# LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

TUESDAY

\*A4ANR6AB\*

30/06/2015 COMPANIES HOUSE

### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** J Lister

NG Richards C Szpojnarowicz

Secretary C Szpojnarowicz

Company number 07580262

Registered office The Core

40 St Thomas Street

BRISTOL BS1 6JX

Auditor KPMG Audit Plc

15 Canada Square

LONDON E14 5GL

Business address The Core

40 St Thomas Street

BRISTOL BS1 6JX

# CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' report	1 - 2
Independent auditor's report	3 - 4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Notes to the financial statements	7 - 10
Hotes to the infancial statements	7 - 10

# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company is acting as Joint General Partner in the LDC (Nairn Street) Limited Partnership, a UK Limited Partnership. The directors paid a dividend of £8,000 during the year (31 December 2013: £16,000).

The company registration number is 07580262.

#### **Directors**

The following directors have held office since 1 January 2014:

J Lister NG Richards C Szpojnarowicz

#### Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements. The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board

C Szpojnarowicz

C Szpojnarowicz Secretary 25 June 2015

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of LDC (Nairn Street) GP1 Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 set out on pages 5 to 10. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Director's Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in not preparing a strategic report.

Kate Teal (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG Audit Plc

29/6/15

**Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor** 

KPMG Audit Plc 15 Canada Square LONDON E14 5GL

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
	140103	-	~
Turnover		-	-
Cost of sales		-	-
Operating result	2	<del>-</del>	
Investment income	3	10,000	20,000
Profit on ordinary activities betaxation	fore	10,000	20,000
Tax on profit for the year	4	(2,000)	. (4,000)
Profit for the year . •	10	8,000	16,000

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

There is no difference between the profit for the year or the prior year as stated above and its historical cost equivalent.

# **BALANCE SHEET**

### AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014

<del>-</del>					
			2014		2013
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	7	6,001		4,001	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	8	(6,000)		(4,000)	
Net assets			1		1
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		1		1
Shareholder's funds	11		1		1

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of the audited financial statements.

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 25 June 2015

NG Richards
Director

Company Registration No. 07580262

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

#### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated).

As a General Partner of the LDC (Nairn Street) Limited Partnership the company is deemed to control the Limited Partnership (along with its joint general partner LDC (Nairn Street) GP2 Limited), which is therefore a subsidiary of the company. The company is exempt by virtue of s400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the company as an individual and not about its group.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a subsidiary undertaking where 90 percent or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group.

### 1.2 Going concern

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

#### 1.3 Deferred taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the result for the year and takes account of taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and treatment under the company's accounting policies.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and their recognition in a tax computation.

In accordance with FRS19, deferred tax is provided in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date that may give rise to an obligation to pay more or less tax in the future except as otherwise provided by FRS19. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

#### 1.4 Investment Income

Investment income from the Limited Partnership is recognised in respect of management services carried out during the period, in accordance with the partnership agreement.

#### 1.5 Dividends

Dividends unpaid at the balance sheet date are only recognised as a liability at that date to the extent that they are appropriately authorised and are no longer at the discretion of the company. Unpaid dividends that do not meet these criteria are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

### 2 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Auditor's remuneration of £415 (2013 - £405) was borne by another group company.

Fees paid to the company's auditor, KPMG Audit Plc and its associates for services other than statutory audit of the company are not disclosed in the company's accounts since the consolidated accounts of the company's parent, The UNITE UK Student Accommodation Fund are required to disclose non audit fees on a consolidated basis.

Directors' remuneration was borne by another group company in respect of both years.

3	Investment income	2014 £	2013 £
	Partnership income	10,000	20,000
4	Taxation	2014 £	2013 £
	Domestic current year tax U.K. corporation tax	2,000	4,000
	Total current tax	2,000	4,000
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	10,000	20,000
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 20.00% (2013 - 20.00%)	2,000	4,000
	Current tax charge for the year	2,000	4,000
5	Dividends	2014	2013
	Ordinary interim paid	8,000	16,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

#### 6 Fixed asset investments

As Joint General Partner of the LDC (Nairn Street) Limited Partnership the company is deemed to control the Limited Partnership which is therefore a subsidiary of the company. LDC (Nairn Street) Limited Partnership is registered as a limited partnership in England and Wales. The principal activity of the Limited Partnership is investment in student accommodation.

The net assets of LDC (Nairn Street) Limited Partnership attributable to partners at 31 December 2014 were £5,656,000 (2013: £2,430,000) and the profit for the year ended 31 December 2014 was £2,634,000 (2013: £1,177,000).

7	Debtors	2014 £	2013 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	6,001	4,001
8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2014 £	2013 £
	Taxation	6,000	4,000
9	Share capital	2014 £	2013 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	L	£
	1 Ordinary share of £1 each	1	1
10	Statement of movements on profit and loss account	Profit and loss account	
			£
	Balance at 1 January 2014		_
	Profit for the year		8,000
	Dividends paid		(8,000)
	Balance at 31 December 2014		<del>-</del>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

11	Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds	2014	2013
		£	£
	Profit for the financial year	8,000	16,000
	Dividends	(8,000)	(16,000)
	Net addition to shareholder's funds	<del></del>	-
	Opening shareholder's funds	1	1
	Cleaing sharshalder's funds		
	Closing shareholder's funds		====

### 12 Contingent liabilities

The company had no contingent liabilities at 31 December 2014 (31 December 2013: £nil).

#### 13 Capital commitments

The company had no capital commitments at 31 December 2014 (31 December 2013: £nil).

### 14 Control

The company's immediate parent undertaking is USAF GP No 12 Limited.

The company's ultimate parent is the Unite UK Student Accommodation Fund, a Jersey registered Unit Trust.

#### 15 Related party relationships and transactions

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Unite UK Student Accommodation Fund, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 8 from the requirements to disclose transactions with group companies on the grounds that consolidated financial statements are prepared by the ultimate parent undertaking.