	Company registration number 07506912 (England and Wales)
	CHELLS LIMITED NANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR	ENDED 31 MARCH 2023
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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors L Leighton

H Morrison

Company number 07506912

Registered office 2 Rutland Park

Sheffield S10 2PD

CONTENTS

	Page
Balance sheet	1 - 2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 5

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets			1,582,527		1,830,522
			1,582,527		1,830,522
Current assets Cash at bank and in hand		1		1	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(819,187)		(521,373)	
Net current liabilities			(819,186)		(521,372)
Total assets less current liabilities			763,341		1,309,150
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(293,750)		(492,187)
Net assets			469,591		816,963
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		1		1
Profit and loss reserves			469,590 ———		816,962 ———
Total equity			469,591		816,963 ———

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 December 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

L Leighton H Morrison
Director Director

Company Registration No. 07506912

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

Company information

BHP Mitchells Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 2 Rutland Park, Sheffield, S10 2PD.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. This is on the basis that the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will continue to be supported by BHP LLP in the case of a liquidity shortfall that results from short-term trading losses.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life of 18 years.

1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2023	2022
	Number	Number
Total	-	-
		_

Ordinary share capital

Issued and fully paidOrdinary of £0.0001 each

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

4	Intangible fixed assets		Goodwill
	Cost		£
	At 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023		4,525,581
	Amortisation and impairment		
	At 1 April 2022		2,695,059
	Amorlisation charged for the year		247,995
	At 31 March 2023		2,943,054
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 March 2023		1,582,527
	At 31 March 2022		1,830,522
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2023 £	2022 £
	Other creditors	819,187	521,373
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
·	Grounds a mounts faming due after more than one year	2023	2022
		£	£
	Other creditors	293,750	492,187
	Other creditors represent loans which have no set repayment terms and, in the opinion of to no benefit in calculating a theoretical carrying value at amortised cost as required by FRS therefore to be carried at transaction price.		
7	Called up share capital	2022	2022

On 25 October 2022 there was a subdivision of ordinary share capital whereby 1 share of £1 value was split into 10,000 shares of £0.0001 value.

On 31 October 2022 the company repurchased 4,252 ordinary shares of £0.0001 each for consideration of £81.70 per share.

2023

5,748

Number

2023

£

1

2022

1

Number

2022

£

1

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