Registered number: 07701303

# **DORSON TRANSFORM LTD**

**UNAUDITED** 

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 DECEMBER 2020

# DORSON TRANSFORM LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 07701303

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 29 DECEMBER 2020

	Note		2020 £		2019 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		685		1,165
Investments	5		155,731		155,651
		•	156,416	_	156,816
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	266,722		147,527	
	_	266,722	_	147,527	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(592,012)		(551,753)	
Net current liabilities	_		(325,290)		(404,226)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	(168,874)	_	(247,410)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(46,667)		-
		-	/04E E44)	_	(0.47, 44.0)
Net liabilities		=	(215,541)	=	(247,410)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Share premium account			119,980		119,980
Profit and loss account		<u>-</u>	(335,621)	_	(367,490)
		=	(215,541)	=	(247,410)

# DORSON TRANSFORM LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 07701303

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 29 DECEMBER 2020

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Stephen James Dorrell
Director

Date: 30 September 2021

The notes on pages 5 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 DECEMBER 2020

At 30 December 2019	Called up share capital £ 100	Share premium account £ 119,980	Profit and loss account £ (367,490)	Total equity £ (247,410)
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	-	-	31,869	31,869
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	31,869	31,869
Total transactions with owners		-		
At 29 December 2020	100	119,980	(335,621)	(215,541)

The notes on pages 5 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 DECEMBER 2019

At 1 December 2018	Called up share capital £ 100	Share premium account £ 119,980	Profit and loss account £ (252,603)	Total equity £ (132,523)
Comprehensive income for the year				
Loss for the year	-	-	(114,887)	(114,887)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(114,887)	(114,887)
Total transactions with owners		-	-	
At 29 December 2019	100	119,980	(367,490)	(247,410)

The notes on pages 5 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 DECEMBER 2020

#### 1. General information

Dorson Transform Limited is a private limited company incorporated in England and Wales limited by share capital, registered number 07701301. The registered address is 1 Vincent Square, London, SW1P 2PN.

### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

### 2.2 Going concern

The directors have discussed in detail, and believe that is it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, which assumes that the company will continue in operational

existence for the foreseeable future.

The directors have reviewed budgets and forecasts for a period of 12 months from approval of the

accounts and it is of their opinion that the company can continue as a going concern for the forseeable future.

#### 2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

#### 2.4 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 DECEMBER 2020

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

## 2.6 Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

#### 2.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment - 20% Straight Line Computer equipment - 33% Straight Line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.8 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

#### 2.9 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 DECEMBER 2020

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

## 2.10 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## 2.11 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

## 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 8 (2019 - 6).

## 4. Tangible fixed assets

	Office equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 30 December 2019	2,332	2,080	4,412
At 29 December 2020	2,332	2,080	4,412
Depreciation			
At 30 December 2019	1,233	2,014	3,247
Charge for the year on owned assets	414	66	480
At 29 December 2020	1,647	2,080	3,727
Net book value			
At 29 December 2020	685		685
At 29 December 2019	1,099	66	1,165

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 DECEMBER 2020

5.	Fixed asset investments	

			Investments in subsidiary companies £
	Cost or valuation		
	At 30 December 2019		155,651
	Additions		80
	At 29 December 2020		155,731
6.	Debtors		
		2020	2019
		£	2013 £
	Trade debtors	6,720	7,200
		6,720	7,200 39,415
	Amounts owed by joint ventures and associated undertakings  Other debtors	- 260,002	100,912
	Other debiors		
		<u>266,722</u>	147,527
7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Bank overdrafts	18,119	22,281
	Bank loans	3,333	-
	Trade creditors	19,642	32,726
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	184,526	5,293
	Other taxation and social security	67,891	17,953
	Other creditors	296,001	471,610
	Accruals and deferred income	2,500	1,890
		592,012	551,753

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 DECEMBER 2020

8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Bank loans	46,667	-
		46,667	
9.	Loans		
	Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2020 €	2019 £
	Amounts falling due within one year	-	£
	Bank loans	3,333	-
		3,333	-
	Amounts falling due 1-2 years		
	Bank loans	10,000	-
		10,000	-
	Amounts falling due 2-5 years		
	Bank loans	30,000	-
		30,000	-
	Amounts falling due after more than 5 years		
	Bank loans	6,667	-
		6,667	-
		50,000	_

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 DECEMBER 2020

#### 10. Financial instruments

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Other financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise bank overdrafts.

#### 11. Pension commitments

The company contributes into a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £16,622 (2019: £13,682).

Contributions totaling £Nil (2019: £649) were payable to the fund at the reporting date and are included in creditors.

### 12. Related party transactions

At the balance sheet date there was an amount owing of £61,000 (2019 - £60,000) to relatives of directors, this amount is interest free and there is no fixed date for repayment.

At the balance sheet date there was an amount owing of £132,521 (2019 - £401,171) to directors, this amount is interest free and there is no fixed date for repayment.

At the balance sheet date there was an amount owing of £Nil (2019 - £9,790) to related companies, this amount is interest free and there is no fixed date for repayment.

At the balance sheet date there was an amount owing of £65,280 (2019 - £47,885) from related companies, this amount is interest free and there is no fixed date for repayment.

At the balance sheet date there was an amount owing of £184,526 (2019 - £5,293) to subsidiaries, this amount is interest free and there is no fixed date for repayment.

At the balance sheet date there was an amount owing of £92,242 (2019 - £92,445) from subsidiaries, this amount is interest free and there is no fixed date for repayment.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.