delegation may take the form of, for instance, the directors giving a managing director general authority to run the company's day to day business, or responsibility for specific matters being delegated to particular directors (e.g. financial matters to a finance director). Or, it may be equally appropriate to delegate matters to persons other than directors. In all cases, it is important to remember that delegation does not absolve directors of their general duties towards the company and their overall responsibility for its management. This means that, amongst other things, directors must be satisfied that those to whom responsibilities are delegated are competent to carry them out
- <sup>8</sup> Article 12 states that the directors must make decisions by majority at a meeting subject to article 14, or unanimously if taken in accordance with article 18
- <sup>9</sup> Article 14.2 is designed to facilitate the taking of decisions by the directors via telephone or video conference calls. Note the requirement to keep a written record of meetings and decisions (article 47)
- The quorum may be fixed in absolute terms (e.g. "two directors") or as a proportion of the total number of directors (e.g. "one third of the total number of directors"). You may even wish to stipulate that particular named directors, or directors representing particular stakeholder interests, must be present to constitute a quorum.
- Article 17 reflects paragraph 4 of Schedule 2 to the Regulations, which is required to be included in the articles of all community interest companies limited by shares
- <sup>12</sup> You may wish to include a provision which gives the Chair of the board a casting vote. This will enable the directors to resolve any deadlock at board level
- Article 18 is designed to facilitate the taking of decisions by directors following discussions in the form of, for example, email exchanges copied to all the directors. Note the requirements as to recording the decision in articles 18 2 and 47
- <sup>14</sup> The provisions in articles 19 and 20 reflect the position under the Companies Act 2006 However, it is recommended that, as a matter of good practice, all actual and potential conflicts of interest are disclosed in writing or at a meeting, as the case may be
- <sup>15</sup> Private companies are obliged to have only one director. Provisions can be inserted into the articles providing for a minimum number of directors. Where the company has just one director, that director must be a natural person. Article 12 notes that, where there is only one director, a majority decision is reached when that director makes a decision. In the case of a single director, the quorum provisions (article 15) will need to be amended accordingly.
- <sup>16</sup> In this set of model articles, there is no requirement for all directors to be members (shareholders) of the company, since it is likely that the only member will be Asset Locked Bodies
- <sup>17</sup> The board of directors cannot remove a director other than in accordance with the provisions in article 23 and the Companies Act 2006
- <sup>18</sup> See the guidance on directors' remuneration in [Part 9] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes

  <sup>19</sup> Note that unless specific wording is added to the contrary, the directors of a company with only one class of shares will be able to issue new shares without needing the consent of the existing shareholders. If appropriate,
- <sup>20</sup> If the company does not have a common seal, share certificates can be executed by two directors, by one director and the secretary (if there is one), or by one director in the presence of an independent witness

limitations (such as a cap on the number of shares) can be added but bespoke drafting will be required

<sup>23</sup> In the event of the death of a shareholder, the share will pass according to the will of the deceased

shareholder, or the intestacy rules
<sup>24</sup> A company which does not intend to pay dividends or make other distributions to private investors (i.e. a company which adopts the provisions of Schedule 2 to the Regulations rather than those of Schedule 3) should not make use of this provision to pay dividends on any share held by a private investor, as the payment of any such dividends will amount to a breach of the asset lock provisions set out in paragraph 1 of Schedule 2 and article 3

<sup>25</sup> The Companies Act 2006 has removed the need for private companies to hold annual general meetings and therefore these Articles follow suit, however, if you wish, you can insert an additional provision which obliges

the company to hold annual general meetings

<sup>26</sup> Article 43 2 provides that general meetings must be held in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 You may insert additional provisions that specify how many shareholders are required to be present to hold a valid general meeting. The quorum may be fixed in absolute terms (e.g. "four shareholders") or as a proportion of the total number of shareholders (e g "three quarters of the shareholders from time to time") You may even wish to stipulate that particular named shareholders, or shareholders representing particular stakeholder interests, must be present to constitute a quorum. In any event, it is recommended that the quorum should never be less than half of the total number of shareholders

<sup>27</sup> Article 43 3 reflects paragraph 3(1) of Schedule 2 to the Regulations and is mandatory

<sup>28</sup> See the Companies House guidance booklet, "Accounts and Accounting Reference Dates" (available online at http://www.companies-house.gov.uk/about/gbhtml/gba3.shtml) ] On the annual community interest company

report, see [Part 8] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes

29 Section 1(1) of the Charities Act 2006 defines "charity" as an institution which "is established for charitable purposes only, and falls to be subject to the control of the High Court in the exercise of its jurisdiction with respect to charities

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Articles 31 5 – 31 8 are mandatory, reflecting paragraph 2 of Schedule 2 to the Regulations The model constitution does not contain any other additional restrictions on the transfer of shares, but note that the Directors may refuse to register a transfer of shares to a person of whom they do not approve

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> A company which adopts the provisions of Schedule 2 to the Regulations rather than Schedule 3 to the Regulations (i.e. a company which only intends to pay dividends to asset-locked bodies) must not make use of this provision to buy back any share which is not held by an asset-locked body, as the repurchase of such shares will amount to a breach of the asset lock provisions set out in paragraph 1 of Schedule 2 and article 3 This article in itself does not provide sufficient authority for the company to purchase its own shares. The company must also comply with the relevant statutory requirements, in particular sections 693 - 700 of the Companies Act 2006 We recommended that you take legal advice before taking any steps towards the company purchasing its own shares It is important that any purchase of shares made in accordance with this article is also made in accordance with article 3 (asset lock)