UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 MARCH 2023

VERNEY ENTERPRISES U.K. LIMITED (FORMERLY RHOSCOLYN ESTATE ENTERPRISES LIMITED)

MENZIES

COMPANY INFORMATION

Director Mr Nicholas Edmund Verney

Registered number 07595906

Registered office The Estate Office

Claydon Estate Middle Claydon Buckinghamshire MK18 2EX

Accountants Menzies LLP

Chartered Accountants Victoria House 50-58 Victoria Road Farnborough Hampshire GU14 7PG

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REGISTERED NUMBER:07595906

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

Pivod coords	Note		2023 £		2022 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		119,071		123,221
Investments	5	_	13,950	_	13,950
			133,021		137,171
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	44,727		31,053	
Cash at bank and in hand		102,210		3,516,077	
	_	146,937	_	3,547,130	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(57,454)		(42,113)	
Net current assets	_		89,483		3,505,017
Total assets less current liabilities		_	222,504	_	3,642,188
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(399,210)		(3,796,212)
Net liabilities		_ =	(176,706)	-	(154,024)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account		_	(176,806)		(154,124)
		=	(176,706)	=	(154,024)

REGISTERED NUMBER:07595906

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

The Director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The Director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr Nicholas Edmund Verney

Director

Date: 21 December 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of its registered office is disclosed on the company information page. The company does not have a principal place of business.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

2.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.4 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.5 Going concern

The company currently shows a deficit on its balance sheet. Due to the ongoing support of the company's shareholder, the director believes that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue in existence for the foreseeable future.

If the company were unable to continue in existence, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the balance sheet value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for further liabilities that might arise and to reclassify fixed assets and long term liabilities as current assets and liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the reporting date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Short-term leasehold property - 4% straight line
Fixtures and fittings - 25% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

Investments in unlisted Company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each reporting date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

3. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the Directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2022 - £NIL).

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Other plant & machinery etc.	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2022	213,266	41,482	254,748
Additions	-	5,911	5,911
At 31 March 2023	213,266	47,393	260,659
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2022	91,849	39,678	131,527
Charge for the year on owned assets	8,531	1,530	10,061
At 31 March 2023	100,380	41,208	141,588
Net book value			
At 31 March 2023	112,886	6,185	119,071
At 31 March 2022	121,417	1,804	123,221

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

5.	Fixed asset investments		
			Partnership capital £
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 April 2022		13,950
	At 31 March 2023	=	13,950
6.	Debtors		
		2023 £	2022 £
	Trade debtors	-	637
	Other debtors	2,016	1,483
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,752	-
	Deferred taxation	40,959	28,933
		44,727	31,053
7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2023 £	2022
			£
	Trade creditors	2,425	6,260
	Amounts owed to other participating interests	41,378	29,628
	Other taxation and social security	1,312	-
	Other creditors	5,489	-
	Accruals and deferred income	6,850	6,225
		57,454	42,113

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

£	Ė
399,210	3,796,212
399,210	3,796,212

2022

2023

9. Related party transactions

Other creditors

Included within other creditors falling due after more than one year is £399,210 (2022 - £3,796,212) in respect of a loan provided by the director. The loan has been provided interest free.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.