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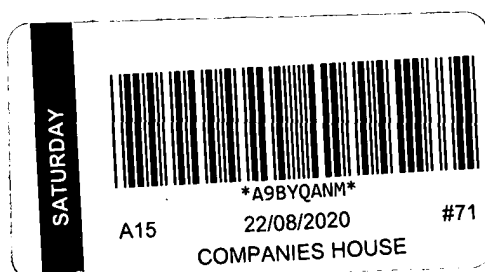
**PLUMMER PROPERTY CONSULTING LIMITED**

**COMPANY NUMBER 7411046**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST OCTOBER 2019**

**KING LOOSE & CO**  
**ACCOUNTANTS**  
**ST JOHN'S HOUSE**  
**5 SOUTH PARADE**  
**SUMMERTOWN**  
**OXFORD OX2 7JL**



**PLUMMER PROPERTY CONSULTING LIMITED**

**COMPANY INFORMATION**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST OCTOBER 2019**

Directors	M. C. Plummer Esq. Mrs M. J. C. Plummer
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Company number	7411046
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Registered office	5 South Parade Summertown Oxford OX2 7JL
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Accountants	King Loose & Co Accountants St John's House 5 South Parade Summertown Oxford OX2 7JL
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Bankers	Barclays Bank Plc 4 Pound Way Cowley Oxford OX4 3XT
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**PLUMMER PROPERTY CONSULTING LIMITED**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST OCTOBER 2019**

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**PLUMMER PROPERTY CONSULTING LIMITED**

**ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE  
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PLUMMER PROPERTY CONSULTING LIMITED**

In accordance with the engagement letter, and in order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have compiled the financial statements of the company which comprise the Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet and related notes, from the accounting records and information you have given to us.

This report is made to the Company's Board of Directors, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken so that we might compile the financial statements that we have been engaged to compile, report to the Company's Board of Directors that we have done so, and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permissible by law, we do not accept nor assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

We have carried out this engagement in accordance with the technical guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, and have complied with the ethical guidance laid down by the Institute relating to members undertaking the compilation of financial statements.

You have acknowledged on the Balance Sheet your duty to ensure that the company has kept proper accounting records and to prepare financial statements for the year ended 31st October 2019 that give a true and fair view under the Companies Act 2006. You consider that the company is exempt from the statutory requirement for an audit for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit of the financial statements. For this reason we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements.

King, loose & Co

21st August 2020

**King Loose & Co**  
**Accountants**  
**St John's House**  
**5 South Parade**  
**Summertown**  
**Oxford OX2 7JL**

**PLUMMER PROPERTY CONSULTING LIMITED**

**BALANCE SHEET (COMPANY NUMBER 7411046)**

**AS AT 31ST OCTOBER 2019**

	Notes	£	2019	£	2018	£
<b>Fixed Assets</b>						
Tangible assets	4			4,626		5,221
<b>Current Assets</b>						
Stocks			-		2,906	
Debtors	5		17,471		49,413	
Cash at bank and in hand			3,929		69,546	
			21,400		121,865	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	6		(29,032)		(48,632)	
<b>Net Current (liabilities)/assets</b>				(7,632)		73,233
<b>Total Assets Less Current Liabilities</b>				(3,006)		78,454
<b>Provisions for Liabilities and Charges</b>	8		(950)			(950)
<b>Net (Liabilities)/Assets</b>				(3,956)		77,504
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>						
Called up share capital	9		10		10	
Profit and loss account	10		(3,966)		77,494	
<b>Total Shareholders' Funds</b>				(3,956)		77,504

The directors consider that for the year ended 31st October 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006. No member or members have deposited a notice requesting an audit for the current financial year under Section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 386 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 393 and 394, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to the financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

No profit and loss account is presented in accordance with Section 444(5a) of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors on ..... 14/08/2020



M. C. Plummer Esq.  
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**PLUMMER PROPERTY CONSULTING LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST OCTOBER 2019**

**1. Company information**

Plummer Property Consulting Limited ('the company') is a limited company incorporated in the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is:

5 South Parade  
Summertown  
Oxford OX2 7JL

The principal activity of the company throughout the period was that of property surveying and consultancy.

These financial statements have been presented in sterling (£) as this is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates.

**PLUMMER PROPERTY CONSULTING LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST OCTOBER 2019**

**2. Accounting policies**

**Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, in accordance with the accounting policies set out below, FRS 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, and the Companies Act 2006.

**Going concern**

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The current economic conditions present increased risks for all businesses. In response to such conditions, the directors have carefully considered these risks, including an assessment of uncertainty on future trading projections for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements, and the extent to which they might affect the preparation of the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The directors considers that the going concern basis is appropriate to the presentation of the financial statements.

**Revenue recognition**

**1. Rendering of services**

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be estimated reliably the company recognises revenue associated with the transaction by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period. The outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably when all the following conditions are satisfied:-

- a. the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- b. it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity;
- c. the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- d. the costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue for support services is therefore recognised proportionally over the performance of the service contract.

**2. Interest income**

Interest income is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest rate method.

**Taxation**

Tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax currently payable, relating to UK corporation tax, is calculated on the basis of the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date.

# **PLUMMER PROPERTY CONSULTING LIMITED**

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST OCTOBER 2019**

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the reporting date. Transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, gives rise to a deferred tax liability or asset. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. The tax expense is recognised in the same component of comprehensive income or equity as the transaction or other event that resulted in the tax expense.

#### **Foreign currencies**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pounds Sterling using the exchange rate prevailing at the date the transactions took place. Where this is not possible to determine, income and expense items are translated using an average exchange rate for the period.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at that date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at the reporting date of monetary assets and liabilities are reported in profit and loss.

#### **Stock**

Stock and work in progress is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the first-in first-out method and consists of the purchase price, transport and handling costs and conversion costs less trade discounts and rebates. The costs of conversion include costs directly related to the units of production as well as an allocation of fixed and variable production overheads.

#### **Tangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives at the following rates:

Misc equipment	-	25% reducing balance basis
Computer equipment	-	33% reducing balance basis
Fixtures and fittings	-	15% reducing balance basis

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated in the same way as owned assets.

At each balance sheet date the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If such an indication exists the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the asset the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.



**PLUMMER PROPERTY CONSULTING LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST OCTOBER 2019**

**Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the obligation will be required to be settled, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Provisions are discounted when the time value of money is material.

**Financial instruments**

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The company holds basic financial instruments, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, and loans and borrowings. The company has chosen to apply the provisions of Section 11 Basic Financial Instruments in full.

**Financial assets - classified as basic financial instruments**

- i) Cash and cash equivalents  
Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.
- ii) Trade and other receivables  
Trade and other receivables that are receivable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be received, net of any impairment.

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is objective evidence that any receivable amount may be impaired. A provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised immediately in profit and loss.

- iii) Trade and other payables and loans and borrowings  
Trade and other payables that are payable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be paid.

**Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty**

In applying the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in determining the carrying amount of assets and liabilities. The estimates and assumptions are based on the best and most reliable evidence available at the time when the decisions are made, and are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be applicable. Due to the inherent subjectivity involved in making such judgements, estimates and assumptions, the actual results and outcomes may differ.

**PLUMMER PROPERTY CONSULTING LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST OCTOBER 2019**

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

<b>3. Employees</b>		<b><u>2019</u></b>	<b><u>2018</u></b>
		<b><u>Number</u></b>	<b><u>Number</u></b>
<b>Number of employees</b>			
The average monthly numbers of employees (including the directors) during the year were:			
		3	3
<b>4. Tangible assets</b>		<b><u>Fixtures and fittings</u></b>	<b><u>Total</u></b>
	<b><u>Misc equipment</u></b>	<b><u>Computer equipment</u></b>	<b><u>£</u></b>
	<b><u>£</u></b>	<b><u>£</u></b>	<b><u>£</u></b>
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1st November 2018	595	11,079	13,700
Additions	-	-	1,049
At 31st October 2019	595	11,079	14,749
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1st November 2018	421	7,311	8,479
Charge for the year	51	1,244	1,644
At 31st October 2019	472	8,555	10,123
<b>Net book value</b>			
At 31st October 2019	123	2,524	4,626
At 31st October 2018	174	3,768	5,221
<b>5. Debtors</b>		<b><u>2019</u></b>	<b><u>2018</u></b>
		<b><u>£</u></b>	<b><u>£</u></b>
Trade debtors		15,502	19,191
Other debtors		1,697	29,901
Prepayments and accrued income		272	321
		17,471	49,413

**PLUMMER PROPERTY CONSULTING LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST OCTOBER 2019**

<b>6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	<b><u>2019</u> £</b>	<b><u>2018</u> £</b>
Corporation tax	21,250	33,475
Other taxes and social security costs	2,842	7,197
Directors' current accounts	330	-
Other creditors	-	3,660
Accruals and deferred income	4,610	4,300
	<u>29,032</u>	<u>48,632</u>

The directors' current accounts are unsecured and currently non-interest bearing.

<b>7. Provisions</b>	<b><u>Deferred taxation (Note 8)</u> £</b>	<b><u>Total</u> £</b>
At 1st November 2018	950	950
At 31st October 2019	<u>950</u>	<u>950</u>

<b>8. Deferred tax</b>	<b><u>2019</u> £</b>	<b><u>2018</u> £</b>
Included in provision (note 7)	<u>950</u>	<u>950</u>

The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	<b><u>2019</u> £</b>	<b><u>2018</u> £</b>
Accelerated capital allowances	<u>950</u>	<u>950</u>

<b>9. Share capital</b>	<b><u>2019</u> £</b>	<b><u>2018</u> £</b>
<b>Authorised</b>		
10 ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>
<b>Issued and fully paid</b>		
10 ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>

**PLUMMER PROPERTY CONSULTING LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST OCTOBER 2019**

**10. Equity Reserves**

	<b><u>Profit and loss account</u></b> <b>£</b>	<b><u>Total</u></b> <b>£</b>
<b>At 1st November 2018</b>	77,494	77,494
Profit for the year	86,040	86,040
Equity Dividends	(167,500)	(167,500)
<b>At 31st October 2019</b>	<b>(3,966)</b>	<b>(3,966)</b>

**11. Transactions with directors**

**Advances to directors**

The following directors had interest free loans during the previous year. The movements on these loans are as follows:

	<b><u>Amount owing</u></b>		<b><u>Maximum</u></b>
	<b><u>2019</u></b>	<b><u>2018</u></b>	<b><u>in year</u></b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
M. C. Plummer Esq.	-	27,000	27,000

**12. Deferred asset**

The company had paid out dividends at the year end which exceeded its distributable reserves. This over payment represents a deferred asset to the company.