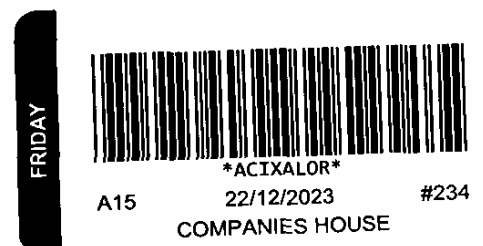


Registration number: 07755270

**PREPARED FOR THE REGISTRAR  
THE HARLEY STREET DERMATOLOGY CLINIC LTD  
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

Hazlewoods LLP  
Windsor House  
Bayshill Road  
Cheltenham  
GL50 3AT



**THE HARLEY STREET DERMATOLOGY CLINIC LTD**

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**THE HARLEY STREET DERMATOLOGY CLINIC LTD**

**COMPANY INFORMATION**

<b>Directors</b>	Dr A C Friedmann M Norfolk G R White
<b>Registered office</b>	Unit 2, Park Farm Akeman Street <i>Kirtlington</i> Kidlington Oxon OX5 3JQ
<b>Accountants</b>	Hazlewoods LLP Windsor House Bayshill Road Cheltenham GL50 3AT

**THE HARLEY STREET DERMATOLOGY CLINIC LTD****(REGISTRATION NUMBER: 07755270)  
BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2023**

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	4	<u>106,046</u>	<u>105,687</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks		8,499	2,040
Debtors: Amounts falling due within one year	5	2,656,330	2,136,158
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>106,405</u>	<u>126,500</u>
		2,771,234	2,264,698
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>(264,312)</u>	<u>(220,792)</u>
Net current assets		<u>2,506,922</u>	<u>2,043,906</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		2,612,968	2,149,593
Deferred tax liabilities		<u>(10,701)</u>	<u>(10,331)</u>
Net assets		<u>2,602,267</u>	<u>2,139,262</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		<u>2,602,266</u>	<u>2,139,261</u>
Total equity		<u>2,602,267</u>	<u>2,139,262</u>

For the financial year ending 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

## Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

11/12/2023

Approved and authorised by the Board on ..... and signed on its behalf by:

.....  
G R White  
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form an integral part of these financial statements.

## THE HARLEY STREET DERMATOLOGY CLINIC LTD

### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Unit 2, Park Farm  
Akeman Street  
Kirtlington  
Kidlington  
Oxon  
OX5 3JQ

#### 2 Accounting policies

##### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

##### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

##### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except for, where disclosed in these accounting policies, certain items that are shown at fair value.

The presentational currency of the financial statements is Pounds Sterling, being the functional currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest Pound.

##### Name of parent of group

These financial statements are consolidated in the financial statements of TDP Bidco Limited and TDP Topco Limited.

The financial statements of TDP Bidco Limited and TDP Topco Limited may be obtained from Companies House.

##### Going concern

After reviewing the company's forecasts and projections, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

##### Judgements and estimation uncertainty

These financial statements do not contain any significant judgements or estimation uncertainty.

##### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the company. The company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

## THE HARLEY STREET DERMATOLOGY CLINIC LTD

### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and on unused tax losses or tax credits in the company. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and a valuation allowance is set up against deferred tax assets so that the net carrying amount equals the highest amount that is more likely than not to be recovered based on current or future taxable profit.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Leasehold improvements	Over the term of the lease
Plant, machinery and equipment	25% - 33% straight line and 25% reducing balance

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. All trade debtors are repayable within one year and hence are included at the undiscounted cost of cash expected to be received. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtors.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and all are repayable within one year and hence are included at the undiscounted amount of cash expected to be paid.

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

## THE HARLEY STREET DERMATOLOGY CLINIC LTD

### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### Financial instruments

##### *Classification*

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability on the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expenses in the profit and loss account.

##### *Recognition and measurement*

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

##### *Impairment*

Assets, other than those measured at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss as described below.

A non financial asset is impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after initial recognition, the estimated recoverable value of the asset has been reduced. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

The recoverable amount of goodwill is derived from measurement of the present value of the future cash flows of the cash-generating units ('CGUs') of which the goodwill is a part. Any impairment loss in respect of a CGU is allocated first to the goodwill attached to that CGU, and then to other assets within that CGU on a pro-rata basis.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised. Where a reversal of impairment occurs in respect of a CGU, the reversal is applied first to the assets (other than goodwill) of the CGU on a pro-rata basis and then to any goodwill allocated to that CGU.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of an impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that would be received for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired financial asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised.

# THE HARLEY STREET DERMATOLOGY CLINIC LTD

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was as follows:

	2023 No.	2022 No.
Average number of employees	20	20

### 4 Tangible assets

	Leasehold improvements £	Plant, machinery and equipment £	Total £
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 April 2022	116,961	178,005	294,966
Additions	23,165	19,830	42,995
At 31 March 2023	140,126	197,835	337,961
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 April 2022	65,624	123,655	189,279
Charge for the year	20,836	21,800	42,636
At 31 March 2023	86,460	145,455	231,915
<b>Carrying amount</b>			
At 31 March 2023	53,666	52,380	106,046
At 31 March 2022	51,337	54,350	105,687

### 5 Debtors

	2023 £	2022 £
Trade debtors	178,926	112,585
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,366,287	1,917,498
Other debtors	33,454	33,125
Prepayments	77,663	72,950
	2,656,330	2,136,158

### 6 Creditors

	2023 £	2022 £
<b>Due within one year</b>		
Trade creditors	27,129	54,860
Social security and other taxes	25,675	16,914
Outstanding defined contribution pension costs	2,615	3,047
Other creditors	120,363	85,394
Accrued expenses	88,530	43,787
Deferred income	-	16,790
	264,312	220,792



**THE HARLEY STREET DERMATOLOGY CLINIC LTD**

**NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

**7 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies**

**Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet**

**Operating leases**

The total of future minimum lease payments is as follows.

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Not later than one year	544,629	190,125
Later than one year and not later than five years	1,355,153	787,240
Later than five years	51,044	246,701
	<u>1,950,826</u>	<u>1,224,066</u>

**8 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking**

The company's immediate parent undertaking is TDP Bidco Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is TDP Topco Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate controlling party is August Equity Partners IV GP Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, which is considered to have no single controlling party.