

Company Registration No. 07580262 (England and Wales)

**LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED**  
**ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015**

FRIDAY



\*A5BRROFU\*

A19

22/07/2016

#304

COMPANIES HOUSE

# LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED

## COMPANY INFORMATION

---

<b>Directors</b>	J Lister NG Richards C Szpojnarowicz
<b>Secretary</b>	C Szpojnarowicz
<b>Company number</b>	07580262
<b>Registered office</b>	The Core 40 St Thomas Street BRISTOL BS1 6JX
<b>Auditor</b>	Deloitte LLP 3 Rivergate Temple Quay Bristol United Kingdom BS1 6GD
<b>Business address</b>	The Core 40 St Thomas Street BRISTOL BS1 6JX

---

# **LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED**

## **CONTENTS**

---

	<b>Page</b>
Directors' report	1 - 2
Directors' responsibilities statement	3
Independent auditor's report	4 - 5
Statement of total comprehensive income	6
Balance sheet	7
Statement of changes in equity	8
Notes to the financial statements	9 - 14

---

# **LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED**

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015**

---

The directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of acting as Joint General Partner in the LDC (Nairn Street) Limited Partnership, a UK Limited Partnership.

The company registration number is 07580262.

### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the year and subsequently were as follows:

J Lister  
NG Richards  
C Szpojnarowicz

### **Results and dividends**

The results for the year are set out on page 6.

Ordinary dividends were paid amounting to £8,000 (2014: £8,000). The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

### **Financial risk management**

#### **Liquidity risk**

The company manages its cash and borrowing requirements in order to maximise interest income and minimise interest expense, whilst ensuring the company has sufficient liquid resources to meet the operating needs of the business.

#### **Credit risk**

Investments of cash surpluses and borrowings are made through banks and companies which must fulfil credit rating criteria approved by the Board.

Debtors are monitored on an ongoing basis and provision is made for doubtful debts where necessary.

### **Auditor**

Each of the directors in office at the date of approval of this annual report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he / she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself / herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Deloitte LLP were appointed auditor to the Company during the year and in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, have been deemed reappointed.

# **LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED**

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015**

---

### **Going concern**

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements.

Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the accounting policies in the financial statements.

### **Approval of reduced disclosures**

The Company, as a qualifying entity, has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions in FRS 102 paragraph 1.12. The Company's shareholder has been notified in writing about the intention to take advantage of the disclosure exemptions and no objections have been received.

The Company also intend to take advantage of these exemptions in the financial statements to be issued in the following year. Objections may be served on the Company by USAF GP No 12 Limited, as the immediate parent of the entity.

On behalf of the board

**Christopher Szpojnarowicz**

.....  
C Szpojnarowicz

Director

27/06/16

## **LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED**

### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

***FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015***

---

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business; and

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# **LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED**

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

### **TO THE MEMBERS OF LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED**

---

We have audited the financial statements of LDC (Nairn Street) GP1 Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015 which comprise the Statement of Total Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes 1 to 15. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### **Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor**

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### **Scope of the audit of the financial statements**

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

## **LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED**

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)**

#### **TO THE MEMBERS OF LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED**

---

##### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in not preparing a strategic report.

*Delyth Jones*

**Delyth Jones (Senior Statutory Auditor)**  
**for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP**

29/6/16

**Chartered Accountants**  
**Statutory Auditor**

3 Rivergate  
Temple Quay  
Bristol  
United Kingdom  
BS1 6GD



# **LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED**

## **STATEMENT OF TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015**

	Notes	2015 £	2014 £
Investment income	5	10,000	10,000
<b>Profit before taxation</b>		10,000	10,000
Taxation	6	478	(2,000)
<b>Profit for the financial year attributable to the equity shareholders of the company</b>		10,478	8,000
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		10,478	8,000

The statement of total comprehensive income has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

# LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Notes	2015 £	£	2014 £	£
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	8	4,479		6,001	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	9	(2,000)		(6,000)	
Net current assets			2,479		1
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital	10		1		1
Profit and loss reserves			2,478		-
<b>Total equity</b>			2,479		1

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27/06/16 and are signed on its behalf by:



NG Richards  
Director

Company Registration No. 07580262

# LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Notes	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss reserves £	Total £
<b>Balance at 1 January 2014 as previously stated</b>		1	-	1
Effect of transition to FRS 102		-	-	-
<b>Balance at 1 January 2014</b>		1	-	1
<b>Year ended 31 December 2014:</b>				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	8,000	8,000
Dividends paid on equity shares	7	-	(8,000)	(8,000)
<b>Balance at 31 December 2014</b>		1	-	1
<b>Year ended 31 December 2015:</b>				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	10,478	10,478
Dividends paid on equity shares	7	-	(8,000)	(8,000)
<b>Balance at 31 December 2015</b>		1	2,478	2,479

# **LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED**

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015**

---

### **1 Accounting policies**

#### **Company information**

LDC (Nairn Street) GP1 Limited is a limited company domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is The Core, 40 St Thomas Street, BRISTOL, BS1 6JX.

#### **1.1 Accounting convention**

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have been applied consistently throughout the year and to the preceding year.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value, and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The prior year financial statements were restated for material adjustments on adoption of FRS 102 in the current year. For more information see note 15.

The functional currency of LDC (Nairn Street) GP1 Limited is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

LDC (Nairn Street) GP1 Limited meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 102 and has therefore taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available to it in respect of its separate financial statements. LDC (Nairn Street) GP1 Limited is consolidated in the financial statements of its parent, UNITE UK Student Accommodation Fund, which may be obtained at The Core, 40 St Thomas Street, BRISTOL, BS1 6JX. Exemptions have been taken in these separate Company financial statements in relation to financial instruments, presentation of a cash flow statement, intra-group transactions and remuneration of key management personnel.

#### **1.2 Going concern**

The directors' report describes the details of the Company's financial risk management activities and its exposure to credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company meets its day to day working capital requirements via the inter-group account with its parent undertaking.

The directors have at the time of approving the financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

# LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

##### 1.3 Financial assets

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

##### *i. Financial assets and liabilities*

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the balance sheet when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Debt instruments which meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method:

- a. The contractual return to the holder is (i) a fixed amount; (ii) a positive fixed rate or a positive variable rate; or (iii) a combination of a positive or a negative fixed rate and a positive variable rate.
- b. The contract may provide for repayments of the principal or the return to the holder (but not both) to be linked to a single relevant observable index of general price inflation of the currency in which the debt instrument is denominated, provided such links are not leveraged.
- c. The contract may provide for a determinable variation of the return to the holder during the life of the instrument, provided that (i) the new rate satisfies condition (a) and the variation is not contingent on future events other than (1) a change of a contractual variable rate; (2) to protect the holder against credit deterioration of the issuer; (3) changes in levies applied by a central bank or arising from changes in relevant taxation or law; or (ii) the new rate is a market rate of interest and satisfies condition (a).
- d. There is no contractual provision that could, by its terms, result in the holder losing the principal amount or any interest attributable to the current period or prior periods.
- e. Contractual provisions that permit the issuer to prepay a debt instrument or permit the holder to put it back to the issuer before maturity are not contingent on future events, other than to protect the holder against the credit deterioration of the issuer or a change in control of the issuer, or to protect the holder or issuer against changes in levies applied by a central bank or arising from changes in relevant taxation or law.
- f. Contractual provisions may permit the extension of the term of the debt instrument, provided that the return to the holder and any other contractual provisions applicable during the extended term satisfy the conditions of paragraphs (a) to (c).

Debt instruments that are classified as payable or receivable within one year on initial recognition and which meet the above conditions are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received, net of impairment.

With the exception of some hedging instruments, other debt instruments not meeting these conditions are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Commitments to make and receive loans which meet the conditions mentioned above are measured at cost (which may be nil) less impairment.

# LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the Company transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the Company, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

##### *i. Equity instruments*

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of cash or other resources received or receivable, net of direct issue costs.

#### 1.4 Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for timing differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the company is able to control the reversal of the timing difference and it is probable that it will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Deferred tax relating to property, plant and equipment measured using the revaluation model and investment property is measured using the tax rates and allowances that apply to sale of the asset.

Where items recognised in other comprehensive income or equity are chargeable to or deductible for tax purposes, the resulting current or deferred tax expense or income is presented in the same component of comprehensive income or equity as the transaction or other event that resulted in the tax expense or income.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if: a) the company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and b) the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

#### 1.5 Investment income

Investment income from the Limited Partnership is recognised in respect of management services carried out during the period, in accordance with the partnership agreement.

# LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

---

### 1 Accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.6 Dividends

Dividends unpaid at the balance sheet date are only recognised as a liability at that date to the extent that they are appropriately authorised and are no longer at the discretion of the company. Unpaid dividends that do not meet these criteria are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

### 2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

There are no estimates and assumptions which have significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities.

### 3 Auditor's remuneration

	2015	2014
	£	£
Fees payable to the company's auditor and its associates:		
<b>For audit services</b>		
Audit of the company's financial statements	415	415
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

All auditor remuneration was borne by another group company.

There were no fees for services other than statutory audit of the Company paid to the Company's auditor, Deloitte LLP and its associates.

### 4 Employees

There were no employees during either year.

Directors' remuneration was borne by another group company in both years.

5 Investment income	2015	2014
	£	£
Partnership income	10,000	10,000
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

# LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

### 6 Taxation

	2015 £	2014 £
<b>Current tax</b>		
UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	2,000	2,000
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(2,478)	-
Total current tax	(478)	2,000
Total tax (credit)/charge	(478)	2,000

The rate of tax applied to reported profit on ordinary activities is 20% (2014: 20%) The tax rate has been calculated using the marginal rate relief available to small companies and groups of small companies.

There is no expiry date in timing differences, unused tax losses or tax credits.

The differences between the total tax charge shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows:

	2015 £	2014 £
Profit before taxation	10,000	10,000
Expected tax charge based on a blended effective corporation tax rate of 20% (2014: 20.00%)	2,000	2,000
Tax effect of income not taxable in determining taxable profit	(2,000)	(2,000)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(2,478)	-
Share of partnership income	2,000	2,000
Tax (credit)/expense for the year	(478)	2,000

### 7 Dividends

	2015 £	2014 £
Interim paid	8,000	8,000
	8,000	8,000

Interim dividend for the year ended 31 December 2015 of £8,000 per share (2014: £8,000 per share)



# LDC (NAIRN STREET) GP1 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

### 8 Debtors

	2015	2014
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Amounts due from group undertakings	4,479	6,001

Amount due from group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

### 9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2015	2014
	£	£
Taxation	2,000	6,000

### 10 Called up share capital

	2015	2014
	£	£
Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid 1 Ordinary share of £1 each	1	1

### 11 Capital Commitments

The company had no capital commitments at 31 December 2015 (2014: £nil).

### 12 Contingent liabilities

The company had no contingent liabilities at 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: £nil).

### 13 Related party transactions

No guarantees have been given or received.

### 14 Controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is USAF GP No 12 Limited.

The company's ultimate parent is the Unite UK Student Accommodation Fund, a Jersey registered Unit Trust. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Unite UK Student Accommodation Fund. The consolidated financial statements of this company are available to the public and can be obtained from The Core, 40 St Thomas Street, Bristol, Avon, BS1 6JX.

### 15 Transition to FRS 102

There has been no financial impact on the financial statements of the company as a result of the transition to FRS 102.