# HENDRY STRATEGIC CONSULTING LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 30 NOVEMBER 2015





A08 30/08/2016 COMPANIES HOUSE

#136

# **WYATTS**

Chartered Accountants
York House
1 Seagrave Road
London
SW6 1RP

# ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2015

CONTENTS	PAGE
Abbreviated balance sheet	. 1
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	2

# ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

#### **30 NOVEMBER 2015**

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
FIXED ASSETS	2		
Tangible assets		. 1	1
CURRENT ASSETS	,		
Debtors		26,889	702
Cash at bank and in hand		36,222	71,553
		63,111	72,255
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		19,267	14,059
NET CURRENT ASSETS		43,844	58,196
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		43,845	58,197
	.*		•
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up equity share capital	4	100	100
Profit and loss account		43,745	58,097
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		43,845	58,197
			<del></del>

For the year ended 30 November 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

## Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 26 August 2016, and are signed on their behalf by:

Mrs S Hendry Director

Company Registration Number: 07437823

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2015

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Turnover represents the value of services provided under contracts to the extent that there is a right to consideration and is recorded at the value of the consideration due.

Where a contract has only been partially completed at the balance sheet date turnover represents the value of the service provided to date based on a proportion of the total expected consideration at completion. Where payments are received from customers in advance of services provided, the amounts are recorded as deferred Income and included as part of creditors due within one year.

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment

33.33% on cost

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2015

#### 2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST At 1 December 2014 and 30 November 2015	4,336
DEPRECIATION At 1 December 2014	4,335
At 30 November 2015	4,335
NET BOOK VALUE At 30 November 2015	_1
At 30 November 2014	1

#### 3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company was under the control of Mrs S Hendry throughout the year. Mrs S Hendry is the managing director and equal shareholder with Mr C Hendry.

At the balance sheet date the company owed amount of £1,138 (2014: £4,085), included in creditors payable within one year, to the company directors. The amount is interest free and not repayable in preference to other creditors.

During the year the company directors received the following dividends:

			2015	2014
			£	£
Mrs S Hendry			30,000	30,000

# 4. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

2015		2014	
£	No.	£	
100	100	100	
	£ 100	£ No.	