Director's report and financial statements

for the year ended 28 February 2013

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16/10/2013 COMPANIES HOUSE #171

Company information

Director

Ms J Eley

Company number

07694401

Registered office

6 - 8 Botanic Road

Churchtown Southport Merseyside PR9 7NG

Accountants

K A Farr & Co

6-8 Botanic Road

Churchtown Southport Merseyside PR9 7NG

Business address

102A Kensington Road

Southport Merseyside PR9 0RZ

Bankers

Lloyds TSB Bank Plc

London Street Southport Merseyside

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Kensingtons Hair and Beauty Ltd Director's report for the year ended 28 February 2013

The director presents her report and the financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2013

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the period was that of a hair and beauty salon

Director and her interests

The director who served during the year and her interest in the company is stated below

	Class of share	28/02/13	29/02/12
Ms J Eley	Ordinary shares	100	100

Statement of director's responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless she is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable her to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 She is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

Accountants

K A Farr & Co are deemed to be reappointed in accordance with Section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

Kensingtons Hair and Beauty Ltd Director's report for the year ended 28 February 2013

continued

This report was approved by the Board on 20 September 2013 and signed on its behalf by

Ms. # Eley

Director

Profit and loss account for the year ended 28 February 2013

		2013	2012
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	2	16,042	-
Cost of sales		(4,689)	-
Gross profit		11,353	-
Administrative expenses		(18,773)	
Operating (loss)/profit Interest payable and sımılar	3 charges	(7,420) (29)	•
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(7,449)	-
Tax on (loss)/profit on order	ary activities 5	(751)	
(Loss)/profit for the year		(8,200)	

Balance sheet as at 28 February 2013

		201	3	2012	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6		9,219		-
Current assets					
Stocks		205		-	
Debtors	7	850		-	
Cash at bank and in hand		235		100	
		1,290		100	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(17,858)		-	
-	•		(16.569)		100
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(16,568)		100
Total assets less current liabilities			(7,349)		100
Provisions for liabilities	9		(751)		-
Net (liabilities)/assets			(8,100)		100
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		100		100
Profit and loss account	11		(8,200)		
Shareholders' funds			(8,100)		100
			-		

The director's statements required by Sections 475(2) and (3) are shown on the following page which forms part of this Balance Sheet

Balance sheet (continued)

Director's statements required by Sections 475(2) and (3) for the year ended 28 February 2013

In approving these financial statements as director of the company I hereby confirm

- (a) that for the year stated above the company was entitled to the exemption conferred by Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006,
- (b) that no notice has been deposited at the registered office of the company pursuant to Section 476 requesting that an audit be conducted for the year ended 28 February 2013, and
- (c) that I acknowledge my responsibilities for
 - (1) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 386, and
 - (2) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the year then ended in accordance with the requirements of Section 393 and which otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 20 September 2013 and signed on its behalf by

Director

Registration number 07694401

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2013

1. Accounting policies

11. Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year and derives from the provision of goods falling within the company's ordinary activities

1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows

Property improvements

Straight line over 20 years

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

15% reducing balance

1.4. Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value

1.5. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold,

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

2. Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the UK

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2013

continued

3.	Operating (loss)/profit	2013 £	2012 £
	Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging		
	Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible assets	<u>951</u>	
4.	Director's remuneration		
		2013	2012
	Remuneration and other benefits	£ 2,960	£
5.	Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities		
	Analysis of charge in period	2013 £	2012 £
	Total current tax charge	-	•
	Deferred tax		
	Timing differences, origination and reversal	751	-
	Total deferred tax	751	-
	Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	751	-

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2013

continued

6.	Tangible fixed assets	Property improve- ments £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
	Cost Additions	5,750	4,421	10,171
				
	At 28 February 2013	5,750	4,421	10,171
	Depreciation Charge for the year	288	664	952
	At 28 February 2013	288	664	952
	Net book values At 28 February 2013	5,462	3,757	9,219
	At 28 February 2012	•	. - -	-
7.	Debtors Other debtors		2013 £ 850	2012 £
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2013 £	2012 £
	Bank overdraft		2,065	-
	Director's loan accounts		14,185	-
	Other creditors		1,608	
			17,858	-

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2013

continued

9.	Provision for deferred taxation	2013 £	2012 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	751	-
	Deferred tax charge in profit and loss account	751	
	Provision at 28 February 2013	<u>751</u>	
10.	Share capital	2013 £	2012 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	T	T.
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
11	Reserves	Profit and loss account £	Total
	Loss for the year	(8,200)	(8,200)

12. Controlling interest

The controlling party is Ms J Eley by virtue of her ownership of 100% of the issued ordinary share capital in the company

13. Going concern

The director believes that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully despite the current uncertain economic outlook

The director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus continuing to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.