

Company number 07412270

**Caledonian Property Estates Limited**  
**Directors' report and financial statements**  
**For the 3 month period ending 31 December 2010**

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**Directors**

J D Burns  
N Q George  
S P Silver  
D G Silverman  
P M Williams  
D M A Wisniewski

**Secretary and registered office**

T J Kite  
25 Savile Row  
London  
W1S 2ER

**Company number**

7412270

**Auditors**

BDO LLP  
55 Baker Street  
London  
W1U 7EU

## **Directors' report**

### **Principal activities and future developments**

Caledonian Property Estates Limited was incorporated on 19 October 2010. The Company is a property investment company. The directors foresee no material change in the nature of the Company's activities.

### **Financial review and dividends**

The results for the financial period are set out in the profit and loss account on page 4. The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend.

### **Charitable and political contributions**

There were no charitable donations or political contributions in the financial period.

### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the financial period were as follows:

J D Burns  
N Q George  
S P Silver  
D G Silverman  
P M Williams  
D M A Wisniewski

### **Disclosure of information to auditors**

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

### **Business review exemption**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 and section 417(1) of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Auditors**

BDO LLP were appointed as the Company's first auditors during the period. Under the Companies Act 2006 section 487(2) they will be automatically re-appointed as auditors 28 days after these accounts are sent to the members, unless the members exercise their rights under the Companies Act 2006 to prevent their re-appointment.

## **Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements**

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board



T. J. Kite  
Secretary  
25 Savile Row  
London  
W1S 2ER

16 June 2011

## **Independent auditors' report to the members of Caledonian Property Estates Limited**

We have audited the financial statements of Caledonian Property Estates Limited for the financial period ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of total recognised gains and losses and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### *Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors*

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### *Scope of the audit of the financial statements*

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at [www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm](http://www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm)

### *Opinion on financial statements*

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its loss for the period then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

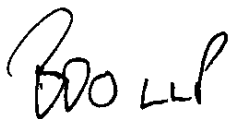
### *Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006*

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

### *Matters on which we are required to report by exception*

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the directors' report in accordance with the small companies' regime.



Richard Kelly (senior statutory auditor)  
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor  
London  
United Kingdom

16 June 2011

**BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)**

# Caledonian Property Estates Limited

## Profit and loss account

For the period from 19 October 2010 to 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 £
Net property income	3	1,414
Administrative expenses		(3,988)
		<hr/>
Operating loss		(2,574)
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(7,833)
		<hr/>
Loss on ordinary activities		(10,407)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	6	-
		<hr/>
Loss for the period after tax		(10,407)
		<hr/> <hr/>
All amounts relate to continuing activities		

There are no differences between the results presented above and those on a historic cost basis

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these financial statements

# Caledonian Property Estates Limited

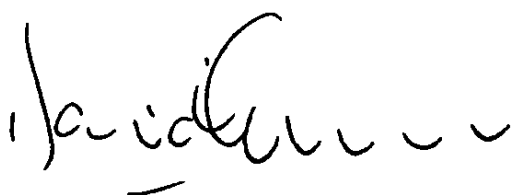
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## Balance sheet

at 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 £
Non-current assets		
Tangible assets	7	955,000
		<hr/>
		955,000
Current assets		
Debtors falling due within one year	8	1,039
		<hr/>
		1,039
Current liabilities		
Creditors falling due within one year	9	(966,621)
		<hr/>
		(965,582)
Net current liabilities		<hr/>
Net liabilities		(10,582)
		<hr/>
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital	10	1,000
Revaluation reserve	11	(1,175)
Profit and loss account	11	(10,407)
		<hr/>
Equity shareholders' funds		(10,582)
		<hr/>

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 16 June 2011 and were signed on its behalf by



Director

D.G. SILVERMAN

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these financial statements

# Caledonian Property Estates Limited

## Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2010

	2010 £
Loss for the financial year	(10,407)
Unrealised deficit on revaluation of properties	(1,175)
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the financial year	<u>(11,582)</u>

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these financial statements



# Caledonian Property Estates Limited

## 1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules, as modified by the revaluation of certain properties and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006

Under FRS 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that its ultimate parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements

The company's ultimate parent company, Derwent London plc, has provided the company with an undertaking that for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, it will not seek repayment of the amounts currently owing

Based on this understanding, the directors believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis notwithstanding the net current liabilities on the company's balance sheet. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the basis of preparation being inappropriate

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements

## 2 Accounting policies

### Net rental income

Rental income is recognised on an accruals basis. Rent increases arising from rent reviews are recognised as income when, either such reviews have been settled with tenants or, based on estimates, it is reasonable to assume they will be received

### Operating lease incentives

Operating lease incentives include rent free periods and other incentives (such as contributions towards fitting out costs) given to lessees on entering into lease agreements

In accordance with UITF Abstract 28 'Operating Lease Incentives', rent receivable in the period from lease commencement to the earlier of the first rent review to the prevailing market rate and the lease end date, is spread evenly over that period. The cost of the other incentives is spread on a straight-line basis over a similar period

### Investment properties

Tangible assets consist solely of investment properties and, as defined by SSAP 19, are revalued annually by independent valuers in accordance with the Valuation Standards published by The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and are included in the balance sheet on the basis of market value less the UITF 28 lease incentive debtor. The aggregate surplus or deficit arising from such revaluation is transferred to the revaluation reserve. However, if on an individual property, a deficit arising from a valuation below cost is expected to be permanent, it is charged to the profit and loss account with any subsequent reversal being credited to the same

A property in the course of development is stated at its value at the time it was so designated, plus subsequent development costs less any impairment. All outgoings, excluding interest, which can be fairly attributed to a development, are considered development costs. The property is revalued once the certificate of practical completion has been issued

### Interest and other outgoings on property developments

Interest and other outgoings on vacant properties prior to redevelopment are treated as revenue expenditure and written off as incurred. Interest costs on properties in development are written off as incurred

### Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the period and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

### 3 Net rental income from investment properties

	2010 £
Gross rental income	3,460
Property outgoings less amounts recovered from tenants	(2,046)
	<hr/>
	1,414
	<hr/>

### 4 Operating loss

Audit fees are paid by Derwent London plc

The Company does not have any employees and there were no directors' emoluments

### 5 Interest payable and similar charges

	2010 £
Intercompany interest	7,833
	<hr/>
	7,833
	<hr/>

### 6 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

There is no tax charge for the period

#### Factors affecting the tax for the period

The current tax charge for the period is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below

	2010 £
Current tax reconciliation	
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(10,407)
	<hr/>
Current tax at 28%	(2,914)
Effects of	
Differences between expenses and deductions for tax purposes	1,117
Group relief surrendered not paid	1,845
Transfer pricing adjustment	(48)
	<hr/>
Current tax charge for the period	-
	<hr/>

## 7 Tangible Assets

### Investment Properties

	Freehold £
Valuation	
Acquisitions	955,000
Capital expenditure	1,175
Revaluation	(1,175)
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2010	955,000
	<hr/>
Historical cost of revalued assets	£
At 31 December 2010	956,175
	<hr/>

The investment properties were revalued at 31 December 2010 by external valuers, CB Richard Ellis Limited, on the basis of market value as defined by the Valuation Standards published by The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors

## 8 Debtors

	2010 £
Falling due within one year	
Amounts due from group undertakings	1,012
Trade debtors	27
	<hr/>
	1,039
	<hr/>

## 9 Creditors

	2010 £
Falling due within one year	
Amounts owed to group undertakings	966,621
	<hr/>
	966,621
	<hr/>

## 10 Called up share capital

	2010 £
<b>Authorised</b>	
1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000
	<hr/>
	1,000
	<hr/>
<b>Allotted, called up and fully paid</b>	
1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000
	<hr/>

On 19 October 2010 1,000 ordinary shares of £1 were issued at par

Consideration for the share capital has been paid through the intercompany loan account

## 11 Reserves

	Profit and loss account £	Revaluation reserve £
Loss for the financial period	(10,407)	-
Deficit on revaluation of investment properties	-	(1,175)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>At 31 December 2010</b>	<b>(10,407)</b>	<b>(1,175)</b>
	<hr/>	<hr/>

## 12. Reconciliation of movements in equity shareholders' funds

	2010 £
<b>Loss for the financial period</b>	<b>(10,407)</b>
Issue of share capital during the period	1,000
Other recognised gains and losses relating to the period	(1,175)
	<hr/>
Net movement in shareholders' funds	(10,582)
Opening shareholders' funds	-
	<hr/>
<b>Closing shareholders' funds</b>	<b>(10,582)</b>
	<hr/>

## 13 Related party transactions

As a wholly owned subsidiary of Derwent London plc the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 "Related party disclosures" and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group

## 14 Parent company

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Derwent Valley Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales

The Company's ultimate parent company is Derwent London plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales, whose registered office is at 25 Savile Row, London, W1S 2ER. Copies of the consolidated group accounts can be obtained from this address