KNIGHT SCAFFOLDING LTD

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2020

WEDNESDAY



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03/02/2021 COMPANIES HOUSE

#47

KNIGHT SCAFFOLDING LTD

Registered number:

7517186

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2020

	Notes		2020 £		2019 £
Fixed assets			_		_
Tangible assets	3		55,315		55,516
Current assets					
Debtors	4	116,640		46,538	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,008		1,063	
	_	121,648		47,601	•
Creditors: amounts falling de	ue				
within one year	5	(173,897)		(102,816)	
Net current liabilities	_		(52,249)		(55,215)
Net assets		_	3,066		301
		_		-	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			3,065		300
Shareholder's funds		_	3,066	_	301

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

S Wells Director

Approved by the board on 18-1-4

KNIGHT SCAFFOLDING LTD Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2020

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment

over 5 years

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

KNIGHT SCAFFOLDING LTD Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2020

2	Employees	2020 Number	2019 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	2	2
3	Tangible fixed assets		Plant and machinery
	Cost At 1 April 2019 Additions At 31 March 2020		126,519 18,237 144,756
	Depreciation At 1 April 2019 Charge for the year At 31 March 2020		71,003 18,438 89,441
	Net book value At 31 March 2020		55,315
	At 31 March 2019		55,516
4	Debtors	2020 £	2019 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors	98,333 18,307	41,538 5,000
		116,640	46,538
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2020 £	2019 £
	Directors loan Taxation and social security costs Other creditors	39 99,883 73,975 173,897	16 66,739 36,061 102,816
		173,031	102,010

6 Other information

KNIGHT SCAFFOLDING LTD is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

11 Wentworth Court 26 Maldon Road

Wallington

SM6 8BX