Registration number: 07432479

# Pocket App Ltd

**Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements** 

for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Roffe Swayne Ashcombe Court Woolsack Way Godalming Surrey GU7 1LQ



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## **Company Information**

**Directors** 

P Swaddle

H Griffiths

J Leathers

A Hull

Registered office

22-25 Portman Close

London

W1H 6BS

**Accountants** 

Roffe Swayne Ashcombe Court Woolsack Way Godalming Surrey

Surrey GU7 1LQ

### (Registration number: 07432479) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets	•		
Intangible assets	4	199,179	223,769
Tangible assets	5	1,724	7,069
Investments	6	2,010	2,010
Other investments	7	60,000	68,100
•		262,913	300,948
Current assets			•
Debtors	8	210,509	445,216
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(428,589)	(412,913)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(218,080)	32,303
Total assets less current liabilities		44,833	333,251
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	9	<u> </u>	(47,450)
Net assets		44,833	285,801
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	38,523	38,531
Share premium reserve		1,404,529	1,404,590
Profit and loss account		(1,398,219)	(1,157,320)
Total equity		44,833	285,801

For the financial year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

(Registration number: 07432479) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

Approved and authorised by the Board on .16/06/20. and signed on its behalf by:

P Swaddle Director

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales. The address of its registered office is: 22-25 Portman Close London

W1H 6BS

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### **Summary of disclosure exemptions**

The company has taken advantage of exemption under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

#### Group accounts not prepared

The company has taken advantage of exemption under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 ' The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' not to prepare group accounts.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis due to continued support of the shareholders and directors. We have paid particular attention to the likely effects on the business of the current Covid-19 outbreak and the directors remain confident that sufficient funding is in place and that the company has adequate resources to enable the company to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future.

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency, Sterling, at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising from the movement in rates between the date of the transaction and the date of the settlement are taken to the income statement as they arise.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Research and development tax credits are recognised on an accruals basis.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Fixtures and fittings

33.33% straight line

Office equipment

33.33% straight line

#### **Business combinations**

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at acquisition date of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control of the acquired, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination contingent on future events, the group includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination at the acquisition date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably.

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

**Asset class** 

Amortisation method and rate

**Development costs** 

20% straight line

#### Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

#### **Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Research and development

Expenditure on new product development, which meets the criteria within section 18 of FRS102 for deferral to future periods, is capitalised as an intangible fixed asset.

General expenditure on research and development which does not meet the criteria is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

#### Work in progress

Revenue from long term contracts is recognised by stage of completion. Stage of completion is measured by reference to costs incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated costs for each contract. Where the contract outcome cannot be measured reliably, revenue is measured only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable. Full provision is made for losses on all contracts in the year in which they are first forseen.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### Summary of significant judgements and key accounting estimates

The significant judgements and sources of key accounting estimates that have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These have been deemed appropriate and consistently applied to all the years presented.

#### **Judgements**

The amortisation rates of development projects are based on the directors judgements as to how long the projects will provide economic benefit to the company.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 11 (2019 - 13).

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

## 4 Intangible assets

	Internally generated software development costs	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April 2019	449,393	449,393
Additions internally developed	50,000	50,000
At 31 March 2020	499,393	499,393
Amortisation		
At 1 April 2019	225,624	225,624
Amortisation charge	74,590	74,590
At 31 March 2020	300,214	300,214
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2020	199,179	199,179
At 31 March 2019	223,769	223,769

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

## 5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April 2019	50,421	50,421
Disposals	(15,998)	(15,998)
At 31 March 2020	34,423	34,423
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2019	43,352	43,352
Charge for the year	1,486	1,486
Eliminated on disposal	(12,139)	(12,139)
At 31 March 2020	32,699	32,699
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2020	1,724	1,724
At 31 March 2019	7,069	7,069

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

6 Investments		
	2020 £	2019 £
Investments in subsidiaries	1,984	1,984
Investments in associates	26_	26
	2,010	2,010
Subsidiaries		£
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2019		1,984
Provision		
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2020		1,984
At 31 March 2019		1,984
Associates		£
Cost At 1 April 2019	_	26_
Provision		
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2020		26
At 31 March 2019		26

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

### 7 Other investments

	Other investments at cost less impairment £	Total £
Non-current other investments		
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2019 Disposals	68,100 (8,100)	68,100 (8,100)
At 31 March 2020	60,000	60,000
Impairment		
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2020	60,000	60,000
8 Debtors		
	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors	64,058	223,340
Prepayments	5,103	35,657
Other debtors	8,100	36,459
Corporation tax recoverable	133,248	149,760
	210,509	445,216

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

### 9 Creditors

/ Creditors				
		Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year				
Loans and borrowings		11	86,405	53,706
Trade creditors			66,269	70,151
Amounts owed to group undertaking		gs in	·	·
which the company has a participatir	ng interest		85,279	63,362
Taxation and social security			79,773	120,193
Accruals and deferred income			101,861	93,080
Other creditors			9,002	12,421
			428,589	412,913
·		Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		11		47,450
10 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid sha	res			
	20:	20	20:	19
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £0.01 each	3,852,265	38,522.65	3,853,142	38,531.42
11 Loans and borrowings				
-			2020	2019
			£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings Other borrowings				47,450

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

### 11 Loans and borrowings (continued)

	2020 £	2019 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank overdrafts	26,015	38,524
Other borrowings	60,390	15,182
	86,405	53,706

The bank overdraft and other borrowings are secured by way of fixed and floating charges over the assets of the company.