Directors' report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2014

COMPANIES HOUSE

13/05/2015

Company information

Directors I Beasant

A Bargewell

Secretary A Bargewell

Company number 07542142

Registered office 111 Heath Road

Twickenham United Kingdom TW1 4AF

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Auditor Hobsons CA Limited

Alexandra House
43 Alexandra Street

Nottingham NG5 1AY

Bankers ING

London Branch 60 London Wall

London EC2M 5TQ

Solicitors Nelsons Solicitors LLP

Pennine House 8 Stanford Street Nottingham NG1 7BQ

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Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the retailing of bicycles.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5.

The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The principal risks and uncertainties of the company related to stock control and credit risk. Stock control and management was considered to be the most significant risk, in order for the company to provide a full range of products to its customers. Credit risk was assessed as being lower risk given the nature of the business, with products purchased either for cash or on credit prior to the goods leaving the store.

The company's financial risks are managed and monitored at Giant UK Limited group level, the parent company of the UK group.

Directors

The directors who served during the year are as stated below:

I Beasant

A Bargewell

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2014

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Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- each director has taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Strategic Report

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in section 414A(2) of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare a strategic report on the basis that it would be entitled to prepare accounts for the year in accordance with the small companies regime but for being a member of an ineligible group.

This report was approved by the Board on 11 May 2015 and signed on its behalf by

A Bargewell Director

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Cycle Stores West Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Cycle Stores West Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' report and financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006.

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Cycle Stores West Limited

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Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

James Scully FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Hobsons CA Limited
Chartered Accountants and
Statutory Auditor
Alexandra House
43 Alexandra Street
Nottingham
NG5 1AY

11 May 2015

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2014

		Continuing	operations
		2014	2013
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	2	412,187	504,170
Cost of sales		(275,971)	(309,435)
Gross profit		136,216	194,735
Administrative expenses		(242,716)	(224,821)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(106,500)	(30,086)
Tax on loss on ordinary activ	ities 5	-	-
Loss for the year	12	(106,500)	(30,086)
Accumulated loss brought for	rward	(120,996)	(90,910)
Accumulated loss carried for	orward	(227,496)	(120,996)

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit or loss for the above two financial years.

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2014

		201	2013			
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Intangible assets	6		30,000		71,001	
Tangible assets	7		1,862		1,444	
			31,862		72,445	
Current assets						
Stocks	8	64,406		53,651		
Debtors	9	29,872		22,735		
Cash at bank and in hand		16,157		6,695		
		110,435		83,081		
Creditors: amounts falling						
due within one year	10	(369,693)		(276,422)		
Net current liabilities			(259,258)		(193,341)	
Total assets less current						
liabilities			(227,396)		(120,896)	
Deficiency of access			(227,396)		(120,896)	
Deficiency of assets			====		(120,890)	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	11		100		100	
Profit and loss account	12		(227,496)		(120,996)	
Shareholders' funds	13		(227,396)		(120,896)	

These accounts were approved by the directors on 11 May 2015, and are signed on their behalf by:

I Beasant Director

Registration number 07542142

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and comply with financial reporting standards of the Accounting Standards Board.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS1 from the requirement to produce a cashflow statement because it is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company preparing publicly available financial statements.

The company has consistently applied all relevant accounting standards.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

1.3. Goodwill

Acquired goodwill is written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated useful economic life of 8 years. The directors review goodwill for impairment each year and write it down when necessary.

1.4. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment

33% straight line

1.5. Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term

1.6. Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost comprises purchase price together with delivery costs.

Net realisable value means estimated selling price less all costs to be incurred in marketing and selling.

1.7. Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation at the expected rate of corporation tax in respect of timing differences between profits as computed for taxation purposes and profits as stated in the financial statements where material.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

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1.8. Going concern

At the year end, the Board of Giant UK Limited, the company's final parent undertaking in the UK, confirmed that they would be prepared to financially support Cycle Stores West Limited for any liabilities that the company was unable to meet for the foreseeable future, defined as being no less than one year from the date that the financial statements are signed. The directors therefore considered at that time that it was appropriate for the accounts to be prepared on a going concern basis.

Since the year end, the Board have been discussing the possibility of selling the trade and assets of the company to an interested third party, and negotiations are still in progress at the date of signing the accounts. Should this transaction take place then the company would cease to trade and would become dormant.

The Board has reviewed the balance sheet at 31 December 2014. The directors are satisfied that given the nature of the assets and liabilities held at that date, that no changes are needed in these accounts to reflect any adjustments that may be required should the company cease to trade.

2. Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the UK.

3.	Operating loss	2014	2013
		£	£
	Operating loss is stated after charging:		
	Amortisation and other amounts written off intangible assets	41,001	13,829
	Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible assets	1,082	4,691
	Operating lease rentals		
	- Land and buildings	42,250	41,000
	- Motor vehicles	3,085	3,365
	Auditor's remuneration - audit services	1,000	4,000
		-	

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

for the year	enaea 31	December	2014

4. Employees

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Current tax charge for period

	Number of employees The average monthly numbers of employees (including the directors) during the year were:	2014 Number	2013 Number
	Administration and management	5	5
	Employment costs	2014 £	2013 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	96,649 6,916 103,565	92,940 7,568 100,508
5.	Tax on loss on ordinary activities		
	Analysis of charge in period	2014 £	2013 £
	Current tax UK corporation tax	<u>-</u>	
	Factors affecting tax charge for period		
	The tax assessed for the period is higher than the standard rate of corporatic cent). The differences are explained below:	on tax in the UK	(21.50 per
	•	2014 £	2013 £
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(106,500)	(30,086)
	Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21.50% (31 December 2013 : 23.25%) Effects of:	(22,898)	(6,995)
	Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation Losses surrendered to group	(141) 23,039	675 6,320

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

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6. Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 January 2014	110,636	110,636
At 31 December 2014	110,636	110,636
Amortisation		
At 1 January 2014	39,635	39,635
Charge for year	41,001	41,001
At 31 December 2014	80,636	80,636
Net book values		
At 31 December 2014	30,000	30,000
At 31 December 2013	71,001	71,001

Goodwill has been generated by acquiring the trade and assets of Prologue Limited.

7.	Tangible fixed assets	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
	Cost		
	At 1 January 2014	14,075	14,075
	Additions	1,500	1,500
	At 31 December 2014	15,575	15,575
	Depreciation		
	At 1 January 2014	12,631	12,631
	Charge for the year	1,082	1,082
	At 31 December 2014	13,713	13,713
	Net book values		
	At 31 December 2014	1,862	1,862
	At 31 December 2013	1,444	1,444

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

2013 £

53,651

continued							
8.	Stocks	2014 £					
	Finished goods and goods for resale	64,406					

9.	Debtors	2014	2013
		£	£
	Trade debtors	5,158	13,040
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	9,051	100
	Other debtors	1,777	5,571
	Prepayments and accrued income	13,886	4,024
		29,872	22,735
			-

10.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2014 £	2013 £
	Trade creditors	24,040	11,157
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	320,136	230,559
	Other taxes and social security costs	7,084	1,992
	Accruals and deferred income	18,433	32,714
		369,693	276,422
			

11.	Share capital	2014 £	2013 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

Equity shares		
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

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12.	Equity reserves	Profit and loss account £	Total £
	At 1 January 2014	(120,996)	(120,996)
	Loss for the year	(106,500)	(106,500)
	At 31 December 2014	(227,496)	(227,496)
13.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2014 £	2013 £
	Loss for the year	(106,500)	(30,086)
	Opening shareholders' funds	(120,896)	(90,810)
	Closing shareholders' funds	(227,396)	(120,896)

14. Financial commitments

At 31 December 2014 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land and buildings		Other	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	£	£	£	£
Expiry date:				
Within one year	-	-	3,366	-
Between one and five years	43,500	-	-	3,366
In over five years	-	41,000	-	-
	43,500	41,000	3,366	3,366

15. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions in paragraph 3 (c) of FRS 8 from disclosing transactions with other group companies. There were no other related party transactions requiring disclosure.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

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16. Ultimate parent undertaking

The company is a 100% subsidiary of Cycling Brand Store Holdings Limited, which in turn is wholly owned by Giant UK Limited.

Giant UK Limited is controlled by Giant Manufacturing Company Limited, its ultimate parent undertaking incorporated in Taiwan.

The smallest and largest parent undertakings which prepare group accounts are Giant Europe BV, incorporated in the Netherlands, and Giant Manufacturing Company Limited, incorporated in Taiwan, respectively. Group accounts can be obtained from the following address: Giant Europe BV, Pascallan 66, 8218 NJ Lelystad, The Netherlands.

17. Controlling interest

The company is controlled by the directors of Giant UK Limited.