Registered number: 07685474

# THE OAST HOUSE MANCHESTER LIMITED

# **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019



### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

R Barley C Hill J Pickworth

Registered number

07685474

Registered office

2 Malt Street Knutsford Cheshire WA16 6ES

Independent auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor 4 Hardman Square Spinningfields Manchester M3 3EB

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### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019.

### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were:

R Barley (resigned 16 January 2019)

C Hili

J Pickworth (appointed 18 April 2019)

### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

### Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

# **Auditor**

The auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

### Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

J Pickworth Director

Date: 17 September 2019



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE OAST HOUSE MANCHESTER LIMITED

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of The Oast House Manchester Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 March 2019, which comprise the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, the Statement of Financial Position and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
  cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
  authorised for issue.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE OAST HOUSE MANCHESTER LIMITED (CONTINUED)

### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### Matter on which we are required to report under the Companies Act 2006

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
  regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and
  from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE OAST HOUSE MANCHESTER LIMITED (CONTINUED)

# Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

# Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Carl Williams FCCA Senior Statutory Auditor for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants Manchester

17 September 2019

### STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Turnover		-	485,532
Gross profit	_		485,532
Administrative expenses		-	(485,532)
Operating profit		-	-
Tax on profit on ordinary activities		-	-
Profit after tax		-	-

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2019 or 2018 other than those included in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

The notes on pages 8 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

All activities relate to continuing operations.

# THE OAST HOUSE MANCHESTER LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:07685474

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

AS AT 31 MARCH 2019							
	Note		2019 £		2018 £		
Current assets							
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	4	2		2			
		2		2			
Total assets less current liabilities			2		2		
Net assets			2		2		
Capital and reserves							
Called up share capital			2		2		
Shareholder's funds			2		2		

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

J Pickworth Director

Date: 17 September 2019

The notes on pages 8 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

### 1. Accounting policies

### 1.1 Company information

The Oast House Manchester Limited is a company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. Registered number is 07685474. Its registered office is 2 Malt Street, Knutsford, Cheshire, WA16 6ES.

The Company has been non trading in the current and previous year and the only transaction which has been processed in both years is in respect of rental payments on land and buildings which are leased by the company and the costs of which have been recharged to New World Trading Company (UK) Limited.

### 1.2 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 ('FRS 102'), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and with the Companies Act 2006.

The individual accounts of The Oast House Manchester Limited has adopted the disclosure exemption in the requirement to present a statement of cashflows and related notes on the basis that they are consolidated within the financial statements of Christopher Topco Limited, which are available from Companies House.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

# 1.3 Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

### 1.4 Turnover

Turnover comprises of revenue recognised by the Company in respect of rental payments recharged to New World Trading Company (UK) Limited.

### 1.5 Operating leases

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the statement of income and retained earnings on a straight line basis over the period of the lease, unless the rental payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation, in which case the Company recognises annual rent expense equal to amounts owed to lessor.

The aggregate benefit of lease incentives are recognised as a reduction to the expense recognised over the lease term on a straight line basis.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

### 1.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

### 1.7 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received. However if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

# 2. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The directors do not believe there are any key judgements or estimates required in the preparation of these financial statements.

### 3. Operating profit

During the year the directors did not receive any emoluments (2018: £Nil).

The auditors' remuneration has been borne by a fellow group company in the current and previous year.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

4.	Debtors		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Other debtors	2	2
	No impairment loss was recognised against trade debtors during either year.		
5.	Financial instruments		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Financial assets		
	Financial assets measured at amortised cost	2	2

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise other debtors.

### 6. Reserves

Called up share capital - represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

### 7. Contingent liabilities

A composite cross guarantee structure exists between Christopher Midco 2 Limited, Christopher Bidco Limited, New World Trading Company (UK) Holdings Limited, New World Trading Company (UK) Limited, Liverpool Lodge Limited, The Oast House Manchester Limited, Magnolia Bell Limited and New World Pub Company (Leeds) Limited. The aggregate amount outstanding under this agreement at the balance sheet date was £27,350,000 (2018: £22,000,000).

### 8. Capital commitments

As at 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2018 the directors have confirmed the Company had no capital commitments.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

# 9. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 March 2019 the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2019 £	2018 £
Not later than 1 year	-	300,000
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	-	1,200,000
Later than 5 years	-	1,500,000
		3,000,000

# 10. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 (section 33) "Related Party Disclosure" and has not disclosed transactions with group undertakings.

# 11. Controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking of the Company is New World Trading Company (UK) Limited. The ultimate parent undertaking of the Company is Christopher Topco Limited.

The smallest and largest group of undertakings for which consolidated financial statements have been drawn up is that headed by Christopher Topco Limited. Copies of the consolidated financial statements can be obtained from Companies House.