Registered number: 07435629

ALBANY WINDOWS LTD

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019



ALBANY WINDOWS LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 07435629

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 APRIL 2019

					
	Note		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		54,304		50,156
Current assets					
Stocks	5	25,784		44,072	
Debtors	6	122,306		98,110	
Cash at bank		121,394		74,896	
	,	269,484	-	217,078	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(138,226)		(138,606)	
Net current assets		·- ·- ·-	131,258	-11.7	78,472
Total assets less current liabilities		_	185,562	_	128,628
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Provisions for liabilities	8		(11,960)		(9,263)
Deferred tax			(8,449)		(7,754)
Net assets		-	165,153	_	111,611
Capital and reserves		_		_	
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			165,053		111,511
		-	165,153	_	111,611
		=		=	

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

ALBANY WINDOWS LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 07435629

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 APRIL 2019

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on $\frac{16}{100}$ Tankay $\frac{2020}{100}$

T E Goldsby Director

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

1. General information

The entity is a private company, limited by shares, which was incorporated and registered in England. (company number 07435629). The address of the registered office is Unit 40, Space Busines Centre, Tewkesbury Road, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, GL51 9FL.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The company has cash resources and has no requirement for external funding. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. They continue to believe the going concern basis of accounting appropriate in preparing the annual financial statements.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.4 Operating leases

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings on a straight line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings on a straight line basis.

2.6 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight line method and on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery - 25% straight line
Motor vehicles - 20% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings - 25% straight line
Office equipment - 25% straight line

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

2.9 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.10 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.11 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 14 (2018 - 15).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

Motor Fixtures and

Office

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4.	Tangible fixed assets	S	

Plant and

		machinery £	vehicles £	fittings £	Office equipment £	Total £
	Cost or valuation					
	At 1 May 2018	1,100	76,799	20,251	6,375	104,525
	Additions	560	17,489	1,389	1,799	21,237
	At 30 April 2019	1,660	94,288	21,640	8,174	125,762
	Depreciation					
	At 1 May 2018	505	34,855	14,844	4,165	54,369
	Charge for the year on owned assets	312	793	4,449	1,260	6,814
	Charge for the year on financed assets		40.075			40.075
	financed assets	•	10,275	-	-	10,275
	At 30 April 2019	817	45,923	19,293	5,425	71,458
	Net book value					
	At 30 April 2019	843	48,365	2,347	2,749	54,304
	At 30 April 2018	595	41,944	5,407	2,210	50,156
	The net book value of assets h	neld under finan	ce leases or	hire purchase c	ontracts, included	d above. are
	as follows:					
	as follows:				2019 £	2018 £
	Motor vehicles					2018
5.					£	2018 £
5.	Motor vehicles				£	2018 £
5.	Motor vehicles Stocks	esale			£ 45,473 = 2019 £	2018 £ 38,260 2018 £
5.	Motor vehicles				£ 45,473 =	2018 £ 38,260

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

6.	Debtors		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Trade debtors	84,653	62,844
	Other debtors	5,274	3,930
	Prepayments and accrued income	32,379	31,336
		122,306	98,110
7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2019	2018
		2019 £	2018 £
	Trade creditors	49,618	66,858
	Corporation tax	14,109	699
	Other taxation and social security	28,480	32,882
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	12,251	10,484
	Other creditors	26,833	20,517
	Accruals and deferred income	6,935	7,166
		138,226	138,606
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	11,960	9,263