# STRATEGIC REPORT, DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 FOR

**INSURE MY VILLA LIMITED** 

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# COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

DIRECTORS: D Cousins

M Rea C Scott

SECRETARY: A Peel

REGISTERED OFFICE: The Walbrook Building

25 Walbrook London EC4N 8AW

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 07641939 (England and Wales)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR: Ernst & Young LLP

Statutory Auditor 25 Churchill Place Canary Wharf London E14 5EY

# STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The Directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2021.

# **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The principal activity of the Company in the period under review was that of insurance broking. In December 2020 all of the Company's trade and the majority of its assets and liabilities were transferred to Arthur J. Gallagher Insurance Brokers Limited, a fellow Group subsidiary at carrying value on the day of transfer.

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., a company incorporated in the United States of America, and is included in the publicly available consolidated financial statements of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. ("the Group"). The Group's strategic focus continues to be on the organic growth of existing core business and the acquisition of businesses to enhance future turnover and profitability.

The results of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in the financial statements on pages 9 to 15.

For the year ended 31 December 2021 the Company has recorded a loss before tax of £8k compared to a profit before tax of £162k in 2020. The reason for the loss is a combination of the hive up of the business in December 2020, and £8k adverse impact during the year from Unrealised Foreign Exchange.

The Company was deregistered with the Financial Conduct Authority on 22 January 2022.

Given the external developments and geopolitical disruption in relation to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, future forecasts and projections have taken these conditions into account. The disruption caused by the COVID-19 pandemic has reduced since the prior year and no additional risk is expected. The Company is fully operational, has deployed continuity protocols and has not been materially impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. The business is not impacted materially by the conflict in Ukraine. The Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least to 30 September 2023, and no material uncertainties related to going concern have been identified.

# PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's international operations and debt profile expose it to a variety of financial and operational risks including the effects of change in foreign currency exchange rates, counterparty credit risks, compliance risk, liquidity and interest rates. The UK Group's Board of Directors are responsible for setting the UK Group's risk appetite and ensuring that it has an appropriate and effective risk management framework and monitors the ongoing process for identifying, evaluating, managing, and reporting the most material risks. To facilitate this, the UK Group maintains a risk framework, through which the key risks affecting the UK Group are identified, assessed and monitored. Each business entity also undertakes a similar process and these risk profiles help inform the overall risk profile of the UK business. This is reviewed by each business division's risk and conduct committee and in turn the combined risk profile is overseen by the GGB -UK Risk Committee, which is chaired and attended by independent non-executive members, and reports to the Board of Directors.

The UK Group has in place a risk management programme and policies in the context of the wider Group risk framework. This risk management programme seeks to manage any adverse impact upon the Group caused by the nature of its principal activity. The approach to the significant risks is noted below:

# Borrowing facilities and liquidity risk

Operations for the Group are financed by a mixture of shareholders' funds, external borrowing facilities, inter-group borrowings and cash reserves. The objective is to ensure a mix of funding methods offering flexibility and cost effectiveness to match the needs of the Group. Forward looking cash flow projections are prepared on a regular basis to assess funding requirements.

# Foreign currency risk

The Group's major currency transaction exposure arises in respect of transactions with fellow group undertakings and foreign currency revenue earned in the UK. As a consequence, the Group's results are sensitive to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

# STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES - continued

# Compliance risk

The Group is exposed to regulatory risk from the potential failure to comply with the relevant laws and regulations for insurance intermediaries. To mitigate this, the Group has a risk and compliance function, comprising members with experience of working at regulators, insurers, brokers and other financial institutions and has a control framework that has been rolled out and embedded within the culture throughout the Group to reduce the risk of non-compliance. Regular assessments by this function, are undertaken within the business, to gain assurance on compliance and monitoring of the compliance and regulatory requirements. The outcomes of these reviews are regularly reported to the Risk Committee and Board of Directors. The Group has a proactive, open relationship with the regulator.

# Counterparty credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit related losses in the event of non-performance by counterparties to financial assets but mitigates such risk through its policy of selecting only counterparties with high credit ratings or arranging beneficial credit terms in accordance with the Group's investment and counterparty policy.

#### **Operational Risk**

The Group has identified the key operational risks to which it is exposed, principle among which are incorrect underwriting, the protection of client information, the prevention of cyber and financial crime, suppliers, facilities and IT resilience, M&A, compliance with regulations and not least employees. This also takes into account areas such as ESG. An appropriate control framework has been deployed to manage and mitigate these key operational risks. A broader Operational Resilience Programme is underway to meet the FCA's operational resilience requirements and builds on the existing measures in place in this respect. There is a defined risk framework for the assessment of the risks through the acquisition of organisations and their integration into the Gallagher organisation. The assessment of risks also includes a regular programme of stress testing and assessment of both the operational and financial resilience of the business.

#### BY ORDER OF THE BOARD:

Alista	rir C. Pool
A Peel	- Secretary
Data	21 September 2022

# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The Directors present their report with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021. The results for the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 and future developments are discussed in the Strategic Report.

# **DIRECTORS**

The Directors who have held office during the period from 1 January 2021 to the date of this report is as follows:

D Cousins M Rea C Scott

#### **DIVIDENDS**

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

Information relating to events after the reporting period is given in note 13 to the financial statements.

#### **EMPLOYEES**

The Company is an equal opportunities employer and bases all decisions on individual ability regardless of race, religion, gender, age or disability.

# **DIRECTORS' INDEMNITY PROVISIONS**

The Directors have benefited from qualifying third party indemnity provisions during the financial year and to the date of this report.

# **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland". Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies in accordance with Section 10 of FRS 102, Accounting Policies, Estimates and Errors and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides, relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information;
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with specific requirements in FRS 102 is insufficient to enable
  users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the company financial
  position and financial performance;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

So far as the Directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and each Director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

# **AUDITOR**

The auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

BY OF	RDER OF THE BOARD:
Alisto	rir C. Peol
A Peel	- Secretary
Date:	21 September 2022

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INSURE MY VILLA LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Insure My Vila Limited for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes 1 to 13, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period to 30 September 2023 from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

# Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INSURE MY VILLA LIMITED

# Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

# **Responsibilities of Directors**

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

# Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INSURE MY VILLA LIMITED

Our approach was as follows:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the company and determined that the most significant are those that relate to the reporting framework (FRS 102) and the elements of the Companies Act 2006 and tax legislation. Our consideration of other laws and regulations that may have material effect on financial statement included permission and supervisory requirement of the Financial Authority Conduct;
- We understood how Company is complying with those frameworks by making inquiries of management and those responsible for legal and compliance matters. We also reviewed correspondence between the Company and the regulatory bodies; reviewed minutes of Board; and gained an understanding of the Company's approach to governance;
- We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by considering controls the Company has established to address the risks identified by the entity, or that otherwise seek to prevent, detect, or deter fraud.
- Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify noncompliance with such laws and regulations. For direct laws and regulations, we considered the extent of compliance with those laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statements items. For both direct and other laws and regulations, our procedures involved: making inquiry of those charged with governance and the senior management for their awareness of any non-compliance of lars or regulations, inquiring about the policies that have been established to prevent non-compliance with laws and regulations by officers and employees, inquiring about the Company's methods of enforcing and monitoring compliance with such policies, and inspecting significant correspondence with Regulators.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

# Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Emst & Young Lip

Vinood Ramabhai (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP Statutory Auditor London

23 September 2022

Date:

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
TURNOVER	2	-	245
Administrative expenses		(8)_	(88)
		(8)	157
Other operating income	3		5
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) and PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION	5	(8)	162
Tax on profit	6	<u>(1</u> )	(32)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL Y	EAR	<u>(9)</u>	<u>130</u>

# INSURE MY VILLA LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 07641939)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank	7	1,292 89	298 <u>95</u>
CREDITORS		1,381	393
Amounts falling due within one year	8	1,045	48
NET CURRENT ASSETS		336	_ 345
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIAI	BILITIES	336	<u>345</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital	9	_	_
Retained earnings	10	336	345
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>336</u>	345

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on and were signed on its behalf by:

Charles Scott

C Scott - Director

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Called up share capital £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance at 1 January 2020	-	215	215
Changes in equity Profit for the financial year  Balance at 31 December 2020		<u>130</u> <u>345</u>	130 345
Changes in equity Loss for the financial year		(9)	(9)
Balance at 31 December 2021	<del>-</del>	336	336

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

# 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# **Accounting convention**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland", and with the Companies Act 2006.

Insure My Villa Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page. The functional currency of the company is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates and the accounts are presented in £'000's.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

# Basis of preparation

The Company has taken advantage of the exemptions, under FRS 102 paragraph 1.12(b), (c) & (e) respectively, from preparing a Statement of Cash Flows, extended disclosure relating to derivatives and disclosure of key management compensation, on the basis that it is a qualifying entity and its ultimate holding company, Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., includes such disclosures in its own consolidated financial statements. The Company has also taken advantage of the exemptions available under paragraph 33.1A of FRS 102 Related party disclosures, not to disclose transactions that have taken place between members of the Group where the party to the transaction is a wholly owned member.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost basis. Given the external developments and geopolitical disruption in relation to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, future forecasts and projections have taken these conditions into account. The disruption caused by the COVID-19 pandemic has reduced since the prior year and no additional risk is expected. The Company is fully operational, has deployed continuity protocols, and has not been materially impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. The business is not materially impacted by the war in Ukraine. The Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least to 30 September 2023, and no material uncertainties related to going concern have been identified. The Directors therefore continue to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.

# Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. However, there are no areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements.

# Turnover

Turnover represents brokerage and fees associated with placing insurance and reinsurance contracts. It is recognised net of commission payable and allowable discounts. It is recognised at the later of inception date and the date the placement is completed and confirmed. Where there is an expectation of future servicing requirements, a proportion of income relating to the policy is deferred to cover the associated obligations under the policy contract.

# **Taxation**

Provision is made at current enacted rates for taxation. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the Statement of Financial Position date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax in future periods.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the Directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing difference can be deducted. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

# Short term debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in other operating expenses.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

# Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the Statement of Financial Position. All exchange rate differences are taken to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

# 2. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit/(loss) before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market for the year ended 31 December 2021 is given below:

		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	United Kingdom	-	132
	Europe	<del>-</del>	113
		-	245
		4	<del></del>
3.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME		
		2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
	Gain on transfer of business to fellow group subsidiary	-	5

# 4. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Directors were remunerated during the year by a fellow subsidiary within the Group and Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., the ultimate holding company. None of the Directors received any remuneration during the year in respect of their services as a Director of the Company (2020: £nil) and it would not be practicable to apportion their remuneration between their services as Directors of the Company and their services for other Group companies. The Company has not been recharged any amount for the remuneration of these Directors (2020: £nil).

# 5. **OPERATING PROFIT**

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Foreign exchange differences	<u>8</u>	(7)

Auditor's remuneration in the current year of £5k (2020:£5k) has been borne by a fellow group undertaking and has not been recharged to the Company.

# 6. TAXATION

# Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit/(loss) for the year was as follows:

	£'000	£'000
Current tax: UK corporation tax	1	32

2020

2024

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 6. TAXATION - continued

# Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK.

Profit/(loss) before tax	2021 £'000 (8)	2020 £'000 162
Profit/(loss) multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)	(2)	31
Effects of:		
Transfer pricing adjustments Income not taxable	3 	2 (1)
Total tax charge	<u>1</u>	32

The Company profits are taxable in the UK under the standard rate of corporation tax being 19% (2020: 19%). The Company is expected to continue to attract the standard rate of UK corporation tax. On 10 June the UK Government legislated to increase the main rate of corporation tax to 25% as of 1 April 2023.

# 7. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	<u>1,292</u>	298

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, repayable on demand and are on an interest free basis.

Aggregate loan value	Interest rate	Interest terms	Repayment period	Aggregate carrying value
£45k	0%	Compounded annually	Repayable on demand	£45k

# 8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Amounts owed to group undertakings Group relief creditor	1,044 1	16 32
	1,045	48

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, repayable on demand and are on an interest free basis.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 9. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2021 £	2020 £
100	Ordinary	£1	100	100

The shares have attached to them full voting, dividend and capital distribution (including on winding up) rights.

# 10. RESERVES

Called Up Share Capital - represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Retained Earnings - includes all current and prior period profits and losses.

# 11. PARENT COMPANY AND ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The immediate parent company is Purple Bridge Group Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The largest group of undertakings of which the Company is a member and for which financial statements are prepared changed during the year and from November 2018, is headed up by Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., a company incorporated in the United States of America, which is the ultimate holding company. The registered address of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. is 2850 W. Golf Rd., Rolling Meadows, IL 60008. A copy of these consolidated financial statements is available from the registered office of the Company.

# 12. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Company has taken advantage of the exemptions available under paragraph 33.1A of FRS 102 Related Party Disclosures, not to disclose transaction that have taken place between members of the Group where the party to the transaction is a wholly owned member.

# 13. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Company was deregistered with the Financial Conduct Authority on 22 January 2022.

The Directors confirm that there are no other events after the reporting period that are required to be disclosed.