Company No. 7452621

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

OF

EAGLE-I MUSIC LIMITED

(the "Company")

On ZID Zavery 2012 the following special resolutions were duly passed as written resolutions of the Company pursuant to section 288 of the Companies Act 2006

SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

- 1 That new A Ordinary Shares of £0.001 each in the capital of the Company be created having the rights and being subject to the restrictions set out in the articles of association adopted pursuant to resolution 2.
- That the articles of association in the attached form (the "New Articles") be adopted as the articles of association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of the existing articles of association of the Company.
- That the directors of the Company be authorised to issue up to 42,385 A Ordinary Shares of £0.001 each as though article 9.4 of the New Articles did not apply.

Director/Secretary

Company number 7452621

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

(adopted by Special Resolution on 23 January 2012)

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
of
Eagle-i Music Limited





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1 Introduction

- 1.1 The model articles for private companies limited by shares contained or incorporated in Schedule 1 to the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229) as amended prior to the date of adoption of these articles (the "Model Articles") shall apply to the Company, save insofar as they are varied or excluded by, or are inconsistent with, the following Articles.
- In these Articles and the Model Articles any reference to any statutory provision shall be deemed to include a reference to each and every statutory amendment, modification, re-enactment and extension thereof for the time being in force
- 1.3 In these Articles.
 - 1.3.1 article headings are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles;
 - 1.3 2 words denoting the singular include the plural and vice versa and reference to one gender includes the other gender and neuter and vice versa, and
 - 1.3.3 Articles 8(2), 9(4), 10(3), 11(2), 13, 14, 17(2), 17(3), 19, 21, 26(5), 27, 28, 29, 30(5) to (7) (inclusive), 44(4), 51, 52 and 53 of the Model Articles shall not apply to the Company.

2 <u>Definitions</u>

In these Articles the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings:

"A Ordinary Shares" means the A ordinary shares of £ 0 001 each in the capital of the Company;

"A Ordinary Shareholders" means the holders of the A Ordinary Shares,

"Act" means the Companies Act 2006 (as amended from time to time);

"Acting in Concert" has the meaning given to it in The City Code on Takeovers and Mergers published by the Panel on Takeovers and Mergers (as amended from time to time);

"Anti-Dilution Shares" shall have the meaning given in Article 7 1;

"Arrears" means in relation to any Share, all arrears of any dividend or other sums payable in respect of that Share, whether or not earned or declared and irrespective of whether or not the Company has had at any time sufficient Available Profits to pay any dividend or sums, together with all interest and other amounts payable on that Share;

"Asset Sale" means the disposal by the Company of all or substantially all of its undertaking and assets;

"Asset Sale Proceeds" has the meaning given in Article 5.3;

"Associate" in relation to any person means:

- (a) any person who is an associate of that person and the question of whether a person is an associate of another is to be determined in accordance with section 435 of the Insolvency Act 1986 and (whether or not an associate as so determined),
- (b) any Member of the same Group;
- (c) any Member of the same Fund Group,

"Auditors" means the auditors of the Company from time to time;

"Available Profits" means profits available for distribution within the meaning of part 23 of the Act;

"Bad Leaver" means a person who ceases to be an Employee at any time and who is not a Good Leaver;

"Board" means the board of Directors and any committee of the board constituted for the purpose of taking any action or decision contemplated by these Articles;

"Bonus Issue" or "Reorganisation" means any return of capital, bonus issue of shares or other securities of the Company by way of capitalisation of profits or reserves (other than a capitalisation issue in substitution for or as an alternative to a cash dividend which is made available to the A Ordinary Shareholders) or any consolidation or sub-division or redenomination or any repurchase or redemption of shares or any variation in the subscription price or conversion rate applicable to any other outstanding shares of the Company in each case other than shares issued as a result of the events set out in Article 9 7;

"Business Day" means a day on which English clearing banks are ordinarily open for the transaction of normal banking business in the City of London (other than a Saturday or Sunday);

"Civil Partner" means in relation to a Shareholder, a civil partner (as defined in the Civil Partnership Act 2004) of the Shareholder;

"Company" means Eagle-I Music Limited (company number 7452621);

"Company's Lien" has the meaning given in Article 32 1;

"Controlling Interest" means an interest in shares giving to the holder or holders control of the Company within the meaning of section 1124 of the CTA 2010,

"CTA 2010" means the Corporation Tax Act 2010;

"Date of Adoption" means the date on which these Articles were adopted;

"Default Period" means, except with Investor Director Consent any period commencing on the date (the "Default Period Commencement Date") falling six months after the date on which the Company shall have failed to pay any principal amount or interest due on the Loan Notes or any of them and such failure remains unremedied on the Default Period Commencement Date and ending on the date (the "Default Period End Date") on which occurs the first of (i) all sums due and owing under the Loan Notes on the Default Period End Date

have been paid and (ii) all sums due under or in respect of the Loan Notes have been paid;

"**Deferred Shares**" means deferred shares of £0.001 each in the capital of the Company;

"Director(s)" means a director or directors of the Company from time to time;

"Effective Termination Date" means the date on which the Employee's employment or consultancy terminates;

"electronic address" has the same meaning as in section 333 of the Act,

"electronic form" and "electronic means" have the same meaning as in section 1168 of the Act,

"Eligible Director" means a Director who would be entitled to vote on a matter had it been proposed as a resolution at a meeting of the Directors;

"Employee" means an individual who is employed by or who provides consultancy services to, the Company or any member of the Group or any EREG Group Company;

"Employee Share Option Plan(s)" means the employee share option plan(s) or contracts of the Company, the terms of which have been approved by an Investor Majority;

"Employee Shares" in relation to an Employee means all Ordinary Shares in the Company held by:

- (d) the Employee in question, and
- (e) by any Permitted Transferee of that Employee other than those Ordinary Shares held by those persons that an Investor Majority declares itself satisfied were not acquired directly or indirectly from the Employee or by reason of his relationship with the Employee;

"Employee Trust" means a trust, the terms of which are approved by the Investors, whose beneficiaries are the Employees,

"Encumbrance" means any mortgage, charge, security, interest, lien, pledge, assignment by way of security, equity, claim, right of pre-emption, option, covenant, restriction, reservation, lease, trust, order, decree, judgment, title defect (including without limitation any retention of title claim), conflicting claim of ownership or any other encumbrance of any nature whatsoever (whether or not perfected other than liens arising by operation of law);

"EREG" means Eagle Rock Entertainment Group Limited (Company number: 6165859);

"EREG Group", means EREG and its Subsidiary Undertaking(s) from time to time and "EREG Group Company" or "member of the EREG Group" shall be construed accordingly;

"Exercising Investor" means any Investor who exercises its rights to acquire Anti-Dilution Shares in accordance with Article 7.1;

"Exit" means a Share Sale or an Asset Sale;

"Expert Valuer" is as determined in accordance with Article 14.1;

"Fair Value" is as determined in accordance with Article 14 3;

"Family Trust" means as regards any particular individual member or deceased or former individual member, a trust (whether arising under a settlement, declaration of trust or other instrument by whomsoever or wheresoever made or under a testamentary disposition or on an intestacy) under which no immediate beneficial interest in any of the shares in question is for the time being vested in any person other than the individual and/or Privileged Relations of that individual; and so that for this purpose a person shall be considered to be beneficially interested in a share if such share or the income thereof is liable to be transferred or paid or applied or appointed to or for the benefit of such person or any voting or other rights attaching thereto are exercisable by or as directed by such person pursuant to the terms of the relevant trusts or in consequence of an exercise of a power or discretion conferred thereby on any person or persons,

"Financial Institution" any Financial Services Authority registered financial investor (or a financial investor registered with the equivalent body or authority in the country of the relevant financial investor's principal place of business),

"Financial Year" and "Financial Period" means an accounting reference period (as defined by the Act) of the Company;

"Fund Manager" means a person whose principal business is to make, manage or advise upon investments in securities;

"Good Leaver" means a person who ceases to be an Employee at any time by reason of:

- (i) death,
- (ii) permanent incapacity due to ill-health (except where such ill-health arises as a result of an abuse of drink or drugs) which, in the opinion of the Board, is sufficiently serious to prevent him from carrying out his normal duties;
- (III) the Company (or a member of the Group or of the EREG Group) terminating his contract of employment or consultancy, as the case may be, by serving notice (in accordance with the terms of that contract) in circumstances where the Employee is not in breach, nor has been in breach, of his contract;
- (IV) dismissal by the Company (or a member of the Group or of the EREG Group) which is determined by an employment tribunal or at a court of competent jurisdiction from which there is no right to appeal to be unfair, wrongful or constructive other than as a consequence of some procedural irregularity, or
- (v) the Board, with the prior written approval of an Investor Majority, determining that he is a Good Leaver,

"Group" means the Company and its Subsidiary Undertaking(s) (if any) from time to time and "Group Company" or "member of the Group" shall be construed accordingly;

"hard copy form" has the same meaning as in section 1168 of the Act;

"Holding Company" means a newly formed holding company, pursuant to which the membership, pro rata shareholdings and classes of shares comprised in such holding company matches that of the Company immediately prior to the transfer of the issued share capital of the Company to such holding company;

"Institutional Investor" means a fund, partnership, body corporate, trust or other person or entity whose principal business is to make investments or a person whose business is to make, manage or advise upon investments for any of the foregoing,

"Investment Agreement" means the investment agreement dated on or around the Date of Adoption between, amongst others, the Company and the Investors;

"Investor Director Consent" means the prior written consent of the Investor Director and if the Investors have not appointed an Investor Director, the consent of the Investor Majority;

"Investor Director" means the director of the Company (if any) nominated by the Investors under Article 24 1;

"Investor Fund Manager" means a Fund Manager which advises or manages an Investor:

"Investor Group" means:

- (a) Proven VCT plc (company number: 03911323);
- (b) Proven Growth and Income VCT Plc (company number: 04125326),
- (c) Proven Healthcare VCT plc (company number: 04131354);
- (d) Proven Planned Exit VCT plc (company number: 07333086);
- (e) Beringea LLP (number: OC342919),

which shall also be deemed to include any of their Permitted Transferees;

"Investor Majority" means the holder(s) for the time being of over 50% in nominal value of the A Ordinary Shares for the time being in issue;

"Investor Majority Consent" means the prior written consent of the Investor Majority;

"Investors" means an Investor, as defined in the Investment Agreement and includes any party who subsequently adheres to the Investment Agreement as an Investor by entering into a Deed of Adherence thereto, and any such person's Permitted Transferees;

"IPO" means the admission of all or any of the Shares or all or any of the shares of any Holding Company of the Company or securities representing those shares (including without limitation depositary interests, American depositary receipts, American depositary shares and/or other instruments) to or the grant of permission by any like authority for the same to be admitted to or traded or quoted on Nasdaq or the Official List of the United Kingdom Listing Authority or the AIM Market operated by London Stock Exchange Plc or any other recognised

investment exchange (as defined in section 285 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000),

"IPO Shares" means the issued equity share capital of the Company or any Holding Company of the Company (excluding any equity share capital to be subscribed and issued on such IPO other than new shares to be paid up by way of capitalisation of reserves or arising from any sub-division, consolidation or conversion of shares);

"IPO Value" means, in the event of an IPO, the market value of the IPO Shares determined by reference to the price per share at which such shares are to be offered for sale, placed or otherwise marketed pursuant to the arrangements relating to the IPO, all as determined by the financial advisers to the Company or, if none, the broker appointed by the Board to advise in connection with the IPO;

"Issue Price" means, in relation to any Share, the amount paid up or credited as paid up on such Share (including any premium on issue);

"ITEPA" means Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003;

"Lien Enforcement Notice" has the meaning given in Article 32.3;

"Loan Notes" means the 7-20% guaranteed secured loan notes 2017 of the Company and the 8 4-20% guaranteed secured loan notes 2017 of the Company;

"a Member of the same Fund Group" means, regards any Shareholder, if the Shareholder is a fund, partnership, company, syndicate or other entity whose business is managed by a Fund Manager (an "Investment Fund") or a nominee of that person:

- (a) any participant or partner in or member of any such Investment Fund or the holders of any unit trust which is a participant or partner in or member of any Investment Fund (but only in connection with the dissolution of the Investment Fund or any distribution of assets of the Investment Fund pursuant to the operation of the Investment Fund in the ordinary course of business);
- (b) any Investment Fund managed by that Fund Manager;
- (c) any Parent Undertaking or Subsidiary Undertaking of that Fund Manager, or any Subsidiary Undertaking of any Parent Undertaking of that Fund Manager; or
- (d) any trustee, nominee or custodian of such Investment Fund and vice versa;

"a Member of the same Group" means as regards any company, a company which is from time to time a Parent Undertaking or a Subsidiary Undertaking of that company or a Subsidiary Undertaking of any such Parent Undertaking;

"Nasdaq" means the Nasdaq National Stock Market of the Nasdaq OMX Group Inc.;

"New Securities" means any shares or other securities convertible into, or carrying the right to subscribe for, those shares issued by the Company after the Date of Adoption (other than shares or securities listed in Article 9.7.1 to 9.7.6inclusive);

"Offer" has the meaning set out in Article 17 2,

"Offer Period" has the meaning set out in Article17.3,

"Ordinary Shareholders" means the holders from time to time of the Ordinary Shares,

"Ordinary Shares" means the ordinary shares of £0.001 each in the capital of the Company;

"Permitted Transfer" means a transfer of Shares in accordance with Article 12;

"Permitted Transferee" means:

- (a) In relation to a Shareholder who is an individual, any of his Privileged Relations or Trustees,
- (b) In relation to a Shareholder which is an undertaking (as defined in section 1161(1) of the Act), any Member of the same Group;
- (c) In relation to a Shareholder which is an Investment Fund, any Member of the same Fund Group, and
- (d) in relation to an Investor:
 - (i) to any Member of the same Group;
 - (II) to any member of the Investor Group;
 - (III) to any Member of the same Fund Group,
 - (iv) to any other Investor,
 - (v) to any Financial Institution or Institutional Investor; or
 - (vi) or to any nominee of an Investor;

"Priority Rights" means the rights of Shareholders to purchase Shares contained in a Transfer Notice in the priority stipulated in Article 13.6 or Article 16.2 (as the case may be);

"Privileged Relation" in relation to a Shareholder who is an individual member or deceased or former member means a spouse, Civil Partner, child or grandchild (including step or adopted or illegitimate child and their issue);

"Proceeds of Sale" means the consideration payable (including any deferred consideration) whether in cash or otherwise to those Shareholders selling Shares under a Share Sale;

"Proposed Purchaser" means a proposed purchaser who at the relevant time has made an offer on arm's length terms;

"Proposed Sale Date" has the meaning given in Article 17.3;

"Proposed Sale Notice" has the meaning given in Article 17.3;

"Proposed Sale Shares" has the meaning given in Article 17.3;

"Proposed Seller" means any person proposing to transfer any shares in the capital of the Company or any Holding Company of the Company,

"Proposed Transfer" has the meaning given in Article 17 1,

"Qualifying Person" has the meaning given in section 318(3) of the Act;

"Relevant Interest" has the meaning set out in Article 27 5,

"Sale Agreement" means the agreement dated on or about the Date of Adoption, between the Company and others and relating, inter alia, to the acquisition by the Company of the whole of the issued share capital of Prelude Media Limited,

"Sale Shares" has the meaning set out in Article 13.2 1 of these Articles;

"Seller" has the meaning set out in Article 13.2 of these Articles;

"Shareholder" means any holder of any Shares;

"Shares" means the Ordinary Shares and the A Ordinary Shares from time to time;

"Share Sale" means the sale of (or the grant of a right to acquire or to dispose of) any of the shares in the capital of the Company (in one transaction or as a series of transactions) which will result in the purchaser of those shares (or grantee of that right) and persons Acting in Concert with him together acquiring a Controlling Interest in the Company, except where following completion of the sale the shareholders and the proportion of shares held by each of them are the same as the shareholders and their shareholdings in the Company immediately prior to the sale,

"Starting Price" means £5.757 (adjusted as referred to in Article 7.3);

"Subsidiary", "Holding Company", "Subsidiary Undertaking" and "Parent Undertaking" have the respective meanings set out in sections 1159 and 1162 of the Act:

"Transfer Notice" shall have the meaning given in Article 13 2;

"Transfer Price" shall have the meaning given in Article 13.2.3;

"Trustees" in relation to a Shareholder means the trustee or the trustees of a Family Trust.

3 Share capital

- 3.1 In these Articles, unless the context requires otherwise, references to shares of a particular class shall include shares allotted and/or issued after the Date of Adoption and ranking pari passu in all respects (or in all respects except only as to the date from which those shares rank for dividend) with the shares of the relevant class then in issue.
- 3.2 Except as otherwise provided in these Articles, the A Ordinary Shares and the Ordinary Shares shall rank pari passu in all respects but shall constitute separate classes of shares.

- 3.3 Whenever as a result of a consolidation of Shares any Shareholders would become entitled to fractions of a Share, the Directors may, on behalf of those Shareholders, sell the Shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including, subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those Shareholders, and the Directors may authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Shares to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the Shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale
- When the Company sub-divides or consolidates all or any of its Shares, the Company may, subject to the Act and to these Articles, by ordinary resolution determine that, as between the Shares resulting from the sub-division or consolidation, any of them may have any preference or advantage or be subject to any restriction as compared with the others.
- 3.5 The words "and the directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares" shall be deleted from article 22(2) of the Model Articles
- 3.6 Paragraph (c) of article 24(2) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the replacement of the words "that the shares are fully paid; and" with the words "the amount paid up on them; and".
- In article 25(2) of the Model Articles, the words "payment of a reasonable fee as the directors decide" in paragraph (c) shall be deleted and replaced by the words "payment of the expenses reasonably incurred by the Company in investigating evidence as the directors may determine"
- 3 8 Such number (if any) of the A Ordinary Shares as shall be determined in accordance with the Sale Agreement shall be redesignated as Deferred Shares in accordance with the terms of the Sale Agreement
- 3.9 The Deferred Shares may be redeemed by the Company at any time at its option for one penny for all the Deferred Shares registered in the name of any holder without obtaining the sanction of the holder or holders
- 3.10 The creation, allotment or issue of Deferred Shares shall be deemed to confer irrevocable authority on the Board at any time after their creation, allotment or issue to appoint any person to execute or give on behalf of the holder of those shares a transfer of them to such person or persons as the Company may determine.

4 Dividends

- 4.1 In respect of any Financial Year, the Company's Available Profits will be applied as set out in this Article 4. Articles 30(2) and 32 of the Model Articles shall not apply to the Preference Dividend.
- 4.2 The Company will, without any need for a resolution of the Board or of the Company and before application of any profits to reserves or for any other purpose, pay in respect of each A Ordinary Share a fixed cumulative cash preferential dividend (the "Preference Dividend") at the annual rate as follows:-

- 4.2 1 In the 36 months following the Date of Adoption, 0% of the Issue Price per A Ordinary Share;
- 4.2 2 after the third anniversary of the Date of Adoption, 5% of the Issue Price per A Ordinary Share.
- The Preference Dividend shall accrue from (and including) the day following the third anniversary of the Date of Adoption and shall be paid annually in arrears on 31st December each year with the first such payment being made on the 31st December first following the third anniversary of the Date of Adoption in respect of the period from (and including) the day following the third anniversary of the Date of Adoption to (and including) such 31st December.
- 4.4 If the Company is unable to pay in full on the due date any Preference Dividend by reason of having insufficient Available Profits then -
 - 4.4.1 It will on the due date pay the Preference Dividend to the extent that it is then lawfully able to do so; and
 - the balance of the Preference Dividend shall be paid (in one or more instalments) as and when the Company has generated additional Available Profits, together with an amount equal to 5% per annum compounding annually on 31st December each year.
- The Company will not distribute any Available Profits in respect of any Financial Year in addition to the Preference Dividend required to be distributed in accordance with this Article except with Investor Majority Consent. Any further Available Profits which the Company may determine to distribute in respect of any Financial Year will be distributed among the holders of the Shares (pari passu as if the Shares constituted one class of share) pro rata to their respective holdings of Shares.
- 4.6 Subject to the Act and these Articles, the Board may, provided Investor Majority Consent is given, pay interim dividends if justified by the Available Profits in respect of the relevant period.
- 4.7 Article 31(1) of the Model Articles shall be amended by:
 - the replacement of the words "either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide" at the end of paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of that article 31(1) with the words "in writing"; and
 - 4 7.2 the replacement of the words "either in writing or by such other means as the directors decide" from the end of paragraph (d) of that article 31(1) with the words "in writing".
- 4.8 A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied in or towards paying up any sums unpaid on existing Shares held by the persons entitled to such capitalised sum.
- 4.9 If:
 - 4.9.1 a Share is subject to the Company's Lien, and
 - 4 9.2 the Directors are entitled to issue a Lien Enforcement Notice in respect of it,

they may, instead of issuing a Lien Enforcement Notice, deduct from any dividend or other sum payable in respect of the Share any sum of money which is payable to the Company in respect of that Share to the extent that they are entitled to require payment under a Lien Enforcement Notice. Money so deducted shall be used to pay any of the sums payable in respect of that Share. The Company shall notify the distribution recipient in writing of:

- (a) the fact and sum of any such deduction;
- (b) any non-payment of a dividend or other sum payable in respect of a Share resulting from any such deduction, and
- (c) how the money deducted has been applied.
- 4.10 Dividends shall not accrue or be paid on the Deferred Shares.

5 <u>Distribution and Exit Rights</u>

- 5.1 On a distribution of assets on a liquidation or a return of capital (other than a conversion, redemption or purchase of Shares) the surplus assets (if any) of the Company remaining after payment of its liabilities shall be applied (to the extent that the Company is lawfully permitted to do so).
 - 5 1.1 first, in paying to the holders of the A Ordinary Shares in respect of their A Ordinary Shares an amount equal to any Arrears or accruals of the Preference Dividend (irrespective of whether or not such dividend has fallen due for payment) calculated down to the date of payment;
 - 5.1.2 second, in paying to the holders of the Shares pro rata (as if the Shares constituted one and the same class) to the number of Shares held until such time as the amount paid under this Article 5.1.2 shall be £1,000,000,000,
 - 5.1.3 third, in paying to the holders of the Deferred Shares, if any, a total of £1.00 for the entire class of Deferred Shares (which payment shall be deemed satisfied by payment to any one holder of Deferred Shares);
 and
 - 5.1 4 lastly, the balance shall be distributed among the holders of the Shares pro rata (as if the Shares constituted one and the same class) to the number of Shares held.
- 5.2 On a Share Sale the Proceeds of Sale shall be distributed in the order of priority set out in Article 5.1 and the Directors shall not register any transfer of Shares if the Proceeds of Sale are not so distributed save in respect of any Shares not sold in connection with that Share Sale provided that if the Proceeds of Sale are not settled in their entirety upon completion of the Share Sale:
 - 5.2.1 the Directors shall not be prohibited from registering the transfer of the relevant Shares so long as the Proceeds of Sale that are settled have been distributed in the order of priority set out in Article 5.1; and
 - the Shareholders shall take any action required by the Investors to ensure that the Proceeds of Sale in their entirety are distributed in the order of priority set out in Article 5.1.

- 5.3 On an Asset Sale the surplus assets of the Company remaining after payment of its liabilities (the "Asset Sale Proceeds") shall be distributed (to the extent that the Company is lawfully permitted to do so) in the order of priority set out in Article 5.1 provided always that if it is not lawful for the Company to distribute its surplus assets in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, the Shareholders shall take any action reasonably required by the Investors (including, but without prejudice to the generality of this Article 5.3, actions that may be necessary to put the Company into voluntary liquidation) so that Article 5.1 applies.
- In the event of an Exit occurring where the whole or any part of the Proceeds of Sale or Asset Sale Proceeds (as the case may be) are to be received in a form other than cash, the Shareholders (or the Company in the case of an Asset Sale) shall enter into such arrangements in relation to such Proceeds of Sale or Asset Sale Proceeds (as the case may be) as they may agree to ensure that such non-cash consideration is allocated amongst the holders of Shares so as to achieve the same commercial effect as would be the case pursuant to Article 5.1 if such consideration had actually been received in cash (and as between such holders of Shares, such non-cash consideration shall be apportioned between the different classes of Shares in the same proportions as those proportions in which they are entitled to receive the overall Proceeds of Sale or Asset Sale Proceeds (as the case may be), unless the Shareholders holding Shares should reach any agreement to the contrary)
- 5.5 Immediately prior to and conditionally upon an IPO the Shareholders shall enter into such reorganisation of the share capital of the Company as they may agree to ensure that the IPO Value is allocated between the Shareholders in the same proportions as the provisions of Article 5.1 would provide on a Share Sale at that IPO Value.
- 5.6 In the event that the application of any provision of any of Articles 5.4 or 5.5 cannot be agreed between the Shareholders, any such matters in dispute shall be referred by the Board to the Expert Valuer whose costs shall be borne by the Shareholders (or any one or more of them) and/or the Company in such proportions as the Expert Valuer may determine having regard to the conduct of the Shareholders and the merits of their arguments in relation to the matter(s) in dispute (or in the absence of such determination, shall be borne by the Shareholders pro rata to their respective holdings of Shares) and whose decision shall be final and binding on all Shareholders (save in the case of manifest error).
- 5.7 For the purposes of this Article 5, where any agreement is required to be reached as between the Shareholders, then the agreement of the holders of over 50% (by reference to nominal value) of any one class of Shares for the time being in Issue shall be binding on all of the holders of Shares in such class.
- In the event of an Exit approved by the Board and the Investors in accordance with the terms of these Articles (the "Proposed Exit"), all Shareholders shall consent to, vote for, raise no objections to and waive any applicable rights in connection with the Proposed Exit ("Actions"). The Shareholders shall be required to take all Actions with respect to the Proposed Exit as are required by the Board to facilitate the Proposed Exit. If any Shareholder fails to comply with the provisions of this Article, the Company shall be constituted as the agent of each defaulting Shareholder for taking such actions as are necessary to effect the Proposed Exit and the Directors may authorise an officer or member to execute and deliver on behalf of such defaulting Shareholder the necessary documents and the Company may receive any purchase money due to the defaulting Shareholder in trust for each of the defaulting Shareholders.

6 <u>Votes in general meeting</u>

- The A Ordinary Shares shall confer on each holder of A Ordinary Shares the right to receive notice of and to attend, speak and vote at all general meetings of the Company and to receive and vote on proposed written resolutions of the Company.
- The Ordinary Shares shall confer on each holder of Ordinary Shares the right to receive notice of and to attend, speak and vote at all general meetings of the Company and to receive and vote on proposed written resolutions of the Company.
- Where Shares confer a right to vote, on a show of hands each holder of such shares who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative or by proxy shall have one vote and on a poll each such holder so present shall have one vote for each Share held by him.
- 6.4 During a Default Period the Ordinary Shares shall not confer on the holders thereof any right to attend or vote at any general meeting of the Company or any entitlement to sign any written resolution of the members of the Company and accordingly during a Default Period the holders of the A Ordinary Shares shall be the only members entitled to vote at any such meeting or to sign any such written resolution of the members of the Company.
- 6.5 The Deferred Shares (if any) shall not entitle the holders of them to receive notice of, to attend, to speak or to vote at any general meeting of the Company and to receive or vote on, or otherwise constitute an eligible member for the purposes of, proposed written resolutions of the Company.

7 Anti-Dilution protection

7.1 If New Securities are issued by the Company at a price per New Security which equates to less than the Starting Price (a "Qualifying Issue") (which in the event that the New Security is not issued for cash shall be a price certified by the Auditors acting as experts and not as arbitrators as being in their opinion the current cash value of the new consideration for the allotment of the New Securities) then the Company shall, unless and to the extent that any of the holders of A Ordinary Shares shall have specifically waived their rights under this Article in writing or the Investor Majority shall have specifically waived the rights of all of the holders of A Ordinary Shares, offer (such offer, unless waived, to remain open for acceptance for not less than 15 Business Days) to each holder of A Ordinary Shares (the "Exercising Investor") the right to receive a number of new A Ordinary Shares determined by applying the following formula (and rounding the product, N, down to the nearest whole share), subject to adjustment as certified in accordance with Article 7.3 (the "Anti-Dilution Shares").

$$N = \left(\left(\frac{SIP}{WA} \right) xZ \right) - Z$$

Where:

N= Number of Anti-Dilution Shares to be issued to the Exercising Investor

$$WA = \frac{(SIPxESC) + (QISPxNS)}{(ESC + NS)}$$

- SIP = Starting Price
- the number of Shares in issue plus the aggregate number of shares in respect of which options to subscribe have been granted, or which are subject to convertible securities (including but not limited to warrants) in each case immediately prior to the Qualifying Issue
- QISP = the lowest per share price of the New Securities issued pursuant to the Qualifying Issue (which in the event that that New Security is not issued for cash shall be the sum certified by the Auditors acting as experts and not arbitrators as being in their opinion the current cash value of the non cash consideration for the allotment of the New Security)
- **NS** = the number of New Securities issued pursuant to the Qualifying Issue
- **Z** = the number of A Ordinary Shares held by the Exercising Investor prior to the Qualifying Issue.
- 7.2 The Anti-Dilution Shares shall:
 - be paid up by the automatic capitalisation of available reserves of the 7.2.1 Company, unless and to the extent that the same shall be impossible or unlawful or a majority of the Exercising Investors shall agree otherwise, in which event the Exercising Investors shall be entitled to subscribe for the Anti-Dilution Shares in cash at par (being the par value approved in advance by the Investor Directors) and the entitlement of such Exercising Investors to Anti-Dilution Shares shall be increased by adjustment to the formula set out in Article 7.1 so that the Exercising Investors shall be in no worse position than if they had not so subscribed at par. In the event of any dispute between the Company and any Exercising Investor as to the effect of Article 7 1 or this Article 72, the matter shall be referred (at the cost of the Company) to the Auditors for certification of the number of Anti-Dilution Shares to be issued The Auditor's certification of the matter shall in the absence of manifest error be final and binding on the Company and the Exercising Investor; and
 - 7.2.2 subject to the payment of any cash payable pursuant to Article 7.2.1 (if applicable), be issued, credited fully paid up in cash and shall rank pari passu in all respects with the existing A Ordinary Shares, within five Business Days of the expiry of the offer being made by the Company to the Exercising Investor and pursuant to Article 7.2.1.
- 7.3 In the event of any Bonus Issue or Reorganisation, the Starting Price shall also be subject to adjustment on such basis as may be agreed by the Company with the Investor Majority within 10 Business Days after any Bonus Issue or Reorganisation. If the Company and the Investor Majority cannot agree such adjustment it shall be referred to the Auditors whose determination shall, in the absence of manifest error, be final and binding on the Company and each of the Shareholders. The costs of the Auditors shall be borne by the Company.

8 <u>Variation of rights</u>

- 8.1 Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the special rights attached to any such class may only be varied or abrogated (either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding-up) with the consent in writing of the holders of more than 75 per cent in nominal value of the issued shares of that class save that the special rights attaching to the A Ordinary Shares may only be varied or abrogated with Investor Majority Consent.
- 8.2 Without prejudice to the generality of Article 8.1, the special rights attaching to the A Ordinary Shares shall be deemed to be varied by the occurrence of the following events:
 - 8.2.1 the amendment or repeal of any provision of, or addition of any provision to these Articles,
 - 8.2.2 the alteration of the issued share capital of the Company or creation of any securities other than as referred to in Article 9.7,
 - 8.2.3 the reduction of the amount standing to the credit of the share premium account or capital redemption reserve other than as expressly provided for in these Articles;
 - 8.2.4 the approval of any merger, liquidation, dissolution or acquisition of the Company or sale of all or a substantial part of the business, undertaking or assets of the Company;
 - 8.2.5 the purchase by the Company of any Ordinary Shares;
 - 8.2.6 the acquisition by the Company of any shares or other securities;
 - 8 2.7 the making of any bonus issue of shares or debenture stock,
 - 8.2.8 the entering into of a voluntary winding-up;
 - 8.2.9 the transferring of any profits to reserves;
 - 8.2.10 any member of the Group doing any of the events described in paragraphs 8 2.1 to 8.2.9 above;
 - 8.2.11 the Company or a member of the Group incurring any legally binding obligation to do any of the events described in paragraphs 8.2.1 to 8.2.9 above
- 8.3 The creation of a new class of shares which has preferential rights to one or more existing classes of shares shall not, except as provided in Article 8.2, constitute a variation of the rights of those existing classes of shares.
- 8.4 No voting rights attached to a share which is nil paid may be exercised:
 - 8.4.1 at any general meeting, at any adjournment of it or at any poll called at or in relation to it; or
 - 8.4.2 on any proposed written resolution,

- unless all or some of the amounts payable to the Company in respect of that share have been paid
- 8.5 During a Default Period, the special rights attaching to the Ordinary Shares shall be deemed to be varied by the occurrence of any of the events described in Articles 8 2 (other than Article 8 2.9) or Article 8.3,

9 <u>Allotment of new shares or other securities: pre-emption</u>

- 9.1 Subject to the remaining provisions of this Article 9, Article 7 and Article 8.2, the Directors are generally and unconditionally authorised for the purpose of section 551 of the Act to exercise any power of the Company to
 - 9.1.1 allot Shares; or
 - 9.1 2 grant rights to subscribe for or convert any securities into Shares,

to any persons, at any times and subject to any terms and conditions as the Directors think proper, provided that:

- this authority shall be limited to a maximum nominal amount of 42,385 A Ordinary Shares and 8,477_Ordinary Shares,
- (b) this authority shall only apply insofar as the Company in general meeting has not waived or revoked it;
- (c) this authority may only be exercised for a period of five years commencing upon the Date of Adoption, save that the Directors may make an offer or agreement which would or might require Shares to be allotted or rights granted to subscribe for or convert any security into Shares after the expiry of such authority (and the Directors may allot Shares or grant such rights in pursuance of an offer or agreement as if such authority had not expired)
- 9.2 In accordance with sections 567(1) and/or 570 of the Act, sections 561(1) and 562(1) to (5) (inclusive) of the Act do not apply to an allotment of equity securities made by the Company.
- 9.3 If the Company proposes to issue New Securities, the provision of Article 7 shall, if applicable, be complied with.
- 9.4 Unless otherwise agreed by special resolution passed in general meeting or as a written resolution passed in accordance with part 13 of the Act, if the Company proposes to allot any New Securities those New Securities shall not be allotted to any person unless the Company has in the first instance offered them to all holders of Shares on the same terms and at the same price as those New Securities are being offered to other persons on a pari passu and pro rata basis to the number of Shares held by those holders (as nearly as may be without involving fractions). The offer:
 - 9.4.1 shall be in writing, give details of the number and subscription price of the New Securities; and
 - 9.4.2 may stipulate that any Shareholder who wishes to subscribe for a number of New Securities in excess of the proportion to which each is

entitled shall in their acceptance state the number of excess New Securities ("Excess Securities") for which they wish to subscribe.

- 9.5 Any New Securities not accepted by Shareholders pursuant to the offer made to them in accordance with Article 9.4 shall be used for satisfying any requests for Excess Securities made pursuant to Article 9.4.2 and in the event that there are insufficient Excess Securities to satisfy such requests, the Excess Securities shall be allotted to the applicants on a pro rata basis to the number of Shares held by the applicants immediately prior to the offer made to Shareholders in accordance with Article 9.4 (as nearly as may be without involving fractions or increasing the number allotted to any Shareholder beyond that applied for by him) and after that allotment, any Excess Securities remaining shall be offered, subject to Article 9.6, to any other person as the Directors may determine at the same price and on the same terms as the offer to the Shareholders.
- 9.6 Subject to Articles 9.4 and 9.5 and to the provisions of section 551 of the Act, any New Securities shall be at the disposal of the Board who may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to any persons at those times and generally on the terms and conditions they think proper, provided that the allotment or grant to that person must be approved in writing by an Investor Majority
- 9.7 The provisions of Articles 9.4 to 9.6 shall not apply to:
 - 9 7.1 options to subscribe for Ordinary Shares under the Employee Share Option Plans;
 - 9 7.2 Shares issued or granted in order for the Company to comply with its obligations under these Articles including, but not limited to the Anti-Dilution Shares;
 - 9.7 3 Shares issued in consideration of the acquisition by the Company of any company or business which has been approved in writing by an Investor Majority;
 - 9.7.4 Shares which the Investor Majority have agreed in writing should be issued without complying with the procedure set out in this Article 9;
 - 9.7.5 Shares issued as a result of a bonus issue of shares which has been approved in writing by an Investor Majority, and
 - 9.7.6 Shares or options for Shares issued or granted in accordance with the terms of the Investment Agreement.

10 Employee Share Provisions

10.1 If any PAYE or income tax and/or employee's or employer's national insurance contribution (or similar or substituted tax) liability and/or related interest, penalties, fines, costs and expenses (together, "employee related tax liability") becomes payable by the Company and/or any Group Company by reference to any Shares held or disposed of by any Shareholder (even if the employee or director or former employee or director of the Company or other Group Company by reference to which the relevant employee related tax liability arises or arose is a person other than that Shareholder) then (except to the extent prohibited by law) the Shareholder concerned shall be liable on demand by the Company or any Investor Director, and without right of reimbursement from the Group, to make payment to the Company of such amount as will meet the

employee related tax liability concerned. On a Sale or IPO the Company shall, without limitation, be irrevocably appointed as attorney and authorised on behalf of any such Shareholder to make such arrangements as are necessary for any such amounts payable by him under this Article 10 1 to be directly paid to the Company or relevant Group Company out of any proceeds of sale which are payable for such shares on such Sale or under the IPO arrangements.

- 10.2 The following provisions shall apply as regards Restricted Securities, except to the extent otherwise agreed by an Investor Director:
 - for the purposes of these Articles, "Restricted Securities" shall mean any restricted securities or interests in restricted securities as defined in Part 7 of The Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003 ("ITEPA") in the Company or any Group Company and other words and expressions defined in such Part 7 shall bear the same meaning except where clearly inconsistent with the context,
 - no Restricted Security or Interest therein shall be transferred or otherwise disposed of or allotted or issued to any person in circumstances where as a result that person and the Company or another Group Company could make an election in respect thereof under Section 431(1) of ITEPA (an "**Up Front Election**"), unless the Board and any Investor Director are satisfied that such election will be made in the manner and by the latest time provided by Sections 431(4) and (5) of ITEPA;
 - each Shareholder who through employment by any Group Company becomes entitled to make an Up Front Election shall join with his employer Shareholder of the Group in duly making and submitting that election as and within the time limits provided in Sections 431(4) and (5) of ITEPA and such Shareholder hereby irrevocably and as security for his due performance of such obligation appoints the Secretary for the time being of the Company as his attorney for the purposes of signing and making and submitting such election on his behalf;
 - each Shareholder shall duly provide to the Company and relevant employer Group Company such information as it shall require or need for the purposes of fulfilling its obligations as a responsible person in relation to that Shareholder and/or his associated persons and/or any Restricted Securities or interest therein from time to time held or owned or formerly held or owned or proposed to be acquired by him and/or any such associated person and in particular (and without limitation) shall notify the Company of any reportable event and/or chargeable event relevant thereto without delay after it occurs; and
 - the Company shall procure that any Up Front Elections required to be signed and made by it and/or any other employer Group Company as required by the foregoing are duly made as so required and in the manner and by the latest time provided in Sections 431(4) and (5) of ITEPA.

11 Transfers of Shares - general

11.1 In Articles 11 to 18 inclusive, reference to the transfer of a Share includes the transfer or assignment of a beneficial or other interest in that Share or the creation of a trust or Encumbrance over that Share and reference to a Share includes a beneficial or other interest in a Share.

- 11.2 No Share may be transferred unless the transfer is made in accordance with these Articles.
- 11 3 If a Shareholder transfers or purports to transfer a Share otherwise than in accordance with these Articles he will be deemed immediately to have served a Transfer Notice in respect of all Shares held by him.
- 11.4 Unless express provision is made in these Articles to the contrary, no Ordinary Shares shall be transferred without the consent of the Investor Majority except by an Employee or a Permitted Transferee in relation to an Employee to a Permitted Transferee of such Employee or by such Permitted Transferee to another such Permitted Transferee or to such Employee.
- 11.5 Any transfer of a Share by way of sale which is required to be made under Articles 13 to 18 (inclusive) will be deemed to include a warranty that the transferor sells with full title guarantee
- 11.6 The Directors may refuse to register a transfer if:
 - 11 6 1 It is a transfer of a Share to a bankrupt, a minor or a person of unsound mind;
 - the transfer is to an Employee, Director or prospective Employee or prospective director of the Company and such person has not entered in a joint section 431 ITEPA election with the Company;
 - 11 6 3 It is a transfer of a Share which is not fully paid.
 - (a) to a person of whom the Directors do not approve; or
 - (b) on which Share the Company has a lien;
 - the transfer is not lodged at the registered office or at such other place as the Directors may appoint;
 - the transfer is not accompanied by the certificate for the Shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer,
 - 11 6.6 the transfer is in respect of more than one class of Shares; or
 - 11.6.7 the transfer is in favour of more than four transferees.

If the Directors refuse to register a transfer, the instrument of transfer must be returned to the transferee with the notice of refusal unless they suspect that the proposed transfer may be fraudulent.

11.7 The Directors may, as a condition to the registration of any transfer of shares in the Company (whether pursuant to a Permitted Transfer or otherwise), require the transferee to execute and deliver to the Company a deed agreeing to be bound by the terms of the Investment Agreement or any other shareholders' agreement or similar document in force between some or all of the Shareholders and the Company in any form as the Directors may reasonably require (but not

so as to oblige the transferee to have any obligations or liabilities greater than those of the proposed transferor under any such agreement or other document) and if any condition is imposed in accordance with this Article 11 7 the transfer may not be registered unless that deed has been executed and delivered to the Company's registered office by the transferee

- 118 To enable the Directors to determine whether or not there has been any disposal of shares in the capital of the Company (or any interest in shares in the capital of the Company) in breach of these Articles the Directors may, with Investor Director Consent, require any holder or the legal personal representatives of any deceased holder or any person named as transferee in any transfer lodged for registration or any other person who the Directors or the Investor Directors may reasonably believe to have information relevant to that purpose, to furnish to the Company that information and evidence the Directors may request regarding any matter which they deem relevant to that purpose, including (but not limited to) the names, addresses and interests of all persons respectively having interests in the shares in the capital of the Company from time to time registered in the If the information or evidence is not provided to enable the holder's name Directors to determine to their reasonable satisfaction that no breach has occurred, or where as a result of the information and evidence the Directors are reasonably satisfied that a breach has occurred, the Directors shall immediately notify the holder of such shares in the capital of the Company in writing of that fact and the following shall occur:
 - the relevant shares shall cease to confer upon the holder of them (including any proxy appointed by the holder) any rights:
 - (a) to vote (whether on a show of hands or on a poll and whether exercisable at a general meeting or on a written resolution of the Company or at any separate meeting or written resolution of the class in question) provided that such rights shall not cease if as a result of such cessation the Company shall become a Subsidiary of an Investor; or
 - (b) to receive dividends or other distributions otherwise attaching to those shares or to any further shares issued in respect of those shares; and
 - the holder may be required at any time following receipt of the notice to transfer some or all of its Shares to any person(s) at the price that the Directors may require by notice in writing to that holder.

The rights referred to in 11 8.1 may be reinstated by the Board subject to Investor Director Consent and shall in any event be reinstated upon the completion of any transfer referred to in 11.8.2.

- 11.9 In any case where the Board requires a Transfer Notice to be given in respect of any Shares, if a Transfer Notice is not duly given within a period of 10 Business Days of demand being made, a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given at the expiration of that period. If a Transfer Notice is required to be given or is deemed to have been given under these Articles, the Transfer Notice will be treated as having specified that:
 - except in the circumstances set out in Article 16, the Transfer Price for the Sale Shares will be as agreed between the Board (any director with whom the Seller is connected (within the meaning of section 252 of the Act) not voting) and the Seller, or, failing agreement within

five Business Days after the date on which the Board becomes aware that a Transfer Notice has been deemed to have been given, will be the Fair Value of the Sale Shares;

- 11.9.2 It does not include a Minimum Transfer Condition (as defined in Article 13.2.4); and
- 11 9.3 the Seller wishes to transfer all of the Shares held by it
- 11.10 Shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer in any usual form or any other form approved by the directors, which is executed by or on behalf of:
 - 11.10.1 the transferor; and
 - 11.10.2 (If any of the shares is partly or nil paid) the transferee.
- 11.11 No Shares shall be allotted to any Employee, Director, prospective Employee or prospective director of the Company unless such person has entered into a joint section 431 ITEPA election with the Company and the provisions of Article 10 have been complied with.

12 Permitted Transfers

- 12.1 A Shareholder (the "Original Shareholder") may transfer all or any of his or its Shares to a Permitted Transferee without restriction as to price or otherwise
- 12.2 Where under the provision of a deceased Shareholder's will or laws as to intestacy, the persons legally or beneficially entitled to any Shares, whether immediately or contingently, are Permitted Transferees of the deceased Shareholder, the legal representative of the deceased Shareholder may transfer any Share to those Permitted Transferees, in each case without restriction as to price or otherwise. Shares previously transferred as permitted by this Article 12.2 may be transferred by the transferee to any other Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder without restriction as to price or otherwise.
- 12.3 If a Permitted Transferee who was a Member of the same Group as the Original Shareholder ceases to be a Member of the same Group as the Original Shareholder, the Permitted Transferee must not, later than five Business Days after the date on which the Permitted Transferee so ceases, transfer the Shares held by it to the Original Shareholder or a Member of the same Group as the Original Shareholder (which in either case is not in liquidation) without restriction as to price or otherwise failing which it will be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of those Shares.
- 12.4 If a Permitted Transferee who was a Member of the same Fund Group as the Original Shareholder ceases to be a Member of the same Fund Group, the Permitted Transferee must not later than five Business Days after the date on which the Permitted Transferee so ceases, transfer the Shares held by it to the Original Shareholder or a Member of the same Fund Group as the Original Shareholder (which in either case is not in liquidation) without restriction as to price or otherwise failing which it will be deemed to give a Transfer Notice in respect of such Shares
- 12.5 Trustees may (i) transfer Shares to a company in which they hold the whole of the share capital and which they control (a "Qualifying Company") or (ii) transfer Shares to the Original Shareholder or to another Permitted Transferee of

the Original Shareholder or (III) transfer Shares to the new or remaining trustees upon a change of Trustees without restrictions as to price or otherwise.

- 12.6 No transfer of Shares may be made to Trustees unless the Board is satisfied:
 - with the terms of the trust instrument and in particular with the powers of the trustees,
 - 12.6.2 with the identity of the proposed trustees;
 - 12.6.3 the proposed transfer will not result in 50% or more of the aggregate of the Company's equity share capital being held by trustees of that and any other trusts, and
 - that no costs incurred in connection with the setting up or administration of the Family Trust in question are to be paid by the Company.
- 12.7 If a company to which a Share has been transferred under Article 12 5, ceases to be a Qualifying Company it must within five Business Days of so ceasing, transfer the Shares held by it to the Trustees or to a Qualifying Company (any may do so without restriction as to price or otherwise) failing which it will be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of such Shares
- 12.8 If a Permitted Transferee who is a spouse or Civil Partner of the Original Shareholder ceases to be a spouse or Civil Partner of the Original Shareholder whether by reason of divorce or otherwise he must, within 15 Business Days of so ceasing either.
 - execute and deliver to the Company a transfer of the Shares held by him to the Original Shareholder (or, to any Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder) for such consideration as may be agreed between them, or
 - 12.8.2 give a Transfer Notice to the Company in accordance with Article 13.2,

failing which he shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice.

On the death (subject to Article 12.2), bankruptcy, liquidation, administration or administrative receivership of a Permitted Transferee (other than a joint holder) his personal representatives or trustee in bankruptcy, or its liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver must within five Business Days after the date of the grant of probate, the making of the bankruptcy order or the appointment of the liquidator, administrator or the administrative receiver execute and deliver to the Company a transfer of the Shares held by the Permitted Transferee without restriction as to price or otherwise. The transfer shall be to the Original Shareholder if still living (and not bankrupt or in liquidation) or, if so directed by the Original Shareholder, to any Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder. If the transfer is not executed and delivered within five Business Days of such period or if the Original Shareholder has died or is bankrupt or is in liquidation, administration or administrative receivership, the personal representative or trustee in bankruptcy or liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver will be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice.

12.10 Any Shares may at any time be transferred where there is a sale of the entire issued share capital of the Company to a Holding Company, which has been approved by a majority of the Board, including Investor Director Consent.

13 Transfers of Shares subject to pre-emption rights

- 13.1 Save where the provisions of Articles 12, 17 and 18 apply, any transfer of Shares by a Shareholder shall be subject to the pre-emption rights contained in this Article 13
- 13.2 A Shareholder who wishes to transfer Shares (a "Seller") shall, except as otherwise provided in these Articles, before transferring or agreeing to transfer any Shares give notice in writing (a "Transfer Notice") to the Company specifying:
 - the number of Shares which he wishes to transfer (the "Sale Shares");
 - 13.2.2 If he wishes to sell the Sale Shares to a third party, the name of the proposed transferee;
 - the price (in cash) at which he wishes to transfer the Sale Shares (which will be deemed to be Fair Value of the Sale Shares if no cash price is agreed between the Seller and the Board (including the Investor Directors) (the "Transfer Price"); and
 - whether the Transfer Notice is conditional on all or a specific number of the Sale Shares being sold to Shareholders (a "Minimum Transfer Condition").
- 13.3 Except with the written consent of the Investor Director or an Investor Majority, no Transfer Notice once given or deemed to have been given under these Articles may be withdrawn.
- 13.4 A Transfer Notice constitutes the Company as the agent of the Seller for the sale of the Sale Shares at the Transfer Price
- 13.5 As soon as practicable following the later of:
 - 13 5.1 receipt of a Transfer Notice; and
 - 13.5.2 In the case where the Transfer Price has not been specified or the Transfer Notice is deemed to have been served, the determination of the Transfer Price under Article 14,

the Board shall offer the Sale Shares for sale to the Shareholders in the manner set out in Articles 13.6.1 to 13.8. Each offer must be in writing and give details of the number and Transfer Price of the Sale Shares offered.

- 13.6 Priority for offer of Sale Shares
 - 13.6.1 If the Sale Shares are A Ordinary Shares, the Company shall offer them in the following priority:
 - (a) first, to the A Ordinary Shareholders;
 - (b) second, to the Ordinary Shareholders,

in each case on the basis as set out in Article 13.7

- 13.6.2 If the Sale Shares are Ordinary Shares, the Sale Shares shall be offered in the following priority:
 - (a) first, to any Employee Trust that the Board may nominate for this purpose;
 - (b) second, to the Ordinary Shareholders,
 - (c) third, to the A Ordinary Shareholders,

in each case on the basis set out in Article 13.7

13 7 Transfers: First Offer

- 13.7.1 The Board shall offer the Sale Shares in accordance with the Priority Rights to the relevant shareholders other than the Seller (and each group of Shareholders so offered shall separately be the "Continuing Shareholders") inviting them to apply in writing within the period from the date of the offer to the date 15 Business Days after the offer (inclusive) (the "First Offer Period") for the maximum number of Sale Shares they wish to buy.
- 13.7.2 If the Sale Shares are subject to a Minimum Transfer Condition then any allocation made under Articles 13.7 and 13.8 will be conditional on the fulfilment of the Minimum Transfer Condition.
- 13.7.3 If, at the end of the First Offer Period, the number of Sale Shares applied for is equal to or exceeds the number of Sale Shares, the Board shall allocate the Sale Shares to each Continuing Shareholder in the proportion (fractional entitlements being rounded to the nearest whole number) which his existing holding of the relevant class of Shares bears to the total number of the relevant class of Shares held by those Continuing Shareholders who have applied for Sale Shares but no allocation shall be made to a Shareholder of more than the maximum number of Sale Shares which he has stated he is willing to buy.
- 13 7.4 If not all Sale Shares are allocated in accordance with Article 13.7.3 but there are applications for Sale Shares that have not been satisfied those Sale Shares shall be allocated to the relevant applicant(s) in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 13 7.3.
- 13.7.5 If, at the end of the First Offer Period, the number of Sale Shares applied for is less than the number of Sale Shares, the Board shall allocate the Sale Shares to the Continuing Shareholders in accordance with their applications and the balance (the "Initial Surplus Shares") will be dealt with in accordance with Article 13.8.

13.8 Transfers: Second Offer

At the end of the First Offer Period, the Board shall offer the Initial Surplus Shares to all the Continuing Shareholders inviting them to apply in writing within the period from the date of the offer to the date 15 Business Days after the date of the offer (inclusive) (the "Second")

Offer Period") for the maximum number of the Initial Surplus Shares they wish to buy.

- 13.8.2 If, at the end of the Second Offer Period, the number of Initial Surplus Shares applied for exceeds the number of Initial Surplus Shares, the Board shall allocate the remaining Initial Surplus Shares to each Continuing Shareholder in the proportion (fractional entitlements being rounded to the nearest whole number) which his existing holding of Shares bears to the total number of Shares (including Sale Shares) held by those Continuing Shareholders who have applied during the Second Offer Period for Initial Surplus Shares but no allocation shall be made to a Shareholder of more than the maximum number of Initial Surplus Shares which he has stated he is willing to buy.
- 13.8.3 If, at the end of the Second Offer Period, the number of Initial Surplus Shares applied for is less than the number of Initial Surplus Shares, the Board shall allocate the Initial Surplus Shares to the Continuing Shareholders in accordance with their applications.
- 13.9 The provisions of Articles 13.7 and 13.8 shall be repeated for each group of Shareholders that have Priority Rights
- 13.10 If, at the end of the process set out in Articles 13.7 to 13.9, there are Sale Shares that have not been allocated, the balance (the "Final Surplus Shares") will be offered to any other person in accordance with Article 13.11.5.
- 13.11 Completion of transfer of Sale Shares
 - 13.11.1 If the Transfer Notice includes a Minimum Transfer Condition and the total number of Shares applied for is less than the number of Sale Shares the Board shall notify the Seller and all those to whom Sale Shares have been conditionally allocated under Articles 13.7 and 13.8 stating the condition has not been met and that the relevant Transfer Notice has lapsed with immediate effect.
 - 13.11.2 If:
 - (a) the Transfer Notice does not include a Minimum Transfer Condition; and
 - (b) allocations have been made in respect of all the Sale Shares,

the Board shall, when no further offers are required to be made under Articles 13.7, 13.8 and 13 9, give written notice of allocation (an "Allocation Notice") to the Seller and each Shareholder to whom Sale Shares have been allocated (an "Applicant") specifying the number of Sale Shares allocated to each Applicant and the place and time (being not less than 10 Business Days nor more than 20 Business Days after the date of the Allocation Notice) for completion of the transfer of the Sale Shares.

- 13.11.3 Upon service of an Allocation Notice, the Seller must, against payment of the Transfer Price, transfer the Sale Shares in accordance with the requirements specified in it
- 13.11.4 If the Seller fails to comply with the provisions of Article 13.11.3:

- (a) the chairman of the Company or, failing him, one of the directors, or some other person nominated by a resolution of the Board, may on behalf of the Seller:
 - complete, execute and deliver in his name all documents necessary to give effect to the transfer of the relevant Sale Shares to the Applicants;
 - (II) receive the Transfer Price and give a good discharge for it; and
 - (III) (subject to the transfer being duly stamped) enter the Applicants in the register of Shareholders as the holders of the Shares purchased by them; and
- (b) the Company shall pay the Transfer Price into a separate bank account in the Company's name on trust (but without interest) for the Seller until he has delivered to the Company his certificate or certificates for the relevant Shares (or an indemnity, in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Board, in respect of any lost certificate).
- 13 11.5 If an Allocation Notice does not relate to all the Sale Shares then, subject to Article 13 11 6, the Seller may, within eight weeks after service of the Allocation Notice, transfer the Final Surplus Shares to any person at a price at least equal to the Transfer Price provided that the sale of the Final Surplus Shares shall continue to be subject to any Minimum Transfer Conditions
- 13.11.6 The right of the Seller to transfer Shares under Article 13 11.5 does not apply if the Board is of the opinion on reasonable grounds that:
 - the transferee is a person (or a nominee for a person) who is a competitor with (or an Associate of a competitor with) the business of the Company or with a Subsidiary Undertaking of the Company;
 - (b) the sale of the Sale Shares is not bona fide or the price is subject to a deduction, rebate or allowance to the transferee; or
 - (c) the Seller has failed or refused to provide promptly information available to it or him and reasonably requested by the Board for the purpose of enabling it to form the opinion mentioned above.

13.12 Waiver of restrictions

The restrictions imposed by this Article may be waived in relation to any proposed transfer of Shares with Investor Director Consent and the consent of the holders of 51 per cent. of those Shares not held by the Investors/and the consent of Shareholders who, but for the waiver, would or might have been entitled to have such shares offered to them in accordance with this Article.

14 Valuation of Shares

- 14.1 If a Transfer Notice does not specify a Transfer Price or, if a Transfer Notice is deemed to have been served then, upon service of the Transfer Notice or, in the case of the deemed service of a Transfer Notice, on the date on which the Board first has actual knowledge of the facts giving rise to such deemed service, the Board shall either.
 - 14 1.1 appoint expert valuers in accordance with Article 14.2 (the "Expert Valuers") to certify the Fair Value of the Sale Shares, or
 - (If the Fair Value has been certified by Expert Valuers within the preceding 12 weeks) specify that the Fair Value of the Sale Shares will be calculated by dividing any Fair Value so certified by the number of Sale Shares to which it related and multiplying such Fair Value by the number of Sale Shares the subject of the Transfer Notice.
- 14 2 The Expert Valuers will be either:
 - 14.2.1 the Auditors, or
 - (if so specified in the relevant Transfer Notice) an independent firm of Chartered Accountants to be agreed between the Board and the Seller or failing agreement not later than the date 10 Business Days after the date of service of the Transfer Notice to be appointed by the then President of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales on the application of either party.
- 14.3 The "Fair Value" of the Sale Shares shall be determined by the Expert Valuer on the following assumptions and bases
 - valuing the Sale Shares as on an arm's-length sale between a willing seller and a willing buyer;
 - 14.3.2 If the Company is then carrying on business as a going concern, on the assumption that it will continue to do so;
 - 14.3.3 that the Sale Shares are capable of being transferred without restriction;
 - valuing the Sale Shares as a rateable proportion of the total value of all the issued Shares without any premium or discount being attributable to the percentage of the issued share capital of the Company which they represent, and
 - 14.3.5 reflect any other factors which the Expert Valuers reasonably believe should be taken into account
- 14.4 If any difficulty arises in applying any of these assumptions or bases then the Expert Valuers shall resolve that difficulty in whatever manner they shall in their absolute discretion think fit.
- 14.5 The Expert Valuers shall be requested to determine the Fair Value within 20 Business Days of their appointment and to notify the Board of their determination.

- 14.6 The Expert Valuers shall act as experts and not as arbitrators and their determination shall be final and binding on the parties (in the absence of fraud or manifest error).
- 14.7 The Board will give the Expert Valuers access to all accounting records or other relevant documents of the Company subject to them agreeing such confidentiality provisions as the Board may reasonably impose.
- 14.8 The Expert Valuers shall deliver their certificate to the Company. As soon as the Company receives the certificate it shall deliver a copy of it to the Seller. Unless the Sale Shares are to be sold under a Transfer Notice, which is deemed to have been served, the Seller may by notice in writing to the Company within five Business Days of the service on him of the copy certificate, cancel the Company's authority to sell the Sale Shares
- 14.9 The cost of obtaining the certificate shall be paid by the Company unless:
 - 14.9.1 the Seller cancels the Company's authority to sell; or
 - the sale is pursuant to a Transfer Notice which is deemed to have been served, and the Sale Price certified by the Expert Valuers is less than the price (if any) offered by the directors to the Seller for the Sale Shares before Expert Valuer was instructed,

in which case the Seller shall bear the cost.

15 <u>Compulsory transfers - general</u>

- 15.1 A person entitled to a Share in consequence of the bankruptcy of a Shareholder shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of that Share at a time determined by the Directors.
- 15 2 If a Share remains registered in the name of a deceased Shareholder for longer than one year after the date of his death the Directors may require the legal personal representatives of that deceased Shareholder either.
 - to effect a Permitted Transfer of such Share (including for this purpose an election to be registered in respect of the Permitted Transfer); or
 - to show to the satisfaction of the Directors that a Permitted Transfer will be effected before or promptly upon the completion of the administration of the estate of the deceased Shareholder.

If either requirement in this Article 15.2 shall not be fulfilled to the satisfaction of the Directors a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given in respect of each such Share save to the extent that, the Directors may otherwise determine.

15 3 If a Shareholder (other than an Investor) which is a company, either suffers or resolves for the appointment of a liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver over it or any material part of its assets, the relevant Shareholder (and all its Permitted Transferees) shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of all the shares held by the relevant Shareholder and its Permitted Transferees save to the extent that, and at a time, the Directors may determine.

16 <u>Compulsory transfer - employees</u>

- If any Employee ceases for any reason to be an Employee the relevant Employee shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of all the Employee Shares on the Effective Termination Date (or on such later date as an Investor Majority may otherwise determine (provided such date is not later than 12 months following that Employee's Effective Termination Date) In such circumstances the Transfer Price shall be as follows:
 - 16.1.1 where the relevant Employee ceases to be an Employee in circumstances in which he is a Bad Leaver, the lower of Fair Value and the nominal value of the Employee Shares;
 - where the relevant Employee ceases to be an Employee in circumstances in which he is a Good Leaver, the Fair Value save that where the Employee concerned is Roberto Neri and he ceases to be an Employee after the Board, including the Investor Director, has resolved that his employment with the Company should be terminated and prior to the first anniversary of the Adoption Date the Company has served on him notice of termination of his employment, the higher of 50% of the Fair Value and the nominal value of his Employee Shares, irrespective of the date he ceases to be an Employee.
- 16.2 For the purposes of this Article, the Priority Rights shall be such that the Employee Shares are offered in the following order of priority
 - to a person or persons nominated by an Investor Majority to take the departing Employee's place conditionally upon them commencing employment with the Company; and/or
 - to the A Ordinary Shareholders and the Ordinary Shareholders (other than the departing Employee) pro rata to the number of Shares held; and/or
 - 16.2.3 to any of the existing Employees (other than the departing Employee); and/or
 - to any other person or persons approved by the Investor Directors and by the Board (other than the departing Employee; and/or
 - 16.2.5 to other participants or potential participants in, or trustees of, any Employee Share Option Plan (other than the departing Employee), and/or
 - 16 2.6 to the Company (subject always to the provisions of the Act).
- 16.3 All voting rights attached to Employee Shares held by an Employee (the "Restricted Member"), if any, shall at the time he ceases to be an Employee be suspended unless the Board and the Investor Majority notify him otherwise.
- Any Employee Shares in respect of which voting rights are suspended pursuant to Article 16.3 ("Restricted Shares") shall confer on the holders of Restricted Shares the right to receive a notice of and attend all general meetings of the Company but shall have no right to vote either in person or by proxy or to vote on any proposed written resolution. Voting rights suspended pursuant to Article 16.3 shall be automatically restored immediately prior to an IPO. If a Restricted Member transfers any Restricted Shares in the Company in accordance

with these Articles all voting rights attached to the Restricted Shares so transferred shall upon completion of the transfer (as evidenced by the transferee's name being entered in the Company's register of members) automatically be restored.

17 Mandatory Offer on a Change of Control

- 17.1 Except in the case of Permitted Transfers and transfers pursuant to Articles 15 and 16 after going through the pre-emption procedure in Article 13, the provisions of Article 17.2 will apply if one or more Proposed Sellers propose to transfer in one or a series of related transactions
 - 17 1.1 any Shares; or
 - 17 1.2 any shares in any Holding Company of the Company;

(the "**Proposed Transfer**") which would, if put into effect, result in any Proposed Purchaser (and Associates of his or persons Acting in Concert with him) acquiring a Controlling Interest in the Company or any Holding Company of the Company as appropriate.

- 17.2 A Proposed Seller must, before making a Proposed Transfer procure the making by the Proposed Purchaser of an offer (the "Offer") to the other Shareholders to acquire all of the Company's Shares for a consideration per share the value of which is at least equal to the Specified Price (as defined in Article 17 7)
- 17.3 The Offer must be given by written notice (a "Proposed Sale Notice") at least 10 Business Days (the "Offer Period") prior to the proposed sale date ("Proposed Sale Date"). The Proposed Sale Notice must set out, to the extent not described in any accompanying documents, the identity of the Proposed Purchaser, the purchase price and other terms and conditions of payment, the Proposed Sale Date and the number of Shares (or shares in any Holding Company of the Company) proposed to be purchased by the Proposed Purchaser (the "Proposed Sale Shares").
- 17.4 If any other holder of Shares is not given the rights accorded him by this Article, the Proposed Seller will not be entitled to complete his or its sale and the Company will not register any transfer intended to carry that sale into effect.
- 17.5 If the Offer is accepted by any Shareholder (an "Accepting Shareholder") within the Offer Period, the completion of the Proposed Transfer will be conditional upon the completion of the purchase of all the Shares held by Accepting Shareholders.
- 17.6 The Proposed Transfer is subject to the pre-emption provisions of Article 13 but the purchase of the Accepting Shareholders' shares shall not be subject to Article 13
- 17.7 For the purpose of this Article 17
 - 17.7.1 the expression "transfer" and "purchaser" shall include the renunciation of a renounceable letter of allotment and the renouncee under any such letter of allotment respectively;
 - 17.7.2 the expression "Specified Price" shall mean:

- (a) If the Proposed Transfer relates to Shares, in respect of each Share a sum in cash equal to the highest price per Share offered or paid by the Proposed Purchaser:
 - (i) in the Proposed Transfer; or
 - (II) In any related or previous transaction by the Proposed Purchaser or any person Acting in Concert with the Proposed Purchaser in the 12 months preceding the date of the Proposed Transfer,

plus an amount equal to the Relevant Sum, as defined in Article 17.7 3 (the "Supplemental Consideration");

(b) if the Proposed Transfer relates to shares in any Holding Company of the Company, the price per Share agreed between the majority of the Proposed Sellers and the holders of a majority of the Shares or in the absence of such agreement within 14 days of service of the Proposed Sale, the price per Share to which they would be entitled if an amount equal to the value of the Company (determined as set out below) were distributed to the holders of the Shares in accordance with the provisions of Article 5.1. For the purposes of this Article 17.7.2, the value of the Company shall be determined by the auditors of EREG on appointment by the Company to represent the fair value of the Company as part of a group of companies being sold to the Proposed Purchaser so that the value of the Company represents a fair proportion (having regard to the relative financial performances of the Company and of the other companies in the group of companies being sold). Such auditors shall be deemed to be acting as experts (and not as arbitrators) and their decision shall be final and binding on all parties save in the case of manifest error.

17.7.3 Relevant Sum = $C \div A$

where:

A = number of Shares being sold in connection with the relevant Proposed Transfer;

C = the amount of any other consideration (in cash or otherwise) paid or payable by the Proposed Purchaser or any other person Acting in Concert with the Proposed Purchaser, which having regard to the substance of the transaction as a whole, can reasonably be regarded as an addition to the price paid or payable for the Shares.

17.8 On any Share Sale effected under this Article 17 then, notwithstanding Article 17 7, the order of priority in Article 5 1 shall apply in determining how the proceeds from the sale of any Shares under this Article 17 shall be distributed.

18 <u>Drag-along</u>

18.1 The holders of 75% or more of the Shares (who must include an Investor Majority) (the "Majority Shareholders") shall have the option (the "Drag Along Option") to require all the other holders of Shares (the "Called Shareholders") to sell and transfer all their Shares to any Proposed Purchaser to whom either (i)

the Majority Shareholders have agreed to transfer all their Shares or (ii) all the shares in the capital of EREG or any direct or indirect holding company or subsidiary of EREG are agreed to be sold and transferred (the Shares held by the Majority Shareholders or the shares in the capital of EREG or any direct or indirect holding company or subsidiary of EREG being the "Transfer Shares") in accordance with the provisions of this Article 18.

- The Majority Shareholders may exercise the Drag Along Option by giving a written notice to that effect (a "Drag Along Notice") to the Company which the Company shall forthwith copy to the Called Shareholders at any time before the transfer of the Transfer Shares to the Proposed Purchaser. A Drag Along Notice shall specify that the Called Shareholders are required to transfer all their Shares (the "Called Shares") under this Article 18, the person to whom they are to be transferred, the consideration for which the Called Shares are to be transferred (calculated in accordance with this Article 18) and the proposed date of transfer.
- Drag Along Notices shall be irrevocable but will lapse if for any reason there is not a sale of the Transfer Shares to the Proposed Purchaser within 40 Business Days after the date of service of the Drag Along Notice The Majority Shareholders shall be entitled to serve further Drag Along Notices following the lapse of any particular Drag Along Notice.
- 18.4 The consideration (in cash or otherwise) for which the Called Shareholders shall be obliged to sell each of the Called Shares shall be:
 - 18.4.1 If the Transfer Shares are Shares, that to which they would be entitled if the total consideration proposed to be paid by the Proposed Purchaser were distributed to the holders of the Called Shares and the Transfer Shares in accordance with the provisions of Article 5.1; and
 - 18 4.2 if the Transfer Shares are shares in the capital of EREG or any direct or indirect holding company or subsidiary of EREG, the price per Share agreed between the majority of the Majority Shareholders and the holders of a majority of the Called Shares or in the absence of such agreement within 14 days of service of the Drag Along Notice, the price per Share to which they would be entitled if an amount equal to the value of the Company (determined as set out below) were distributed to the holders of the Shares in accordance with the provisions of Article 5.1. For the purposes of this Article 18.4.2 the value of the Company shall be determined by the auditors of EREG on appointment by the Company to represent the fair value of the Company as part of a group of companies being sold to the Proposed Purchaser so that the value of the Company represents a fair proportion (having regard to the relative financial performances of the Company and of the other companies in the group of companies being sold). Such auditors shall be deemed to be acting as experts (and not as arbitrators) and their decision shall be final and binding on all parties save in the case of manifest error

in either case, the "Called Shares Consideration".

- 18.5 No Drag Along Notice may require a Called Shareholder to agree to any terms except those specifically provided for in this Article 18.
- 18.6 Within five Business Days of the calculation of the Called Share Consideration, the Called Shareholders shall deliver stock transfer forms for their Shares in favour of the Proposed Purchaser or as the Proposed Purchaser shall direct, together with

the relevant share certificate(s) (or a suitable indemnity in lieu thereof) to the Company. On the expiration of that five Business Day period the Proposed Purchaser shall put the Company in the requisite funds to enable it to pay the Called Shares Consideration. The Company's receipt of the Called Shares Consideration shall be a good discharge to the Proposed Purchaser. The Company shall hold the amounts due to the Called Shareholders pursuant to Article 18.4 in trust for the Called Shareholders without any obligation to pay interest.

- 18.7 To the extent that the Proposed Purchaser has not, on the expiration of such five Business Day period, put the Company in funds to pay the Called Shares Consideration due, the Called Shareholders shall be entitled to the return of the stock transfer forms and share certificate (or suitable indemnity) for the relevant Shares and the Called Shareholders shall have no further rights or obligations under this Article 18 in respect of their Shares
- 18.8 Immediately following the transfer of the Transfer Shares, the Company shall pay the Called Shareholders, on behalf of the Proposed Purchaser, the Called Shares Consideration.
- 18.9 If a Called Shareholder fails to deliver stock transfer forms and share certificates (or suitable indemnity) for its Shares to the Company upon the expiration of that five Business Day period, the Directors shall, if requested by the Proposed Purchaser, authorise any Director to transfer the Called Shareholder's Shares on the Called Shareholder's behalf to the Proposed Purchaser (or its nominee(s)) to the extent the Proposed Purchaser has, at the expiration of that five Business Day period, put the Company in funds to pay the amount of Called Shares Consideration due to him. The Board shall then authorise registration of the transfer once appropriate stamp duty has been paid. The defaulting Called Shareholder shall surrender his share certificate for his Shares (or provide a suitable indemnity) to the Company On surrender, he shall be entitled to the amount of Called Shares Consideration due to him
- 18.10 Any transfer of Shares to a Proposed Purchaser (or as they may direct) pursuant to a sale in respect of which a Drag Along Notice has been duly served shall not be subject to the provisions of Article 13.
- 18.11 On any person, following the issue of a Drag Along Notice, becoming a Shareholder of the Company pursuant to the exercise of a pre-existing option to acquire shares in the Company or pursuant to the conversion of any convertible security of the Company (a "New Shareholder"), a Drag Along Notice shall be deemed to have been served on the New Shareholder on the same terms as the previous Drag Along Notice who shall then be bound to sell and transfer all Shares so acquired to the Proposed Purchaser or as the Proposed Purchaser may direct and the provisions of this Article 18 shall apply with the necessary changes to the New Shareholder except that completion of the sale of the Shares shall take place immediately on the Drag Along Notice being deemed served on the New Shareholder.

19 General meetings

19.1 If the Directors are required by the Shareholders under section 303 of the Act to call a general meeting, the Directors shall convene the meeting for a date not later than 28 days after the date on which the Directors became subject to the requirement under section 303 of the Act.

- 19.2 The provisions of section 318 of the Act shall apply to the Company, save that if a quorum is not present at any meeting adjourned for the reason referred to in article 41 of the Model Articles, then, provided that the Qualifying Person present holds or represents the holder of at least 50 per cent in nominal value of the Shares, any resolution agreed to by such Qualifying Person shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed unanimously at a general meeting of the Company duly convened and held.
- 19.3 If any two or more Shareholders (or Qualifying Persons representing two or more Shareholders) attend the meeting in different locations, the meeting shall be treated as being held at the location specified in the notice of the meeting, save that if no one is present at that location so specified, the meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest number of Qualifying Persons is assembled or, if no such group can be identified, at the location of the chairman.
- 19.4 If a demand for a poll is withdrawn under article 44(3) of the Model Articles, the demand shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made and the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.
- 19.5 Polls must be taken in such manner as the chairman directs. A poil demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment must be held immediately. A poll demanded on any other question must be held either immediately or at such time and place as the chairman directs not being more than 14 days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded.
- 19.6 No notice need be given of a poll not held immediately if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.
- 19.7 If the poll is to be held more than 48 hours after it was demanded the Shareholders shall be entitled to deliver Proxy Notices in respect of the poll at any time up to 24 hours before the time appointed for taking that poll. In calculating that period, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day.

20 Proxies

- 20.1 Paragraph (c) of article 45(1) of the Model Articles shall be deleted and replaced by the words: "is signed by or on behalf of the shareholder appointing the proxy and accompanied by any the authority under which it is signed (or a certified copy of such authority or a copy of such authority in some other way approved by the directors)"
- 20.2 The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a certified copy of such authority or a copy in some other way approved by the Directors may:
 - 20.2.1 be sent or supplied in hard copy form, or (subject to any conditions and limitations which the Board may specify) in electronic form, to the registered office of the Company or to such other address (including electronic address) as may be specified for this purpose in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy or any invitation to appoint a proxy sent or supplied by the Company in relation to the

meeting at any time before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote;

- 20.2.2 be delivered at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote to the chairman or to the company secretary or to any Director; or
- 20.2.3 In the case of a poll, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman or to the company secretary or to any Director, or at the time and place at which the poll is held to the Chairman or to the company secretary or to any Director or scrutineer.

and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid

21 <u>Directors' borrowing powers</u>

The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow or raise money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities as security for any debt, liability of obligation of the Company or of any third party.

22 Alternate Directors

- 22.1 Notwithstanding any provision of these Articles to the contrary, any person appointed as a Director (the "**Appointer**") may appoint any director or any other person as he thinks fit to be his alternate Director to:
 - 22.1.1 exercise that Director's powers; and
 - 22.1.2 carry out that Director's responsibilities in relation to the taking of decisions by the Directors in the absence of the alternate's Appointor.

The appointment of an alternate Director shall not require approval by a resolution of the Directors

- 22.2 Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the Company signed by the Appointor, or in any other manner approved by the Directors.
- 22.3 The notice must:
 - 22.3.1 identify the proposed alternate; and
 - in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that the proposed alternate is willing to act as the alternate of the Director giving the notice.
- An alternate Director may act as an alternate to more than one Director and has the same rights, in relation to any Directors' meeting (including as to notice) or Directors' written resolution, as the alternate's Appointor.
- 22.5 Except as these Articles specify otherwise, alternate directors:
 - 22.5.1 are deemed for all purposes to be Directors:

- 22 5.2 are liable for their own acts and omissions;
- 22.5.3 are subject to the same restrictions as their Appointors; and
- 22 5.4 are not deemed to be agents of or for their Appointors,

and, in particular (without limitation), each alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of Directors and of all meetings of committees of Directors of which his Appointor is a member.

- 22.6 A person who is an alternate Director but not a Director:
 - 22.6.1 may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is participating (but only if that person's Appointor is not participating); and
 - 22.6.2 may sign a Directors' written resolution (but only if his Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision, but does not participate).

No alternate may be counted as more than one Director for such purposes.

- 22.7 A Director who is also an alternate Director is entitled, in the absence of his Appointor, to a separate vote on behalf of each Appointor, in addition to his own vote on any decision of the Directors (provided that his Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision).
- An alternate Director is not entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for serving as an alternate Director, except such part of the alternate's Appointor's remuneration as the Appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the Company.
- 22.9 An alternate Director's appointment as an alternate shall terminate.
 - when the alternate's Appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the Company in writing specifying when it is to terminate;
 - on the occurrence in relation to the alternate of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's Appointor, would result in the termination of the Appointor's appointment as a Director;
 - 22.9.3 on the death of the alternate's Appointor, or
 - 22.9.4 when the alternate's Appointor's appointment as a Director terminates.

23 Number of Directors

Unless and until the Company shall otherwise determine by ordinary resolution, the number of Directors shall be not less than two.

24 Appointment of Directors

24.1 In addition to the powers of appointment under article 17(1) of the Model Articles, the Investors for so long as they and their Permitted Transferees hold not less than 10 per cent of the Shares in issue shall be entitled to nominate one person to act as a Director of the Company by notice in writing (signed by an Investor Majority) addressed to the Company from time to time and the other

holders of Shares shall not vote their Shares so as to remove that Director from office. The Investors shall be entitled to remove their nominated Director so appointed at any time by notice in writing (signed by an Investor Majority) to the Company served and appoint another person to act in his place.

- 24.2 An appointment or removal of a Director under Article 24.1 will take effect at and from the time when the notice is received by the Company or produced to a meeting of the directors of the Company.
- 24.3 The Investor Director shall be entitled at his request to be appointed to any committee of the Board established from time to time and to the board of directors of any Subsidiary Undertaking.
- 24.4 If an Investor Director is not in office, the Investors (acting by an Investor Majority) shall be entitled to appoint one person to act as an observer to the Board. The observer shall be entitled to attend and speak at all meetings of the Board and receive copies of all board papers as if he were a Director but shall not be entitled to vote on any resolutions proposed at a board meeting

25 <u>Disqualification of Directors</u>

In addition to that provided in article 18 of the Model Articles, the office of a Director shall also be vacated if.

- 25.1 he is convicted of a criminal offence (other than a minor motoring offence) and the Directors resolve that his office be vacated; or
- 25.2 in the case of Directors other than an Investor Director, if a majority of his co-Directors serve notice on him in writing, removing him from office.

26 Proceedings of Directors

- The quorum for Directors' meetings shall be three Directors who must include the Investor Director provided one is in office (save that where a Relevant Interest of an Investor Director is being authorised by other Directors in accordance with section 175(5)(a) of the Act, such Investor Director and any other interested Director shall not be included for the purpose of such authorisation but shall be included for the purpose of forming the quorum). If such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or if during a meeting such quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or at such time and place as determined by the Directors present at such meeting and the Investor Director if in office. If a quorum is not present at any such adjourned meeting within half an hour from the time appointed, then the meeting shall proceed.
- 26.2 In the event that a meeting of the Directors is attended by a Director who is acting as alternate for one or more other Directors, the Director or Directors for whom he is the alternate shall be counted in the quorum despite their absence, and if on that basis there is a quorum the meeting may be held despite the fact (if it is the case) that only one Director is physically present.
- 26.3 If all the Directors participating in a meeting of the Directors are not physically in the same place, the meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of participators in number is assembled. In the absence of a majority the location of the chairman shall be deemed to be the place of the meeting.

- 26.4 Notice of a Directors' meeting need not be given to Directors who waive their entitlement to notice of that meeting, by giving notice to that effect to the Company at any time before or after the date on which the meeting is held. Where such notice is given after the meeting has been held, that does not affect the validity of the meeting, or of any business conducted at it.
- Provided (if these Articles so require) that he has declared to the Directors, in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, the nature and extent of his interest (and subject to any restrictions on voting or counting in a quorum imposed by the Directors in authorising a Relevant Interest), a Director may vote at a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has an interest, whether a direct or an indirect interest, or in relation to which he has a duty and shall also be counted in reckoning whether a quorum is present at such a meeting.
- Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of any equality of votes, the chairman shall not have a second or casting vote. Article 12 of the Model Articles shall be modified accordingly.
- A decision of the Directors may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each Eligible Director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each Eligible Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing (including confirmation given by electronic means). Reference in article 7(1) of the Model Articles to article 8 of the Model Articles shall be deemed to include a reference to this article also.

27 <u>Directors' interests</u>

Specific interests of a Director

- 27.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act and provided (if these Articles so require) that he has declared to the Directors in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, the nature and extent of his interest, a Director may (save as to the extent not permitted by law from time to time), notwithstanding his office, have an interest of the following kind:
 - where a Director (or a person connected with him) is party to or in any way directly or indirectly interested in, or has any duty in respect of, any existing or proposed contract, arrangement or transaction with the Company or any other undertaking in which the Company is in any way interested;
 - where a Director (or a person connected with him) is a director, employee or other officer of, or a party to any contract, arrangement or transaction with, or in any way interested in, any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is in any way interested;
 - where a Director (or a person connected with him) is a shareholder in the Company or a shareholder in, employee, director, member or other officer of, or consultant to, a Parent Undertaking of, or a Subsidiary Undertaking of a Parent Undertaking of, the Company;
 - 27 1.4 where a Director (or a person connected with him) holds and is remunerated in respect of any office or place of profit (other than the

office of auditor) in respect of the Company or body corporate in which the Company is in any way interested;

- where a Director is given a guarantee, or is to be given a guarantee, in respect of an obligation incurred by or on behalf of the Company or any body corporate in which the Company is in any way interested;
- where a Director (or a person connected with him or of which he is a member or employee) acts (or any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is in any way interested of which he is a director, employee or other officer may act) in a professional capacity for the Company or any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is in any way interested (other than as auditor) whether or not he or it is remunerated for this;
- 27.1.7 an interest which cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest, or
- 27.1.8 any other interest authorised by ordinary resolution.

Interests of an Investor Director

- 27 2 In addition to the provisions of Article 27.1, subject to the provisions of the Act and provided (if these Articles so require) that he has declared to the Directors in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, the nature and extent of his interest, where a Director is an Investor Director he may (save as to the extent not permitted by law from time to time), notwithstanding his office, have an interest arising from any duty he may owe to, or interest he may have as an employee, director, trustee, member, partner, officer or representative of, or a consultant to, or direct or indirect investor (including without limitation by virtue of a carried interest, remuneration or incentive arrangements or the holding of securities) in:
 - 27.2 1 an Investor Fund Manager;
 - 27 2 2 any of the funds advised or managed by an Investor Fund Manager from time to time; or
 - 27.2.3 another body corporate or firm in which an Investor Fund Manager or any fund advised by such Fund Manager has directly or indirectly invested, including without limitation any portfolio companies.

Interests of which a Director is not aware

27.3 For the purposes of this Article 27, an interest of which a Director is not aware and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to be aware shall not be treated as an interest of his.

Accountability of any benefit and validity of a contract

27.4 In any situation permitted by this Article 27 (save as otherwise agreed by him) a Director shall not by reason of his office be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he derives from that situation and no such contract, arrangement or transaction shall be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit.

Terms and conditions of Board authorisation

- 27 5 Subject to Article 27.6, any authority given in accordance with section 175(5)(a) of the Act in respect of a Director ("Interested Director") who has proposed that the Directors authorise his interest ("Relevant Interest") pursuant to that section may, for the avoidance of doubt.
 - 27.5.1 be given on such terms and subject to such conditions or limitations as may be imposed by the authorising Directors as they see fit from time to time, including, without limitation:
 - (a) restricting the Interested Director from voting on any resolution put to a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors in relation to the Relevant Interest,
 - (b) restricting the Interested Director from being counted in the quorum at a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors where such Relevant Interest is to be discussed; or
 - restricting the application of the provisions in Articles 27.7 and 27.8, so far as is permitted by law, in respect of such Interested Director:
 - 27 5 2 be withdrawn, or varied at any time by the Directors entitled to authorise the Relevant Situation as they see fit from time to time; and

subject to Article 27 6, an Interested Director must act in accordance with any such terms, conditions or limitations imposed by the authorising Directors pursuant to section 175(5)(a) of the Act and this Article 27.

Terms and conditions of Board authorisation for an Investor Director

27 6 Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Article 27, it shall not (save with the consent in writing of an Investor Director) be made a condition of any authorisation of a matter in relation to that Investor Director in accordance with section 175(5)(a) of the Act, that he shall be restricted from voting or counting in the quorum at any meeting of, or of any committee of the Directors or that he shall be required to disclose, use or apply confidential information as contemplated in Article 27.8.

Director's duty of confidentiality to a person other than the Company

27.7 Subject to Article 27.8 (and without prejudice to any equitable principle or rule of law which may excuse or release the Director from disclosing information, in circumstances where disclosure may otherwise be required under this Article 27), if a Director, otherwise than by virtue of his position as director, receives information in respect of which he owes a duty of confidentiality to a person other than the Company, he shall not be required:

to disclose such information to the Company or to any Director, or to any officer or employee of the Company; or

- 27.7.1 otherwise to use or apply such confidential information for the purpose of or in connection with the performance of his duties as a Director.
- 27.8 Where such duty of confidentiality arises out of a situation in which a Director has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company, Article 27.7 shall apply only if the

conflict arises out of a matter which falls within Article 27.1 or Article 27.2 or has been authorised under section 175(5)(a) of the Act.

Additional steps to be taken by a Director to manage a conflict of interest

- 27.9 Where a Director has an interest which can reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest, the Director may take such additional steps as may be necessary or desirable for the purpose of managing such conflict of interest, including compliance with any procedures laid down from time to time by the Directors for the purpose of managing conflicts of interest generally and/or any specific procedures approved by the Directors for the purpose of or in connection with the situation or matter in question, including without limitation:
 - 27.9.1 absenting himself from any discussions, whether in meetings of the Directors or otherwise, at which the relevant situation or matter falls to be considered, and
 - 27.9.2 excluding himself from documents or information made available to the Directors generally in relation to such situation or matter and/or arranging for such documents or information to be reviewed by a professional adviser to ascertain the extent to which it might be appropriate for him to have access to such documents or information.

Requirement of a Director is to declare an interest

- 27 10 Subject to section 182 of the Act, a Director shall declare the nature and extent of any interest permitted by Article 27.1 or Article 27.2 at a meeting of the Directors, or by general notice in accordance with section 184 (notice in writing) or section 185 (general notice) of the Act or in such other manner as the Directors may determine, except that no declaration of interest shall be required by a Director in relation to an interest.
 - 27.10 1 falling under Article 27.1.7;
 - 27.10 2 If, or to the extent that, the other Directors are already aware of such interest (and for this purpose the other Directors are treated as aware of anything of which they ought reasonably to be aware), or
 - 27.10.3 If, or to the extent that, it concerns the terms of his service contract (as defined by section 227 of the Act) that have been or are to be considered by a meeting of the Directors, or by a committee of Directors appointed for the purpose under these Articles.

Shareholder approval

- 27.11 Subject to section 239 of the Act, the Company may by ordinary resolution ratify any contract, transaction or arrangement, or other proposal, not properly authorised by reason of a contravention of any provisions of this Article 27.
- 27.12 For the purposes of this Article 27:
 - 27.12.1 a conflict of interest includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties;
 - 27.12.2 the provisions of section 252 of the Act shall determine whether a person is connected with a Director;

- a general notice to the Directors that a Director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the Director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified.
- 27.13 Notwithstanding any other provision of these Articles, on any shareholder resolution (whether in general meeting or by written resolution or extra statutory agreement or otherwise)
 - 27.13.1 to confer, revoke or vary any authorisation for any Investor Director but for which an Investor Director would be or may in the future become in breach of his duty to the Company under section 175 Companies Act 2006 or
 - 27.13.2 to amend or delete this Article 27

only the A Ordinary Shares shall confer votes on their holders.

28 Notices

- 28 1 Subject to the requirements set out in the Act, any notice given or document sent or supplied to or by any person under these Articles, or otherwise sent by the Company under the Act, may be given, sent or supplied.
 - 28 1.1 In hard copy form;
 - 28.1.2 in electronic form; or
 - 28.1.3 (by the Company) by means of a website (other than notices calling a meeting of Directors),

or partly by one of these means and partly by another of these means

Notices shall be given and documents supplied in accordance with the procedures set out in the Act, except to the extent that a contrary provision is set out in this Article 28.

Notices in hard copy form

- Any notice or other document in hard copy form given or supplied under these Articles may be delivered or sent by first class post (airmail if overseas):
 - 28.2.1 to the Company or any other company at its registered office, or
 - 28.2.2 to the address notified to or by the Company for that purpose; or
 - 28.2.3 In the case of an intended recipient who is a member or his legal personal representative or trustee in bankruptcy, to such member's address as shown in the Company's register of members; or
 - 28.2.4 In the case of an intended recipient who is a Director or alternate, to his address as shown in the register of Directors; or

- 28.2.5 to any other address to which any provision of the Companies Acts (as defined in the Act) authorises the document or information to be sent or supplied; or
- 28.2.6 where the Company is the sender, if the Company is unable to obtain an address falling within one of the addresses referred to in 28.2.1 to 28.2.5 above, to the intended recipient's last address known to the Company
- 28.3 Any notice or other document in hard copy form given or supplied under these Articles shall be deemed to have been served and be effective:
 - 28.3.1 If delivered, at the time of delivery;
 - 28.3.2 If posted, on receipt or 48 hours after the time it was posted, whichever occurs first.

Notices in electronic form

- 28.4 Subject to the provisions of the Act, any notice or other document in electronic form given or supplied under these Articles may.
 - 28.4.1 If sent by fax or email (provided that a fax number or an address for email has been notified to or by the Company for that purpose), be sent by the relevant form of communication to that address;
 - 28.4.2 If delivered or sent by first class post (airmail if overseas) in an electronic form (such as sending a disk by post), be so delivered or sent as if in hard copy form under Article 28.2; or
 - 28.4.3 be sent by such other electronic means (as defined in section 1168 of the Act) and to such address(es) as the Company may specify.
 - (a) on its website from time to time, or
 - (b) by notice (in hard copy or electronic form) to all members of the Company from time to time.
- 28.5 Any notice or other document in electronic form given or supplied under these Articles shall be deemed to have been served and be effective.
 - 28.5.1 If sent by facsimile or email (where a fax number or an address for email has been notified to or by the Company for that purpose), on receipt or 48 hours after the time it was sent, whichever occurs first;
 - 28.5.2 If posted in an electronic form, on receipt or 48 hours after the time it was posted, whichever occurs first;
 - 28 5.3 If delivered in an electronic form, at the time of delivery; and
 - 28.5.4 If sent by any other electronic means as referred to in Article 28.4.3, at the time such delivery is deemed to occur under the Act
- 28.6 Where the Company is able to show that any notice or other document given or sent under these Articles by electronic means was properly addressed with the electronic address supplied by the intended recipient, the giving or sending of that notice or other document shall be effective notwithstanding any receipt by

the Company at any time of notice either that such method of communication has failed or of the intended recipient's non-receipt

Notice by means of a website

28 7 Subject to the provisions of the Act, any notice or other document or information to be given, sent or supplied by the Company to Shareholders under these Articles may be given, sent or supplied by the Company by making it available on the Company's website.

General

- 28.8 In the case of joint holders of a share all notices shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register of members of the Company in respect of the joint holding (the "Primary Holder"). Notice so given shall constitute notice to all the joint holders
- 28.9 Anything agreed or specified by the Primary Holder in relation to the service, sending or supply of notices, documents or other information shall be treated as the agreement or specification of all the joint holders in their capacity as such (whether for the purposes of the Act or otherwise)

29 Indemnities and insurance

- 29 1 Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by, the Act
 - every Director or other officer of the Company (excluding the Company's auditors) shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company (and the Company shall also be able to indemnify directors of any associated company (as defined in section 256 of the Act)) out of the Company's assets against all liabilities incurred by him in the actual or purported execution or discharge of his duties or the exercise or purported exercise of his powers or otherwise in relation to or in connection with his duties, powers or office, provided that no director of the Company or any associated company is indemnified by the Company against:
 - (a) any liability incurred by the director to the Company or any associated company; or
 - (b) any liability incurred by the director to pay a fine imposed in criminal proceedings or a sum payable to a regulatory authority by way of a penalty in respect of non-compliance with any requirements of a regulatory nature; or
 - (c) any liability incurred by the director.
 - (i) in defending any criminal proceedings in which he is convicted;
 - (II) In defending civil proceedings brought by the Company or any associated company in which final judgment (within the meaning set out in section 234 of the Act) is given against him; or

(III) In connection with any application under sections 661(3) or 661(4) or 1157 of the Act (as the case may be) for which the court refuses to grant him relief,

save that, in respect of a provision indemnifying a director of a company (whether or not the Company) that is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as that term is used in section 235 of the Act) against liability incurred in connection with that company's activities as trustee of the scheme, the Company shall also be able to indemnify any such director without the restrictions in Articles 29.1.1(a), 29.1.1(c)(ii) and 29.1.1(c)(iii) applying;

- the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to purchase and maintain insurance for any such Director or other officer against any liability which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise attach to him in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust of which he may be guilty in relation to the Company, or any associated company including (if he is a director of a company which is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme) in connection with that company's activities as trustee of an occupational pension scheme
- The Company shall (at the cost of the Company) effect and maintain for each Director policies of insurance insuring each Director against risks in relation to his office as each director may reasonably specify including without limitation, any liability which by virtue of any rule of law may attach to him in respect of any negligence, default of duty or breach of trust of which he may be guilty in relation to the Company.

30 <u>Data Protection</u>

Each of the Shareholders and Directors consent to the processing of their personal data by the Company, the Shareholders and Directors (each a "Reciplent") for the purpose of due diligence exercises, compliance with applicable laws, regulations and procedures and the exchange of information among themselves. A Recipient may process the personal data either electronically or manually The personal data which may be processed under this Article shall include any information which may have a bearing on the prudence or commercial merits of investing, or disposing of any shares (or other investment or security) in the Company. Other than as required by law, court order or other regulatory authority, that personal data may not be disclosed by a Recipient or any other person except to a Member of the same Group ("Recipient Group Companies") and to employees, directors and professional advisers of that Recipient or the Recipient Group Companies and funds managed by any of the Recipient Group Companies. Each of the Shareholders and Directors consent to the transfer of relevant personal data to persons acting on behalf of the Recipient and to the offices of any Recipient both within and outside the European Economic Area for the purposes stated above, where it is necessary or desirable to do so.

31 Secretary

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may appoint a secretary for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

32 Lien

- 32.1 The Company shall have a first and paramount lien (the "Company's Lien") over every Share not fully paid for all and any indebtedness of any holder of it to the Company (whether a sole holder or one of two or more joint holders), whether or not that indebtedness or liability is in respect of the Shares concerned and whether or not it is presently payable.
- 32.2 The Company's Lien over a Share.
 - 32.2.1 shall take priority over any third party's interest in that Share; and
 - extends to any dividend or other money payable by the Company in respect of that Share and (if the lien is enforced and the Share is sold by the Company) the proceeds of sale of that Share.

The Directors may at any time decide that a Share which is, or would otherwise be, subject to the Company's Lien shall not be subject to it, either wholly or in part

- 32 3 Subject to the provisions of this Article 32, if
 - a notice complying with Article 32.4 (a "Lien Enforcement Notice") has been given by the Company in respect of a Share; and
 - 32 3 2 the person to whom the notice was given has failed to comply with it,

the Company shall be entitled to sell that Share in such manner as the Directors decide.

32.4 A Lien Enforcement Notice:

may only be given by the Company in respect of a Share which is subject to the Company's Lien, in respect of which a sum is payable and the due date for payment of that sum has passed;

- 32.4.1 must specify the Share concerned;
- 32.4.2 must require payment of the sum payable within 14 days of the notice;
- 32.4.3 must be addressed either to the holder of the Share or to a person entitled to it by reason of the holder's death, bankruptcy or otherwise; and
- 32.4.4 must state the Company's intention to sell the Share if the notice is not complied with.
- 32.5 Where any Share is sold pursuant to this Article 32:
 - 32.5 1 the Directors may authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Share to the purchaser or a person nominated by the purchaser, and
 - 32.5.2 the transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, and the transferee's title shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the sale.

- 32 6 The net proceeds of any such sale (after payment of the costs of sale and any other costs of enforcing the lien) must be applied:
 - 32.6.1 first, in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as was payable at the date of the Lien Enforcement Notice;
 - 32.6.2 secondly, to the person entitled to the Share at the date of the sale, but only after the certificate for the Share sold has been surrendered to the Company for cancellation or an indemnity in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Directors has been given for any lost certificate, and subject to a lien equivalent to the Company's Lien for any money payable (whether or not it is presently payable) as existing upon the Share before the sale in respect of all Shares registered in the name of that person (whether as the sole registered holder or as one of several joint holders) after the date of the Lien Enforcement Notice.
- 32.7 A statutory declaration by a Director or the company secretary that the declarant is a Director or the company secretary and that a Share has been sold to satisfy the Company's Lien on a specified date:
 - 32.7.1 shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Share; and
 - 32.7.2 subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by these Articles or by law, shall constitute a good title to the Share.

33 Call Notices

33 1 Subject to these Articles and the terms on which Shares are allotted, the Directors may send a notice (a "Call Notice") to a Shareholder requiring the Shareholder to pay the Company a specified sum of money (a "call") which is payable to the Company by that Shareholder when the Directors decide to send the Call Notice.

33.2 A Call Notice:

- may not require a Shareholder to pay a call which exceeds the total sum unpaid on that Shareholder's Shares (whether as to the Share's nominal value or any sum payable to the Company by way of premium);
- 33.2.2 shall state when and how any call to which it relates it is to be paid; and
- 33.2.3 may permit or require the call to be paid by instalments.
- 33.3 A Shareholder shall comply with the requirements of a Call Notice, but no Shareholder shall be obliged to pay any call before 14 days have passed since the notice was sent.
- 33.4 Before the Company has received any call due under a Call Notice the Directors may:
 - 33.4.1 revoke it wholly or in part; or

- 33.4.2 specify a later time for payment than is specified in the Cail Notice, by a further notice in writing to the Shareholder in respect of whose Shares the call is made.
- 33.5 Liability to pay a call shall not be extinguished or transferred by transferring the Shares in respect of which it is required to be paid. Joint holders of a Share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of that Share.
- 33.6 Subject to the terms on which Shares are allotted, the Directors may, when issuing Shares, provide that Call Notices sent to the holders of those Shares may require them to:
 - 33.6.1 pay calls which are not the same; or
 - 33 6.2 pay calls at different times
- 33.7 A Call Notice need not be issued in respect of sums which are specified, in the terms on which a Share is issued, as being payable to the Company in respect of that Share (whether in respect of nominal value or premium):
 - 33.7 1 on allotment,
 - 33 7 2 on the occurrence of a particular event; or
 - 33 7.3 on a date fixed by or in accordance with the terms of issue.
- 33.8 If the due date for payment of such a sum as referred to in Article 33.7 has passed and it has not been paid, the holder of the Share concerned shall be treated in all respects as having failed to comply with a Call Notice in respect of that sum, and shall be liable to the same consequences as regards the payment of interest and forfeiture
- 33.9 If a person is liable to pay a call and fails to do so by the Call Payment Date (as defined below).
 - 33.9.1 the Directors may issue a notice of intended forfeiture to that person; and
 - until the call is paid, that person shall be required to pay the Company interest on the call from the call payment date at the Relevant Rate (as defined below).
- 33.10 For the purposes of Article 33.9:
 - 33.10.1 the "Call Payment Date" shall be the time when the call notice states that a call is payable, unless the Directors give a notice specifying a later date, in which case the "Call Payment Date" is that later date;
 - 33.10 2 the "Relevant Rate" shall be:
 - (a) the rate fixed by the terms on which the Share in respect of which the call is due was allotted;
 - (b) such other rate as was fixed in the Call Notice which required payment of the call, or has otherwise been determined by the Directors; or

- (c) If no rate is fixed in either of these ways, five per cent. a year,
- provided that the Relevant Rate shall not exceed by more than five percentage points the base lending rate most recently set by the Monetary Policy Committee of the Bank of England in connection with its responsibilities under Part 2 of the Bank of England Act 1998(a)
- 33.11 The Directors may waive any obligation to pay interest on a call wholly or in part.
- 33 12 The Directors may accept full payment of any unpaid sum in respect of a Share despite payment not being called under a Call Notice

34 Forfeiture of Shares

- 34 1 A notice of intended forfeiture:
 - 34.1.1 may be sent in respect of any Share in respect of which a call has not been paid as required by a Call Notice;
 - shall be sent to the holder of that Share or to a person entitled to it by reason of the holder's death, bankruptcy or otherwise,
 - 34.1.3 shall require payment of the call and any accrued interest and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment by a date which is not fewer than 14 days after the date of the notice;
 - 34.1.4 shall state how the payment is to be made; and
 - 34 1 5 shall state that if the notice is not complied with, the Shares in respect of which the call is payable will be liable to be forfeited
- 34 2 If a notice of intended forfeiture is not complied with before the date by which payment of the call is required in the notice of intended forfeiture, then the Directors may decide that any Share in respect of which it was given is forfeited, and the forfeiture is to include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited Shares and not paid before the forfeiture.
- 34.3 Subject to these Articles, the forfeiture of a Share extinguishes:
 - 34.3.1 all interests in that Share, and all claims and demands against the Company in respect of it, and
 - all other rights and liabilities incidental to the Share as between the person whose Share it was prior to the forfeiture and the Company
- 34.4 Any Share which is forfeited in accordance with these Articles:
 - 34.4.1 shall be deemed to have been forfeited when the Directors decide that it is forfeited;
 - 34.4.2 shall be deemed to be the property of the Company; and
 - 34.4.3 may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of as the Directors think fit.
- 34 5 If a person's Shares have been forfeited then:

- 34.5.1 the Company shall send that person notice that forfeiture has occurred and record it in the register of members;
- 34 5.2 that person shall cease to be a Shareholder in respect of those Shares;
- 34 5.3 that person shall surrender the certificate for the Shares forfeited to the Company for cancellation,
- 34 5.4 that person shall remain liable to the Company for all sums payable by that person under the Articles at the date of forfeiture in respect of those Shares, including any interest (whether accrued before or after the date of forfeiture); and
- 34.5.5 the Directors shall be entitled to waive payment of such sums wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the Shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal
- 34 6 At any time before the Company disposes of a forfeited Share, the Directors shall be entitled to decide to cancel the forfeiture on payment of all calls and interest and expenses due in respect of it and on such other terms as they think fit.
- 34.7 If a forfeited Share is to be disposed of by being transferred, the Company shall be entitled to receive the consideration for the transfer and the Directors shall be entitled to authorise any person to execute the instrument of transfer.
- 34.8 A statutory declaration by a Director or the company secretary that the declarant is a Director or the company secretary and that a Share has been forfeited on a specified date.
 - 34.8.1 shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Share; and
 - 34.8.2 subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the Share.
- 34.9 A person to whom a forfeited Share is transferred shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration (if any) nor shall that person's title to the Share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the forfeiture or transfer of the Share.
- 34.10 If the Company sells a forfeited Share, the person who held it prior to its forfeiture shall be entitled to receive the proceeds of such sale from the Company, net of any commission, and excluding any sum which:
 - 34.10.1 was, or would have become, payable; and
 - 34.10.2 had not, when that Share was forfeited, been paid by that person in respect of that Share,

but no interest shall be payable to such a person in respect of such proceeds and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned on such proceeds.

35 Surrender of Shares

- 35.1 A Shareholder shall be entitled to surrender any Share:
 - 35 1.1 In respect of which the Directors issue a notice of intended forfeiture;
 - 35 1.2 which the Directors forfeit; or
 - 35.1.3 which has been forfeited.

The Directors shall be entitled to accept the surrender of any such Share.

- 35.2 The effect of surrender on a Share shall be the same as the effect of forfeiture on that Share
- 35.3 The Company shall be entitled to deal with a Share which has been surrendered in the same way as a Share which has been forfeited.