arqiva

Arqiva Group Limited

Registered number 05254001

Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2021

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Annual Report and Financial Statements - Year Ended 30 June 2021

Corporate Information

As at the date of this report (20 September 2021):

Group Board of Directors

Mark Braithwaite

Mike Darcey

Sally Davis
Paul Donovan

(Chief Executive Officer)

Neil King

Peter Adams (alternate)

Nathan Luckey

Batiste Ogier

Mike Parton

Christian Seymour

Max Fieguth (alternate)

Sean West

(Chief Financial Officer)

Company Secretary

Jeremy Mavor

Group website:

www.arqiva.com

Registered Office

Crawley Court

Winchester

Hampshire

SO21 2QA

Independent Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 1 Embankment Place Charing Cross London WC2N 6RH

Company Registration Number

05254001

Cautionary Statement

This annual report contains various forward-looking statements regarding events and trends that are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results and financial position of the Group to differ materially from the information presented herein. When used in this report, the words "estimate", "project", "intend", "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "should" and similar expressions, as they relate to the Group, are intended to identify such forward looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. Save as otherwise required by any rules or regulations, the Group does not undertake any obligations publicly to release the result of any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

The risks and uncertainties referred to above include:

- actions or decisions by governmental and regulatory bodies, or changes in the regulatory framework in which the Group operates, which may impact the ability of the Group to carry on its businesses;
- changes or advances in technology, and availability of resources such as spectrum, necessary to use new or existing technology, or customer and consumer preferences regarding technology;
- the performance of the markets in the UK, the EU and the wider region in which the Group operates;
- the ability of the Group to realise the benefits it expects from existing and future projects and investments it is undertaking or plans to or may undertake;
- the ability of the Group to develop, expand and maintain its broadcast and machine-to-machine infrastructure;
- the ability of the Group to obtain external financing or maintain sufficient capital to fund its existing and future investments and projects;
- the Group's dependency on only a limited number if key customers for a large percentage of its revenue; and
- expectations as to revenues not under contract.

Guidance note to the annual report:

In this document, references to 'Arqiva' and 'the Group' refer to Arqiva Group Limited ('AGL') and its subsidiaries and markets as the context may require. References to the 'Company' refer to the results and performance of Arqiva Group Limited as a standalone entity.

A reference to a year expressed as 2021 is to the financial year ended 30 June 2021. This convention applies similarly to any reference to a previous or subsequent financial year. Additionally, references to 'current year', 'this year' and 'the year' are in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2021. References to the 'prior year' and 'last year' are to the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

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Arqiva in 2021

ENABLING A SWITCHED-ON WORLD TO FLOW

Who we are

Arqiva is a leading UK communications infrastructure business. We are behind the scenes delivering millions of vital connections to enable millions of people, businesses, and machines to connect wherever they are through TV, radio and machine-to-machine data services, enabling a switched-on world to flow.

Our Infrastructure

c. 1,450 broadcast transmission sites in the UK	1,150 TV transmissions sites
98.5% of the UK population reached through our TV services	275 channels delivered into the UK and Ireland
Market leader for commercial DTT¹ spectrum owning two of the three main national commercial multiplexes	1,100 TV channels delivered internationally via satellite to 5 continents
99.5% targeted network coverage across the North of England and Scotland on our smart energy networks	c.80 satellite dishes accessing 30+ satellites
12 million premises can connect to our smart meter networks	50 million data points delivered every day on our smart metering networks

¹ Refers to Digital Terrestrial Television best known for supporting Freeview

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How we operate

During 2021, following the sale of the Telecoms business, Arqiva has implemented a new single business organisation structure, moving away from the traditional business units and to an integrated structure that will help better serve our customers, their delivery requirements and the products and services that we provide across our Media Distribution and Smart Utilities Networks markets

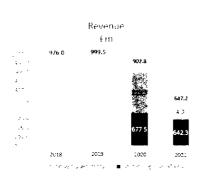
Key Strategic ambitions

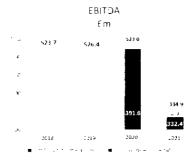
Undisputed leader in UK TV and radio broadcast
Transition global media to cloud solutions
UK's leading smart utilities platform
Innovator of scalable solutions for new

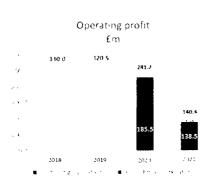
connectivity sectors

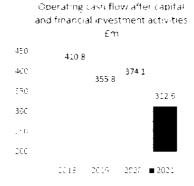
Highlights

Following the sale of the Telecoms business at the beginning of the year, 2021 has continued to see a period of change for Arqiva with expected lower activity on certain major programmes as they reach completion. Whilst core media distribution and smart utilities networks products have remained strong the Group has had decreases on DTT multiplexes and has also seen the planned reduction in project levels related to the completion of the 700 MHz Clearance programme. The Group is now also adapting to focus on key new products for the future sustainability of the business.







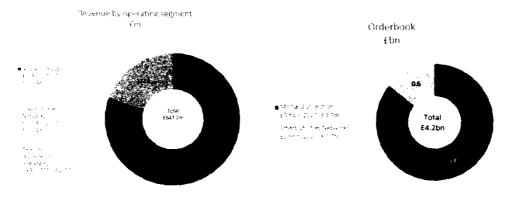


Key financials in the year

- Revenue decrease of 28.3% (5.2% from continuing operations) and EBITDA decrease of 36.0% (15.1% from continuing operations)
- Managed reductions in revenue and EBITDA from the 700MHz clearance programme as the major works on the programme successfully completed in August 2020;
- Decreases due to lower renewal pricing following the end of legacy contracts on the main DTT multiplexes;
- New revenues and EBITDA generated from utilisation of broadcast sites for telecommunications equipment and transitional services following Telecoms sale;
- Continuing the delivery of the core smart energy metering contracts with max network coverage of 99.5% now reached;
- Increase in revenue from ramp up of activity on smart water metering networks and device sales following contract wins in the prior year;
- Disposal of the Group's Telecoms business for consideration of c. £2.0bn. A profit on disposal of £1,038.3m is recognised in the Income statement;

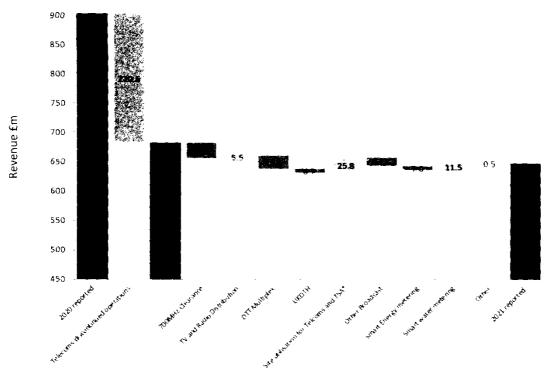
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Deleveraging of the Group following repayment of debt and swap instruments including £550.0m facilities drawn, £108.0m senior term debt and £563.5m of senior bonds and notes.



Key influences on revenue

Group revenue has decreased 28.3% in total and 5.2% from continuing operations reflective of the change in focus of the business following discontinued operations and the expected wind down of certain areas of the business such as 700 MHz clearance following peak project activity in previous years.



*TSA refers to revenue for Transition Services Agreement following the sale of the Telecoms business

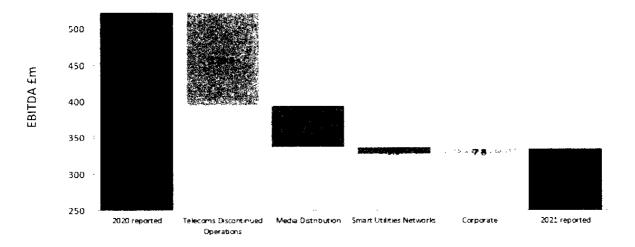


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Key Influences on FBITDA

The following waterfall chart demonstrates the year on year impact of total EBITDA for both continuing and discontinued operations reflecting the key financial factors:

- Discontinued operations: Sale of the Telecoms business, completed on 8 July 2020
- Media Distribution: lower activity on 700MHz clearance programmes, pricing pressures and utilisation on the main DTT multiplexes and increased site costs
- Smart Utilities Networks: Increased activity from water metering device sales
- Corporate: Focus on cost management and reduced staff costs



Chairman's Introduction

2021 Performance

2021 has continued to be a year of challenge and change for the business. Following the sale of the Telecoms business at the beginning of the year, we have continued to invest in our infrastructure and deliver services in our core media distribution and smart utilities networks markets.

Despite the continuing backdrop of the COVID-19 pandemic, we have extended our presence in the utilities sector with growing activity in the smart water metering business following contract wins with water companies in the previous year. We have also had further wins in media distribution including new technology opportunities in the Low Earth Orbit Market. These wins are key to the strategic priorities of the Group as we continue to develop our business.

The continuing business has seen a decline in revenue from previous years reflecting the change in our markets. During the year, we have successfully completed the final 2 major activities for the 700MHz Clearance programme in August 2020 with revenues declining as expected now that the main activities have completed. Whilst we have also faced challenges on pricing on DTT multiplexes, utilisation has improved through the year with the launch of new channels including GB News.

Sale of the Telecoms Business

On 8 July 2020, Arqiva completed the sale of its Telecoms infrastructure to Cellnex in a circa £2.0bn deal. This transaction included the divestment of circa 7,400 of Arqiva's cellular sites, including masts and towers as well as urban rooftop sites, and the right to market a further circa 900 of Arqiva's retained sites across the UK. Relevant staff within the Telecoms business also transferred to Cellnex as part of the transaction. Through the year, Arqiva has continued to support the Cellnex UK business via Transitional Service Agreements (TSAs), the majority of which had successfully completed prior to the year end.

The disposal proceeds were used to repay a portion of Arqiva's debt and related swaps enabling a significant deleveraging of the Group's debt levels.

Business Structure

Following the sale of the Telecoms infrastructure business, Arqiva has adapted and changed how we operate. The Group has undergone a significant restructuring in the year in order to right size and focus on cost management for the smaller remaining business.

A key element of the Group reorganisation is a change in the operational structure. We have moved away from our previous traditional business unit structure and adopted a new integrated operating model. This change will allow the Group to focus on the commercial and operational opportunities for the business in order to better serve our customers in their requirements for our products and services, placing productivity, innovation and sustainability at the heart of what we do.

This restructuring, along with the transformation programme progressing across the business allows Arqiva to focus on its key markets with the priorities of becoming the undisputed leader in these sectors as well as expanding the product offerings through innovation to build on our sustainability and continuously improve.

Outlook

Our markets are continuously changing and developing as data is consumed in ever increasing ways. They are dynamic markets with evolving trends in how TV and radio content is delivered and the capabilities of machine-to-machine networks in enabling energy and water companies to meet their sustainability targets. As we look forward and turn our attention to our new strategy for the business, Arqiva can continue to build on our leading

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position in these markets and utilise our assets to consolidate this position but also take advantage of the many opportunities that our markets provide for our business to be able to continue to grow.

Finally, on behalf of the Board I would like to thank all of our employees across the business for their continued hard work and dedication to the successful provision of our services particularly through this period of significant change for the business and the continued backdrop of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Mike Parton

Chairman

September 2021

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Chief Executive's Statement

Transformation and Restructuring

Arqiva has been transforming since 2018, and 2021 marked the start of the next chapter in this journey with the sale of our towers business; supporting our strategy to become a simpler business that is more focussed and effective.

We have reduced costs and implemented a new integrated operating model, designed to enable us to focus on driving improvements in operational delivery and efficiency. Our focus now moves to the commercial and operational streams in order to give a clearer line of sight, and a shared accountability for customer delivery and achievement of our business objectives. Importantly, this change during the year took a holistic approach to the requirements of our business and customers, and the expertise needed to achieve this. This has resulted in a headcount reduction in Q4, allowing us to start 2022 with a right-sized business as well as investing in new skills aligned to our strategic and growth priorities.

We have also progressed the phased delivery of our Digital Transformation Programme through the year, successfully launching the Service and Finance modules, with the implementation of our new ServiceNow and Oracle ERP platform respectively. Our Digital Transformation Programme will take until early 2022 to be fully complete, but the benefits are already being realised across the business due to the phased roll out approach.

Financial Performance

Our financial results for the year are reflective of the period of change being faced across both our media distribution and smart utilities networks markets. Revenue has decreased 5.2% from continuing operations. This reflects the expected decrease in activity on externally funded major projects such as 700MHz clearance, which peaked in previous years and successfully completed in August 2020. Our TV and radio broadcast products in the media distribution market remain strong and whilst we saw revenues reduce year on year from our DTT multiplexes reflecting a resetting of market pricing, underlying performance was strong with a number of renewals and new contract wins such as GB News and Sky Arts increasing the channel utilisation on our main multiplexes to 97%.

In the Utilities market, the core CSPN energy metering network has shown stable performance. In the water metering markets, we have experienced growth with increased activity following contract wins with Anglian Water in the prior year. Device sales in particular have grown as our customers benefit from increased deployment across all of our smart utilities networks.

Across the board we have focussed on new product development trials that have met with positive customer response and that will drive growth in future years.

Response to COVID-19

Through the year we have continued to maintain the high availability of our services across the country despite the constraints imposed by the COVID-19 pandemic. We have carefully balanced the safety of our employees while allowing our key workers to deliver services for our customers, and were well prepared for the almost overnight changes required to provide alternative working arrangements to support remote working for office-based staff. We have responded and adhered to the government guidelines, ensuring that all our sites fully conformed. In response to the dramatic fall in advertising revenues we stepped in to provide a package of deferred and reduced transmission fees; this enabled many smaller commercial and community radio stations to weather the pressure on cash flows and enable their survival.

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Strategy

We acknowledge the world is changing. Considering this, over the last year we have evaluated market trends and worked closely with our customers and policy makers to establish a new vision, purpose, strategy and operating model. Our enduring purpose is 'Enabling a switched-on world to flow' and this will guide us to build a sustainable future for Arqiva. We have four clear ambitions, each with clear strategies:

- To remain the undisputed leader in UK TV and radio broadcast
- To transition our global media portfolio to cloud solutions
- To become the UK's leading smart utilities platform
- To innovate providing of scalable connectivity solutions in new markets

More information on our strategy can be found on page 19.

Outlook

Arqiva enjoys a large number of long-term inflation-linked contracts which provide good visibility of future revenues. However, in order to enable business growth we will continue to evolve our product and service portfolios in both media distribution and smart utilities networks markets.

In our Media Distribution markets this has begun with the development of new solutions using cloud-based IP technology, and in opening new revenue streams in the Low Earth Orbit satellite market, utilising Arqiva's unique infrastructure assets and spectrum to deliver connectivity solutions to this fast growing market segment.

We have also engaged widely with the utility industry to establish a number of proof of concept trials which build on our existing capabilities and infrastructure. These include trials of "hybrid connectivity" services that utilise our satellite and private radio capabilities.

More content is being delivered through more devices and on more channels than ever before. Our markets are looking for seamless access to connectivity and information that continues to meet the speed of technology changes and delivers mission critical data reliably. These new products and services along with our enduring and sustainable strategy are fundamental to how we operate in the future.

Paul Donovan

Chief Executive Officer

September 2021

Business Overview

Enabling a switched-on world to flow

At the heart of media distribution and smart utilities networks in the UK and abroad, Arqiva provides critical data, network, and communications services.

Arqiva works in partnership with our customers, in the UK and around the world, building and operating the complex ecosystems and infrastructures through which data and content can move effectively, securely, and sustainably at scale — whether that's through broadcasting and transmission services, or smart networks for energy and water.

Arqiva is the only national provider of terrestrial television and radio broadcasting and provides machine-to-machine connectivity for smart metering within the utilities sector. Arqiva has invested significantly allowing it to develop its communications infrastructure and technology as markets evolve.

Arqiva earns network access and transmission service revenues from its customers, as well as fees for engineering services and new projects. Arqiva's services tend to be mission-critical for its customers, as well as providing the network coverage necessary for the fulfilment of the universal service obligations ('USOs') for terrestrial broadcast customers as set out in their operating licences from the UK government.

Whilst we have a small overseas presence, Arqiva's assets, operations and markets are predominantly within the UK and our business is driven from this region; therefore, we have minimal exposure to international markets, Brexit impacts or foreign exchange.

Arqiva has invested significantly into our capital infrastructure and has £1.4bn of property, plant, and equipment at 30 June 2021. We are financed through a mixture of equity and long-term debt, with an average maturity debt profile of over 4 years. The Group's senior debt has an investment grade (BBB) rating from Standard and Poor's and Fitch and a junior debt rating of B-B1 from Fitch and Moody's.

Attractive UK communications infrastructure market

DTT (Freeview) is the most popular TV platform in the UK covering 98.5% of the population

Smart networks deliver around 50 million data points every day

A market leader

Sole provider of terrestrial television network access (Freeview)

Owner of 2 of the 3 main national commercial multiplexes

Pre-eminent role in radio broadcasting both locally and nationally

High barriers to entry

Owner of critical national UK infrastructure that enables Public Service Broadcasters (PSB's) to meet their government mandated universal coverage obligations

Significant investment would be required to replicate the infrastructure, including planning permissions to erect new masts

Long established relationships with its customers spanning more than 80 years

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Since 1922, Argiva has been enabling a switched-on world to flow.

We delivered the world's first TV broadcast for the BBC from the tower at London's Alexandra Palace in 1936.

We also developed satellite TV in the 1970's, Teletext, and launched the UK's national DAB radio and digital television networks in the 2000s.

There's no resting on our laurels though. We were the first company in Europe to trial 5G fixed wireless access technology in 2017, and we are currently working with our media distribution partners to develop new ways to reach their viewers and listeners via the Cloud.

Plus, we have moved into new sectors, like Utilities. We won our first contract to deliver gas and electricity metering in the north of England and Scotland in 2013 and followed that in 2015 with a partnership with Thames Water to set up and run the world's largest smart water metering network. More recently we have launched our dual band communications device for further improved connection capabilities.

The Group's technology and infrastructure, combined with our history and experience, enable us to work with everyone from major broadcasters (such as the BBC, ITV, Sky, Turner and Canal+) to independent radio groups and utility companies (such as Thames Water and Anglian Water) to the Data Communications Company (DCC).

Business model

The demand for information, content and entertainment is greater than ever. We all want to be connected 24/7. This is the challenge that our customers are facing, delivering more content on more devices than ever before.

At Arqiva we are enablers, applying our knowledge and expertise to technologies in order to unlock new opportunities for our customers. We work in partnership, building and operating the infrastructure through which data and content can flow effectively, securely, and sustainably.

Arqiva seeks to maximise shareholder value by investing in our considerable site portfolio to not just maintain reliability, but also to maximise its potential. Our infrastructure and commercial operations cover the following key sectors:

- Media Distribution
- Smart Utilities Networks

Sale of Telecoms

On 8 July 2020, Arqiva successfully completed the sale of our Telecoms business to Cellnex in a circa £2.0bn deal. The transaction comprised the divestment of c. 7,400 of Arqiva's cellular sites, including masts and towers as well as urban rooftop sites, and the right to market a further c. 900 sites across the UK. In the execution of the agreement, the Group has sold six subsidiary entities, the largest being Arqiva Services Limited.

Following this disposal, the Group entered a period of evolution launching a new purpose and strategy. There has been a change in the organisational structure of the Group, moving away from the traditional business units and adopting an integrated operating model in order to better serve our customers with their requirements for our products and services.

Media Distribution

The UKs only supplier of national terrestrial television and radio broadcasting services

7 out of 10 UK households receive content for their main TV service through our Satellite and DTT network

Our radio infrastructure supports a range of services across the UK with 300 stations on DAB and 380 stations across FM, AM, and MW

Media distribution services remain incredibly important for viewers and listeners in the UK. Even as viewing habits change, Ofcom reports 85% of people continue to watch broadcast content every week. And 9 out of 10 UK adults listen to over 20 hours of radio each week.

In an intensely competitive world, large media companies are increasingly focused on monetising content that is distributed multi-market, multi-platform and multi-device. This means increased complexity in reaching their audiences, whilst also trying to reduce costs. To achieve a truly global reach, a shift of focus is needed to IP-based delivery through the cloud and we are well positioned as the UK media hub to do this.

Media Distribution at Arqiva

The media distribution infrastructure includes sites for the transmission of terrestrial TV and radio, operates the Group's licensed multiplexes, owns and operates teleports at key locations in the UK, as well as international terrestrial fibre distribution network, media facilities, leased satellite capacity and delivers related engineering projects.

The Group utilises a network of 1,150 TV sites to carry Freeview into circa 24 million households every day, making it the UK's most popular TV platform. Arqiva's critical national infrastructure provides coverage to 98.5%

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of the UK's population. Within the sector, Argiva holds a regulated position as the sole provider of network access for terrestrial television broadcasting.

Arqiva is a market leader in commercial DTT spectrum, owning the licences for two of the three main national commercial DTT multiplexes, enabling leading broadcasters such as Sky, UKTV, CBS and Turner to deliver broadcasting content using our channel capacity.

Argiva also owns the HD-enabled DTT multiplex licences that provide services to Freeview and other DTT-related platforms. Additionally, Argiva operates more than 1,500 transmission sites for TV and radio, providing coverage to the circa 90% of the UK population that listen to the radio. Argiva is a shareholder in, and operator for both commercial national DAB radio multiplexes and it is the service provider for the BBC national DAB radio multiplex.

During the year the Group has successfully completed the programme to clear the 700MHz frequency range of television signals.

The Group is also the UK's leading independent owner and operator of teleports and media management facilities, serving many of the world's largest multi-channel broadcast and sports-right organisations, as well as providing data connectivity to the utilities and natural resources sectors.

Arqiva manages the distribution of more than 1,100 international TV channels for high profile customers including Al Jazeera, Discovery, BT Sport, Sky, NBCU, Sony and Turner including coverage of high-profile sporting events. Arqiva's operation of reliable and secure VSAT (Very Small Aperture Terminal) communications networks across the globe utilises a world class satellite and fibre network, providing real-time critical communications to remote locations. Arqiva uses our expertise and experience to enable us to keep pace with rapidly changing dynamics and technology advancements, thereby underpinning the longevity and success of the product base. Arqiva's satellite network delivers content to the UK's major Direct-to-Home (DTH) platforms including Sky and Freesat as well as the increasingly popular IPTV, mobile and web TV platforms. We have also recently engaged with the Low Earth Orbit satellite sector.

Media distribution contributes significant and stable cash flows to the Group with a long-term contracted, substantially RPI-linked order book of £3.6bn (2020: £3.3bn) which includes major contracts running as far as 2050.

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Smart Utilities Networks

Advanced networks support the critical flow of data and content from connected TVs and smart meters for water, gas, and electricity in the utilities sector.

Ambitious environmental and sustainability agendas from regulators are driving change across utility sectors, providing huge opportunity for growth. Today less than 10% of UK premises have a smart water meter, and less than 30% have a smart energy meter. With 20% of water lost through leaks, water authorities are focused on reducing them, and eliminating pollution caused by sewer flooding. Smart meters are providing an opportunity to meet sustainability targets through reducing the UK's overall greenhouse gas emissions.

Smart Utilities Networks at Arqiva

Arqiva generates revenues with respect to the build and operation of the smart 'machine-to-machine' networks and other data transmission services applications. With a continuing focus on innovation and market opportunities, Arqiva is embracing the fast-developing machine-to-machine sector, particularly for utilities, for which we utilise our Flex-net network across our smart metering contracts with utility and water companies. The Group has invested in building M2M networks, which support major energy metering contracts spanning 15 years and covering more than 9 million premises, and water metering contracts which will cover 3 million homes.

Arqiva has invested substantially in infrastructure as a result of these contracts which now result in recurring cash flows during the long-term operational phases of the network delivery. The utilities business remains a key part of the Arqiva business and is a key strategic priority for growth with potential to become the UKs leading smart utilities platform.

The smart utilities network has an order book of £0.6bn (2020: £0.7bn), with contracts running as far as 2035.

Corporate

Corporate functions at Arqiva comprise Finance, Legal & Regulatory, Information Technology and People and Culture.

Strategic Overview

Enabling a switched-on world to flow PURPOSE

AMBITIONS



Innovator of scalable connectivity sectors solutions for new

in UK TV and radio **Undisputed leader** broadcast

Transition global media to cloud solutions

UK's leading smart utilities platform







Partnerships

arqiva

STRATEGIC FOCUS

Customer, industry and operational excellence

Innovation and product development

Products and

<u>ୁଦ୍</u>ଦ People

ENABLERS

Our four strategic ambitions will guide the key focus of the business. Our priorities in how we aim to achieve these ambitions are set out below:

To be the undisputed leader in UK TV and radio broadcast

- Deliver sustainable TV and Radio broadcast, focusing on customer and operational excellence and managing capacity and margins
- Leverage our scale and the cloud, enabling industry efficiency
- Expand services and drive renewals delivering greater value by selling across our portfolio of services, creating long term partnerships while also developing value-added services in new areas

To transition global media to cloud based solutions

- Scaling IP and cloud-based services; investing in building broadcast quality cloud processing and extending our footprint in live and events content
- Becoming the go-to choice for our partners in cloud distribution so they can better manage their global content flows across all formats
- Growing multiplex service, using our infrastructure to provide virtual, cost-effective, and scalable services to TV cable operators outside of the UK

To be the UK's leading smart utilities platform provider

- Leading in connecting UK smart meters, maintaining market leadership, and scaling our operations to drive and accelerate the roll-out of domestic smart meters
- Broadening our product offering, developing new value-added data-driven services in monitoring and control, that reduce energy use, water wastage and pollution
- Diversifying through forging partnerships and widening technology choice, to deliver new hybrid connectivity solutions and real time network monitoring

To be an innovator of scalable solutions for new, high connectivity sectors

 Working with partners, building new solutions for new and emerging sectors that have growing and more complex connectivity needs including those that make the most of our infrastructure, spectrum, and satellite expertise

Business Update

The Group's contracted order book value for continuing operations at 30 June 2021 was £4.2bn (2020: £4.0bn), including £100m of new contracts for DTT and £660m for utilisation of broadcast sites. A significant proportion of the value of this order book relates to medium to long-term contracts which includes DTT and radio transmission and smart energy and water metering, as well as other infrastructure services. The Group remains focused on growth opportunities on targeted core infrastructure areas.

Media Distribution

700 MHz Clearance and DTT spectrum

The final stage auction results of the 700MHz and 3.6-3.8GHz spectrum was announced by Ofcom on 27 April 2021. Ofcom showed the four major operators BT/EE, Three, Telefonica UK (O2) and Vodafone acquired all of the 200MHz available across the 700MHz and 3.6-3.8GHz bands. Subject to the 3 months notice period being triggered by the acquirors, Arqiva will continue to have the right to remain in this spectrum with our DVB-T2 multiplex until June 2022. EE has been awarded the spectrum and stated in its press release that it secured it for long-term strategic reasons and that it acknowledged that there were no handsets currently in the market to support the band.

This will not affect Argiva's main national multiplexes.

The main substantive works on the 700MHz Clearance project completed in August 2020. The final project completion activities continue with a project team until around October 2021. Principal site works include completion of permanent antenna works at Emley Moor, scheduled for Autumn 2021, and the removal of the temporary mast at Emley Moor in 2022. The team size continues to reduce as the project ramps down in accordance with the agreed plan, with efforts focused on commercial and financial close-out.

DTT Multiplex

During the year the Groups signed and renewed a number of contracts which included new contracts with GB News, Sky Arts and UKTV, and renewals with Dave, Yesterday and Dave Ja Vu. These contracts mature/extend — The majority of these contracts have been extended to 2026. DTT multiplex channel utilisation has remained high finishing the year at 97%.

TV viewing on the DTT/Freeview platform has remained strong during the pandemic period as more people stayed at home. TV has provided a vital way of keeping people informed, helping with social isolation and entertainment. The wide reach of the DTT platform has been of vital national importance for delivering news and other information to the whole nation and for supporting society during the current pandemic. TV advertising, an important driver for DTT has also been showing positive trends. Media markets have been recovering and some industry sources expect TV advertising to grow in excess of 10% this year. In May, ITV reported that TV advertising trends have been positive since March and that it forecasts over 20% increase in advertising revenues for the 2021 calendar year compared to 2020.

Government (DCMS) updates

In August 2021 the DCMS published the outcome of its consultation on DTT Multiplex licences. It has allowed all national multiplexes to renew for a further period until 2034 and provides Ofcom with the powers to renew the licences until this date. The decision included a provision for Ofcom to revoke the licences on spectrum management grounds subject to 5 years notice but that this could not come into effect until 2030 at the earliest. The decision and statement demonstrate strong long-term Government support for the DTT platform.

Separately, the Government continues its ongoing strategic review of public service broadcasting. There are a number of strands to this. In June 2021 the DCMS outlined plans to consult on the sale of Channel 4 with the consultation opening in June and running until September 2021. It also announced plans to review the regulation of video on demand platforms. In July 2021 Ofcom published a set of recommendations to the Government on the future of Public Service Media (PSM) as part of its 'Small Screen: Big Debate' review.

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Ofcom's report makes clear the ongoing importance of public service media and the importance of continuing to reach the widest possible audience and deliver universality. The Government is now considering these recommendations and plans to publish a white paper later this year.

Radio

Argiva continues to play an active part in shaping the outcome of the DCMS led Radio and Audio review. It was expected that the final report would be published before Parliament's summer recess but that has now been delayed until the start of the autumn. The review will support the need to protect spectrum for Radio until at least 2030 and states there will be no analogue switch-off within this period. This is consistent with our long-term planning assumptions.

On 22 July 2021 the DCMS published their consultation for National commercial DAB licencing. Arqiva holds an interest in both of the national commercial multiplexes. D1 licence (Arqiva 100% ownership) expiring in November 2023 and SDL (Arqiva has 40% ownership) expiring in March 2028. Arqiva will lobby to secure an automatic licence renewal to 2035.

The pandemic has underlined the public service role of both commercial radio and the BBC. Argiva continues to deliver the levels of availability and consistency that our broadcast partners expect. The company's role in supporting the radio sector financially during the year has been recognised by Government and key stakeholders.

Customers continued to launch new stations on Arqiva's local DAB digital radio multiplexes across the country. On the Sound Digital national multiplex (a joint venture of Arqiva 40%, Bauer 30% and Wireless Group 30%) a 21st station, Boom Radio, launched in March bringing Sound Digital up to 100% occupancy. On Digital One (the national multiplex wholly owned by Arqiva) some capacity was released by a data service and, following a competitive tender, GB News has announced the launch of a radio station which will run in parallel with its new TV channel. As a result, Digital One also continues to operate at full capacity.

Advertising revenues in both the local and national sectors have continued to improve following the easing of restrictions. With the current trajectory suggesting there will be no more lockdowns and our customer's revenues returning, the right decision was made in March to cease any lockdown discounts and return more to normal business. In addition to this we have launched national station Boom radio and are set to launch another one shortly leaving our national muxes at full capacity again.

Low Earth Orbit Market

Arqiva has been developing opportunities in the Low Earth Orbit market. This is a new technology that relies on a constellation of thousands of small satellites orbiting the earth. By establishing multiple connections to multiple satellites, the technology can for example provide satellite broadband anywhere in the world. Key players are SpaceX, Blue Origin and the recent UK Government investment in OneWeb plus established satellite operators such as Telesat and ViaSat. This opportunity requires groundstations and therefore Arqiva has the capability to serve this market. The Group has now secured two customers.

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Smart Utilities Networks

New proof of concepts

Arqiva has engaged with utility customers and industry suppliers as we look to expand our presence in the utilities industry. Building on our established credibility in critical national infrastructure and security we are leveraging our relationships with existing and new utility customers by exploring a number of proof of concepts (PoCs). This includes a trial of "hybrid connectivity" services by utilising our satellite, cellular and private radio solutions. This trial with SGN is on-going. We are also continuing water product trials demonstrating both sewer level monitoring and leakage monitoring as a service. The PoCs will give our utility customers the opportunity to improve the management of their operational networks and achieve their regulatory targets.

Anglian Water

In June 2020, following a competitive procurement process, Arqiva was selected to deliver a smart metering fixed network for Anglian Water. Designed to enhance Anglian's water management capabilities, Arqiva's contract will support them on their mission to achieve leakage and consumption savings and meet Ofwat's water leakage targets for the next five-year period and beyond. During this initial five-year period, Arqiva will deploy the fixed network infrastructure to support the operation of over three-quarters of a million (789,000 target by 2025) smart water meters across 24 planning zones. Arqiva will then operate this network for a further 15 years. Covering both household and non-household properties, the project will support Anglian Water's target planning zones including Norwich, Lincoln, Northampton and Peterborough, among others.

Anglian successfully commenced their meter rollout on 6 July 2020 which was less than one month from contract signature and as at 30 June we were providing services to over 225,000 installed meters.

Thames Water

Since April 2015, Argiva has delivered a smart metering network that enables the collection, management and transfer of metering data for Thames Water. At 30 June 2021, there were over \$40,000 meters installed and well over 12 million meter readings being delivered per day. It is currently the largest smart water metering network in the UK and has high coverage across the Thames Water London region. Recently we have installed network in the Haslemere, Guildford area which is Thames' first smart meter deployment outside London.

In April 2021 Thames Water announced this development and that by using the smart metering data it has helped to detect and prevent leaks on 28,000 customers' private supply pipes which has saved 43 million litres per day. Smart meters have helped Thames Water achieve what it described as the water industry's "biggest reduction in leakage this century" and also having hit its regulatory target.

Northumbrian Water

Following a public competitive procurement, Arqiva has been selected by Northumbrian Water Group to deliver an initial roll-out of a smart metering network in Essex, where it operates as Essex & Suffolk Water. The project will support Northumbrian Water in its commitment to deliver smart metering to customers within the current Asset Management Plan (AMP 2020-2025), as well as meeting the company's target to ensure all domestic meters are smart by 2035.

The five-year contract will see Arqiva build and monitor the fixed-network infrastructure, delivering connectivity to up to 11,000 domestic meters, replacing both meters already installed and installing new meters for unmetered supplies in empty meter chambers which have been identified. Meters are provided by Arqiva's metering partner Sensus, a Xylem brand. The network went live and installations began in May 2021.

Lessons learned from this initial implementation will be used to guide the subsequent smart-meter roll-out over the rest of Northumbrian Water Group's operating regions.

Yorkshire Water

Arqiva was selected by Yorkshire Water to deliver and monitor a smart metering fixed-network trial as part of its plans to revolutionise its leakage detection programme. This two-year exercise will see Arqiva build and monitor the fixed-network infrastructure to facilitate the operation of new smart water meters for non-household customers across 30 of Yorkshire Water's areas. Designed to facilitate real-time monitoring, the collection and presentation of frequent meter reading data provided by the service will allow Yorkshire Water

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to reduce demand for water by rapidly identifying leaks and helping customers understand their usage. Meter installations began in mid-May 2020 and our network went live at the end of June 2020.

Other smart water metering trials

In the Midlands, Arqiva has been participating in a multi-vendor, multi-technology smart water metering evaluation trial with a major water company. Over this period, we have again proven the excellent performance of our technology and managed service. We are extending and expanding the trial for a further 12 months, on an exclusive basis, enabling the water company to evaluate fully the benefits and establish a business case for a future full smart metering roll-out.

In May 2021, with Final Determinations announced mid July 2021, under the Government special Green Economic Recovery funding programme, OfWat has allowed significant spend for additional Smart Water Metering Programmes to be completed by April 2025. These awards have been made to Thames Water, Severn Trent Water and South West Water.

Smart energy metering rollout

The Group's smart metering communication network in the North of England and Scotland now covers 99.5% of premises. There are currently over 1 million communications hubs operating on the network representing 20% of the total UK communication hub installations. The customer, Smart DCC Ltd, (DCC), continues to submit change requests that reflect new industry requirements, but at a reduced volume compared to the previous periods.

The Group continues to support the DCC and their users ahead of meter rollout programmes. DCC has reported that there are now c.8.5 million SMETS2 meters on the national network.

Corporate updates

COVID 19

As lockdown eases Arqiva continues to provide essential communications infrastructure for our media distribution and smart utilities networks customers. We have deployed business continuity plans as part of our operational and financial risk mitigation, to ensure the safety of our staff and the ongoing provision of services for our customers.

Measures are still in place across a number of areas including:

- Ensuring workplaces and activities conform to the Government's COVID Secure guidelines;
- Using rapid flow antigen tests for our key workers and encouraging all employees to order their own rapid flow antigen tests;
- Implementing alternative working arrangements and technology to keep our employees and contractors safe;
- Ensuring that we plan and deliver our activities in line with government alert levels;
- Ensuring regular communication with critical suppliers, identifying and managing any risks;
- Ensuring disaster recovery plans can be invoked for critical assets and systems;
- Considering risks to cyber security, which we have reviewed and further strengthened;
- Financial liquidity, which we review continually to ensure a robust position. We benefitted from the Government's VAT deferral scheme but repaid the full amount in December 2020; and
- Following the change in government guidance on 19 July 2021 the measures implemented across workplaces have been relaxed whilst seeking to ensure the safety of employees and contractors.

Management changes

On 1 March 2021, Adrian Twyning joined Arqiva as Chief of Operations. Adrian comes with significant experience of leading large-scale operations, designing systems and leading sizeable business change. Most recently Adrian was Director of Transformation at Dixons Carphone, where he implemented new IT platforms, launched a new service proposition and oversaw a programme of retail rationalisation. Previously Adrian was at British Gas where he led a 4,000 strong Field Operations team and led changes to culture, process and technology. He replaces Neil Taplin, who left the company at the end of March 2021.

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Transformation update

The Transformation Programme continues to deliver to plan with several releases to the business successfully implemented in March, May and July 2021. These deliveries have provided the business with industry-leading applications and integrations across Service Management (Service Now), OSS, Asset Management (Siterra) and Financial Management (ERP) capabilities. In turn, this prepares Arqiva to be more responsive, agile and efficient in its existing day-to-day operations as well as in any future markets where it intends to compete.

Over the remainder of the 2021 calendar year, Transformation continues to deliver incremental enhancements to these applications alongside the conclusion of the Cellnex TSA Exit obligations. Whilst the original 'big 4' components should conclude delivery in the 2021 calendar year, there are further deliveries currently underway within the Utilities and Site management spaces. These are likely to spill over into the first calendar quarter of 2022.

Sale of telecoms business

The sale of the Telecoms business to Cellnex completed in July 2020 and the Group's operational and asset separation has now largely been completed. Operationally, Arqiva has been supporting Cellnex's UK business via Transitional Services Agreements (TSA) originally planned for a period of up to 18 months from the deal completion date. The majority of the TSAs have now completed, we expect the remainder to complete on or before scheduled end dates across the various areas.

Financial review

Financial Performance

For the year ended 30 June 2021, revenue for the Group was £647.2m, a decrease of 28.3% from £902.8m in the prior year on a total reported basis. Revenue from continuing operations for the year of £642.3m is a decrease of 5.2% year on year from £677.5m in 2020. This decrease year on year is reflective of a period of change for the Group and the markets in which we operate.

519.5	556.4	(6.6)%
122.8	121.1	1.4%
642.3	677.5	(5.2)%
4.9	225.3	(97.8)%
647.2	902.8	(28.3)%

Revenue from discontinued operations relates to the Group's telecoms infrastructure business and related assets which were sold on 8 July 2020.

Media Distribution

Total Media Distribution revenue has decreased 6.6% from £556.4m to £519.5m year on year. Our core broadcast TV and radio distribution products have remained strong and stable during the year with inflationary increases due to RPI linked long term contracts. This area has been marginally impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic with discounts provided to our independent commercial radio customers to support them through this period.

These increases have however been offset by a decrease in revenue from the 700MHz Clearance programme. This multi-year engineering programme saw completion of major works in August 2020 and expected lower activity levels throughout FY21 as a result. Further decreases are due to reduced revenues on the main DTT multiplexes owing lower renewal pricing following the end of legacy contacts. Utilisation in this area has however increased in the second half of the year due to new contracts and channel launches for example with GB News, Sky Arts and UKTV.

Also included within Media Distribution is £26m of new revenues related to the utilisation of broadcast sites for telecommunications equipment and transitional services provided following the sale of the telecom's towers business to Cellnex.

Smart Utilities Networks

Revenues from Smart Utilities Networks have increased 1.4% year on year from £121.1m to £122.8m. This increase is due to the ramp up of activity on water metering contracts that were won in the prior year, primarily with higher revenue from sale of devices. The core energy metering contracts have increased revenues, although have seen slight decreases in project revenues due to incremental change requests activities which continue but at a lower level than the previous years which benefitted from additional testing services provided to the DCC.

Gross profit was £415.1m, representing a 34.3% decrease from £632.2m in the prior year. Gross profit from continuing operations decreased by 14.6% year on year from £482.4m to £412.2m. The decrease in gross margin is driven by the reductions in revenues described above, particularly the expected reduction from the 700MHz Clearance programme. There have been increases in cost of sales as a result of power and site costs on broadcast sites together with changes in product mix with higher volumes of lower margin device sales within the Smart utilities networks area which has caused the gross profit on continuing operations to decline more than revenues.

Other operating expenses from the continuing business were £79.8m, down 12.1% from £90.8m in the prior year (total Group 2021: £80.2m; 2020: £109.2m). This decrease in operating expenses is largely driven by lower labour costs following the sale of the Telecoms business and the initial savings from the subsequent restructuring of the business. This has been partially offset by increases in other areas such as IT licence and maintenance due to news systems established as part of the Group's digital transformation that has progressed in the year.

EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure and refers to 'earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation' and includes add-backs for certain items charged to operating profit that are not considered to reflect the underlying performance of the business. A reconciliation of EBITDA to operating profit is presented on page 28.

	327.1	384.2	(14.9)%
	41.8	51.7	(19.1)%
	(36.5)	(44.3)	17.6%
	332.4	391.6	(15.1)%
The tracking the state of	2.5	131.4	(98.1)%
The second second	334.9	523.0	(36.0)%

Total EBITDA was £334.9m, a 36.0% decrease from the prior year of £523.0m and a 15.1% reduction in the continuing business. The decrease in EBITDA from continuing operations has been driven by the reductions in revenue as well as changes in product mix with increases in lower margin areas.

Within the Media Distribution business, EBITDA has reduced by 14.9%, from £384.2m to £327.1m. This has been driven by the lower activity levels on the 700MHz clearance programme as well as lower pricing and channel utilisation on the main DTT multiplexes. EBITDA has also been impacted by increased site costs.

EBITDA for the Group's Smart Utilities Networks business has decreased from £51.7m to £41.8m, a decrease of 19.1%. Whilst revenues in the water metering areas have increased and new contracts won in the prior year have ramped up, this change in product mix impacts margins due to revenues driven by high volumes of low margin device revenues. Further decreases are due to the decrease in the core energy metering contracts.

Other EBITDA comprises costs for the non-revenue generating corporate areas of the business. The decrease in these costs reflects the focus on cost management and transformation following the reorganisation of the business including lower staff costs.

Depreciation has decreased £38.7m in total and £22.9m from the continuing business (2021: £167.9m; 2020: £190.8m). Amortisation has decreased £0.7m in total and £0.6m from continuing operations (2021: £9.7m; 2020: £10.3m). The collective decrease of depreciation and amortisation of 18.1% from continuing operations is driven by a reduction in accelerated depreciation from the prior year period, particularly in connection with assets replaced under the 700MHz clearance programme due to the lower activity in this area as the programme winds down. Accelerated depreciation is expected to further decrease in subsequent years as these programmes and the Group's transformation programme progress.

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Exceptional items charged to operating profit were £25.6m, increased from £15.5m in 2020 in relation to the continuing business. Exceptional costs in the current year predominantly relate to the implementation of changes in the organisational design and structure of the business as well as corporate finance and refinancing costs.

Operating profit has decreased 50.0% (2021: £140.4m; 2020: £281.2m) across the Group and 25.2% in relation to continuing operations (2021: £138.5m; 2020: £185.1m). This decrease is primarily driven by the impacts from the trading performance of the business and increased exceptional expenditure due to projects undertaken in the year, partially offset by the savings in depreciation due to managed lower activity levels on major capital programmes and operating costs savings.

A reconciliation between operating profit and EBITDA is presented below:

Operating profit	140.4	281.2
Exceptional items charged to operating profit	25.6	34.7
Depreciation	168.5	207.2
Amortisation	9.7	10.4
Other Income	(9.3)	(10.5)
Total EBITDA	334.9	523.0
EBITDA from discontinued operations	2.5	131.4
EBITDA from continuing operations	332.4	391.6

Finance costs (net of finance income) were £660.4m, a decrease of 7.6% from £714.9m in 2020. This decrease is predominantly due to the reduced principal debt amounts following the repayment of debt principal and swap portfolio closed out in the year, as well as a reduction in interest on lease obligations following the Telecoms sale. This decrease has been partially offset by the compounding effect of interest on outstanding shareholder loan note principal and accrued interest.

On 8 July 2020, Arqiva successfully completed the sale of its Telecoms business to Cellnex in a circa £2.0bn deal. The transaction comprises the divestment of c. 7,400 of Arqiva's cellular sites, including masts and towers as well as urban rooftop sites, and the right to market a further c.900 sites across the UK. In the execution of the agreement, the Group has sold six subsidiaries, the largest being Arqiva Services Limited. The Group has recognised a £1,038.3m profit on disposal in exceptional gains for the year. The profit on disposal is recognised net of deferred income generated in relation to future services for TSAs and utilisation of broadcast sites for telecommunications equipment.

The significant majority of the proceeds have been utilised to repay debt and related recoupon interest rate hedging derivatives. On exit and recouponing of swap arrangements in the year, the Group has recognised £7.6m of losses on the swaps and incurred £55.9m of break costs included in the other gains and losses balance in the income statement. Further losses recognised in the year include £0.8m (2020: £8.1m loss) in relation to foreign exchange movements on foreign denominated debt instruments prior to their settlement in July 2020. A loss of £11.1m (2020: £121.7m gain) is recognised as a result of fair value movements of swaps, principally attributable to the servicing of derivatives and changes in market yields and credit spreads.

Profit before tax for the Group was £442.9m, an increase from a loss of £319.0m in the prior year. From continuing operations, the loss before tax has increased from £400.3m in 2020 to £597.2m in the current year. The profit/loss before tax is reported after non-cash charges of £756.9m (2020: £621.2m) as shown below:

Profit / (loss) before tax	442.9	(319.0)
Depreciation	168.5	207.2
Amortisation	<i>9.7</i>	10.4
Accrued interest on shareholder loan notes	529.8	465.9
Other non-cash financing costs ²	37.0	51.3
Foreign exchange revaluations on financing	0.8	8.1
Fair value movements on derivative financial instruments	11.1	(121.7)
Total non-cash charges	7 56.9	621.2
Adjusted profit before tax and non-cash charges (including the disposal of the Telecoms business of £1,038.3m)	1,199.8	302.2

Cash Flow

Net cash inflow from operating activities was £398.7m, a 18.5% decrease from £489.0m in 2020. This decrease is driven by the sale of the Telecoms business decreasing total operating profit and related operational cash flows. This has been partially offset by higher working capital inflows. Working capital inflows have increased due to the recognition of one-off deferred income on additional contract liabilities offset by a decrease in accruals following the payment of VAT deferred at 30 June 2020 under the government COVID-19 deferral scheme that has now been fully repaid. Other working capital decreases are due to utilisation of cash received from customers in advance (decreasing deferred income contracts liabilities) and timing of payments.

Capital expenditure on the purchase of tangible and intangible assets has decreased principally owing to decreased expenditure on significant capital projects such as the 700MHz Clearance programme as activity levels continue to wind down following completion of main activities and lower growth capex on towers following the Telecoms disposal. This has been partially offset by increases in maintenance transformation capital expenditure which has increased in the year as the Group continues to deliver its digital transformation across the business.

Net cash inflow from operating activities	398.7	489.0
Purchase of tangible and intangible assets Net capital expenditure and financial investment	(86.1) (86.1)	(115.4) (115.4)
Operating cash flow after capital and financial investment activities	312.6	373.6
Cash Conversion as a % of EBITDA Operating cash flow after capital and financial investment	93.3%	71.4%

² Includes amortisation of debt issues costs, unwinding of discount on provisions, imputed interest and interest on lease liabilities

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Operating cash flow after capital and financial investment activities was £312.6m, a decrease of 16.3% from £373.6m in the prior year. This decrease has been principally driven by the change in the Group's operations following the sale of the telecoms business reducing operating cash flows and working capital movements explained above, partially offset by the reduction in capital expenditure as capital programmes progress. With strong cash conversion levels benefiting from high working capital inflows and continued reductions in capital expenditure following completion of major programmes such as 700MHz Clearance.

The total cash flow for the year was a £133.4m inflow (2020: £89.8m inflow). This increase is owing to the disposal proceeds received on sale of the telecoms business largely offset by the repayment of borrowings and exit of swap arrangements and related costs incurred on deleveraging of the Group, as well as changes in operating cash flows explained above.

Financial Position

Net liabilities were £3,570.3m, representing a decrease of 12.8% from £4,095.1m in the prior year. The net liability position is primarily driven by the capital structure reflecting the shareholder loan notes, borrowings, lease liabilities and derivative financial instruments held, with decreases in these areas as a result of the deleveraging of the Group with the proceeds on the sale of the Telecoms business in July 2020. Our assessment of going concern is set out on page 31.

Financing

The Group established our Whole Business Securitisation ('WBS') structure in February 2013, and since then we have continued to refinance elements of our debt structure further extending our maturity profile.

In July, disposal proceeds from the sale of the Telecoms business were utilised to repay debt and swaps including £550.0m of facilities drawn at the previous year end, £108.0m of senior term debt and £563.5m of senior bonds and notes resulting in a significant deleverage of the Group.

Standard and Poor's and Fitch reconfirmed their rating of Arqiva senior debt at BBB and Fitch and Moody's confirmed the junior rating at B-/B1 respectively.

At 30 June 2021 the Group's debt finance³ comprised:

	< 1 year	1-2years	2-5 years	>5 years	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Facilities drawn	-	-	-	26.1	26.1
Finance lease obligations	21.0	20.7	37.7	27.9	107.3
Senior term debt	-	-	262.0	-	262.0
Senior bonds and notes	56.7	50.1	168.6	488.7	764.1
Junior bonds	-	-	625.0	-	625.0
Shareholder loan notes	-	-	2,148.1	-	2,148.1
Total	77.7	70.8	3,241.4	542.7	3,932.6

Included within the above is £3,351.1m of fixed rate debt and £581.5m of floating rate debt. All debt held at 30 June 2021 is sterling denominated. The Group holds interest rate swaps (including inflation-linked interest rate swaps) to hedge our interest rate exposures. This hedging strategy is employed to ensure the certainty of future interest cash flows. The Group does not apply hedge accounting to these swap arrangements.

³ Excluding unamortised debt issue costs and accrued interest

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The Group continues to comply with all financial covenant requirements including the following historic covenant ratio requirements at the senior financing level:

	State & State of State of
6.00	7.50
2.44	4.17
1.55	1.55
5.16	2.98

Liquidity

To ensure we have sufficient available funds for working capital requirements and planned growth the Group maintains cash reserves and access to undrawn committed facilities to cover forecast requirements. At 30 June 2021 the Group had a cash balance of £243.5m (2020: £110.1m). The Group carefully manages the credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments with balances currently spread across a range of major financial institutions, which have satisfactory credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. The levels of credit risk are monitored through the Group's on-going risk management processes, which include a regular review of counterparty credit ratings. Risk in this area is limited further by setting a maximum level and term for deposits with any single counterparty.

			76.1	
	· Corre Directoria · Correctoria and A	350.0		250.0
		30.0	26.1	3.9
*	: 5 14/-	280.0	26.1	253.9

Post year end on 9 July 2021, the Group refinanced our bank facility and now has access to a £100.0m Working Capital Facility maturing in 2024 and a £150.0m Liquidity Fund. These facilities are floating rate in nature with a margin over SONIA between 120 and 130bps. Arqiva Financing No.1 Limited (a subsidiary of the Group) is the borrower under these arrangements.

Going Concern

The Group meets our day-to-day working capital and financing requirements through the net cash generated from our operations. The Group performs a review of going concern through a review of forecasting including cash flow forecasts and considering the requirements of capital expenditure and debt repayments. The Group has sufficient financial resources which, together with internally generated cash flows, will continue to provide sufficient sources of liquidity to fund our current operations, including our contractual and commercial commitments both in terms of capital programmes and financing. For this reason, the Directors are confident that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing this financial information.

Following the sale of the Group's Telecoms infrastructure and related assets on 8 July 2020, management has significantly deleveraged the Group, and maintain a cash position sufficient to meet current liabilities as they fall due.

The Directors have also taken into account the potential implication of the current COVID-19 situation and have determined that given there will continue to be demand for services provided by the Group and the Group has a mixed customer base, the going concern basis remains appropriate.

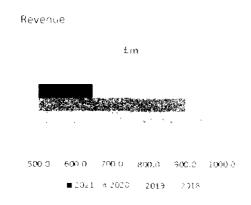
 $^{^4}$ 'Cash flow' as defined under the Group's financing common terms agreement, i.e. this is not a GAAP measure.

Key Performance Indicators

The Group uses a combination of financial and non-financial key performance indicators ('KPIs') to measure against our strategic ambitions.

See page 19 for further information on our strategic ambitions:

Financial KPIs

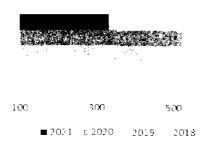


Definition – Revenue is presented as per the financial statements, and in accordance with IFRS 15

Revenue has decreased 28.3% from the prior year for total revenue (2021: £647.2m; 2020: £902.8m) and 5.2% on a continuing operations basis (2021: £642.3m; 2020: £677.5m). Despite revenue growth in the broadcast TV and radio distribution business due to inflation linked contracts, the overall decrease for the year has been driven by the expected reduction throughout the year due to the successful completion of major works on the 700MHz Clearance programme and lower pricing renewals on the main DTT multiplexes This has been partially offset by new revenues related to use of broadcast sites for telecommunications equipment and the ramp up of activity on water metering contracts won in the prior year mainly due to the sale of devices.

EBITDA



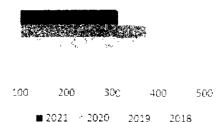


Definition – EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure and refers to 'earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation' and includes add-backs for certain items charged to operating profit that do not reflect the underlying business performance. See page 28 for its reconciliation to operating profit.

Total EBITDA has reduced 36.0% and 15.1% from continuing operations (2021: £332.4m; 2020: £391.6m). The reduction in the year has been driven by the decrease in revenues explained above particularly around the 700MHz clearance programme and the product mix with revenue increases driven in lower margin areas. A reduction in corporate costs due to a focus on cost management and transformation including lower staff costs have partially offset the decrease.

Operating rash flow after capital and financial investment





Definition – Operating cash flow after capital investment activities represents the cash generated after spending required to maintain or expand its asset base. This is calculated as the net cash flow from operations minus the net cash flow from capital expenditure and financial investment. See page 29 for its reconciliation to net cash flow from operations.

Cash generated has decreased 16.3% from £373.6m to £312.6m. This has predominantly been driven by the decrease in operations following the sale of the telecom business. The decrease has been partly reduced through a reduction in capital expenditure principally owing to lower expenditure on major capital programmes such as the 700MHz Clearance programme following successful completion of major works partially offset by an increase in expenditure related to the digital transformation programme for the business.

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Non-tinancial KPIs

700 MHz Clearance Programme

The major activities on the Clearance programme have successfully completed following the completion of the last two clearance events by August 2020

Utilities

The final network milestone for the Smart energy metering contract, BMax (99.5% network coverage), was achieved in December 2020

ਮਿਲ ਨਿਲ	K 3 73 81	21.17	
		99.99%	99.99%
The second of th	180	99.99%	99.98%
140	TAPAY	99.99%	99.99%
NAVA (99.99%	99.99%

Definition – Arqiva strives to provide consistently high service levels and look to manage and monitor the total annual level of network availability across both TV and radio infrastructure as a percentage across all multiplexes

Result – Through careful management Arqiva has consistently been able to achieve excellent levels of network availability

Making Arqiva a great place to work



Definition – The Group takes part in the 'Investors in People' accreditation for which more than 16,000 UK businesses take part.

Result — Arqiva holds an Investor in People Gold award. This is the highest level in the Investors in People Recognition available. The achievement of the Gold award is an outstanding recognition reflecting the commitment and hard work put in by colleagues across the business and commitment to our values, clear focus on individual and team objectives and team objectives aligned with business goals and focus on continuous improvement.

Argiva has also been awarded an Investors in People 'Health and Wellbeing Good Practice Award' demonstrating our investment in the health and wellbeing of colleagues across the business.

Corporate Responsibility

Doing business the right way and sustainably is vital to Arqiva. Arqiva endeavours to conduct its business in a way that benefits all our stakeholders including customers, suppliers, employees, shareholders and communities in which we operates as well as creating a sustainable future for the business

Our ethics, values and behaviours are weaved through every aspect of what we do.

Charity

Arqiva continues to be a proud supporter of Cancer Research UK (CRUK) recognising them as our national corporate charity. Activities are organised by Charity Champions across our sites with colleagues getting involved in a variety of ways including:

- Participating in an Argiva organised event
- Matched funding if employees participate in any CRUK event
- Taking on a personal challenge

Since the partnership began in 2019, Arqiva and our employees have raised over £60,000 for CRUK. Our partnership also extends beyond just fundraising – it is also about ensuring our colleagues are equipped with the support they may need should they, or their family, be affected by cancer.

Our major corporate sites also provide support to a range of chosen charities in their local communities. These include organisations supporting adults with learning difficulties, homeless people, veterans and local food banks.

We also understand that supporting a charity can be a very personal decision, so our matched funding scheme enables colleagues to fundraise for their chosen local and national charities, from Diabetes UK and the NSPCC to local community projects, children's clubs and sports teams.

Our colleagues are also able to provide support to a charity of their choosing through the 'Give As You Earn' scheme, working in partnership with the Charities Aid Foundation, for which we retained our Bronze Award in 2021. This allows colleagues to get tax relief on donations and the amount provided to charities through this scheme has reached over £100,000 over the past three years.

People – living our purpose

We aim to create a workplace where people feel engaged, energised and respected, where they can do their best, and look after their personal wellbeing, both in and out of work.

Wellbeing

The Group has an ongoing commitment to the health and emotional wellbeing of our people. Argiva runs an annual event focusing on both organisational and personal resilience, which includes wellbeing sessions and training courses. We also have a network of mental health first-aiders, who are equipped to listen without judgement, reassure and respond to colleagues, even in a crisis.

This activity is supplemented by further focused activity aligned with national weeks around mental health and wellness. As well as these specific activities, our colleagues have access to a wealth of support through our Employee Assistance Programme and our partnership with Cancer Research UK.

Health and Safety

Health and safety of individuals is vital, whether in the office or repairing an antenna on a 1,000ft mast. We are committed to complying with applicable health and safety legislation, and to continual improvement in achieving a high standard of health, safety, and welfare in its operations and for all those in the organisation and others

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who may be affected by its activities. The Group operates a robust integrated management system that is certified to ISO14001, ISO45001, ISO90001 and ISO270001 as well as offering training programmes covering specific skills and general awareness. We have been a driving force in developing the Mast and Tower Safety Group, run our own accredited IOSH Working Safely training scheme for our engineers and we collaborate with the union BECTU on our annual employee safety conference.

Diversity and Inclusion

Valuing diversity and being inclusive is key. Our diversity and inclusion programme ensures we continually focus on what's needed for everyone to feel included and able to perform. We have moved beyond building awareness around unconscious bias and are now supporting colleagues to understand the difference between intent and impact.

Our Diversity Ambassadors have been instrumental in encouraging and engaging other workplace communities. We now have an active Women at Arqiva network, a Working Families group, and a Neurodiversity network, so we can listen, support and take opportunities to make lasting, tangible changes so our working practices are even more inclusive.

Environment

We continue to be aware of the impact our activities and our infrastructure may have on local communities. We always strive to minimise the impact we make on sites across the country, especially at remote locations with protected wildlife; and we work closely with planning authorities and local communities to find the best acceptable solution for locations of masts and other infrastructure essential to keeping both rural and urban communities connected.

Energy

Given the nature of the Group's activities, Energy consumption is a key area of interest both economically and environmentally. Our energy policy reflects the company's commitments to improving energy efficiency by:

- Reducing energy consumption
- Investing in energy efficient technology; and
- Monitoring carbon emissions

We are always looking at new and innovative ways of driving down our carbon footprint. Responsible management of energy has a key role in minimising environmental impacts and is embedded within Arqiva. We investigate how emerging technologies and ingenious ways of working can help us and our customers become environmentally friendly.

See page 59 in the Directors report for details on our annual emissions.

Waste Management

The nature of our business means that we also have certain responsibilities particular to our industry. For example, as new technologies emerge and legacy equipment is replaced, we look for the most environmentally friendly ways to dispose of redundant hardware. We also consider the environmental risk of every investment made.

Information Security

Due to the critical importance of our sites and systems to the Group, our customers and, in some cases, as Critical National Infrastructure, we take information security very seriously.

We hold certification to ISO/IEC 27001:2013. ISO27001 is an internationally recognised specification for an information security management system (ISMS), a framework of policies and procedures that includes all legal, physical and technical controls involved in an organisation's information risk management processes. This allows us to compete for new business which requires us to demonstrate the robustness of our security controls.

Through independent review and accreditation, supported by internal monthly audits, we continue to confidently demonstrate our commitment to security and secure working practices. We have held this certification since 2013 and recertify every three years with recertification last given in May 2020.

We also hold Cyber Essentials certification. Cyber Essentials is a government-backed, industry-supported scheme to help organisations guard against the most common cyber threats and demonstrate their commitment to security. We have held this certification since 2016 and recertify annually.

Employees

The average number of persons employed by the Group during the year was 1,528 (2020: 1,864). Arqiva recognises the significant contribution of our employees and makes every effort to create a rewarding and engaging work environment.

Our policy is to provide equal opportunities for all employees, irrespective of race, nationality, gender, sexual orientation, marital status, religion or political beliefs, disability or age. Like many engineering-based businesses we recognise that Arqiva has a higher proportion of men than women and we are working to address this with the Employers Network for Equality and Inclusion through our diversity and inclusion programme.

The table below provides a breakdown of the gender of Directors and employees as at 30 June 2021:

Board of Directors	1/8%	11 / 92%
Executive Committee	1 / 14%	6 / 86%
Group Employees	328 / 21%	1,200 / 79%

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The Group continues to address training and development requirements for employees at all levels within the organisation. The Board also reviews future management requirements and succession plans on an on-going basis.

The Arqiva Employee Board ('AEB') has continued throughout the year. The AEB is a democratically elected Board that acts as a voice for employees across Arqiva and provides a clear and direct link between the Group's employees and the Executive Committee. The AEB continues to meet on a monthly basis to discuss key matters such as performance management, or efficiencies and process to develop responsive action plans. Furthermore, the AEB (as well as the Executive Committee) interacts with representatives of BECTU (the Broadcasting, Entertainment, Cinematograph and Theatre Union) regarding employee matters.

The Group's employee forums provide an effective channel for communication and collective consultation across the Group. They play an important role in enabling employees to help the Group manage change effectively. The goals of each forum are to act as the formal consultative body for its part of the business within Arqiva, provide a voice to management on employee issues, initiate and support social activities, and promote consultation and sharing information.

Significant emphasis is placed on employee communication. The Group intranet, 'The Hub', makes information available to employees on all matters including performance, growth, and issues affecting the industry. The embedded values "Ingenious, Straightforward, and Collaborative", continue to form the fundamental basis of all Argiva business conduct and communication.

Arqiva wants all our employees to benefit from our success and growth as a business. The annual bonus scheme recognises the importance of high performance and is designed to reward employees for achieving targets and continuous improvement in overall performance, in line with our values and strategy. The scheme takes into account the targets that have been set by the Group. The Group must achieve a minimum EBITDA and operating cash performance before a bonus becomes payable which is then calculated based on these financial KPIs. The bonus payment for the 2021 financial year is expected to be made in October 2021. In addition, certain members of our senior management participate in a long-term incentive plan which is typically 3 years in duration and is

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designed to recognise the value of strategic initiatives being undertaken by the Group during the longer-term. As with the annual bonus scheme, the Group must achieve a minimum threshold of financial performance before a bonus becomes payable under the long-term incentive plan which is then calculated based upon the 3-year Group financial KPIs of EBITDA and operating cash performance. All such arrangements are cash-based incentive schemes which operate against documented performance targets and are reviewed at least annually by the Remuneration Committee (which comprises members of the Board of Directors).

Gender Pay Gap

The full annual gender pay gap report is available on the company website. The latest report has shown a mixed picture for the gender pay gap for the reporting period with an improvement in the main but an increase in the median pay gap and includes details on why we have a pay gap, the reasons for the increase in the year and the actions we are taking to address the issue.

Modern Slavery Act

Arqiva is committed to ensuring that there is no modern slavery or human trafficking in our supply chains or in any part of our business. The supplier Code of Conduct reflects the commitment to acting ethically and with integrity in all business relationships and to implement and enforce effective systems and controls to ensure slavery and human trafficking is not taking place anywhere in our supply chains. The full statement is included on page 40 and is also available on the company website at www.arqiva.com.

Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption

In conjunction with the UK Bribery Act 2010, the Group has adopted a Code of Conduct for employees which incorporates all its anti-corruption policies and procedures. The policies apply to all Argiva employees employed on both a permanent and temporary basis. The Code of Conduct also sets out the policies and procedures on the giving and receiving of gifts and hospitality.

Taxation

The Group's approach to tax is to ensure compliance with all legal and statutory obligations. Arqiva is committed to maintaining a transparent and constructive working relationship with HM Revenue & Customs and with local tax authorities in the jurisdictions in which we operate. The total contribution to UK tax receipts including business rates and NI paid by both Arqiva and employees, totalled £65.4m for the financial year (2020: £92.6m).

The Argiva Group is a primarily UK based infrastructure group. There are some trading operations outside of the UK, however these generate less than 1% of operating profit and there are no tax planning activities taken which seek to reduce the Group's UK profits or revenues by transferring revenue or profit out of the UK. The Group's small overseas trading entities deal directly with customers in their area of residence and fulfil their tax requirements in the local jurisdictions.

This report was approved by the Board on XX September 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Mike Parton

21 September 2021

Corporate Governance Statement

The Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018 (the "Regulations"), requires companies that meet certain thresholds to report on the Directors' application of their section 172 duty to promote the success of the Company, as set out in the Companies Act 2006, along with stakeholder and employee engagement.

Section 172 Statement

The Companies Act 2006 sets out a set of general duties owed by directors to a company, including a list of matters to which directors must have regard, which are set out in s.172(1)(a) to (f). During FY21, in continuing to exercise their duties, the Directors have had regard for these matters, as well as other factors, in considering proposals from the Executive Committee and continuing to govern the Company on behalf of our shareholders.

Consequence of any decision in the long-term	Strategic overview	19-20
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,	People – living our purpose	34 (Corporate Responsibility)
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Stakeholder Engagement Statement

Throughout the year, the Board has continued to ensure engagement with relevant stakeholders both in day to day business and as part of key developments this year such as COVID-19. Examples of the way in which this engagement has taken place are set out in the table below.

Employees	Please see our Employee Engagement Statement below and Corporate
	Responsibility statement (pages 34-37) for full details
Regulatory Bodies	We have good relationships with representatives in all relevant regulatory bodies and engage regularly with Ofcom; the Department for Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS); the Department for Business Enterprise and Industrial Strategy (BEIS), as well as monitoring relevant developments with Ofwat and Ofgem as regulators of customers of our Utilities business, We participate in consultations and consult with government departments and regulators when setting strategy and making decisions that affect industry generally; during the 2021 financial year this has included working closely with regulators during the COVID-19 pandemic.
Investors	Quarterly reports to investors are published on our website and available to all; an annual investor call is held, in which we review our annual results and invite questions from investors. We worked closely with our investors in relation to
Customers	the sale of our Telecoms business to secure their ongoing positions. Our relationships with our customers are very important to us, and we maintain regular contact through account managers; Executive Committee members; and

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where appropriate our Chairman. As part of COVID-19 we have sought to understand and support customers who have been affected and ensure

continued delivery of services.

Suppliers Our Procurement team oversees supplier relationship management, with a

category management structure so that employees have relevant expertise for each supplier. We work closely to ensure positive relationships, seeking to agree fair terms and conditions and ensure timely payment, through adherence to and

reporting on the Prompt Payment Code.

Shareholders Shareholder Representatives on the Board report back to shareholders on the

business and take their interests into account when making decisions, while operating in accordance with their Companies Act duties. The Group's corporate governance specifies a number of categories of decision which are Shareholder Reserved Matters, ensuring that the decisions affecting shareholders are subject to necessary regulations of all shareholders. This governance was followed when agreeing and implementing the sale of the Telecoms business and

associated investment decisions.

Stakeholders As part of our infrastructure projects, we engage with planning authorities and

local communities to foster positive relationships. Arqiva's charitable engagement also seeks to support communities local to the areas in which it

operates.

Employee Engagement Statement

1. Information

Regular all company updates are provided to all employees via Arqiva's Hub (intranet) and email updates; Management have conducted company-wide live broadcasts through the year to update employees on performance, strategy and other key developments; with opportunities for employees to ask questions in real time.

2. Consultation

Argiva has active union representations through the Broadcasting Entertainment Communications and Theatre Union (BECTU); strategic decisions which may affect employees (including business change; pay; and terms and conditions) are discussed with BECTI representatives in advance of action being taken. Similar engagement also takes place with the Argiva Employee Board (AEB), which is elected by employees, and their feedback and views are taken into account when making decisions affecting the workforce, (for example in setting timescales and the content of communications).

3. Involvement

Employees participate in annual bonus schemes which are based upon performance of the business throughout the year, encouraging employees to contribute to the success of the business. The Group's values of Ingenious and Collaborative encourage new ideas and fostering strong relationships across the organisation, supporting overall performance of the business.

4. Common Awareness

Financial and economic factors affecting the business are described to employees throughout the year during Management broadcasts; regular email communications with business updates and through the Argiva Hub.

Modern Slavery Act: Slavery and Human Trafficking Statement

Overarching Statement

This statement sets out the steps we are implementing to combat slavery and human trafficking. We remain committed to further improving our practices in the future to combat slavery and human trafficking.

Organisation's Structure

We are a communications infrastructure and media services provider, operating at the heart of the broadcast and satellite markets. We're at the forefront of network solutions and services in the digital world. We provide much of the infrastructure behind television, radio and satellite communications in the UK and have a presence in Ireland, mainland Europe, Asia and the USA.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2021, Argiva Limited and its subsidiaries, Argiva Muxco Limited and Argiva Smart Metering Limited were part of the Argiva Group with head offices in the UK and over 1,300 employees. We operate in the UK, Europe, Asia and the USA.

Argiva Limited (including its subsidiaries), Argiva Muxco Limited and Argiva Smart Metering Limited each have an annual turnover of in excess of £36 million.

Our Supply Chains

The Arqiva Procurement team works in partnership with our suppliers, ensuring we meet our internal customer needs. The Arqiva values of Ingenious, Straightforward and Collaborative are core to how we interact with suppliers whether a high-volume preferred supplier or one-time only supplier.

We have an exceptionally diverse range of services and goods that are required by the business and sourced by our Procurement team including:

- Transmission Arqiva has numerous transmission sites throughout the UK;
- Construction Arqiva undertakes a broad range of construction activities from small changes to the construction of new transmission towers;
- Maintenance & Repairs;
- IT software and managed services;
- Satellite Capacity; and
- Corporate facilities (including corporate sites, stationery, recruitment, legal and professional fees).

Our Policies on Slavery and Human Trafficking

We are committed to ensuring that there is no modern slavery or human trafficking in our supply chains or in any part our business. Suppliers are required to comply with our Supplier Code of Conduct, which reflects our commitment to acting ethically and with integrity in all our business relationships and to implementing and enforcing effective systems and controls to ensure slavery and human trafficking is not taking place anywhere in our supply chains.

Due Diligence Process for Slavery and Human Trafficking

As part of our initiative to identify and mitigate risk we:

- Aim to identify and assess potential risk areas in our own business and our supply chains;
- Try to mitigate the risk of slavery and human trafficking occurring in our business and our supply chains;
- Monitor potential risk areas in our own business and our supply chains;
- Where possible we build long standing relationships with suppliers and make clear our expectations of their business behaviour:
- Expect our suppliers to comply with the Modern Slavery Act 2015 and have their own suitable antislavery and human trafficking policies and processes; and
- Encourage the reporting of concerns and support the protection of whistleblowers.

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Supplier Adherence to our Values

We have zero tolerance to slavery and human trafficking. We expect all those in our supply chain to comply with those values and our Supplier Code of Conduct.

Our Procurement team, reporting into our CFO, is responsible for promoting and ensuring compliance with the Modern Slavery Act 2015 as part of our supplier relationships.

Training

To ensure a high level of understanding of the risks of modern slavery and human trafficking in our supply chains and our business, all Directors and members of the Executive Committee have been briefed on the subject and we continue to assess training needs for all relevant members or our staff.

Our Effectiveness in combating Slavery and Human Trafficking

We will use the following key performance indicators (KPIs) to measure how effective we have been to ensure that slavery and human trafficking is not taking place in any part of our business or supply chains:

- Use of robust supplier selection process including supplier questionnaires and compliance with Arqiva's Supplier Code of Conduct; and
- Use of our payroll systems to ensure that purchase orders and payments to suppliers are limited to those who comply with our standards.

Steps taken during the financial year to 30 June 2021

In the past financial year, we have taken the following steps to ensure that slavery and human trafficking is not taking place in our supply chains, and in any part of our own business:

- a) We have continued to implement a qualification process for all of our suppliers, using our e-procurement system. This process includes background checks and either (a) confirmation of acceptance of the Arqiva Supplier Code of Conduct (which covers modern slavery and human trafficking); or (b) demonstration that the Supplier has its own equivalent policies covering modern slavery and human trafficking. Purchase Orders cannot be placed with new suppliers before the confirmation has been given;
- b) The migration to a new version of Oracle financial systems has presented an opportunity to further reduce our number of trading suppliers, and we are working to a pool of approximately 600 suppliers on go-live of the upgraded systems (this figure has reduced from >2,300 in 2018);
- c) We have introduced a new e-learning system for colleagues, using LinkedIn Learning, which includes content on modern slavery;
- d) We have refreshed our "Speak Up" reporting website and telephone line to enable people to notify concerns. These are overseen by the Internal Audit function and regular updates given to the Group's Audit & Risk Committee.

Statement

This statement is made pursuant to section 54(1) of the Modern Slavery Act 2015 and constitutes Argiva Limited, Argiva Muxco Limited and Argiva Smart Metering Limited's slavery and human trafficking statement for the financial year ending 30 June 2021.

Note: The signed statement is available on the Company website at www.arqiva.com

Governance

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Board of Directors and Executive Committee

Ownership

The Company is owned by a consortium of shareholders comprising Canada Pension Plan Investment Board (48%), Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II (25%), plus other Macquarie managed fund (1.5%), Health Super Investments (5.5%), IFM Global Infrastructure Fund (14.8%) and Motor Trades Association of Australia (5.2%). There is no ultimate controlling party of the Company, as defined by IAS 24 'Related parties'.

In accordance with IAS 24, there are two investor companies which are related parties with the Group, by virtue of significant shareholding in the Group:

- Frequency Infrastructure Communications Assets Limited ('FICAL') (48%), a company controlled by Canada Pension Plan Investment Board. The Canada Pension Plan Investment Board is a professional investment management organisation in Toronto which invest the asset of the Canada Pension plan. The Canada Pension Plan Investment Board was incorporated as a federal Crown corporation by an Act of Parliament in December 1997.
- Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II ('MEIF II') (25%), an investment fund managed by the Macquarie Group. Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II is a wholesale investment fund focusing on investments in high-quality infrastructure businesses across Europe. Macquarie Group Limited is listed in Australia (ASX:MQG ADR:MQBKY).

Argiva Board of Directors

The Group's Board of Directors is comprised of ten Directors representing our shareholder consortium as well as two members of the Executive Committee. The following Board members were in office during the year and up to the date of the signing of the annual report and financial statements.

Board Committee Membership

- A Audit and Risk Committee
- G Governance and Nomination Committee
- R Remuneration Committee
- O Operational Resilience
- Bold Committee Chair



Mike Parton, Chairman and Governance and Nomination Committee Chair

Mike brings a wealth of experience from his background in the telecoms and technology industry. Mike started his career as a Chartered Management Accountant, working for a number of UK technology companies including ICL, GEC, STC and Marconi, Mike has held the roles of CEP of Marconi plc. Chairman of Damovo Group and Chairman of Tele2 AB.

In addition to his role at Arqiva, Mike is currently also Chairman of TDC Group and a trustee of a young people's charity, Grit.

A G R



Paul Donovan, Chief Executive Officer

Prior to his appointment to Chief Executive Officer, Paul acted as a non-executive director on the Arqiva Board.

Paul has over 20 years' experience in senior executive roles across the technology, media and telecommunications sectors. Between 2014 and 2016 Paul led the transformation of Europe's leading cinema operator, Odeon and UCI Cinemas Group, ahead of its successful sale to AMC Theatres. Paul's leadership led to innovations in pricing, digital marketing and guest experience which laid the foundations for improvements in business performance and public perception.

Prior to this Paul was CEO of Irish Telecoms Group eir. His background also includes senior executive appointments with a number of significant global organisations including Vodafone, Cable & Wireless, One2One and Optus as well as senior commercial roles at BT, Apple Computers, Coca-Cola and Schweppes Beverages and Mars Inc.



Sean West, Chief Financial Officer

Sean was appointed Chief Financial Officer in September 2019, having joined Arqiva in 2015 as Director of Treasury and Corporate Finance and appointed Interim Chief Financial Officer in May 2019.

Sean has a background in all areas of corporate finance and financing, and as Director of Treasury and Corporate Finance was responsible for all aspects of the Group's capital structure.

Prior to joining Arqiva, Sean held senior corporate finance and treasury positions at the Immediate Capital Group (ICG) and LandSec and brings a wealth of experience across a range of industries and financial markets.

Appointed by IFM Investors and Motor Trades Association of Australia (joint appointment)



Sally Davis, Director and Remuneration Committee Chair

With over 30 years in the TMT sector Sally has held a number of senior product, strategy and chief executive roles including being a former Chief Executive of BT Wholesale, one of four operating divisions of BT. Prior to this, Sally had an early product management career at Mercury Communications before becoming a director at NYNEX during its merger with Bell Atlantic to become Verizon.

Sally is also a Non-Executive Director on the Board of Telenor and is Chairman of Leonard Cheshire.



Appointed by Frequency Infrastructure Communications Assets Limited



Mike Darcey, Director and Operational Resilience Chair

Mike has over 25 years' experience in the technology, media and telecommunications industry with numerous positions held ranging from CEO of News International to COO of British Sky Broadcasting Group. He has also provided strategic advisory services to a range of clients in the media industry.

Mike has served or is currently serving on Boards including Dennis Publishing (UK) Ltd (Chairman), M247 (Chairman), Home Retail Group (Senior Independent Director) and Sky New Zealand (Director). He is also Chairman of British Gymnastics and Senior Expert Advisor to MTM Consulting.

) G



Batiste Ogier, Director

Batiste is a Senior Principal in the Portfolio Value Creation at CPP Investments. He has responsibility for oversight of CPP Investments' global Infrastructure and Power & Renewables portfolios including helping establish each investment's asset management priorities. In his role, Batiste is also a Director on the Board of Renewable Power Capital, a renewable energy investment platform he helped found in 2020 and is Board representative for CPP Investments at Anglian Water. Prior to joining CPP Investments, he was a Director in the Infrastructure team at First State Investments, during which time he was a member of the Supervisory Board of the Coriance Group and a Board representative for FSI at Anglian Water.



Neil King, Director

Neil runs the European infrastructure business at CPP Investment Board. He has over twenty-five years of experience in the infrastructure market, including ten years at 3i as a founding partner in its infrastructure investment business before joining CPPIB in 2015

Neil is also a Non-Executive director at Interparking S.A., a European car parking business which is in CPPIB's infrastructure investment portfolio.

G I



Peter Adams, Director (alternate)

Peter is a Principal in the Infrastructure group at CPP Investment Board, based in London

Prior to joining CPP Investment Board in September 2010, Peter was with the Boston Consulting Group, where he advised clients in the U.S., Canada and Europe on strategy and operations.

Appointed by Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II



Nathan Luckey

Nathan was reappointed to the Board on 1 July 2021.

Nathan is a Senior Managing Director in Macquarie Infrastructure and Real Assets (MIRA), and leads MIRA's Digital Infrastructure team in Europe. Nathan holds a number of non-executive directorship roles for companies within MIRA's investment portfolio. He is a qualified Mechanical Engineer, with expertise across the telecommunications, media, transportation and utilities sectors.



Mark Braithwaite, Director

Mark is a Senior Managing Director in Macquarie Infrastructure and Real Assets. Mark was previously Chief Financial Officer of Thames Water, the UK's largest water and wastewater services company. Prior to joining Thames Water, Mark was Finance Director of the customer and energy divisions at EDF Energy plc, and before that held a number of senior Finance positions at Seboard plc.

Mark has other non-executive directorship roles for companies within MIRA's investment portfolio and is also a trustee of Leadership through Sport & Business, a UK social mobility and employability charity.

4 G F

Appointed by IFM Investors



Christian Seymour, Director

Christian is Head of Infrastructure at IFM Global Infrastructure Fund, responsible for the business expansion in Europe and oversight of IFM's existing European asset portfolio, of which Codan Trust is an investment vehicle.

AGRO



Max Fieguth, Director (alternate)

Max is responsible for asset management of existing investments for IFM Global Infrastructure Fund, as well as supporting the execution of infrastructure transactions. Prior to joining IFM Investors, Max worked as a Consultant in the Operations Practice at McKinsey and prior to that at Bechtel on a number of infrastructure projects. He holds a Masters in Mechanical Engineering from Imperial College London, an MBA from INSEAD and is a Chartered Engineer with the Institution of Mechanical Engineers in the UK.

Independent Board Advisor



Frank Dangeard, Independent Board Advisor and Audit and Risk Committee Chair

Frank Dangeard resigned as a Director on 1 July 2021. He still attends Board and Audit and Risk Committee meetings as an Independent advisor to the Board.

In the telecom, media and technology sector, Frank has held various positions at Thomson S.A., including Chairman & CEO, and was Deputy CEO of France Telecom. He served on the boards of SonaeCom and Orange, and was Deputy Chairman of Telenor. He is currently of NortonLifeLock (ex-Symantec, US) and is on the board of HIS (Cayman). In the financial sector, he was a Managing Director of SG Warburg and Chairman of SG Warburg France. He served on the boards of Crédit Agricole CIB and Home Credit. He is currently on the board of NatWest Group (UK), and Chairman of NatWest Markets (UK). Frank also held board positions at EDF, RPX and various listed and non-listed companies in Europe, the US, India and the Middle-East.

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Executive Committee

(also includes the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer on pages 44)



Shuja Kahn Chief Commercial Officer

- Joined Arqiva in January 2020 as Chief Operating Officer, moving to Chief Commercial Officer role in July 2020.
- 20 years in leadership roles within telecoms, media and broadcasting. Most recently Chief Commercial Officer at Cable and Wireless
- Other senior positions at Liberty Global.



Vivian Leinster Chief People Officer

- Joined Arqiva in June 2020
- Extensive experience in people, organisation and cultural changes.
- Previous positions including Chief People Officer at MS Amlin and Bupa UK.



Alex Pannell
Executive Director, Commercial
Broadcast and Utilities

- Joined Arqiva in 2012, appointed to the Executive Committee in 2018 within the Satellite and Media business.
- Previously Director in BT Wholesale.
- Other previous positions at Concert Communications.



Adrian Twyning Chief of Operations

- Joined Arqiva in March 2021 with experience in energy, retail, health construction and professional services.
- Previously Director of Transformation at **Dixons** Carphone
- Other senior positions at British Gas and Brighton and Sussex Hospitals NHS Trust



Clive White Chief Technology and Transformation Officer

- Joined Arqiva in April 2018.
- Previous transformation positions at RSA, Lloyds Banking Group, Accenture, AT&T Global Network and BSkyB.

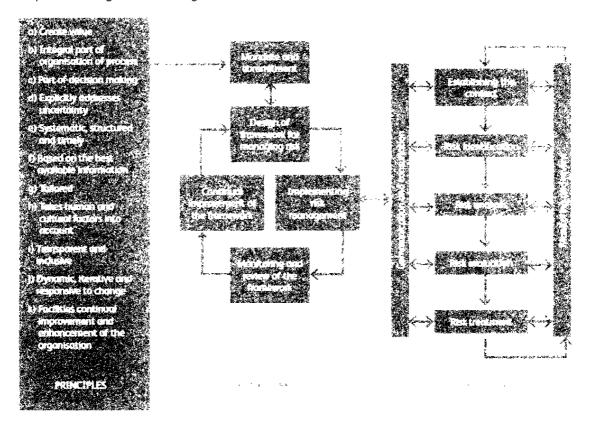
Principal Risks and Uncertainties

Arqiva's approach to risk management is as follows:

- Arqiva recognises that the effective management of risk is essential to achieve our business objectives
- Arqiva adopts an Enterprise Risk Management ('ERM') approach, which is recognised as 'best practice' for top performing companies
- Managing risk is a core responsibility of management at all levels and is a key component of governance and compliance
- Argiva aims to embed risk management principles into the culture of the organisation

Enterprise wide management of risk is important for Arqiva to meet our corporate objectives and for us to protect future competitive advantage. The strategic importance of risk management is recognised by top performing companies and is an important part of good corporate governance. Arqiva subscribes to the Enterprise Risk Management approach to managing our risk profile.

Arqiva has adopted ISO31000 as its Enterprise Risk Management standard and ISO Guide 73 terminology. Arqiva has also adopted the ISO 27000 series for Information Security including ISO/IEC 27005 for Security Risk Management which operates within the Arqiva ERM Framework. Our statements and principles are linked to our process through our risk management framework.



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The Executive Committee has responsibility for maintaining and updating their line of business risk register which includes utilising the standardised approach to risk assessment and risk monitoring. The Group's centralised Internal Audit and Risk function provides training and support to ensure risks are captured effectively and on a timely basis. The Audit and Risk function works with the Chief Executive Officer to review and consolidate the most significant business risks into a corporate risk register for scrutiny at quarterly Executive Committee and Audit and Risk Committee meetings. The Executive Committee takes recommendations for ensuring the risk management framework remains effective going forward.

Business Management:

First defence is the day to day controls and processes put in pl by management to identify risks and develop mitigating actions.

Senior Executive Manag

Quarterly review of the corporate risk register to include review of risk monagement policies, s compliance and reporting of ficant risks to the B

Audit and Risk function / Audit

Independent business assurance provided over the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal rtrols and processes, and the effectiveness of the risk

Management has identified the following risks as the most significant business risks affecting the Group, presented together with identified mitigating actions.

> The COVID 19 health pandemic is a risk to demand and operational capabilities

Argiva maintains regular dialogue with customers and other stakeholders with regard to impact of the pandemic.

Management continue to review the working capital and liquidity facilities available to the Group. Argiva maintains an operational Resilience team who monitor latest restrictions and guidelines from the Government. **Business Continuity Plans are** established for each key site and business area.

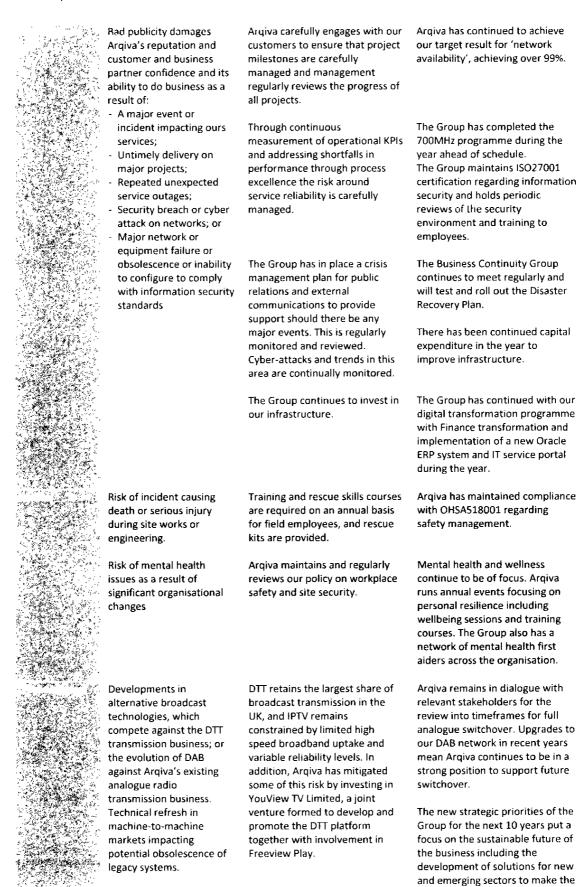
Discounts to local commercial radio customers have been extended during the year to continue to support these customers through the COVID-19 pandemic.

Financial liquidity is continually monitored and reviewed with regard to available facilities for the Group. Post year end in July 2021, the Group has renegotiated our available facilities with a new £100.0m facility available until 2025.

Business Continuity Plans have continued to be enacted with sites adhering to government COVID secure guidelines. Alternative working arrangements and technology to support these arrangements have been enacted to enable the continued provisions of the Group's services and safe working conditions for employees.



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Change in government plans, policy or priorities could lead to unforeseen changes in scope on major engineering programmes and licencing.

Information, networks and

systems infrastructure may

security threats leading to

impacting the operational

key operational processes

The scale and complexity

inherent risk of unforeseen delays through the supply

of Argiva's major

programmes bear an

chain and therefore

challenges to delivery.

be subjected to cyber

a loss or corruption of

data, penalties and

capacity of Argiva.

Critical transmission

could fail leading to

operational outages.

structures or IT infrastructure supporting

Arqiva maintains regular dialogue with our stakeholders to ensure the delivery of our programmes are efficient, timely and to specification. Where specification changes occur, Arqiva provides a detailed assessment of the potential costs of the scope change and seeks an informed recovery of these costs through mechanisms in our contracts.

Argiva's assets and operations remain predominantly in the UK and therefore our business has minimal exposure to the changing relationships with international markets.

Additionally, we expect the infrastructure Argiva provides to continue to be demanded and that these services evolve as markets and consumer tastes evolve.

The Group maintains an ISO270001 certification regarding information security, which includes Cloud Security Services. Employee training on information security is mandatory and quarterly reviews are undertaken by external consultants to examine the robustness of the security environment.

Arqiva ensures data is regularly backed up and Business Continuity Plans have been established for each key site and each business area. A Business Recovery Working Group meets regularly to stress test these plans and continually review the Group's approach to disaster recovery and operational resilience.

Arqiva maintains a robust oversight of the delivery of our major programmes. This includes identifying the key personnel and resources required for delivery and working closely with its suppliers and customers to

most of our infrastructure and expertise.

Arqiva has successfully agreed scope and change requests on our smart energy metering programme with our customer demonstrating the customer's continued focus on network roll out.

Arqiva has continued engagement with Ofcom regarding licensing arrangements.

Debt markets have continued to be monitored for accessibility and open dialogue maintained with ratings agencies. Evolving commercial negotiations are closely monitored.

Arqiva has implemented detection and prevention solutions on networks.

Arqiva has continued to pass our quarterly security reviews and has consequently retained ISO certification.

Communication and training have been maintained with employees to ensure awareness of potential cyber security threats.

Site inspections are completed with a focus on older sites and structural maintenance plans have been implemented.

Business Continuity Plans have been enacted through the COVID-19 pandemic with keyworks on sites able to continue the seamless delivery of our operational services whilst adhering to COVID secure workplace guidelines.

Arqiva has completed the 700MHz Clearance programme during the year in line with contractual milestones.

The Group's smart metering communication network in the North of England and Scotland



ensure that these requirements are sufficiently available.

Arqiva recognises the importance of our people and seeks to make Arqiva a rewarding and enjoyable place to work. The Group operates a competitive annual bonus plan for all employees and a long-term incentive plan for our leadership team. Additionally, the Group operates formal retention and succession

planning in knowledge-critical

areas of the business.

now covers 99.5% of premises. Arqiva continues to support the DCC on the meter roll out programme.

Arqiva has continued to focus on supporting individuals with increased support and training for new managers and emerging talent.

Regular meetings are held to identify critical issues and ensure timely intervention. Retention plans have continued to be implemented for key individuals particularly through significant organisational changes that have taken place across the workforce in the year.

Details of the financial risks and details of mitigating factors are set out in the Directors' report on pages 61-62.

Directors' Report

The Directors of Arqiva Group Limited ('AGL'), registered company number 05254001, ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") submit the annual report and audited consolidated financial statements ("the financial statements") in respect of the year ended 30 June 2021.

The Company is a holding company with an investment in a group of operating companies, financing companies and other holding companies.

The Directors' report for the Company is set out on page 130.

Wates Corporate Governance Statement

For the year ended 30 June 2021, under The Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018, Arqiva has applied the Wates Corporate Governance Principles for Large Private Companies (as published by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) in December 2018 and available on the FRC website).

Companies are able to adopt the Wates principles as an appropriate framework when making a disclosure regarding corporate governance arrangements. We have adopted the disclosure in our 2021 Annual Report and Financial Statements and we set out below how the principles have been applied over the past year.

PRINCIPLE ONE - PURPOSE AND LEADERSHIP – An effective board promotes the purpose of a company, and ensures that its values, strategy and culture align with that purpose

Purpose/focus and activities during the year.

The divestment of the Group's Telecoms business was successfully completed in early July 2020. Subsequently, the focus of the Board and Executive Committee during the year has been to lead Arqiva through an uncertain Covid 19 period and to re-set the business' purpose with a particular emphasis on its core broadcast, media networks and utilities businesses and its customers. The following items were the key areas of focus during the year:

Item	Summary
Headline purpose and strategy matters	The development of a new and updated purpose for Arqiva – which is "Enabling a switched-an world to flow" - and also the Vision 2031 work which has brought our purpose, our vision and our strategy together has been the focus for building a sustainable future for Arqiva. The Board has overseen these matters alongside the development and adoption of a detailed and robust long-term plan for the business with appropriate cost and investment assumptions which now underpin the business. This was the first long-term plan for the 'new' business, following the divestment of the Telecoms business to Cellnex which was completed in July 2020.
Capital structure	Following the divestment of the Telecoms business, the Board has overseen a restructuring of its capital structure through the repayment of a significant portion of its external debt and also the rationalisation of its derivatives positions associated with that debt. An indicative credit upgrade was confirmed by the rating agencies at the end of the year.
Customers	Arqiva is a smaller and less complex business post the Telecoms divestment, and the Board has sought to ensure senior engagement with key customers and stakeholders to cement working relationships, share Arqiva's new purpose and to open up further opportunities for collaboration.
	In addition, a significant customer engagement survey was carried out in May 2021. This provided valuable insights in to Arqiva's performance, what it needs to do to maintain its position in certain areas, and what it needs to do to prepare for the future.

Integrated organisation	The Board has overseen the implementation of an integrated organisational design whose purpose is to more directly and effectively serve our customers and ensure
People & Culture	alignment across our functions with the business' purpose and direction. A particular focus has been on ensuring the right levels of skills and experience amongst our employees which was important to deliver Arqiva's new purpose in the new organisational design. The Board has overseen a company wide restructuring and redundancy programme which was carried out during the year. This resulted in a significant number of changes in the employee mix – with a number of individuals leaving the business, others being successful in being appointed to new roles, and also a significant recruitment exercise to fill vacant roles.
	A new senior leadership group was formed in the summer of 2020. This group has benefitted from significant investment through personal and leadership development activities throughout the year. The leadership group has been key to certain Culture transformation initiatives over the course of the year and bringing to fruition a target culture blueprint for the business.
	In addition, the implementation of our post-pandemic "Work. Life. Smarter." practices has started and will continue to be rolled out. The intention is to enable a migration to a hybrid home/office working model for our people.
Operational performance	The operational performance of the business has been closely monitored by the Board as part of the regular Board meeting agendas. In particular, the impact of Covid 19 on the performance of the business has been considered on a more frequent basis, and the relevant operational risks associated with Covid 19 continue to be carefully managed. In addition, the global component shortage has had an impact on meter supply schedules and this has been frequently considered by the Board and senior management.
Governance	A number of appointments/changes have been made to the Group's executive committee during the year. In addition to the business' new integrated organisational design, a number of improvements and updates have been made to the business' internal governance structures and delegated authorities.
Covid 19	The principal aims of the Board in its response to the ongoing Covid 19 pandemic were to ensure the safety of its employees and assist individuals with the evolving lockdown situations and 'working from home' realities, and also maintain operational capability and delivery to the Group's customers. In addition, the Board continued to oversee the Group's engagement with its most affected and key customers.
Transformation	The Board has continued to oversee the programme to upgrade the Group's IT, systems and processes to enhance operational capability and bring efficiencies to the Group's operations.

Values and culture

Arqiva's values are embedded throughout the organisation, and adherence to them forms part of employees' performance reviews and reward structure. Independent surveys of both employee and customer engagement are undertaken. Engagement with BECTU is described under Principle 6 (Stakeholders) below. The Group's People & Culture team monitors absenteeism rates and processes are also in place to encourage and monitor exit interviews. These form part of matters reported upon to the Operational Resilience Committee, which reports in to the Board.

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PRINCIPLE TWO - BOARD COMPOSITION - Effective board composition requires an effective chair and a balance of skills, backgrounds, experience and knowledge, with individual directors having sufficient capacity to make a valuable contribution. The size of a board should be guided by the scale and complexity of the company.

Chair

The Group's corporate governance structure creates a clear separation between the role of the Chair and that of the Chief Executive Officer.

The Chair (who is independent of the Group's Shareholders) is a highly experienced business executive having held many senior executive roles in the technology and telecoms sectors. The Chair has actively encouraged open debate and discussion in the appropriate forums including main Board meetings which are scheduled to take place at least six times per year, and also at Board sub-committee meetings (those committees being the Audit & Risk Committee, Nominations & Governance Committee, Operational Resilience Committee, Capital Structure Committee and the Remuneration Committee).

Balance and diversity

The Board has deep and relevant experience which has provided invaluable external industry input to assist more effective decision-making in relation to a number of key matters brought before the Board. The Group operates in a number of diverse and complex markets which require the Board to have a detailed understanding of the relevant sector in order to arrive at informed decisions.

Argiva is actively working with Inclusive Employers in relation to diversity and inclusion. The Group recognises that there is further work to do in this area and continues to promote relevant initiatives. Page 36 of the Annual Report provides a breakdown of the gender of Directors and employees.

Size and structure

The size and structure of the Board remains under periodic review so that it is best organised to meet the needs and challenges of the Group. In terms of Board size, a balance has been struck between ensuring Shareholders are adequately represented via their nominated Directors but also identifying directors with relevant industry experience to be appointed together with the Group's CEO and CFO (see pages 43-47 of the Annual Report for full details of the composition of the Board of Directors and Senior Executive Management). Whilst Frank Dangeard, Mike Darcey and Sally Davis all originally joined Arqiva as independent non-executive directors, each of them were also Shareholder directors representing Macquarie, CPPIB and MTAA/IFM respectively in the year to 30 June 2021.

We acknowledge that there is a relative lack of diversity on the Board. As part of the new appointments to the Senior Leadership groups, improvements have been made to broaden diversity and this will continue in the future.

Effectiveness

The Group undertook an extensive Board effectiveness/evaluation exercise in December 2020 using an external online platform together with relevant diagnostics, and the results of the exercise were considered and discussed at a meeting of the Nominations & Governance Committee and the Board of directors in February 2021. The key action recommendations from the exercise included the following:

- Arqiva's sustainability activities should be an increasing priority that form part of the company's value creation and strategic objectives.
- Diversity & inclusion and sustainability matters will be a more prominent agenda item at relevant committee meetings and also at the Board twice a year from FY22 onwards.
- Succession planning and talent review matters will be regular agenda items for the Nominations & Governance Committee.
- The composition of the Board (and/or the potential for a Board observer or external advisor) would be kept under review to ensure the right breadth of experience and input at the Board.
- An increased focus by the Audit & Risk Committee in appraising strategic risk factors and whistleblowing matters.

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PRINCIPLE THREE - DIRECTOR RESPONSIBILITIES — A board should have a clear understanding of its accountability and terms of reference. Its policies and procedures should support effective decision-making and independent challenge.

The Board has a programme of six principal meetings every year, with additional meetings arranged for key projects, strategic matters or circumstances such as Covid 19, as may be required.

Accountability

Decisions which are within the remit of the Board or Shareholders are set out in a Shareholders' Agreement (as Board Reserved Matters and Shareholder Reserved Matters). There is a comprehensive Delegation of Authority policy which sets out the responsibilities that are delegated to the Executive and those decisions which must be made at Board or Shareholder level. This policy was updated and a revised policy brought to the June 2021 Board meeting for approval. Typically, Board or Shareholder Reserved Matters are raised at regular Board meetings and written resolutions are obtained where otherwise required.

A Conflicts of Interest paper is maintained and regularly updated with details of Board or Shareholder conflicts. Any conflicts which may compromise independent decision making would be raised by the Company Secretary at the relevant Board meeting; a Director having a conflict is not entitled to discuss or vote on the relevant matter, or to count in the quorum.

Committees

Five Board sub-Committees have been instituted. Pages 63-64 of the Annual Report provides an overview and description of each of the Board sub-Committees comprising: Audit & Risk, Remuneration Committee, Nominations & Governance and Operational Resilience. The Capital Structure Committee was established in summer 2020, principally to oversee and recommend the activities associated with the restructuring of Arqiva's capital structure through the repayment of a significant portion of its external debt and also the rationalisation of its derivatives positions associated with that debt. The Capital Structure remains in place, its core focus being the consideration and optimisation of Arqiva's capital structure. The Board sub-Committees promote effective decision making and greater accountability and focus in relation to each of the areas covered by the respective Board sub-Committees.

Integrity of information

The Board receives regular reports from the Executive and Senior Management on key matters for which the Board has responsibility, including strategic projects; comprehensive financial reporting; key customer and regulatory matters; updates on operational resilience (including physical and cyber security as well as health and safety and environmental issues); details of major bids and performance of key contracts and market issues faced by the Group as well as developments in technology and regulation.

The Group uploads papers to a board portal for ease of review and administration. Other than in exceptional cases papers are submitted in advance and taken as read at Board meetings, allowing any presentations to focus on highlighting key issues, discussion and dealing with questions. The Chairs of each of the Board Committees are aware of the importance of their position and during FY20 they have each met (virtually) with key employees of the Group to build relationships and gain direct access to those dealing with the day to day business of the Group.

PRINCIPLE FOUR - OPPORTUNITY AND RISK – A Board should promote the long-term sustainable success of the company by dentifying opportunities to create and preserve value, and establishing oversight for the identification and mitigation of risks

Opportunity

The Group's Board maintains a focus on how the Group creates and preserves value over the long-term which is principally achieved through a well-developed strategic and long-term planning process. The Board keeps its strategy under review which provides a forum to present future business opportunities. Appropriate governance mechanisms are in place to ensure that new business opportunities above a certain value are considered and approved by the Board.

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Risk

The Group has a well-developed risk management process in place and continues to utilise its an online risk assessment tool, which is used throughout the business (which is described on pages 49 of the Annual report). The Group's Audit and Risk function works with the Chief Executive Officer to review and consolidate the most significant business risks into a corporate risk register for scrutiny at quarterly Executive Committee and Audit & Risk Committee meetings.

Arqiva's key operational risks and mitigations are outlined in detail on pages 51-52 of the Annual Report.

Responsibilities

The Group has adopted the Enterprise Risk Management approach to managing its risk which has been approved by the Group's Audit & Risk Committee. This incorporates an internal control framework clearly defining roles and responsibilities of those involved. Responsibilities include the following:

- The Group's Executive Committee takes recommendations for ensuring the risk management framework remains effective going forward;
- Processes are in place for managing the principal risks and uncertainties;
- The internal control framework (described on page 49 of the Group's annual report) confirms that there is a monitoring and review process in place to evaluate risks at both business unit and Board level.

<u>PRINCIPLE FIVE - REMUNERATION -</u> A board should promote executive remuneration structures aligned to the long-term sustainable success of a company, taking into account pay and conditions eisewhere in the company.

Remuneration

A consistent approach has been adopted in setting the level and structure of remuneration in relation to each member of the Executive Committee to secure appropriate and fair levels of remuneration. Benchmarking and advice from external remuneration consultants is obtained. Remuneration comprises of a number of elements including base salary, an annual bonus and a long-term incentive plan.

Page 37 of the Group's annual report provides more detail and explains how remuneration is structured to recognise high performance reward for achieving targets in line with the Group's sustainable success and values. This aligns with remuneration arrangements for the remainder of the organisation where every employee's remuneration is made up of a combination of base salary and annual bonus (which, again, is linked to personal performance and achieving financial targets in line with the Group's objectives). Following a review of the Group's remuneration structures by the new Chief People Officer, initiatives in the year to 30 June 2021 have included new approaches to reward and incentives that underpin future cost savings while ensuring transparency and alignment with shareholder objectives.

Policies

The Group has delegated remuneration matters to the Remuneration Committee (which is a committee of the Board). The Remuneration Committee operates in accordance with documented terms of reference. The Remuneration Committee is committed to take into account the pay and employment conditions of the Group's wider workforce when making recommendations in relation to Executive pay.

The Group's borus and long-term incentive plans are documented in writing and reviewed at least annually by the Remuneration Committee and any payments made operate against documented performance targets. In addition, the Remuneration Committee considers the company wide annual pay increase on an annual basis. As part of this process, the Remuneration Committee will assess increases against certain criteria including taking into account other comparative pay metrics in the industry, discussions held with BECTU, the existing and future financial capacity of the business, and also aligning with the long term sustainable success of the company. In the year to 30 June 2021, annual pay negotiations were concluded with BECTU with agreement to go to a ballot of its members. This occurred in early July 2021 and agreement was reached on the business' proposals.

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PRINCIPLE SIX - STAKEHOLDERS A board has a responsibility to oversee meaningful engagement with material stakeholders, including the workforce, and have regard to that discussion when taking decisions. The board has a responsibility to foster good stakeholder relationships based on the company's purpose

Stakeholders

The Group's key Stakeholders include its employees; customers; suppliers; debt investors; Shareholders; pensions trustees; and regulatory and government bodies including Ofcom, DCMS and BEIS. Senior Management and the Strategy and Regulatory team work closely with industry and lobby groups and representatives of the various regulatory bodies, and the Board is regularly briefed informally and formally on developments. The value of good relationships with local communities, in the context of planning requirements for example, is understood and focus is given to fostering these relationships. The Group provides reports to investors and creditors as part of its listed debt obligations and conducts regular investor calls which give the opportunity for debt investors to raise questions with the Group. The Group's procurement operations function actively undertakes reviews of its supplier base and to enhance its best practice in this field.

Workforce

Arqiva communicates to its employees through regular email newsletters, updates over email directly from the CEO and local messaging from the Executive Management. The CEO and Executive Management have also conducted small listening groups in person where possible. However, due to the Covid 19 pandemic, the use of five broadcasts and presentations streamed online (rather than roadshows) has continued and this has been well received by employees. This has been done alongside interactive question functionality which enables a live dialogue with the workforce. Individual video interviews with members of the Executive Management have also been published on the Arqiva intranet. During the Covid 19 pandemic in particular, the Executive Management team has been the principal conduit through which the Board has been able to assess workforce considerations and related views for the purposes of their decision making processes.

The Group has active union representation from BECTU, as well as an elected Employee Board, and employee forums throughout the different functions. The People & Culture team work closely with each of these bodies, consulting on any proposed changes to terms; policies and processes; as well as seeking feedback on workplace morale, culture and issues of concern or interest to the workforce. In the year to 30 June 2021, due to the company wide restructuring and redundancy programme, the interaction between Arqiva, its Employee Board and BECTU has been heightened. A constructive and pro-active dialogue was swiftly established between the parties and a constructive relationship has been cemented as a result.

External impacts

The Group's Corporate Responsibility statement sets out, on pages 34-37 of the Directors' Report, a description of the Group's focus areas used to ensure that it acts responsibly, ethically and safely, from a Corporate; Community; Employee; and Business perspective. The statement also includes a summary of the Group's approach to environmental factors.

Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting (SECR)

UK Greenhouse gas emissions and energy use data for the period 1	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020 (Restated)*
July 2020 to 30 June 2021	30 10116 2022	Joseph (Mestace)
74. y 2020 to 30 34.10 2022		
Energy consumption used to	222.357.758	290,282,567
calculate emissions (kWh)		230,282,307
Energy consumption break down (kWh):		
Gas	2,055,282	2,207,196
Electricity	215,261,826	279,439,417
Transport fuel	5,040,650	8,635,954
Scope 1 emissions in metric tonnes TCO	2e	
Gas consumption	376	406
Owned transport (fleet)	1,120	1,557
Total Scope 1	1,496	1,963
Scope 2 emissions in metric tonnes TCO		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Purchased electricity		
Market Based	639	-
Location Based	46,471	65,148
Scope 3 emissions in metric tonnes TCO	<u> </u>	
Business travel in employee owned		
vehicles / hire	129	387
Total gross emissions in metric tonnes To		
Market Based	2,264	
Location Based	48,096	67,498
Intensity Ratio		
	Year ended	Year ended

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
Intensity ratio of Total TCO2e / £m revenue – market-based method	3.49	-
Intensity ratio of Total TCO2e / £m revenue – location-based method	74.31	74.76

^{*} Prior year balances have been restated to take into account bills received for the 2020 financial year after the signing date of the prior year financial statements.

Energy Efficiency Action taken

Video conferencing capability has been vastly improved through the introduction of more stable software and efficient technology enabling the opportunity from working from the home environment a more sustainable option negating the need for business travel and personal commuting.

LED lighting has continued to be deployed in both office and meeting room refurbishments across the corporate and technical estate.

A significant proportion of the reduction in electricity consumption is attributable to the sale of the telecoms division to Cellnex, however a number of energy efficiencies were identified during the COVID -19 pandemic in

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particular reducing office heating, lighting and maintenance obligations across the estate reducing business travel.

Arqiva continue to purchase over 99% of its energy consumed in the transmission networks and buildings (office and technical) from renewable energy supplies supported by REGO certification

Quantification and Reporting Methodology

Our electricity consumption data for the financial year is taken from billing data received plus an estimate has been made for bills still to be received in respect of the 2021 financial year as at the date of these financial statements.

Emissions figures include costs that are passed through to customers but are not disclosed separately within these financial statements.

Our Carbon accounting methodology is based on the following guidance:

- Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Standard World Resources Institute
- 2021 UK Government's Conversion Factors for Company Reporting.
- Environmental reporting Guidelines 2019 (including streamlined energy and carbon reporting guidance)
 March 2019

Directors Report

Financial Risk Management

The principal risks and uncertainties of the Group have been outlined previously in this report (see pages 48-52). As a result of these, as well as the on-going business activities and strategy of the Group, Arqiva is exposed to variety of financial risks that include financing risk, purchase price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk.

The key financial risks affecting the Group are set out below, together with a summary of how these risks are managed.

The key financial risks affecting the Group are all	
managed.	
at least part of our debt as it	The Group mitigates this risk by the strength of the stable long-term investment grade capital structure in place. Our BBB ratings reflect our string ability to service and repay debt from our cash flows over a reasonable period of time, maintaining debt with a variety of medium and long term maturities, so that over time we do not have a significant concentration of debt due for refinancing in any given year, and aiming to refinance debt well in advance of the maturity date.
Breach of debt covenants and/or a downgrade in our rating could impact the availability of finance or the comparability of terms.	With regards to covenants the Group maintains financial covenant monitoring and modelling, both retrospectively and prospectively and maintains regular dialogue with credit ratings agencies.
Energy is a major component of the Group's cost base and is subject to price volatility.	A large proportion of this risk is managed via pass- through arrangements to customers. The Group's residual exposure to fluctuations in the electricity price is managed by forward purchasing the majority of power requirements. Key revenue and cost milestones are set on larger projects to ensure the financial risks of volatile market pricing are mitigated.
The Group is exposed to credit risk on customer receivables.	Credit risk is managed through appropriate credit checking procedures prior to taking on new customers; and higher risk customers paying in advance of services being provided. Performance is closely monitored to ensure agreed service levels are maintained reducing the level of queried payments and mitigating the risk of uncollectible debts.
The Group is exposed to counterparty risks in its financing operations.	The Group carefully manages the credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments with balances currently spread across a range of major financial institutions which have satisfactory credit ratings assigned by international credit ratings agencies. The levels of credit risk are monitored through the Group's on-going risk management processes, which include a regular review of the credit ratings. Risk in this area is limited further by setting a maximum level and term for deposits with any single counterparty.



Ensuring the Group has sufficient available funds for working capital requirements and planned growth and funding for the Defined Benefit pension scheme.

The Group maintains cash reserves and access to undrawn committed facilities to cover forecast requirements. As at 30 June 2021 the Group had £243.5m cash available and £250.0m of liquidity facilities available to cover senior interest payment if required. This facility was refinanced to a £150m facility shortly after the reporting date together with a £100m working capital facility. The Group also has a £30.0m facility to support 'Comms Hub Receivables Purchasing'. The Board considers the availability and adequacy of working capital funding requirements in conjunction with forming its long-term financial plan for the business.

Exposure to interest rate risk due to borrowing variable rate bank debt.

The Group uses derivative contracts to hedge its exposure to rising interest rates. The Group maintains a hedging policy to manage interest rate risk and to ensure the certainty of future interest cash flows and compliance with debt covenants. The derivative contracts held are fixed rate hedging, split between interest rates and inflation-linked swaps. The Group has, however, elected not to apply hedge accounting meaning gains and losses are recognised through the income statement as fair values fluctuate (2021: £11.1m loss; 2020: £121.7m gains). Interest rate swaps convert variable rate interest costs to fixed rate interest costs while inflation-linked swaps convert fixed or floating rate interest costs to RPIlinked costs, which fluctuate in line with the RPI index as do a significant proportion of the Group's revenue contracts.

The Group operates from UK sites and predominantly in the UK market. While some customer and supplier contracts are denominated in other currencies (mainly US Dollars and Euros), the majority of the Group's revenues and costs are sterling based, and accordingly exposure to foreign exchange is limited.

Management regularly monitors the impact of foreign exchange risks and assess the need to put any mitigating financial instruments in place. During the year the Group fully repaid its US Dollar denominated private placements notes and closed out the related cross currency swaps. No foreign currency denominated debt was held at 30 June 2021.

Internal control over financial reporting

The Board of Directors review the effectiveness of the Group's systems of internal control, including risk management systems and financial and operational controls (see page 48).

Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee includes representation from the Board of Directors. Frank Dangeard stood down as a non-executive director of Arqiva Group Limited and relevant group companies with effect from 1 July 2021. Frank also stood down from Board committee memberships, including his role as chair of the Audit & Risk Committee. Since 1 July, Frank has been appointed as a board observer and has also conducted oversight responsibilities of the Audit & Risk Committee. The proposal is that this role will continue for an interim period and will be kept under review by the Chair and the Board of Directors. Mike Parton will chair Audit & Risk Committee meetings (or another committee member may be appointed to chair the meetings as required). The Audit & Risk Committee continues to have representation from the Board of Directors.

In addition, it has responsibilities of oversight of risk management procedures, monitoring compliance and regulatory issues (including whistleblowing arrangements) and reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls and internal audit function.

The Committee is authorised to seek any information it requires from any employee of the Company in order to perform its duties, and to obtain any external legal or other professional counsel it requires.

Meetings of the Committee are attended, at the invitation of the Chairman of the Committee, by the external auditors, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and representatives from the business as required.

Internal Audit

The Audit and Risk Committee is responsible for reviewing the work undertaken by the Group's internal audit function, assessing the adequacy of the function's resource and the scope of its procedures. The internal audit function agrees its annual audit plan with the Audit and Risk Committee and regularly reports its findings and recommendations. The Group's internal audit plan incorporates an annual rolling review of business activities and incorporates both financial and non-financial controls and procedures.

External Audit

The Audit and Risk Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the Group's external auditor. The Committee makes an assessment of the auditors' independence and objectivity taking into account the relationship with the auditors as a whole, including the provision of any non-audit services.

PwC were re-appointed as external auditor in 2016 following a competitive tender process.

The auditors have provided certain non-audit services, principally in relation to non-audit assurance. The Audit and Risk Committee considers the acceptability of all non-audit services with the auditors in advance of commencement of work to confirm acceptability and ensures that appropriate safeguards of audit independence are established and applied, such as partner rotation.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee, chaired by Sally Davis, is established to make recommendations to the Board regarding executive remunerations, including pension rights and to recommend and monitor the level and structure of remuneration for each member of the Executive Committee. Additional oversight is extended to setting and monitoring reward and incentive policies, including the Group-wide annual bonus scheme, and reviewing and making recommendations in relation to wider reward policies.

Governance and Nomination Committee

The Governance and Nomination Committee, chaired by Mike Parton, is established to give oversight to the size, structure and composition (including skills, experience, independence, knowledge and diversity) of the Board to ensure that the continued leadership ability is sufficient to allow the business to compete effectively in the market. This also includes oversight of the succession planning for directors (and other senior executives where appropriate).

Operational Resilience Committee

The Operational Resilience Committee, chaired by Mike Darcey, has oversight of the adequacy and effectiveness of the operational resilience strategies and procedures of the Group (including principles, policies and practices adopted in complying with all statutory, and sub-statutory, standards and regulatory requirements in respect of safety, health and environment ('SHE') matters affecting the activities of the Group). This includes consideration and risk management of areas of significant and individual cyber security, physical security, business continuity and SHE risk.

Equal Opportunities policy

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the respective aptitudes and abilities of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the Group continues and the appropriate training arranged. It is the policy of the Group that the training, career development and promotion of a disabled person, should, as far as possible, be identical to that of a person who does not have a disability. Further information on how Arqiva supports its employees can be found on page 36.

Political Donations

No political donations were made during the year (2020: none).

Charitable donations

The Group has made £0.1m (2020: £0.1m) of charitable donations in the year.

Research and development

The Group performs research and development into new products and technology, the costs of which are capitalised where they meet the criteria for capitalisation in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. The research costs expensed in the year were £2.0m (2020: £5.2m). In addition, the Group carries out research and development as part of its contract bid processes and these costs are expensed as part of the bid costs unless the development expenditure can be capitalised. The bid costs expensed during the year total £1.3m (2020: £4.1m).

Development costs incurred as part of capital expenditure projects, which support customers contracts, are included with the total project spend within property, plant and equipment. The Group's capital expenditure in the year was £104.0m (2020: £247.0m) and includes capitalised labour of £34.4m (2020: £39.3m). Other development costs are capitalised within intangible assets. In the year, new development costs capitalised total £0.3m (2020: £2.7m) with amortisation of £1.6m (2020: £1.6m) charged against such capitalised development costs.

Overseas branches

The Group has trading branches based in the Isle of Mann, the Channel Islands and France.

Events after the reporting date

On 9th July 2021, the Group refinanced its bank facilities and now has access to a £100.0m Working Capital Facility maturing in 2024 and a 25 year £150.0m Liquidity Fund. These facilities are floating rate in nature with a margin over SONIA of between 120 and 130bps. Argiva Financing No1 Limited ('AF1') is the borrower under all of these arrangements.

On 10 August 2021 a fire broke out at our Bilsdale transmitter site. Our engineers have worked on a four-stage recovery plan to reinstate services present on the mast. Through phases 1 and 2 of our recovery plan, around 500,000 households have now been returned to a coverage area through utilisation of other sites and radio services (FM and DAB) have also been restored for many. Works have been completed for the improvement of TV coverage from our Eston Nab site and an additional 15metre mast has been installed at a site in Arncliffe Wood in order to extend coverage from this site to achieve this. Phase 3 of the recovery plan involves the erection of a temporary mast at the Bilsdale site which is expected to restore signals to over 90% of affected households. Work began on the temporary mast on 13 September following a legal process to secure access to the new site. Phase 4 of the recovery plan will be to complete the enduring solution. Management are still assessing the financial impact of the incident and the assets damaged by the fire, and have engaged with the Group's insurers.

Dividends and transfers to reserves

Now Digital (East Midlands), a Group company which includes a non-controlling interest, declared a dividend in the year of £0.4m (2020: £0.4m).

The Directors' of the Group have not recommended a dividend in the year (2020: nil).

The consolidated profit for the year of £504.9m (2020: loss of £322.8m) was transferred to reserves.

Going Concern

The Strategic report includes information on the structure of the business, the business environment, financial review for the year and uncertainties facing the Group. Notes 20, 23 and 25 of the consolidated financial statements include information on the Group's cash, borrowings and derivative respectively; and financial risk management information presented within this report.

The Group meets our day-to-day working capital and financing requirements through the net cash generated from our operations. The Group performs a review of going concern through a review of forecasting including cash flow forecasts and considering the requirements of capital expenditure and debt repayments. The Group has sufficient financial resources which, together with internally generated cash flows, will continue to provide sufficient sources of liquidity to fund our current operations, including our contractual and commercial commitments both in terms of capital programmes and financing. For this reason, the Directors are confident that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing this financial information.

Following the sale of the Group's Telecoms infrastructure and related assets on 8 July 2020, management have significantly deleveraged the Group, and maintain a cash position sufficient to meet current liabilities as they fall due.

The Directors have also taken into account the potential implication of the current COVID-19 situation and have determined that given there will continue to be demand for services provided by the Group and the Group has a mixed customer base, the going concern basis remains appropriate.

Future Developments

The Group plans to continue in its commercial and operational business in accordance with its strategy. Further detail is contained within the Strategic report on page 19.

Annual Report and Financial Statements - Year Ended 30 June 2021

Ownership and Directors

A description of the ownership of the Group and the Board of Directors holding office during the year and up to the date of signing of the financial statements can be found on page 43.

At 30 June 2021, Mike Parton was the Group's independent Chairman. Rachael Whitaker was the Company Secretary at 30 June 2021. Rachael Whitaker resigned the role on 1 July 2021 and Jeremy Mavor was reappointed as the Company Secretary on 1 July 2021.

For details on the background of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee please refer to page 43.

Details of the statutory directors of the Company are shown on page 130.

Directors Indemnities

The Company has provided an indemnity for its Directors and the Company Secretary, which is a qualifying third-party indemnity for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006. The indemnity was in force during the full financial year and up to the date of approval of the financial statements.

Disclosure of information to the Independent Auditors

The Directors of the Group in office at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

- So far as the Directors are aware there is no relevant audit information of which the Auditors are unaware; and
- Each Director has taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a Director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's Auditors are aware of that information.

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the Group financial statements in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law).

Under company law, directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and Company and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of
 the Companies Act 2006 have been followed for the Group financial statements and United Kingdom
 Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 have been followed for the Company financial statements,
 subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that
 the Group and Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Group's and Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

On behalf of the Board

Mike Parton

Director 21 September 2021

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Independent auditors' report to the members of Arqiva Group Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion:

- financial statements and Company financial statements and Company financial statements to a row of the architecture and fair view of the architecture. So I are 2021 and of the cash flows for the year the roughly
- the Group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with international accordance with international accordance with the conformity with the equipments of the Companies Act 2006.
- the tinary all statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

We have also ted trief handra. Statement its, individed within the Annual Report and Financial posts of comprise the Consolidated as discompany statements of financial position as at 30 June 2021, the Consolidated statement in Consolidated statement of compare answer incomes the consolidated statement of compare answer incomes, the Consolidated cash flow statement and the Consolidated statements and the consolidated statements.

include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted murallal till accordance with International social s

Independence

We're mained independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that the overview to our align of the fill and a statements.

Ethical Standard, and we have fulfill adjoin other wthinal responsibilities in a wordhare with these requirements.

Our audit approach

Overview

 $A: \mathbb{N} \times \mathsf{one}$

 For the Grupp that chistate herr's de performed an all dit of the complete financial information of three entities. land the consolidation. We also conducted a idit procedures or Roberts in the family of 12 entities to ensilike sufficier t coverage free aludiable. idenfor hed gave us coverage of 95 of revenue ald 98 of continuing print before tax find be applied from costs. of terigal of land, obsess and in ектерт опатили этте ягго. expenses Alle chescale neer audited by the Group teams rail herice rail ampacent is difforhas been rivolved to the align. of the Canso idated fillancial statements

Key andit matters.

- Valuation of financial instruments (Group)
- Carrying value of goodwill (Group)
- Recognition and recoverability of deferred tax assets (Group)
- Valuation of defined benefit pension scheme Lability (Group).
- Covid-19 impacts (Group and Parent)
- Accounting for gain on disposal (Group)

Materiality

- Overall Group material to £8,300,000 based on approximately 2.5 of Adjusted £BITDA
- Overall Company material ty £230,271 based on approximately 21 for Net Assets
- Performance materiality E6 225 000 (Groups and £ 172,704 (Company)

The scope of our audit

As part of designing our Piddl, who determined material tyland assessed one niks of material of strike neptilishermans, all statements.

Key audit matters

Key allow matters are those matter. Lidgement, were at most significal or witheacdfofthef acca state helpts of the current per boland and addedneshiost significant assessen. risks or material in satatement (whether of not dise to traud) dentified by the auditors, including those which had the greatest effect on the overall audit strategy the arodation of resources in the audit and directivising efforts of the engagement trans These masters and any comments we make on the relights of our procedures thereon were audiessed withe context at o a diripfiche forar cia statements as a

whole, and in forming our coin on thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

This is not all omplete list of an risks identified by our addit.

Accounting for gain on disposal (Group us a new key audit marter this year. Revenue and profit recognition on complex contracts (Group), IFRS 16 in prementation.

(Group), Class fication, presentation and disclosure of discontinued operations (Group) and also investment in subsidiaries (Parent) which were key audit matters last year, are no longer included because of the following reasons. In relation to revenue and profit recognition outcomplex contracts, the matters giving rise to the complexit escape been completed. Discontinued operations in the current year were

I mited, with the exceptional gain on disposal of discontinued operations being included as a new key audit matter this year. The Enplementation of IERs 16 was applicable only in the first year of adoption of the standard. The investment in subsidiaries were fully impaired in the prior year. Otherwise, the key hudit matters below alle consistent with rastive in

Key audit matter

Valuation of financial instruments (Group)

The Group holds a number of derivative finalicial instruments comprising interest rate and inflation linked swaps in relation to the financing of the Group. These derivative financial instruments are significantly out of the money on a net portfolio basis. The Group accounts for the valuations of these istruments using variations provided by the counterparty institutions with adjustments inade by management for counterparty credit risk. Whilst there has been settlement of several derivatives during the year, this continues to be a key audit matter due to the complectiv of the valuations and the quantity of balances involved, a mounting to £326.3m derivative financial instrument liabilities.

Refer to page 87 and page 117 mote 3-3 gnificant accounting no lites in financial instruments and note 25. I financial instruments and risk managements.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We engaged PwC valuations experts to as sist with the audit of the consterpacty valuations of each interest rate swap and infration imked swap, and sisted in the second form of the second lated the fair value using the internal PwC valuation model for a sample of instruments, which was toen compared to the amount recognised in the final rolal statements.

We also obtained independent confirmations of the swap arrangements and associated year endifair values and no inaterial differences were identified. We have also understood and tested the impaction derivatives from the lepayments during the year including accounting for the break costs on early debt repayments and derivatives of #55.9m which have been appropriately recognised and disclosed within the financial statements.

As a result of our work performed no diaterial differences were diated in respect of the variation of flancial instruments.

Carrying value of goodwill (Group)

to prepare and latimpa them reviews in respect of

amounting to till 457.4m, and the impartment reviews berformed over goodwill include a number of assumptions which are subject to management judgement and estimates.

Refer to page 92 and page 104 (note 4) indical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation luncerrainty. Impuirment of goodwill and note 14 (goodwill)

We obtained an understanding of the allocation of some simple at model and assessed its appropriateness.

We tested the impairment model ussessing its mathematical accuracy, the accuracy of imputs to the model and the maso paperness of the assumptions applied by management in assessing the subulation of goodwill for each cash generating unit. These and ided the assumptions for revenue and cost growth, capital expenditure and the discount rate used.

We tested the cash flows and agreed these to Board approvals and performed a look back test to assess accuracy of forecasting.

	gr a ye country
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	We involved our PwC valuations experts to evaluate the discount rate used to calculate the present value of the cash flows and confirmed this was calculated using an acceptable methodology and concluded that the discount rate is materially in line with what we would expect.
	ge for hed our own sensitivit, analysis considering various reasonably possible or enarch imparting key assumptions and using forecast cash flows, terminal growth rate and discount rates. Based on this testing, we considered whether the Larrying value of the goodwill palances was adequately supported by the value in-use impairment mode, prepared by management, and found there to be a significant level of head-oom.
	Our testing did not identify any material differences to be position reflected in the financial statements
Recognition and recoverability of deferred tax assets	
(Group) Following the introduction of legislation in previous vears which restricts interest deductions the Group recognised a size of cantidefeired tax asset at that time. At year end, a defeired tax asset of £230 Inc. s. I capitalised on the balance sheet with a further £394 I hind potential deferred tax assets not coccept sed on the basis that they are not considered.	set our the various elements of the defended tax asset recognised and assessed the appropriate less of this invention, and on with our taxation appealists.
to be receiverable. There is independent involved in the determination of the elements of the defendent (axiasset to recognize a cother value of that recognition in ording the extent to which there are folleseeable taxary elements.	To tilk loose cand the evidence available to support the recognition of fosses arising in various entities consideration of whether specific steps are required in pride to enable the value of the losses to decover,
Refer to page 92 and page 110 tooth 4 inchica: 1 and onting loase hence and key so the spot ect history 1 properties to the deserted tax and note 19. deferred tax 1	profits and agreed those to the approved for a ferming land and also parend these to be consisted with the forecasts used for the goodwill impairment assessment. The calculations of the forecast takable profits were reviewed, all once analysis of the sensitivity of the unstation flor zon to variation of EBITDA was considered.
	As a result of our work performed no material ofference, we is lipted in respect of the amount of caferred tax asketiles ognised in the tinium alstare nepts at 30 June 2021
Valuation of defined benefit pension scheme liability	<u> </u>
[(Group) The Group poerates one Defined Benefit Plan which hand sumplus at the year end of £47.16	We muo yed our amush all special rts and reviewed the key assumptions disect to derive the pension benefit obligation to assess whether the little within our

The valuation of the plan liabilities (£248 8m) includes a high level of estimation uncertainty, comprising several different key assumptions. There is a risk that an error within one or a combination of those assumptions could lead to a material misstatement in the tinabolia statements.

Refer to page 124 (note 29) retirement benefits)

acceptable ranges based on market data and can conclude that all of the key assumptions do sit with no our acceptable ranges.

We also tested the key inputs to supporting evidence with no exceptions noted

We reviewed the actuarial report and enquired of the output of the control of the control of management addresse modelling accuracy and the controls in place for the modelling and performed our own data validation checks. We also performed risk assessment analytical procedures on both the financial and demographic assumptions.

As a result of our work performed no material differences were noted in respect of the pension benefit obligation recognised in the financial statements at 30 June 2021.

Covid-19 impacts (Group and Parent)

Since early 2020, the Covid 19 bandemic has impacted the globe, creating considerable uncertainty for economies and markets.

Despite some challenges, Ardiva, as a critical national infrastructure business, have continued to operate throughout the pandomic and have continued to maintain services providing communications and broadcast capabilities across the country and management therefore consider the impact of Covid 19 to be insited.

Uk coin hercial radio has been impacted by Covid-19 with some reduction to revenue seen, as many businesse, temporar fyicut advertising budgets as a result of the lockdowns in the UK.

Key program hes such as the 700MHz Clearance orogramme and the Smart metering rollout have also been impacted due to access to their tes being united however this has not had a material impact on the pushess, and no additional provisions have been considered necessary. FY22 budgets have been revisited by management to ensure that any necessary revisions are made to take into account any known and expected impacts of Covid-19. These have assessingly

Refer to page 31. Going to identify

We discussed the impact of Covid 19 in each key meeting held with management at multiple revels across the Group. We considered the impact of Covid 19 as part of our going concern procedures, including considering the updated FY22 budget, and extent of sensitivities applied to include severe but blausible downside scenarios, and we concur with the more concern, with Covid 19 not having impacted this conclusion.

We also considered the impact of Covid-19 as part of our impair nent work by incorporating the expected impact on future cashflows noted above. As part of this work we challenged key assumptions as well as performing further sensitivity testing for reasonably possible change in assumptions, concurring that the impact of Covid-19 has not impaged the conclusions reached in relation to the carrying value of Goodwill.

We audited provisions associated with the delays experienced on key programmes and concluded that these are materially appropriate.

the disclosures in the financial statements are adequate and consistent with our audit work and understanding of the business and how it has been impacted by the panders of

Accounting for gain on disposal (Group)

On 8 July the Group completed the vale of its Telecoms infrastructure and related assets at a value of £1.820,4 m. A gain of £1.032,6m was recognised within the FY21 financial statements.

On account of the quantum of the gain on disposal, and the significant impact this item has had on statutory profit, we have included this as a key at disparter.

Refer to page 77, page 99 and page 111 (Consolipated accome statement, note 7. Exceptional items and note 21. Discontinued operations and disposal group heid for sale).

We obtained the final sale documents and other supporting evidence including agreement to bank statements, to agree the sales proceeds received.

We audited management's calculations of the amount to be treated as deferred revenue rather than safe consideration inthe ation to future services to be provided. We involved our valuation's specialists to agree the reasonableness of the discount rate applied to the deterred revenue element and be formed testing over the inputs to the calculation.

We performed substantive testing over the Group's direct costs of the sale which were deducted when arriving at the profit on disposal.

We also agreed the net asset value disposed to the trial balances of the related businesses which were audited at the prior year end, admisted for the profit for the eight days in the current finalically year prior to sale.

We agreed the calculation of the gain based on the relevant inplies including assessing whether the tax treatment of the gain was compliant.

No issues were noted as a result of our work performed

We considered the related disclosures within the thomographic statements, with no piater all exceptions and from our procedures.

How we tailored the audit scope

Which is diet the shope of our sudit to ensure that we perfor hed enough work to be able to give all no monion on the financial statements as a whole taking with all count the procure of the Group and the Conjoury, the andoloting processes and controls and the hid lists will which they operate

We fail need the subperior of a controllers are that we perform edies 10 agre work to be an altogree en opinior the final class faters entaged whose, taking it to account the control account the Group and the Contrally in a

accounting processes and control and the industry in which they will they will bus ness business business business business business and trading subsidiars, aligned into two dustomen facing business units. Media Distribution and Simalt or titles Networks, with the control of the addition, there are in humber or entities which provide to and is to the operations.

Materiality

The scope of our alvoit was truenced by our abbligation of materiality. We set certain quantitative thresholds to t in sterial rivi. These itogether with quartative coils denations inelped us to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, then is, and extent of own audit procedures on the individual fill and all statement, the tems and dishos wes about exaculating the effection in swatches, both individual ly and an aggregate on the financial statements, as a whore

Based on our Intessional addgement, we determined materially for the financial statements as a whole as follows:

	Financial statements - Group	Financial statements - Company
Overall materiality	£8,300,000	£230.271.
How we determined it	approximately 2.5% of Adjusted EBITDA	approximately 2" of Net Assets
Rationale for benchmark applied	Based on our professional judgement adjusted FBITDA is a happropriate adjusted measure to assess the performance of the Group, which focuses on the underlying trading results.	Based on our professional sudgement, net assets is an appropriate measure to assess the performance of the Company and is a generally accepted auditing benchmark. A rule of thumb of approximately 2% is appropriate given that the entity itself is not a PIE.

For each component of the scope of our Group audit, we allocated a materiality that is less than our overall Group materiality. The runge of materiality allocated across components was between ±0.1m and ±7.9m. Certain components were audited to a local statutory audit materiality that was also less than our overall Group materiality.

We use performance materiality to reduce to un appropriately low level the probability that the aggregate of uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceeds overall material ty. Specifically, we lise performance materiality in determining the scope of our audit and the nature and extent of our testing of account balances, classes. of transactions and discrosures, for example in determining sample sizes. Our performance materiarity was 75% of overall materiality. amounting to £6,225,000 for the Group financial statements and £172,704 for the Company financial. state neets

In defer mining the performance materiality, we considered a number of factors, the history of misstatements, risk assessment and aggregation risk and the effectiveness of controls hand concluded that an amount at the upper end of our normal range was appropriate.

We agreed with those charged with governance that we would report to them misstatements identified during our audit above £400.000

(Group audit) and £11,000 (Company audit) as wereas misstatements below those amounts that, in our view, warranted reporting for qualitative reasons.

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively imay cast a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

in auditing the fluancial statements, we have concluded that the preparation of the fluancial statements is appropriate. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and accordingly, we do not express an audit opin on or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our addit of the financial statemients, our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so. consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent. with the financial statements or not knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be praterially. misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material. misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude. whether there is a material. misstatement of the financial statements or a material. inisstatement of the other information. If based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatorilo m of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these resoonsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report (2002) 2003 (800), 1000

considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters us described below.

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work indertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strang Report for the year ended 30 June 2021 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable logal requirements.

Fought of the Knowledge and understanding of the Group and Company and their environment obtained in the course of the additive did not identify and material in instatements in the Strategic in

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial statements

As explained more to the state of the soons pointes the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of accordance with the applicable to ame work and for pengistration that they give a true and tain view. The Directors are also religious before soon internal control so they determine is necessary to enable the oceparation of forms a containing that are free from material misstatement, whether die to fisual priemo.

in preparing the final cini states lents, the Directors are responsible if of the Directors are responsible.

going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from waterial in systement whether due to fraud orientorial dito

accounts our open on Reasonable absurance is a high level of austrance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in necondence with ISAU (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can alise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually on the aggregate, they could restonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of lines, taken on the basis of these financial statenients.

andgican ties, including fraudianal installation of non-complianne with laws and regulations. We dis glocological interview to the without responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material in state nor to increase of integralations, shoulding traud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting megican tool including traudics detailed below.

Based on our indenstanding of the Group and industry, well dentified that the prior palmaks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to the Committees and Act 2003 and UK. Tax faw is no welconsidered the extent to which non-compliance in grid aways a haterial effect on the triancial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact.

on the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006. We per attention (22) to sto and opportunities for fraudilient. manipulation of the financial statements including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to management's manipulation of key performance measures such as earlyings before taxation, interest, depreciation, and amortisation (EBiTDA). We have determined EBITDA is the key metric for stakeholders, such as the Group's uitimate parents and lender. It is therefore the most like a for management manipulation through the posting of manual journals and gridgements over significant. ar counting estimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included.

- Discussions with Management and Directors including consideration of knowle or suspected instances of concompliance with laws and regulations and fraud.
- Challeriging assumptions and judge heliful mode by Manage next teld considering risk of manage heart blas in their significant accounting estimates as disclosed in Note 4 or the finant austatements.
- Identifying and fast liggournal entries in particular any occinal entries posted with a moda account combinations or octness posted by intexpected users.
- Reviewing involutes of meetings of those charged with governance
- Reviewing financial statement dictiosures made by management in their significant accounting estimates and odgement, as disclosed in Note 1 of the tipancial statements.
- As relatived by SA 240 incorporating a neternation inpredictability into clurial contesting.

There are in no entitlibitations in the and tiprocedure; described above. We are less likely to become awars.

of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not crosely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to flaud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, to gery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion

Our audit testing might include testing complete populations of certain transactions and balances, possibly using data auditing techniques. However, if typically involves selecting a limited number of items for testing, rather than testing complete populations. We will often seek to farget particular items for testing based on their size or risk characteristics. In other cases, we will use audit sampling to enable us to draw a conclusion about the population from which the sample is selected.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the 40. This description forms part of our continuous acceptance of the ester we also agreed to describe our audit approach, including communicating key audit matters.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for a coordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions acception assume responsibility for any other purpose on to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent ist writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion

- we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company lot recurris udequate for our audit have not been received from pranches not visited by usuon
- remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- the Company financial statements are not an agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have an exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

N. Coullo

Nigel Comello (Ser for Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCodoers EUP Charteced Accountmets and Statutory Audito's London. 21 September 2021

Consolidated income statement

			Year ended 3	0 June 2021		Year ended 3	0 June 2020
	', 5'			Total £itt			Totai fm
S. German		· 1_		617.2	~	224.4	41.4
1 - 1 - 1 - 34 - 2		1 1		_ 1	1		<u>-</u>
Gross profit		412 2	2.9	415.1	482 4	149.8	632.2
Section 18	: ,	(1579)	10.5	(168.5)	(190.8)	(15.4)	(207.2)
40 800 30 0	: -	(3.7)		(9.7)	(10.3)	(9.1)	(10.4)
wetter and general actiones.	=	125 131		(25 6)	(15.5)	(19.2)	(34.7)
Programme Committee		(79.8)	50.47	180.21	(90.5)	(18.4)	(109.2)
Total Compting Communication		2*	•	.784	177.4	1311	~. [
5 - 1 - 15 - 15 - 1		5		+ 5		_	: 3
Operating profit		138.5	1.9	140.4	185.5	93.7	281.2
=				1 =	1	_	2
953 858				1999	7.15	٠.	
in a contract of the second of							
ythe standard yes		. 1 3		1.50	1,4		
$(\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{A}}}(x_{\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{A}}}}) \otimes_{\mathcal{A}}}}}}}}}}$		٦.		1.	1. 1		
(Loss) / profit before tax		(597.2)	1,040 1	442.9	(400.3)	81 3	(319.0)
* ₁₅		, = .	,		į,	-	11.5
(Loss) / profit for the year		(529.5)	1,034.4	504.9	(390.5)	67.7	(322.8)
Syramothy Landing				: :			. 4
S							
				504 9			(322.8)

Further (unaments of consolidated income starking it will be as are presented in the maters of the financial stage Herrs,

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

		Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	Note	• n	• •
Profit / {loss} for the year		504 9	(322.8)
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
$\ \nabla f_{i}(A_{i})\ _{L^{\infty}(\mathbb{R}^{N})} \leq c_{i} \left(1+c_{i} + c_{i} + c_{i}$	÷ .	23-1	2 3 3 a
Discount of the months of a particles of the		ers r	- `
		19.8	(9.6)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Control of the second of the second of the group ending of		*	
Total other comprehensive income / (loss)		20 0	(9.6)
Total comprehensive income / (loss)		524.9	(332.4)
American and			
Cwarter to all my con		8 <u>2</u> 1 + 6	``
And a strong of the			
		524.9	(332.4)

Burney Commence of American Section 1997

Consolidated statement of financial position

		30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	Note	£m	£m
Non-current assets	•		
2 % for 1	2.4	; 1 = 7 .1	1 177 4
Driving and Services		Is a	16
the graphy of the management of the			1.177
para control	•	23 "	
Kuthraniu mneu i Na	<i>≟</i> +	* T 1	. • ;
A SANSKA TO SERVICE AND A SERVICE STORE SERVICES.	1.7		
_ Signiture Single Control = eπ	*5	7 -	
		3,174.2	3,164.1
Current assets			
Franklijk protocije i Najvelj	18	125	2
1. C. 1. T. 1. S. C.	. 2	* -	5.1
Los Comments of the Comments o	-	24.7	' - '
		432.7	313 8
Visit production of the second	•		* * *
		432.7	1.500.2
Total assets		3,606.9	4,664 3
Current liabilities			
Carrier was an area			
than the second		(5.5)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			55.4
· · ·	:	_	. :
		(2,555.6)	(2,592.4
and the second of the second o	- 1	(-,	.23
	•	(2,5\$5.6)	13.022.0
Net current liabilities		(2,122.9)	(1,521 8
Non current liabilities			
Non-current liabilities	11		2 -
		v 8	: " - "
	*.	7 ft 4 ft	
Let us the interest of the the desired	2 - 2 -		
	= "		
		(4,621.6)	(5,737.4
Total liabilities	-	(7,177.2)	(8,759.1
Net habilities		(3,570.3)	(4,095 1
			**

And the second of the second o

Consolidated statement of financial position (continued)

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
		-
Equity		
Carlo action	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
and a second second	-	
Service of the forces	1 %	* ,* I
Carrier and Section 1995	· -	۳.
Total equation of an emotive experts of the expert	et t	1 Cox
Approximate the contract of	i -	
Total equity	(3.570 3)	(4,095.1)

The second common of the Community of the Karlon Second and the Community of the second Secon

Mike Parton 🔗 🐪

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

						Total Equity		
						attributable to	Non-	
	Note	share	Share		Franslation	owners of the	controlling	Total
		capitaln	premium	Verumulated losses	reserve	Pacent	interests	equity
		£n,	fm	£μι	tnı	tm	ĹM	έm
Balance at 1 July 2019		653.9	315.6	(4.732.4)	(0.7)	(3,763.6)	1.0	(3,762 6)
and the second								V 21 54
Serge Services						5		
$(\widehat{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}_{i},\widehat{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}_{i},\widehat{\boldsymbol{\tau}}_{i})_{i=1}^{n}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}_{i},\widehat{\boldsymbol{\tau}}_{i},\widehat{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}_{i},\boldsymbol{$				12.79			, •	
1000000							1.	: 1
Balance at 30 June 2020		653.9	315.6	(5,065.1)	(0.7)	(4.096.3)	1.2	(4,095.1)
A Commence of the Commence of				50.4			:	5.14
the second of the second				* .	1.3			-
the some some					-	* 1		=
Later to the	:						:	
Balance at 30 June 2021		653.9	315 6	(4,540.7)	(0.5)	(3,571.7)	1.4	(3,570-3)

in the control of the

Consolidated cash flow statement

	Note	Year ended 30 June 2021 £m	Year ended 30 June 2020 £m
	= .		
Net cash inflow from operating activities	<u>-</u>	398.7	489 0
livesting activities			
the state of the s			1
Paris and interpretation of the	٠,	٧ .	
(i)		1 - 5	
Control of the School of the Control of the Section	• •	1/82004	
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from investing activities	•	1.734.3	(115.0)
Financing activities			
or the of patenting to the co	- 1		72-
site consent of the first site of the large	2.5	11.231	, 1- , e e
Maria Carlos Residence		1. 252 4	9,500
Constraint the Constraint of t		. 52	14.00
engineers of the processing of the	11	(18.1)	- i - , ,
Day of the most many only the latest and other and the latest and the second	.5	1	1.8 %
Selection of the select			$\epsilon = 2^{\delta}$
the like of the proceedings of the little process of the little pr		4. 4	
Take the total with the control of the property		711	7.43
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(1,999.6)	(284.2)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		133.4	89.8
Service and August Control of the Co		110.1	20 3
Control of automorphisms of the second		. 243.5	110.1

Notes to the Group financial statements

1 General information, authorisation of financial statements and Statement of Compliance

さい デラン・コグラム かんしん المراوين كروارية والماوها impided by shares and incorporated in England, in the United Kingdom (UK) under the Companies Act 2006. under registration number. 05254001. The address of the registered office is Crawley Court Winchester, Hampshire, England SO21 2QA

These consolidated financial state heats of the Company and its subsidianes for the year ended 30 -June 2021 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries it ogether the 'G 2:01

and its principal activities are set out. in the Strategic Report on pages 12. to 52

Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the UK interpretation. of the IERS Interpretations Committee HFRS ICL and those parts. of the Companies Aut 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. At the point of exit by the UK from the European Union or,

31 December 2020, the accounting standards followed changed from EU adobted standards to UK adopted standards. As at 30 June 2021 there were no differences. between the two interpretations and therefore no impact on either the current or prior year figures. presented.

The Company has elected to prepare its financial statements in accordance with FRS 101 Reduced. Disclosure Franework. These are presented all pages 130 to 140

Adoption of new and revised Standards

New and revised Standards

The following new and revised Standard and Interpretations have need adopted in the judicent leak. Their adoption tias not had any significant impact on the an orints reported in these financial stateme insi-

Amn documentalias I and as 8 Am leder pids to (FRS 2) Feature of 28. PRRS, Utimorphiques Amond moons to (#85.16)

April a linguist comment, to links Standards. 2012 100 11.06

Defortaget Vateria Definition of a Business LOTHER 1ST Plate Being Yorkin Ruther in Court 19 Birth 18 AB 10 Debil Kilolo various steedalds.

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the Group rasinot applied the following new and revised IERS Standards that have been in lied bid are libt vet effective.

Africa throms to 48.1 Ambering type 9833 A MERGANI MEMILAS 14

Amendiculars to Asignamia.

Classification of Capitous as Corent at Non-Corent

Reference tainle Conteptual Framewick

Property Plant and Equipment Progress years a intil divid-

Cherous Contracts (1955 of Fuel Ingla Chinact

This inventor test of FRIK Stilled All tis 2018-2000 in Amelighbert Lital FRIS 1 Projections Adjoins on that existing in Plinn, at Reporting Standards, 1985 3 Flound at high inheads

FRS 45 teason, 41d (45,41) Aprilon ture

3 Significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial framework which now applies to entities preparing financial statements in accordance with legislation, regulation or accounting standards applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland is FRS 100. Application of Financial Reporting Requirements, which was issued in November 2012.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the UK, interpretation of the IFRS Interpretations.

Committee (IFRS IC) and those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS.

At the point of exit by the UK from the European Union on 31 December 2020, the accounting standards followed changed from EU adopted standards to UK-adopted standards to UK-adopted standards As at 30 June 2021 there were no differences between the two interpretations and therefore no impact on either the current or prior year figures presented.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the valuation of financial. instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the acrounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the rain value of the consideration given inexchange for goods and services. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently across the coinparative financial periods included within these financia statements.

have been prepared under FRS 101 and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and are

included in this report—see page. 130

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries, together the Group) made up to 30 Jaine 2021.

Control is achieved when the Company

- nas demonstruble power over the relevant activities of the investee:
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable return from its involvement with the investee, and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company losos control of the subsidiary. Specificary the residts of subsidiary sequenced or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary

Intra-group profits have been eliminated. Undertakings, other than subsidiary undertakings, in which the Group has an investment representing not less than 20% of the voting rights and over which it exerts significant influence are treated as associated undertakings. Where the Group has a privest nent that has joint control, this is treated as a joint venture. Associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting in accordance.

strains to make the fact and our state of the form

Going concern

Historically the Group has reported osses and has a significant net lability position on the Statement of Emancial Position, caused primarily by debt and the related financing costs. However, the Group has continued to generate strong operating cashflows The Group meets its day-to day. working capital and financing requirements through the net cash. generated from its operations. The Group has access to sufficient financial resources which, together with internally generated cash flows. will continue to provide sufficient sources of liquidity to fund its current operations, including its contractual and commercial commitments as set out in note 28.

The Group responded to the COVID-19 pandemic by taking deterrals on VAT payments which have since been repaid in full during December 2020, and also by offering discounts to commercial radio customers severely impacted by the economic amplications of the bandemic through loss of advertising revenues. The impacts and the fact many of the contracts in place are long term contracts, we do not anticipate a long lasting impact on the business as a result of the pandemic.

Compared the second second

Telecoms infrastructure and related assets on 8 July 2020, management has significantly deleveraged the Group, and maintain a cash position sufficient to meet current flabilities as they fail due.

In addition, forecast covenant compliance remains strong. For this reason the Directors are confident that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of acrounting in preparing these financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Revenue represents the gross inflow of economic benefit for services and install a communications infrastructure, completion of significant engineering projects and the sale of communications equipment. Revenue is stated net of value added tax. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

On inception of a contract, performance obligations are raentified for each of the distinct goods or services that have been promised to be provided to the distorrer. The coup denation specified in the contract is allocated. to each performance obligation identified based on their relative standaione se iling prices and is: recognised as revenue as they are satisfied. Determining the standalone selling price often requires judge hent and may be derived from regulated prices, not prices, a cost-onis denuna price, or the place of similar products when sold on a standalone pass by Argiva. or a cod petitor it isome cases it may be appropriate to use the contract brice when this represents a pespoke price that words be the same to is 3: millar cristomer in a similar

Cash received or involves raised in advance are taken to deferred income and taken to deferred income and enoised as contributionabilities and subsequently recognised as knownue when the service, are provided in where consider at on received in advance is discounted inefecting as grid raint financing compose of it is preflexed within the rule and interest payable and similar of larges on a gross habit

Revenue recognised in aurance or cash being received or an invoice being raised is recognised as accrued house within contract assets and subrequently reclassified to receivables once an Invoice is raised. Invoices are issued in line with contract terms.

The Group recognises deferred uncome within contract habilities which relates to tash released in relation to future services for TSAs and the lutil sation of proadcastisites for felecommunications equipment as a result of the sale of the Telecoms pusiness. This contract hability is expected to be released over the next 35 years.

The Group does not have any material poligations in respect of retains inefficies or warranties.

The following summarises the performance obligations we have dentified and provides information on the timing of whell they are satisfied and the related revenue expected to be recognised in future behalfs to contracts in place at 30 June 2021 that contain upsatisfied performance obligations is included minors.

Rendering of services

Performance obligations under contracts for the recidening of se ...es are d∈nichedforeach idistinct renvice or deliverable for which the clistomer has contracted and are contidured to be sat if eq. over the time genod that the services or deriver ables are delivered Revenue kirecognised over time in line a thithese vice. philosophover the contraction period and appropriate vinettects the pattern by which the performance bongation is satisfied Silon revenues nor de televis on and radio thallish salon services media selving and machine to much be something

For preserving envices, outsides rave such scheding their on a straight second will entire ten matrix contract. However, if the performance pattern is other than straight one revenue is recognised as services are provided itsually on an output or network coverage basis. Such revenues include Smart metering network build and service operation.

Pre contract costs, neutred in the thit ai set up phase of a contract are deterred. These costs are then recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the remaining contractual term, unless the pattern of service delivery indicates a different profile is: appropriate. These costs are directly artributable to specific contracts. reface to future activity, will generate future economic benefits and are assessed for recoverability on a regular basis. Costs related to delivering services underlining term Lontractical arrangements are expensed as millioned

Delivery of engineering projects

Angiva provides support to its customers by undertaking various. engineering projects. Contracts for the delivery of engineering projects. are spirt into specific performance. obligations. Performance obligations relating to sorvices are satisfied over the time period that services are delivered, be for mainle by gations. relating to the provision of assets are Satisfied at the 30 of intime that control passes to the distance. Revenue from such projects, which are long-te-miligreater than 12 months) contractual arrangements, sinecognised based on latisfaction of the identified performance obligations using the percentage of completion method. The stage of completion is based on the point on or costs incurred as a percentage of total costs. Profit is recognised, it the final outcome can be assessed with reakonable certaint, by including revenue and related costs in the income statement as commet. autivity progresses.

A rosk on a fixed on delcolitraction recognised into ediately when it becomes probable that the contract cost will exceed the total colitract revenue.

Sale of communication reasignment Performance obligations from the sare of communications equipment provided as part of customer contracts are satisfied and revenue is recognised at the point in time that control passes to the customer. ween is typically upon delivery and acceptance by the distance. In some cases, payment is not received in turat the time of the sale, and a contract asset is recognised for the amount due from the customer that will be recovered over the contract. period. Revenue to be recognised -calculated by reference to the relative standarone selling price of the equipment

Business combinations, including goodwill

Acquisitions of subsidiaries and bus nesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interest. issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition: related costs are recognised in profit or loss as inclined Goodwines. measured as the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously. held equity interest in the acquiree.

(if any) less the net of the acquisition date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. Goodwill is not amortised but is reviewed for impairment at least annually or where there is indication of impairment On disposal of a subsidiary, the attributanic amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is charged to the income statement on a straight-are basis over the estimated useful life of the asset, on the following basis.

Asset Description

Elcences
Development costs
Access rights
Softward

Expenditure on research aut vitics is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incorred.

An interestly game ated intanger easet arriving from development for from the development phase of an internal projection recognised in sind only if, all of the following conditions have been demonstrated.

- the technical feasibility of completing the intling bie asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangiolic asset and use or self-it.
- the ability to use or self the intangible asset.
- now the into rigible asset will generate problems future explorems benefits.
- the availability of administrate technical, farmicial and other resources to complete the development and to use or self the intangible asset, and

Estimated Useful Life

Langth of the lice ice per od tho more than 20 years). 10 years Length of the agreement (no more than 20 years). 5, 10 years.

 the apri-ty to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

The amount initially religinised to internally-generated intoing ofe asset it is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. Where no internally generated intangible asset can be recognised development expenditure is recognised in profit ollows in the period in which it is incorred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, internally generated intangrole assets are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment rosses, on the same pasis as intanable assets that are acquired separately.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no tiffure

ecolomic benefits are expected from use of disposal. Gains or losses any half from delirecognition of an intengine asset in east, red as the different elbetween the net disposal proceeds and the corrying alout of the asset like recognised in profit or loss when the asset is defectognised.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical purchase cost (which includes costs directiviation trable to bringing the assets into working condition), being fair value for tailgrole assets acquired on acquiumon, less accumulated depreciation and any provision for appairment.

Assets in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes, are named at cost lifes any recognised impartment loss. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour. Labour costs are capitalised within

the cost of an asset to the extent that they are directly attributable to the construction of the asset. The value capitalised raptures alleve nepts of emoloves benefits as defined by IAS 19.

Cost includes professional tres and torrigidality nglassets, porrowing costs.

capitalised in accordance with the

Depreciation of these assets on the same passes as other property assets commences when the assets are ready for the numerided use.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write of the cost or valuation of

assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less the cresidual values over the riuseful lives, using the straight-line method on the following bases.

Asset Description	Estimated Useful Life
Freehold by idings	20 80 years
Leasehold buildings	Length of lease (typically between 20-80 years)
Plant and edulpment	
- Communications infrastructure network	8 80 years
Network computer egy ament	R 20 years
- Motor vehicles	3 5 years

The estimated is efficiency residual causes and deproclation method metro ewed at the end of each apporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective pasis.

freehold and shot deprecared

Assets herd under finance, leases are depreciated over the importer of their most term and meloevoluted user uses control sample of the same passures owned common.

An sem of property prant and He no hent is dere logarised upositive solven to disposal or when no future economic penetris are experted to arise troditive continued like or the disposal of area not ross arising on the disposal or area wet is determined as the difference between the paies prochects and the carry rigilatious did the asset is a disprecious system the logaries state new.

Impairment of non-financial assets

At buch reporting periodinare, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the tang over and intalligible issects to determine whether the ellipsic have softened and however, the ellipsic flags of the education exists the review elamount of the exist is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss of any. Where the appet does not generate decision

flows that are independent from other is sets the Group estimates the group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating on the which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consist on basis of allocation can be dentified in opporate assets are also a pricate to individual cash generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the sinallest group of cash generating units for which a less generating units for which a less generating consistent allocation basis hall be identified.

Advantangible asset with an inhefence useful the south as goods, it is rested to implaine the attraction of that the ascending of most ed.

Recoverable and plut is the higher of tain value less nosts to self land value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated fulline cash flows are discounted to the inpresent value asing a prestaining solution to the trial reflects runner timarket assessments of the time value of inding land the risks specific to the lasset for which the estimates of fulline estimates of fulline cash flows sale not been appasted.

If the lecoverable almount of an assisting cash general assisting carry specific after to be assistant in the carry nizable of the carry nizable of the transfer of cash generating unitary reduced to its recoverable will built. An

mina imentilos i is recognised. immediately a profit or loss. Where an umpaliment loss sdosequently reverses the carrying amplient of the asset (or cash generating unit) it increased to the evised estimate of its recoverable a mount, but so that the incre sed arrying a not in does not exceed the raciving amount that would have been determined had no impairment rors been recognised for the asset tolashi-generating unit in phorivears. A reversal of an imparment loss is recognised annoted at eight profit or loss our essithe impainment relates to godow full which case it had not be-1- : ersed

Financial instruments

Financial asset land financial applities are recognised in the constant of the constant application when the Group becomes a party to the contract language are provisions of the contrament.

Financial assets and final classical testage initially measured at fair value. Trains action costs that are dilently attributable to the accuration of issue of financial assets and that real absets and that real absets and treated and assets and treated and testage is according to the attraction of the financial according to a real added to prince during from the tark value of the financial action financial according to the according to the according to the financial according to the financial according to the financial according to the accordi

Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial Habilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or profit or account of the cost of the cost

All financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date where the purchase or sale of a financial asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the financial asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned.

1 + 2 = 6 - financial assets are classified into the following specified the 1 + 2 = 1 + 2 = 1 + 2 = 1 value the 1 + 2 = 1 + 2 = 1 + 2 = 1

S1 in ineasured at amortised
 Control of the control of

The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost are non-derivative. financial asset , with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are initially recognised at familya selandi. subsequently carried at an ortised cost using the effective interest. method. They are included in current assets, except for matrinities greater than 12 months after the reporting date, which are classified as nonrule mailler i filir com più financia. assets measured at amortised cost. comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents

Trade receivables

Trade receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts is based on an expected creditioss mode. In addition to the expected creditioss mode, the Group's policy is to also consider specific provisions for trade receivables outstanding for

more than 30 days beyond the agreed terms, or where the business environment indicates a specific risk. Management makes an assessment of the level of provision required and adjustments to the calculated level of provision are made accordingly.

Contract assets

Contract assets are amounts owed for future services from signed contracts. Revenue is measured at the amount receivable under the contract. It is discounted to present value if deferred payments have been agreed and the impact of discounting is material.

Cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits and other short term highly into dimvestments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

in a financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities and financial liabilities are the contracted arrangements eace education

Sorrowinas

Interest bearing bank loans and overdrafts are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Finance charges including premiums bayable on settlement or redemption, and direct issue costs are accounted for on an accruals basis to the income statement using the effective interest method, and are added to the carrying amount or the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise.

Trade and other payables.
Trade and other payables are not interest bearing and are initially recorded at fair value and.

subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. They are included in current cabilities except for maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date, which are classified as non-current habitities.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the pest estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date itaking into uncount the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the casil flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying undoubtis the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic boughts required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually cell tain that reimbul sement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Decommissioning provisions are recognised with a provisions for liabilities and charges and included within property, plant and equipment where the costs of dismantling assets are considered material. The amounts renognised within property, plant and equipment are depreciated over the inseful eronomic life of the asset. The provisions are discounted to reflect the time value of money where material.

When the probability that the Group will be required to settle an obligation of a reliable estimate. cannot be made of the almount of the obligation the Group discloses a contingent liability in the notes to the financial information.

The Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risk. erchanning foreign exchange forward. contracts interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at tair value at the date. the derivative contract is entered. into and are revalled at fair value at each balance sheet date. The fair value of these instruments is determined from the expected future cash flows discounted at a hisk-adjusted rate. The future cash flows are estimated based on forward

unterest inflation, exceptige) rates observable from rates and yield. curves at the end of the reporting period and contrast rates. The difference between the familialize at the risk adjusted rate and the fair value at the risk-free rate is used to determine the debit valuation. adjustment and for craditives as on ad listment to these instruments. The Group does not apply nedge accointing on repins

Alderi, ative is presented as a non Current asset on a nor corront. wap nty if the remaining matirity of the instrument is more than 12. n onths and it is not expected to be real sed or settled within 12 mouths. Otherwise derivatives are presented Psicurrent assets of Jurrent Usbirties Where derivatives have an amortising protie the factival lelof *nele' emertinie, *nel 10* 009 praicipalithat hat res within 12. months is presented as a correct. asset or current labelty. The Groups has offsetting arrangements in wide nithe form of crossic vicency swaps. to mit gate eximalize rate risk. These derivatives are presented by a net 035.3

Fair value measurement

IFRS 13 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date regardless of whether that price is directly. observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a hability, the Group takes intoaccount the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those. characteristics into account when or suigithe asset on Lability at the measurement date. Fair varie for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a hasis. Exceptions to this principle have been made for measurements. that are approximations to fair value. out are not fair value, such as value. in use in IAS 36 in addition, for financial reporting. phrooses, fail value measurements. are cinegorised into Envel 1, 2 or 3. based on the degree to which the nouts to the fairvalue Measurements are observable and the algorificance of the inputs to the tain value measurement in its

 Level 1 inputs are quoted price; unadjusted) in active markets. for decrice assets disease hes that the entity can access at the n east remeint date.

entirety, which are described as

rohovis

- Level 2 inplits are inputs other than quoted pilices included. within Leve 1 that are observable for the asket or Habitty, either directly on indirectly; and
- Laver 3 implifs and unionser labie Pouts for the asset or hability.

Disposal group held for sale, discontinued operations and gain on disposal of discontinued operations

Disposal groups are ulassified as held. for sale if their carryligia hount wh be recovered printipally through a sale transaction rather than through ID itms ng use and asale is to hadered highly probable with hi

the next 12 months. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less. costs to self, except for assets such as deferred tax assets, assets arising from employee benefits and financial assets that are carried at rain value.

An impairment rosk is recognised for any initial or subsequent write-down of the disposal group to fair value. less costs to sell. A gain is recognised. for any subsequent increases in fair. value less costs to sell of an asset (or disposal groups, but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised. Algain or loss not previously recognised by the date of the sale of the disposal group is recognised at the date of derecognition.

Non-current assets that are part of a disposal group are not depreciated. or amortised while they are classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses aftributable to the Habilities of a disposal group. classified as held for sale continue to be recognised The assets of a disposal group crassified halthead for sale are: presented tepacately from the other issets in the balance sheet. The raphites of a disposal group classified as held for safe are presented separately from other l'apric e , la the palabre sheet,

Ald spans nueld operation is a component of the entity that has peen disposed of onis classified as nelu for sale and that represents a separate malor in elof busiliess or geographical area of operations, is: part of a single co-dinated pranifol ditbose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is also by dialog Rough ed exhibitively with a view to resale. The less to or discontinued. operations are presented separately the Income Statement

Figs. I on ost on a possible. discontinued operations is recognised within the concolidated. Flome statement representing the tons denation race year essitransaction costs and the carrying

value of the disposal group held for sale, and deterred income generated in relation to future services.

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax current vipayable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from her profit as reported in the income statement because if excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and if further excludes items that are never that are reversed to the control of the c

Deferred trix

Deterred tak is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying. amounts of assets and liabilities in the formeral information and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for a sing the balance. sheet liability method. Deterred tax. habit fies are generally recognised for all taxable terriborary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available. against which deductible temporary. differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deterred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and lediced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient faxable profits will be available to allow also point of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the hability is settled or the asset is reassed pased on tax raws and rates that have peer enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income state ment, except when it relates to

itoms charged or credited in other comprehensive income, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in other comprehensive income

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax ilabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and flabilities on a net basis.

Retirement benefits

Defined contribution schemes. For defined contribution schemes, the amount charged to the income statement in respect of pension cours and other post retirement benefits is the contribution payable in the year. Differences between contribution, payable for the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments in the statement of financial position.

Defined benefit schemes. Defined henefit schemes are funder with the assets of the scheme here separately from those of the Group in separate to istee administered funds. Pens on scheme assets are measured at fair varied and liabilities are measured on an actuar alloads congress are decivated to the representation of a large depiction on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent currency and terms to the scheme liabilities.

The Pian closed to future accrual or benefits on 31 January 2016. Prior to dosing the scheme to future accrual, the Group presented current and past service costs within cost of sales and administrative expenses (see note 29) in its consolidated income statement. Curtailments gains and losse, are accounted for as a past-service dost.

Net interest expense or income is recognised within finance income. Isee note 97.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the deticit or surplus in the consolidate of the present statement of the consolidate of the present value of any clionomic benefits available in the torm of refunds from the schemes or reductions in future contributions to

A liability for a termination benefit is recognised at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when the entity recognises any related restricturing costs.

Leases

the schemes.

The Group as lessed.

When the Group enters into a lease a confidence and a lease leablity is recognised for any future lease payments due at the lease commercement date. The right of use asset is initially measured at cost being the present value of the lease payments paid or payable plus any initial direct costs increment entering the lease.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight into basis from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the lasset subseful life or the end of the lease term. The lease term is the non-cancellable period of the lease plus any periods for which is a last of the lease plus any periods for which is a last of the lease plus any periods for which is a last of the lease plus any periods for which is a last of the lease plus any periods for which is a last of the lease plus any periods for which is a last of the lease plus any periods for which is a last of the last of the lease plus any periods for which is a last of the last o

The creful life of the asset is determined in a manner consistent to that for owned property, plant and equipment, it right of use assets are considered to be impacted, the carrying value is reduced accordingly.

Lease rapilities are initially measured at the value of the lease payments rhat are not paid at the commencement date and are usually discounted using the incre hental porrowing rates of the applicable. Group entity. Lease payments included in the lease hability include both fixed payments and in

substance fixed payments during the term of the lease.

After initial recognition, the lease hability is recorded at amortised cost using the effective interest motified to remeasured when there is a change in tidjure lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate (e.g. an initiation related increase), a renegotiation of the lease terms or if the Group's assessment of the lease term changes any change in the lease hability as a result of these changes also results in a corresponding change in the lecotded right of like insight.

Government grants

Government grants are not record used until there is reasonable assurable in at the Group will coundly with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be seen will.

Government grants are recognised in anoth or toss on a systematic diasis over the periods in which the Grand exception which the Grand exception which the grants are extended to nonpensate. Specifically government grants whose primary fond tions a that the Grands should

purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non current assets are recognised as deterred revenue in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and national basis over the useful lives of their elated assets.

Operating profit and exceptional items

Operating profit is stated after exceptional items including restructuring costs, impairment and after the share of results of associates but before finance income and finance costs.

Exceptionarize hs are those that are considered to be one-off, nonrecurring in hature of materia either by magnifude or noture, that the Directors believe that they realine separate dia lost reito avoid. the distartion of underlying performance for example one-off impairments redundancy. programmes, restructioning and costs mated to significant corporate. finance activities. The Directors believe the resulting LBITDA lebresents underly reperformance. expliciting significant one off and CONTRACTORS EARLY THAT MORE its ly represents the parigoing trading performance of the business. These

items are therefore presented separately on the face of the income statement.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction except in the date of certain financing transactions where nedging arrangements are in place and transactions are recorded at the contracted rate. Monetary assets and habilities denoted in foreign currencies are retranslated at the exchange rate.

denoted in foreign currencies are retranslated at the exchange rate rilling at the balance sheet date or the contracted rate it abolicable. Any exchange differences anding are taken to the income statement. The sauctions in the income statement of overseas operations are translated using an average exchange rate.

Excribinge differences on translation of overseas subsidiaries are recognised through the statument of comprehensive income in the

4 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the Direction will a reduced in note 3, the Direction will a reduced in the carbonal amounts of assets and limb direction are not read.

The Ludge ments estimates and inscretched assumptions are placed on this tonical expensions deced to be factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual resilits may ofte from the energy agements lest matical and assumptions.

The judgements, estimates and underlying assumptions are received on anonigong pairs. Repositions are

lecognised in the period in which the estimate is revised.

Critical judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty in applying the Group > accounting policies

The following are the tritical successors and those mixed had estimated as that the Directors have lade in the process of applying the control of the contro

Nation the most dignor and effection the and interest of the ordinal dial statements and contract about the experted to charge charge where hit violation next 12 months.

Revenue recognition

Critical accounting indgement

recognition paik v. as set but in note.
3. Lagements are marke as nessect of persent areas in floding.

- determination of nistinct contract components and performance obligations.
- the recognition of a significant tinaneing component

The aforement in entiriogeneits are consistents, applied across sum in contracts.

Key estimations

recognition policy, as set out in note

3. estimations are made in respect of certain areas including

- neasurement of variable consideration.
- in the application of the pen entage of completio is approach to long-term. nontractual asrangements which relies on estimates of total expected contract revenues and costs, as well as retable measurement of the progress. made to wards completion

Key estimates are regularly monitored throughout the relevant contractual periods with reference to the stage of completion and any applicable customer milestone. acceptance. This is particularly relevant to the approach for significant engineering projects, such as the 700MHz clearance programme, which typically contain a programine build phase and a longremi operational phase. See note 5. for the total engineering revenue. The impact of a change in estimate related to engineering projects is considered to not be material going forward

Deferred tax

Catical accounting judgements

As disclosed in note 19, the Group has a significant unrerognised deferred tax asset, primarily in respect of deterred interest expenses. and tax losses, Judgement is required a determining whether these assets can be accessed considering the restrictions of relevant tax, egislation and expectations of future profits. within particular group entitles.

Only assets that are expected to be available to the Group have been recognised but the judgement relating to these unrecognised assets. with remain under review and reassessed as the Group's direumstances and relevant tax legistation evolves.

Useful lives for property, plant and equipment and intangibles

Critical accounting judgements

Depreciation or amortisation is charged to the income statement pased upon the useful lives selected. This assessment requires estimation. of the period over which the Group. will derive benefit from these assets.

Management monitor and assess the appropriateness of useful economic lives, such lives may also be impacted by external market changes. In the event that such a change were to result in a revision of useful economic lives this could result in a change to the annual depreciation charge going for wards. In the theoretical scenario whereby medium and long term useful economic lives of property, plant and equipment were to be reduced by one year the estimated impact or the depreciation charge for the year is approximately £12m (2020). approximately £18m), with a reduction in depreciation in later vears

The Group manages as property. plant and equipment on a portfolio basis through a central estates teach This team opita as qualified. surveyors who have a wealth of experience working for the Group. and within the industry as a whole

The narrying values of Littang bies are disclosed in note 15, and those for property, blant and equipment are disclosed in note 16.

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Critical accounting judgements.

As disclosed in note 26 it in an inprovisions principally relate to obligations arising from contractual. obligations, restructioning and property remediation plans and decommissioning obligations

The dentification of such onligations in the context of daily operations which require provisions to be made requires judgement.

Judgement is also required to distinguish between provisions and contingent Labilities.

Managementialso exercises judgement in measuring the exposures to contingent habilities. (see note 28) through assessing the likelihood that a potential claim or hability will arise, and in quantifying the possible range of financial outcomes.

Key estimations

Estimates have been made in respect of the probable future obligations of the Group. These estimates are reviewed annually to reflect current. economic conditions and strategic

The decommissioning provisions are reviewed annually and are calculated. based upon expected costs and past. costs incurred on similar sites as determined by site and project. management, as well as assessments. nade by internal experts (see note

Management has estimated the impact of reducing the decommissioning timetable by one year to be £0.2m (2020, £0.5m) an relation to the unwinding of provision. discounting or, if ad site decommissioning was recognised in line with potential earlier expiration. dates, a sensitivity of up to £10-15%. across the portfolio as a whole. Such movement in any one financial year is not considered likely.

Impairment of goodwill

Critical accounting judgements.

The second second second second goodwilk is reviewed at each. statement of financial position date. to determine whether there is any indication of impairment, ingreen and the second accounting policies.

Judgement is used to identify indicators of impairment and their impact upon the goodwill balances An assessment of impairment is performed each year as detailed in note 14.

Leases

for most contracts there is limited judgement in determining whether an agreement contains a lease. IFRS 16 distinguishes between leases and service contracts on the basis of whether the lise of an identified asset is controlled by the lessee. Control is considered to exist if the customer has

- The right to obtain substantially aft of the economic benefits from the use of an identified asset, and
- The right to direct the use of that asset.

audgement is sometimes required to determine whether the Group appropriate asset and has a lease under IPRS 16.

Critical accounting judgements

Some leave contracts include elements of consideration which are fixed and variable. For these contracts, indgement is required to determine to what extent any or the variable consideration is in schittance tiked consideration according to IERS 15. Where can able consideration is in substance tiked consideration is in substance tiked consideration according to IERS 15. Where can able consideration is in substance tiked consideration of the according to in the valuation of the rease. About and right of lise asset

Leave terms under IFRS 16 may exceed the minimum leave beyond

and include optional leave periods where it is reasonably certain that an extension option (or other contractual rights) will be exercised or that a termination option will not be exercised by the Group

Sign ficant judgement is required in determining whether optional periods should be included in the lease term taking into account the more lease term taking into account the more lease term taking into account the purpose and potential for replacement and any plans that the Group has in place for future use of the asset.

The lease terms for land and numbings, subject to the poncarcerapie belied and rights and options in each individual contract, are generally pulged to be the longer of the minimum rease term and between 2 and 10 years, with terms at the top end of this varige if the lease relates to assets that are critical to the delivery of major instomer contracts.

Actuarial assumptions used to determine the carrying amount of the Group's defined benefit plun liabilities

Critical accounting judgements

Habilities are discounted at picate set.

habilities are discounted at unate set by reference to marketly eads at the end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds. Significant judgement is required when setting the criteria for bonds to be included in the population from which the yield curve is derived. The most significant criteria considered for the selection of bonds include the issue site of the corporate bonds, quality of the bonds and the identification of outliers which are excluded. The Group selects these assumptions in consultation with an external qualified actuary.

Key estimutions.

Estimates are used in determining the present value of the scheme liabilities, which depend on such factors as the life expectancy of the members, the salary progression of our current employees and price inflation.

Management has considered the estimated impact of adjusting the assumptions used to determine the the present value of the scheme tabilities, which are summarised in not 29.

5 Revenue and segmental information

The Group demines its revenue from the rendering of services lend learing or spects, and the sine of common cations equipment. See note 3 for the accounting policies adopts a

The following tebies disaggregate revenue from normality with clustomers by our major service lines.

	Media	Smart Utilities	Total continuing	Total discontinued	
	Distribution	Networks	operations	operations	Fotal
Year ended 30 June 2021	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
·					
end of the state		5 .	•	<u>.</u> .	124
end of the second			11		
er til		:	1		
Revenue	519 5	122.8	642.3	4 9	647.2

Year ended 30 June 2020	Media Distribution Em	Smart Utilities Networks £m	Total continuing operations	Total discontinued operations	Total £m
	-				
Residence to service	513	5 1	51/1	1 * -	` '
$(x,y) = (x,y) \cdot (x,y$	17.1		7.1	۶, ۶	****
Professional		* 1	A		``.
Revenue	556.4	121.1	677 5	225.3	902 8

Revenue expected to be recognised in future periods, included in our order book, for performance obligations that are not complete (or are partially complete) as at 30 June 2021 is £4.143 5m (2020-£4.019 6m). The anticipated timing of recognition of this revenue is as follows.

	< 1 year	1-2 years	2 5 years	5-10 years	> 10 years	Total
Year ended 30 June 2021	£m	£m	£m	£m 	£m	£m
Sample of Secretary	: 7	1_7	1022 =	j - 10	this x	- E 1 - 4
Commence of the	* .*	::				• 1
2 (100 2) ()	₹5.	ъ -	11	4		*, * *
Revenue	531.3	468.5	1,148.1	1,229 3	766.3	4,143.5
				-	- • •	•

Year ended 30 June 2020	< 1 year	1-2 years	2 5 years	5-10 years	> 10 years	Total
	£ın	£m	£m	£m	f m	£m
						-
Variable of San James	7.17	1.5%	111-8	29 4	5.5	77.7
1-3-40-6-6-6		= '				
Section 1.	₹ <u>Ş</u> v	71	100	: 1	< !	1.5%
Revenue	567.5	527.6	1,277.7	1.286 7	360 1	4,019 6

Contract assets and liabilities

The Group has recognised the following assets and tabilities in relation to contracts with customers:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Contract assets		
1. com	2.5°	1.
Contract liabilities		
North	4	41 - 61
Survival policy	55.5	3114
	455.0	329.5

E95 2m of the contract habitity recognised at 30 June 2020 was recognised as revenue during the year (2020) F178 2m; Impairment tosses of 60 2m (2020) £0 3m; were recognised on contract assets during the year.

Other than our ness-as usual movements there were no significant changes in contract asset and liability balances during the year. In addition to the contract balances.

disclosed above, the Group has also recognised an asset in relation to the prepayment of costs to firth a contract. This is presented within other receivables in the balance sheet and totalled £1 0m (2020, £2.0m). Amort sation recognised as a cost of providing services during the year was £0.1m (2020, £0.2m).

Reporting by markets

During the year the Group continued to focus its commercial and operational resources across the Media Distribution and Smart. Utilities Networks markets. Therefore to our corporate activities, when are non-revenue generating.

Information regarding the nature of these business areas is contained on pages 16 to 18 within the Strategic report.

Year ended 30 June 2021	Media Distribution	Smart Utilities Networks	Other	Discontinued Operations	Consolidated
	£m	£im	£m	<u>£</u> m	Em
Revenue .	519 5	122.8		4.9	647.2
Segment result ' (EBITDA)	327.1	41.8	(36.5)	2.5	334.9
grown grown and have been settled					17.
A Carrier Co					v 14
**					
and the second of the second of the second					
Operating profit from continuing operations					138.5
Example 1					•1
Itteración de la companya del companya del companya de la companya					77.2
Loss before tax from continuing operations					(597.2)

*Sugar antiqueur sider land as form applicating profit before the free two set is a below

Year ended 30 June 2020	Media	Smart Utilities	Other	Discontinued	Consolidated
	Distribution	Networks		Operations	
	£m	£nı	£m	£m	£m
Revenue	 556.4	121.1		225 3	902.8
Segment result* (EBITDA)	384.2	51 7	(44.3)	131.4	523.0
in the late of the state of the					-: `
religio de tra					; 7
} _					* -
gradient of the state of the st					ε, ,
Operating profit from continuing operations					185.5
, - · · ·					
The grant of the state of the s					::-
Loss before tax from continuing operations					(400.3)

⁽Sugment will the light he first hirral objects he protoset all the items set out bir us.)

⁹⁵ Argiva Group finited Idention, reg 05054901

EBITDA The transport of the provided below

		Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020	
		£m	£m	
٠		•		
Commence of the second section is	· p = 4	1 V 2	153	
Land Control	1	for a		
$\Delta = - \Theta_{\alpha} (\Theta_{\alpha}) +$:	•	200.3	
Control of the second section of	et november 1	25	3 7	
Construction of the	tourist .	1.	., -	
$\frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial x^2} \partial x = -i \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} x_i$		•	1 -	
EBITDA		334.9	523.0	
		÷	•	

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the billion of the described in note 3.

Segmental result represents the FBITDA earned by each segment without allocation of the central ad no distration costs. This is the

CODM for the purpose of resource arocation and assessment of segment performance.

For the purpose of monitoring segment performance and allocating

resources between segments, the CODM monitors the Capital expenditure of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets to resented on a cash basis) planned and offised by each segment, an analysis of which is shown below

	Media Distribution	Smart Utilities Networks	Other*	Consolidated
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Capital expenditure				
and the second second second	200	1 - 5		86.1
A section of the sect	- ,	4.5	;	115 4

flictibides mainte carce capes which is managed centrally and cottahocated to individual business segments.

Note if elabove is presented on a cash basis and therefore canbot be agreed directly to the capital additions preferred in note. If a did 16. The toric palance comprises property, print, and equipment of £56.6 mil.2020, £113.0 millar directly seets of £2.1mi/2020; £2.1millar referred to in the cash flow statement.

⁽³⁾ The construction of the construction.

Geographical information

The first transfer of the second of the seco customers in the UK. The geographic analysis of revenue is on the basis of the country of origin, a which the distomer

The following revenue was generated from external customers.

	1 1	6.00	Year ended	10.4	1 2 1	Year ended
	S 2 2 2 2	$(m+1) \mathcal{F} + (\mathbb{D} - \mathbb{D} \mathbb{Q})$	30 June 2021	7 - 2 - 1		30 June 2020
	1000	1.5			and the period	
	, . 3° ° ,	1.2197.11	Total	19 F J 19	5~ .	Total
		F *	£m	F.	- 17	£m
- 1	+ 12.5	1	639.6	553	27.3	894.9
restricted on the section of the section of			6.4	1.1		6 1
Seign to Alisma	<u>:</u> -		1.2			1.8
Revenue		2	547.2	1.0	1.	902.8

The Group holds arounds it assets foxultaing than definition ments ideferred tax assets and bension surplus juilible tohowing geographic arbications.

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	Em
	2 555 2	
entropies and control of the control		*
skind 1 kg		
	2,889,7	2 979.0

Information about major customers

included witherevenues, aclong from Media Distribution are revenue, of £146.3 mix2020, £146.3 mixmich arose from sales to a line processorement and Suppt of the siNetwork's revenues and deleast Am (2020) 688 bit (from a major

All the prior, well to a Group received £95 from movember retaining to Talecoms discourse all properties into a singlecustomer.

No other single distance is controlated 10 illoamore to this in iniforementioned financial years.

6 Operating profit

Operating profit for the year has been arrived at after charging a (crediting)

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	Em
North Control of the Service	1.2	I
they are the second production of	· -	
togare patient of the elegative project each or species at		
JAH214 SE	. 1	7 % .
net wo	2.1	1
Construction on the period of intuition appears of participation of the construction	1:	
Any apage in the mangement years		100
Supplied the	+1 - 4t	1,
Emperyment of system of the sys	s., :	

Services provided by the Group's Auditors and network firms

During the year the Group obtained the first of a positive of the control of the first of the control of the co

	Group Year ended 30 June 2021	Group Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	£m
where the property $X(\sigma)$ is a parameter of $X(\sigma)$ and $X(\sigma)$ is a surface of $X(\sigma)$.	,	;
	•	•
The expression	•	
Non-audit services		
Other Control	4	٠ _
Portal restortion access provided by the Green Law Si Academia	0.9	1.3

7 Exceptional items

The Group recognises exceptional items which are considered to be one-off and non-recurring in nature or material items which required accessive by vist, e of their size or incidence for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Further information is disclosed in note 3.

Profit/floss) before tax is stated after many nggicrediting

	. * ** - 0 - 2	Harmon (New York) Norwick (New York) Norwick (New York)	Year ended 30 June 2021 Total	former ac		Year ended 30 June 2020 Total
			£m		# 15 ° .	£m
Operating expenses:						
Forten and Administration	12.5		(21.8)	. 4		(6.8)
District African programs of Chief-	`		(3.8)		1-1	(27.9)
	25 ×		(25.6)	15.3	*	(34.7)
Other exceptional items:						
CALL MORE CONTRACTOR OF THE CALL OF THE CA			5 No.			-
		* 8.5	1,038.3			
Total exceptional items	25 m			= 5 	1 2	

Reorganisation and severance expenses include costs for at ingitio. Changes in the organisation is design and restrict using of the business, and

thansfor nation program her as well as losses on curtail hents in relation to the defined benefit persion blan

This is a one of multi-yeal transformation programme than wind bi Arowal stream, he or blesses modernise IT systems aird actioned warms cantifest off ciencies and savings.

Corporate tinains activities figures leate to costs and accruals associated with one off projects, and emporate transactions including rotinanials activities.

The gain on disposar of discontinued obserations he area to the sale of the sale of the sale assets on 8 Eur. 2020 as discosed in sofe 21

The amounts included with a exceptional operating expenses above are deductible for the purpose of taxation.

The gain on disposal or the discontinued operation is not subject to UK Corporation tax as it is exempt under the Substantial Shareholding Exemption.

8 Employees

The average monthly hymber of persons depresenting (1) and (1) and (1) and (1) and (1) and (1) are presenting (1) and (2) are presenting (1) are presenting (1) and (2) are presenting (1) are presenting

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	Number	Number
, <i>A</i>	e file	'n ·
₩¢	_·	25.
Total employees	1 528	1,864

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020	
	 Number	Number	
NUBBLE COURS	71	. :	
Smert China Nations	:	+ , *	
I was manager w	‡2°	1 1 2	
Total employees	1,528	1 864	

The caggregate remuneration comprised

		Year ended	Year ended
		30 June 2021	30 June 2020
		£m	Em
$\sum_{i} s_{ij} + s_i + i c_i + i c_i$			
Some of the state		- 1	-
reading the second			~
Total State Control		. •	7 1
Data Artist (Christian		. 1	* •
income statement expense		82.9	88.1
	the state of the s		

9 Finance income

	****	7 to 1 to 1 to 2 to 2	Year ended	2.5 (14-03)	4.54 P. C. S.	Year ended
	200	2010/02/2015	30 June 20 21	$\alpha = r_{\alpha}(s_{\alpha}) = r_{\alpha}(s_{\alpha})$	1 - 1 - 1 - 1	30 June 20 2 0
	.*	2000		12000	200 000	
	25 % \$ %	appropriate to a	Total	1 8	remarks of the	Fotal
	Ł	(1)	£m	ť	: '	£m
						·
€ ,.v.						0.3
ter jocks a li Allegoe intak jih kapajo elle						
				<u>-</u> -		0.3 0.2 2.7

Other financial assets income includes 20.3 m (2020) 20.6 m) in relation to her finance income on the defined benefit pension smieme

10 Finance costs

	4		Year ended	1 - 11 1	1 (1 - 1)	Year ended
	- 12	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	30 June 2021	1.1 - 1.2	0.00002	30 June 2020
	English Andrews	1 44		Common de	www.pritories.com	
	2.373		Total	Garage Sales	nga kapitan	Total
			£m			£m
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
$\label{eq:constraints} \mathcal{S} := \mathcal{S} = \mathcal{S} \times \mathcal{S} = \mathcal{S} \times \mathcal{S}$			20.6	. •		86.3
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			75.6	1.1		114 6
(x,y) = (x,y) + (x,y			96 2			200.9
The State of the S			4.0	!		4.3
$(t_{i,j}) = \{ x_i, \dots, x_{i+1}, x_i \in \mathbb{N} \mid x_i \in \mathbb{N} \}$			7.5			23.8
and the second of the second	51.0		529.8	- •		165 9
The second second			20.1			16.3
Total interest payable	= :	1	657 6	ay i	:	711 2
Carlo drawn in the growth of	-		5 5			6.9
- ·						
Total finance costs	* =		663.1	•	• .	718.1
	=	-	•		• •	-
			•	•		

The inareholder was notes carry fixed interest rate indipetives (13.0) and 14.0 milliary ment of which can be determed of the diption of the Group's loger to gertain conditions, what cation of which are showed to plian awares earliest. See note 23

11 Other gains and losses

	Note	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
		£m	£m
The grown areas of the con-			
For a supplication of a superposition of the control of	1 *	4 * \$ * *	121
$(s_{i+1})_{i=1}^{n}$ the $i=3$ Gaussian of the same stress s_{i+1}		15	
Other (losses) / gains		(67.8)	113.6
Paragraphic in the state of the	21	,	
sample of the control	2.		1.1
Exceptional other (losses) / gains		(7.6)	11
Total other gams and losses		(75.4)	114.7

although until July 2020 the Group economically hedged these instruments with cross currency swaps. In July 2020 the entire cross currency swap portfolio was exited as detailed in note 25, at the same time the Group repaid its US dollar denominated debt (see note 23).

All other gains and losses in the year ended 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020 relate to confining operations

12 Tax

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	£m
William Agreemen		
en e		-
To the Conference of the Confe		÷
gent the track was onto		
 Depth of small elements of the manner stay of the control 	r*, 2,	1.1 8
and the programmed programmed and the programmed and the contractions of the contracti	** v	
A Comparison of the Comparison	÷ 4	2.00
and the second of the second o	the state of	3
Tinal practication	100	, •
Total tax (credit) / charge for the year	(62.0)	3.8
Income tax expense is aftributable to:		
Established the growth	S. 1. 2	
Control of the Contro	-	1 * *
Total tax (credit) / charge for the year	(62.0)	3.8

UK corporation tax is calculated at a rate of 19.0% (2020, 19.0%) of the taxable profit for the year. Taxablen for other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

The tax (credit) / charge for the year can be reconcred to the loss before tax in the income statement as follows

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020	
	£m	£m	
Control of the Section of the Control of the Contro	417 +	1.4	
Tacythalia egyptate er a tacyta egyptate egyptat	7 + ±	1.15	
Tak atronom yapaydekmana iliku a dunom kongani mili ishiskan ago otolar	-50 <u>-</u>	2	
Tuesday to the constitution of the	•7 ·		
Change in the grant of terms that askets in	·2	×4 ·	
Augmontory of the month	1 F =		
And the received and the includes	P. S.	5	
the All Confederation of the Confe	11211	1 3	
Total tax (credit) / charge for the year	(62.0)	3.8	

The main rate of UK corporation tax was 19 0% during the year. In the Finance Act 2021 it was enacted than the main rate of UK conporation tax. would be increased to 25.0% from 1. April 2023. UK deferred tax has been valued stiermer 19- or 25.0 % 30 % June 2019, 1910, independing on the period it is forecast to unwind as this is the rate substantively enacted for these periods.

- ital). Expenses that are not deductible in (c). Change in an ecogo sed defened. in determining taxable profit. principally relate to interest payable on spareholder in an cotes
- (b) Income not taxable paint party. mates to the profit arising on the sare of Argiva Services Edd. The gain arising is not taxable to the fails within the Shostai hall Shareholding Exemption to cales of trading bilbinesses.
- tax assets armopally relates to deterred interest expenses usee -ote 19)

Tax in Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

There is a tax charge of ±6.60 × (2020) credit of £2.3 mplan respect of the actuar all novement of £26.4 m (2019) £11.9m+ a the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Figure

13 Dividends

		ear ended June 2021		Year ended 30 June 2020
	£ per share	£m	£ per share	£m.
Now the first of the first the	,	-		
Total dividends payable to minority interests		0.1		0.1

The above a movernizebrake thid is dends per ared to non-controlling interest undienciders by controllies within the AGL Groups

Noticial de non were decial ed on Jaid to AGL shareholders di insigithe vear (2020). En il

14 Goodwill

	£m
Cost:	•
M10-02119	1,978.8
system to subject to the same	·-··
At 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2021	1,457.8
Accumulated impairment losses:	
$\mathcal{C}_{i}(g_{i}, \mathcal{N}^{i})$ for the $h_{i} \in \mathbb{N}^{2}$	1
At 30 June 2021	0.4
Carrying amount:	
At 30 June 2021	1,457.4
e 4 - 1 #2.20	in a second

Goodwill acquired in a business compination is allocated, at acquisition, to the cash generating the 1.5 miles of the benefit from that business combination. The CGUs that have associated goodwill are Media. Distribution and Smart Utilities. Networks.

These are the smallest identifiable groups of assets that generate cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other groups of assets, and to which goodwill is allocated.

As part of the sale of the Telecoms operations, £521.0m of the goodwill

previously classified as held for sale as at 30 June 2020 was subsequently disposed when the sale completed in July 2020.

The carrying value of goodwal as at the balance sheet date by the principal CGUs is shown as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Majora tempera	• •	1 1 4 11
Service Color Services	**-5	1,73
Total	1,457.4	1,457.4

The key assumptions for the VIU calculations are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and expected changes to cash flow during the year to: which management has detailed prais

Management estimates discount rates diving pre-taxirates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and their ski specific to the CGUs. Growth rates are based on internal and external

growth forecasts. Changes to cash flows are based on past practices and expectations of future changes in the drarket.

Projected cash flows and the

The value or use of each CGU is determined from the cash flow forecasts derived from the most recent financial forecasts approved by the Board for the next five years. They work in a FBITDA growth capital expenditure and working apital.

expenditure and working capital based on past exponence and future expectations of performance.

Discount rate

The pre-tax discount rate applied to the pro-collicash flow forecasts are derived using the capital asset pricing morter for comparable businesses.

The assumptions used are benchmarked to externally available data. The pre-tax discount rate used for the Group is 8.1% (2020-7.7%). This discount rate does not represent the weighted average cost of capital (WACC) for Ardiva but instead is an industry and comparative company based capital asset plicing model (CAPM) derived discount rate titlising current spot rates at the time of calculation.

Ferminal growth rates The terminal growth rate is determined based on the long-term growth rates of the markets in which the CGU operates (2021–2.1) , 2020. 1.4 a). The growth rate has been

beachmarked against externally aviolable data. This cate does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant markets.

Sensitivities

There is headroom in all CGUs. No. ireasonably possible change in the key assumptions would cause the carrying amount of the goodwill by CGU to exceed the recoverable amount based upon the NIU

15 Other intangible assets

	Licences	Development costs	Access rights	Software	Total
	£ın	£m	£m	£m	£m
Cost					
461 Julian	12.5		, = :	1 1	15. ~
activity of					
The year the August of	7			- `	٠.
A		: `			
Note that we will be the second	1.5			1 +	٠.
At the state of	107	22 -	17.4	1	. 7
45 (C)					
tengengte og grande				2	Ç 2
Laboration and the second					
At 30 June 2071	. 137	22.5	. 15 4	104.7	156.3
Accumulated amortisation					
Service Control	- :	*		12.4	1.5
10 10 m 10 m				* 1	. 1
		-		,* I	
Acres (Acres and April 4) the	٠.			•	
$m^{2} + 1$, $m = 1$	•	5	, 5 .	712	1.6
Control of the Contro				-	. •
At 30 June 2021	8.2	11 2	. 15 4	81.2	116.0
Carrying amount					
At 30 June 2021	5.5	11.3		23.5	40.3
9 1 - 2 - 1		-		2.7	. :

Development costs in respect of products and services that are being developed by the Group are being capital sed in accomance wit 1745-38. These are amont sed over the hexpected users if telonich the production service has been commercially authorized

Of the instance bie asset varients ugin sed and of and the almost sed over the sed it hated is set in lives

16 Property, plant and equipment

	Freehold land and buildings	Leasehold buildings	Plant and equipment	Assets under the course of construction (AUC)	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Cost			-		
$\varphi(x) _{H_{T}}=0$	413	12		1	
A 120 Y		141.	1.1	• •	244
$\tau \sim p_{\rm c} + 1 - \mu (p_{\rm c} + 1)$; 2	:	7. 1		
The control of the order of the control of the cont				, s .:	
2.860.8798	÷.,	+ + 21	5, 1		12.2
Regulation of the same of	12.5	(12 -)			
Any symplement deep on the con-	:				+ 1
Visited that the transfer for each of the	* *	30 × 10 × 10	15 %	e _{av} ≡	%. '
And the second	322 0	145.8	1,786.6	103.1	2,357 5
estation of		. 7		5. 1	: / -
Turker HAST	4 =	Ξ,	17	2.79	
$T_{K,k} = \{ e_{k}, e_{k}, e_{k} \in \mathbb{N} \mid e_$				× 10	. 1.1
Diviosit		* * * 1			-
At 30 June 2021	326.5	149.7	1,821.8	128.8	2,426.8
Accumulated depreciation					
V 1 % 2 2 1 5	-0.5	* 1	. (5.)		٠.,
glegina (set)		2 + 2	1.70-4		_ ' _
A 4 (4)			+2		
2 pages again to the state of	i .	.:			
some solvente en establisher en en tropic	**	+5	0.0		150
51 (18 b) 2 T	57.1	40.9	784.1		882.1
Description		1 .	100		100
200 81	-	* =	6.0		
At 30 June 2021	58.9	57.4	918.5		1,034 8
Carrying amount					
At 30 June 2021	267 6	92 3	903.3	128.8	1 392.0
S = 8 - 2	Lt st of	' 1			177 .

Finehold land included above out not depreciated amounts to £15% 1m (restated 2020; £157 dm). The prior year figure has been restated from £170 dm to romove the impact of held for sale dems previously included in order.

current assets have been piedged as securit, in the decided as securit, in the decided as security decided for the decided as security and the decided as security.

24 Property of the leased assets, which have a carrying amount of £5 lm (2021) £5 lm, included with a leasenplo buildings.

The carrying value of capital sed interest included within property, plant and equipment was £17 fm (2020). £113m.

At 30 kine 2021, the Group had entroted into contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment amounting to £23 to (2020 £15 6m). See rubo 28 for further details.

17 Interest in associates and joint ventures

In addition to the subsidiary undertakings (see note 4 to the Company financial statements on page 135) the Group holds the following interests in associates and joint ventures.

Company	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Registered office		Year end	Percentage of ordinary shares held
Joint ventures						
position to contest	guran kang Car	Carena () to Arm of most Carena () to the most of	Modern (1995) 25 mast och films state til modern (1995) 20 gan N	e North	12.44	;
ST DOM:	0.144.89 - +21	20 - 10 m 10 m 10 - 10 m 10 m	yy naer™any a garatra		w,	1. #1
Associate undertakings						
v · ·	terr va	Andrew Communication of the Co	in the state of th			
77.37 (1215	tration to the second	5	to some	14.52	;
		e e a e e e	an de grant English Service Letter Line Politica To			18 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	6	er i nord en	e e nation de la companya de la comp		× 1.	
21 - 21 - 5 - 12	•	all the control of the design of the control of the	5 to 200 do	* 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1		-
Supre of results of lesson out yes turns will such the year with the little easy out of the year of the second of the second of the second out of the second	2020 to 150 -	There are no other assources that are considerable the land advisor	∈: ₽(!	that the () is a permate to a deby bett.	Resultation of the Blade and Tr	Têu Dy The D' assêts
Fo 1 h (2020 EC 1 h		perfolicative		Transaction; with associates as a ventures in the ventures in the venturare disclosed		
The Group exited its as undertakings with Digit		The Directors to is gently 1000 in the		note 31)		
and DTC Services Elements There was no in azer a in mipachaulaire in thorisis	e var Cha	an annual basis lor more Ul burdir ib cetors al Sella				

18 Trade and other receivables

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
	£m	£m	
Trade and other receivables			
Page Alexania	5° 5	- `	
The second of the second	3	Fr	
1.2 () 10 · ()	~ . 1	44.4	
	128.0	139.1	
Contract assets - accrued income	61.2	64.6	

The ground of the contrade receivables which are past the but where no indication of non-recoverability has been identified is as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
	£m	fm	
The State of the s	*		
Control terrol target in the terrol	± 1	•	
entwine of pulling days produce	. :		
Mortin of costs to	:	•	
	7.4	15_2	

Trade receivables and contract assets are stated after dedocting allowances for doubtful cebts, as follows:

		Year ended	Year ended	
		30 June 2021	30 June 2021	30 June 202ა
		£m	£m	
Although the real		15 T		
A company of		:= :	1.1	
Property of the second		:1		
Allowance at 30 June		4.5	6.5	
			-	

The Group applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring contract assets have similar risk expected credit losses using a lifetime — characteristics to the mide expected credit loss provision for trade receivables and contract assets. Contracts

To measure expected credit losses on . The expected loss rates are based on . a collective basis, trade receivable. and contract assets are grouped

receivables for similar types of

in the control of the object experienced over the rive year period.

ibased on similar credit risk aging. The illiprior to the period end. The historical loss rates are then considered to current and focward-looking. information on macroecono mir factors arrest on the process. customers. No adjust hents were made to the expected loss rates. applied for the current year.

The 7.0% expected loss rate for receivables is 0.4%(2020/0.4%). At $30\,\mathrm{June}~2021$ the lifetime expected loss provision for trade receivables and contract assets is as follows.

	Current	Up to 30 days overdue	Up to 90 days overdue	Between 91 and 150 days overdue	More than 150 days overdue	Total
	£m	. Em	£mi	£ıņ	£m .	£m
Brown are an ext						
- Transites	4.7	٠.	~		7	1.5
Ellera travers	51.1					1
18 No. 20 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	2.*					(1
Last Erevices in Space				1.2	4.5	į ·
					. 5	1.3

£0.2m (2020) £0.3m · or the £4.5m · (2020) ±6.5m intertine expected loss provision relates to the contract. assets

consider a specific provision for thade. receivables outstanding for more than ill idetermining the recoverability of a 30 days beyond the agreed ferms, or

where the plustress environment nginates a specific risk. Management will make an assessment of the level int provision based on the Group. policy. Adjustments to the calculated In addition to the expected credit loss. Here, of provision will be made. accordingly.

trade recovanie the Group considers

any change in the credit quality of the trade receivable from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. Before accepting any new customer, the Group uses an external credit scoring systein to 11 5 10 to 1

guality. For further information benow the Group manages credit risk sea note 25

19 Deferred tax

The balance of deferred tax recognised at 30 June 2021 is £230 fm (2020) £169 0m). The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of parances within the same fax junidiction, is as follows:

Deferred tax assets	Tax losses	Fixed asset temporary differences	Derivative financial instruments	Other temporary differences	Total
	£m	£m	€m	£m	£m
And the second		21.0	1 1		
graph production to the care was and with	•	11	92.4	* e - e	1.7
A service of the present deposits		: 2 - 7 (2 -:
AS 1 (9) 2, 2, 2, .	15.5	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		+2	i i
real to a community to a community manner of	22	21 1	* *	154 T	
At 30 June 2021	41.4	77.5	74.6	48.3	241.8

erred tax fiabilities	Retirement benefits	Total
	£m	£m
$\Delta t = \log \frac{2\pi t}{2}$	Y 7	1.1
Death that is a research of		* .
reported to grant and a major than a grant of the	į	62.0
$\lambda(\tilde{\tau}_{B_{1}}) + 1/2$		
Compliance of Statement	- 1	: .
registrated and temporal succession		
At 30 June 2021	11.7	11.7

Deferred taxinas been measured at the UK corporation tax rate at waich. it is anticipated to reverse, 19.0 I for the period to 31 March 2023 and 25% from 1 April 2023 (2020, 19.0%) these are the rate substantively. enacted at the balance sheet date at which the deferred tax is expected to reverse. The corporation tax rate was increased to 25% from 19% effective. from 1 April 2023, the deferred tax asset is anticipated to reverse note in the periods prior to and after 1 April. 2023 and therefore the deterred tax asset has been recognised at the relevant tax rate. The impact of this rate change on the income. state neet is prown in Note 12.

Temporary differences arising in connection with infremitted manning, of overseas subsidiantes and interests in associates are insignificant.

There man innecognised deterred tax asset of £394 1m (2020 £272 9m). This is in respect of tax losses of £76.3m (2020 £72 4m) and deferred interest expenses £317 8m (2020 £200 5 m). These detrired tax assets may be carried forward indefinitely. These assets have not been recognised since it is not probable that these assets will be able to be utilised against future taxable profits of the Group. The role casts used for defeired tax asset recognition are the lame as those contesting.

The Group continues to recognise the deterred tax asset based on to recast raxable profits that will arise based upon the long term forecast results prepared for the Group

The Group continues to recognize its deferred rax assets as supported by the same long term group profit to recasts that are used for goodwri Impairme it resting (see note 14). No attributes have a time explicy and these forecasts show the deterred tax assets, eversing to a net liability. position by 30 June 2030. Dire to the long term stable hature of the business, with significant long terms contracts, the recognised deferred. taik asset is not considered to be materially exposed to the performance of the Group based on reasonably possible trading. torecasts

20 Cash and cash equivalents

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m .
	27.1	` .
	15.1	
Total cash and cash equivalents	243.5	110 1

21 Discontinued operations and disposal group held for sale

On 8 July 2020, the Group soid its Telecoms infrastructure and related hasets including its 100 kin Herest in Arriva Services Etd and its sides dranks The profit on the disposal of the discontinued operation is not subject to UK Colporation tax as it is exempt indepthe aubut artist Spareholding. Exemption

The post tax gain on disposal of discontinued operations was determined as follows.

	30 June 20 2 1
	fm
The transfer of the second of the second of	7 (42 7
	•
Control of the Contro	~
Terminal to the company of the control of the contr	1,820 4
and the state of t	
1.19	= *
And the state of t	
	1.3
Markey of Medical Company	•
	÷
and the second of the second o	. ^
$g(x) = -3e^{-x} + g$	• =
Section 1997	= 1 = 1
	- *
	782.1
and the control of th	1 . *
	1,038 3

Result of discontinued operations

The review of meldision in ruled operations are disclosed in the lincolin Statement.

Statement of cash flows

The statement of cash flows includes the following amounts relating to discontinued operations

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
		 £m	£m
			3.45
Constitution to the con-		-	1.15
to store and other			, "
F 2 0 2 0 1 2 1 2			
$S_{i,j}(t)$, and the energy constant	and present and	2.5	35.2

Assets and liabilities of disposal group held for sale

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Tirday s		s2.
2000 transported Section		
(x,y) = (x,y) + (x,y		
The state of the s		•=
April 18 April 18		
early and Colonia Supplies and		. 1
and seem the		25
Assets held for sale		1,186.4
grant grant sy		7.25
Code and Company		+ 7
To the programs		. 2
Flywer.		* 4 .
Liabilities held for sale		(429.6)

22 Trade and other payables

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
	f.m	£m	
Current			
Trade and other payables			
$\mathcal{T}(x) = \{x, y \in S \mid x \in S\}$		11 -	
Sweat in mighty and well puts	· ·	513	
Official play rules	\$	18 4	
N = s	\$ _{8.00} =	17.00	
	120.0	277.6	
Contract liabilities deferred income	99.5	96.6	
Non-current			
Contract liabilities - deferred income	355.5	232.9	

23 Borrowings

	Denominated currency	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
		£m	£m
Within current liabilities:			
A contract the property of the	87 (177.1)	* 1	•
A contract of			
- Comparty of the	55 1 2		
enckty day	57-0 (1.2)		-,
security of the angle of the extension	State 2	50 Z	7.1 7
	tall ra		; 7
Altroper to service out to the contraction	3(E	:! :	
and the state of any or the second	Section a	2 1117	* 1
Borrowings due within one year		2,332.9	2,215.8
Within non-current liabilities			
		287.6	396.2
5 1 30 4	17 W 20	s /= '	-
	St 1		
John Sanger	5° · · · E	!	٠.
Part Specific	2000 12		200.0
. *		1.324 4	1.861.6
serve and the state of galaxy to	.**	7.11	. :
	y 8 - 4 y 24		,
er e tra		-	_
	200	÷ ,	! 1
State of the Control	25 (1.3)	2.148 1	2,148 1
(4) (4) (4) (4) (5)	• .	86 3	101 2
Borrowings due after more than one year		3 846 4	4 707.1
Analysis of total borrowings by currency:			
s.		•	
			_ :
Total borrowings		6,179 }	5.922 9

Unrollited with interest 179.3 m (2020) ± 6.922 km, are dept-twile costs of £8.5 m (2020) ± 12.0 mt. For all borrowings in 60% of 18 these are discrete ± 187.80 (2020) $\pm 6.934.9$ m., which comprise debt as no large as the maturity of ± 0.00 m, ± 0.00 discrete as element.

The provided in the Control of the C

****	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	 £m	£m
Borrowings falling due within:		
The control	_ 08_ ³	1 3 1 1 K
Contract years	1. 2. 2. 7	, 45 _
March 19 Congress	1.12_	7.7.4
Total	6,179.3	6,934.9
	•	•

_ _

The weighted average interest rate of polynomings (excluding shareholder interest as described above) is 5.44%. (2020, 6.42%)

Bank loans form part of the senior debt. Other loans comprise of 6 or senior bonds and notes and junior bonds.

A summary of the movement in borrowings during the financial year is given below:

Borrowings:	Reference	At 1 July 2020	Lease movements	Amounts repaid	At 30 June 2021
		£:n	£m	£m	£m.
The an Aestropy with a title to	* 1	77 .		·5-	
Section 1997 to a State of American	1711	15 %		4°, c	41 - 2
Service that the contract of the service of	1	1500		(15.3	7.5
Street, 199	1	1800		1.3	:
Service protection and instrumental and another the	•	. 5.7.2		e 2 e)	7:11
Carlot general	F	-25.			6.25
Total bank loans and private placements		2,940.0		(1,262.8)	1,677.2
Dealer of the world + 24	1	- :- *	* * *		
Streether office of the	*	11.51			1.481
Total borrowings excluding accrued interest		5,211.0	(15.6)	(1,262 8)	3,932 6

in the table above incomorator.

(a) capital expenditure and working capital facilities (2021) an outstanding 2020, £550 (hm) of which £350 (hm) had an expected maturity date of March 2021. The remaining £200.0m had maturity dates over a period to March 2025, however following the rull repayment of the capital expenditure facility, this could no longer be redrawn. These facilities were all fully repaid during July and August 2020 using proceeds from the sale of

business unit. All three facilities were thosting rate in earlies with a margistover LIBOR of between 1.15 and 180 bps.

On 9 July 2021, the Group setinanced its bank facility in dinowinas access to a £100 Om Working Capital Facility maturing in 2024 and a £150 Om Liquidity Fund. These facilities are floating rate in nature with a margin over SONIA of between 120 and 130bps. Argiva Emancing No 1 and 150 these arrangements.

The Group has £250 0m (2020) £250 0m) of undrawn senior debt facilities available which were remanced on 9 July 2021. These facilities are at floating interest rates. For further information on the consequence of 25.

- (b) an east flational term load (2021) £90.0m out standing, 2020-£180.0m) with an expected matirot, date of December 2023. Using proceeds to the communications business unit £90.0m of this load was repaid in July
- (c) a foan from the Enropean Investment Bank (2021 ii 172.0m outstanding, 2020 ii 190.0m) with an expected maturity date of June 2024. Using proceeds from the sale of the control of the business unit, £18.0m or this foan was repaid in Juny 2020.
- (d) financing facilities of Activa Sinart Financing Limited (a Group company) established in December 2013 that

2020

magnetistic contracts by financing the purchase of communication hubs. This £30m fact ity matures in June 2028 and £26.1 m was drawn at the end of June 2021 (June 2020 5.27.2m). The remaining £3.9m commitment was cancelled on 27th November 2020. This loan is amoutising over time with the final maturity in June 2028.

There was also an associated r 1.6 m fee facility that matured in June 2021 which was 50.8 m drawn as at June 2020, and rolly replaid phon to 30. June 2021. These loans have floating rates of interest with margins have from EIBOR + 1.201, to 2.50.

(e) a committation of publicly listed bonds and US or vare place need notes.

As at 301 me 2021, the Group has £470 7 m £2020. £497 3 milisterning denominated bonds outstanding with fixed interest nativiral states ranging perween 4.88 mind 5.34 × £2020. £404 maint 5.34 milithese bonds a wirepayable between December 2021, and December 2032 and are listed or the London Stock Exchange. Aftive Emancing Philippers assumed at the

The remaining senior notes in a rainor and accommend of US or vate processor in selections with floating interest nates. The Groupings £293-4 or 2020 £478.5m, of sterring deligherand floating rate US or unterplacements trial and apportung in native with replayments one between Delighney 2021 and December 2029. These instruments have almost given uBOR of Detween 210 and 2220 pos

Priority oning flay replace in July 2020, the Group held fixed rate US

private placements (2021) Enit, 2020. £391 2m) in sterling and US dodar denominated notes. At the hedged rate these are valued at time (2020) £342 7m). These notes had fixed indirect rates which ranging between \$100 and \$442 high Arqua PP

From the proceeds of the sale of the Telecommunications business unit, the Group repaid the remaining £251 0m of fixed rate US dollar denominated notes, as well as the lemaining £140 2m of fixed rate sterling denominated notes in July 2020, as well as a partial repayment of £172 3m of floating rate sterling units. In August 2020

The rain value or the quoted senior boards based upon observable market pinces (fair value hierarchy level 1) was 2561 7m (2020) £554 8m) whist their carrying value was £470 7 m (2020) £497.3m)

The rail value of fixed rate or varely nacco senior debt determined from observable market prices for duoted istruments as a proxy modern flaviatue merachy level 2, was triding 2020, £445,6 ms whist their carrying value was the (2020, £341,2m).

The remaining £293,4 % (2020) £478,5 m of senior dept relates to utrief unquoted borrowings.

The directors consider the fair value of a vother uniquoted borrowings to he alc ose approximate to their unique alpoint.

(f) Junior bonds or £625,0m represent amounts, a sed from the squarce of notes by Aruska. Broadcast final ce Pini. These notes have a fixed interest rate of 6,75% and are replayable. September

2023. These notes are listed on the Euxembourg Market.

The Group continues to comply with all covenant requirements. The fair value of the guoted junior bonds based upon observable mirroet prices if a rivalue nieral chy leve. It was £643 0m (2020, £650,2 m) whilst their carrying value was £625 0m (2020, £625,0m).

(g) Obligations under leases are as defined within note 24.

(h) Shareno-der toan notes which are essentired, are listed on the Chanbel Island, Stock Exchange, are repayable between September 2024 and September 2025, and can tot be called upon early. The stiarend der oad notes carry ait ked rate of interest ranging between Billaro 14 applicable to the capital and an-baild interest which can be deterred at the option of the Group usojectito certain conditions. qualification of which are labject to prinning review, applicable to the capital and unpaid interest. The Groupings exercised this option to idister interest payments since 2009.

are utilictured within a Whole Business Sec in thaillon package (WBS). These instruments have cover a its attached contribution pality an interest and depthers (e.g. cover ratio and a duor leverage chilo. The Group continues to conjou with as cover ant reducements.

There have been no breakhes of the terms of the loan agree ments during the current or previous year. The value of the prerest deferred ot the shareholder road hores at 300 June 2021, was 62,244,2 m (2020) 61,714,3 h.

24 Leases

Leases as lessee (IFRS 16)

The Group holds lease arrangements primarily relating to land and buildings, circuit contracts and vehicles

Right-of-use assets

Right of use assets related to leased properties and land (other than investment property) are presented as plant and equipment. Plant and equipment leases relate to the use of fibre, other fixed telecommunications lines, and IT

	Leasehold buildings	Plant and equipment	Fotal
	€m	£m	£m
A (0.1) (2.2)		. 1	14.5
District the factors were	15 - 5	1.51	+ 1 *
Approximately paying			7/ 5
many diagraph and the grave are se	ι,	•	
Live of the original base is	V 1		
of and include looked in the Control of the Con-	e - 1		• •
At 30 June 2020	68.3	51.0	119.3
Community of the Commun	•	+14	4. °
where we have the control of the control	× .	1.1	
effect product of the respective	2 .	Y	
English Committee Committe	+1:1+	8 80	11.3
Balance at 30 June 2021	64.6	35.3	99.9

Amounts recognised in the Income Statement

Leases under IFRS 16	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	£m
nagerski kraj graf i Angalek Skira konkrity i til skiper kitte hen graf i tilatledge Kraj teg		** 2
1997 mass October	• :	- *

Amounts recognised in the Cashflow Statement

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	£m .
Turk cash services has	1- 1	. :

disclosed in note 25 Fhancial instruments and risk management.

25 Financial instruments and risk management

Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will i be able to continue as a going. concern while makimising the return to knareholders through the optinisation of the deptiandled ifly palance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of her deptilas set out innote 27, see note 20 for cash and cash egg valents and note 23 for borrowings) and equity of the Group. rcompire lightshed capital and share premit as reserves, retained gainings. and no controlling interests).

Levels of dept age maintained on a ongoing basis to easize that oopreaches occur and repayments car he include made as heressary with retinancing carried out as required

Significant accounting policies

Details of Each Floant accounting pals es and metrods adopted. sincled lightness are cognitive the pasicot measing meating the bears formicognition of the meland. expenses for each dass of that icla asser as different ignitiability are: disclosed on a majore 3.

in a solvestile telept rate of fution inked and troke-Comment, swaps, are measured on a fit is a sectororize profit and rose. acties a hartest velledage in eronomia terms, nedge accounting brown pleaare of applied This means that the (1.95 ther risk-boy, stepharovarue nie risk adjusted Mark to-Market value into the date they are entered into and are revalued at each ballshoe sheet date with gains and osses being. reported under steely in the income

statement within in the spirit Heating og remningt og amountstion interest rate swaps (together with similar amounts or defithe cross. runtearry and index tipled swipps) are proported as nucomponent of petibalis. and other loan into estiwithin finance. COSTS

Financial risk management

Sour Preasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to do nest clandinternational markets. mountors and manages the financial maks relating to the day atrons of the Group using themeal instruments wherever it is appropriate to do so

The treasury bunction reports late the Group Finance Director and the

A Just and Rock Committee, and Accose in this control phospability that includes non-toring the risks and policies, imple, nonted to intrigate make exporting. The main risks addresserby Engage all option the its alle interest i ate lisk and to reign contency. to the policy of respect of these disks remain. align in ged throughout the year.

The G logic enters into a variety of per cative tinancial incluments to narage traxposite oforeig Homeno, and interest rate has re large

- Thite restrance switches in a cotton. far on ked swips to in take mediak of hour card THEFEST CATES
- Crossical herry swips for interpretisk of currency exposition foreign deno i rieted polytowny i and

 Forward foreign exchange. contracts to manage exchange risks assume from transaction is toreign ekchange exposities

The Group does not enter hith or it ade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for specular ve burboses.

Foreign currency risk management

The Group principally operates from UK sites and predominantly in the UK market, but has some overseas. slibs diames and trail sactions denominated in toroignic irrancies. White some a listo her and supplier. contracts are decominated in other and Euro), the majority of the

Sterling based and accordingly exposure to fole guexchange inskis

Foreign of intensy exchange has can be alabdisided into two inimpones to transactional rick and trains at on risk

Transactional risk: The Group's points sito nedge material fransactional Carency exposures and the use of torward foreign exchange contracts The measing meaning rate of this nskirs nightbored on a Green wide. 0.65%

Translation risk: 1 ≥ G + bittle sinteoverseasines until and net assets in accordance with the aucounting policy in note 3. Given the Group precominantly operates in the UK there is a relative, that exposure with overseas entitles accounting for an.01 (2020-03) Fourth profit and 0.1 \pm 2020, 0.10, of total assets for the Group.

The Stelland is a construction of the construc

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Monetary assets.		
- 12.00	1	ţ
4.7	, "	•
The second of the second of	-	
Total	26.5	17.9
Monetary liabilities:		
- 5500 W	1 1	`
	7 %	0.7.1
Total	(8.2)	(8.3)

The Group previous viheld USD cross-currency swaps to fix the Sterling cost of future interest and capital repayment obligations relating to the US dollar denominated private placement issue at an exchange rate of 1.52. As at 30 June 2021 the nominal value held in such swaps was fine (2020) USD 307 9ml to fix the exchange rate of US dollar denominated serior notes.

This provided an effective economic nedge of the foreign durrency impact on the Starling cost of future a terest and capital repayment obligations, and as such, there were no material shristivities on these hedged announts.

The entire cross currency swap bound to was exited in July 2020 with the fair value at time of disposal be as £51.8m.

The remaining unmedged currency amounts do not expose the Group to material residual exposure to exchange rates. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis has been presented.

Interest rate risk management

The Group has variable rate bank and US or vate placement dept and uses the artists of the consumer to rising interest rates. The Group maintains a nedging policy to inapage interest rate is skilled.

and to ensure the certainty of future interest cash flows. The Group has fixed rate hedging, spirt between IRS and ILS. IRS convert variable rate interest costs to fixed rate interest costs while ILS convert fixed or variable rate interest costs to RPI linked costs, which fluctuate in line with the RPI lindex as do a polition of the costs, and convert fixed on teams (including maturity) that million the debt instrument they nedge, and therefore and as an effective economic hedge.

As the Grono dises nedging to maintain fixed interest rates on the majority of its material porrowings texcill ding revolving fair lities, there is minimal exposure on the rate est expense to interest rate movements. A rise or fail in interest rates would therefore not materially impact the interest expense physiology, the Group.

Liquidity risk management

To ensure it has sufficient available funds for working capital requirements and planned glowth, the Group inalitains cash reserves and access to undrawn committed fuch fies to cover forecast requirements.

Credit risk management

The Group carefully manages the counterparty credit risk or Equiditures and derivative firancial instruments with balances currently

spread across a range of major financial institutions, which have satisfactory credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. The levels of credit risk are assigned to congoing risk management processes, which include a regular review of counterparty credit ratings. Risk in this area is limited further by setting a maximum level and rerm for deposits with any single counterparty.

The Group is exposed to credit risk on customer receivables, which is managed through credit-checking procedures prior to taking on new customers and higher risk customers paying in advance of services being provided. Performance is closely monitored to ensure agreed service levels are maintained, reducing the level of quaried payments and mitigating the risk of incollectable debts. Expected impairment for trade receivables are call lurated based on historical default rates. Details of this provision are shown in note 18.

The Group is due to repay or refinance £3.3bh of debt in the next 5 years to 30 June 2026. Regula reviews are performed to assess headroom between interest and capital repayments against forecast cash flows, thus monitoring the limit to repay the debt.

The rollowing tables set out the $\label{eq:continuous} \mathcal{D}^{(i)}(x) = \mathcal{D}^{(i)}(x) + \mathcal{D}^{$ derivative financial liabilities and derivative financial liab liftes.

The amounts presented in respect of the hop-derivative thancial labilities.

represent the gross contractual cash. The amounts presented in respect of flows on an imidiscounted basis. Accordingly, these amounts may not reconcile directly with the amounts. disclosed in the statement of financial position.

in supervisors and the cial instruments represent their fair. value and are accordingly consistent with the amounts included in the statement of financial position.

		Am	ounts falling du	e				
30 June 2021	Within one year	Between one and two years	Between two and five years	After five years	Total	Effect of discounting	Interest to be incurred in future periods	Total financial fiability per statement of financial position
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
T 3 * 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	2 4							43.9
+ - 2 + - 1 ×	=	· -	;	.: -				89.4
$t = \xi_0 - 2^{4/5}$	÷, =	s •		٠; -	" ."			3.825 3
	103.8	56.8	3,209.7	638.6	4.008.9	(\$0.3)	-	3,958.6
-27 × 47 × 4	_:			<u>:</u> :-				107.3
reserve to the will see	71:	٦. ;		٠.	•			11.0
Section of the sectio					1117			2,244.2
Contract Strains	;	:			1.1			(6.8)
in after the action of the act		-; .	Ç kê	; <	- 11			333.1
lotal swaps	78.9	53.1	181 0	43.7	356.7	(30.4)		326.3
Total financial liability	280.3	207.3	5,766 0	784.8	7.038.4	(80.7)	(310.3)	6,647.4

the coupling of the property of the coupling o

		Am	ounts falling di	ie				
30 June 2020	Within one year	Between one and two years	Between two and five years	After five years	Total	Effect of discounting	Interest to be incurred in future periods	Total financial liability per statement of financial position
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£กา	£m	£m
The state of the s	1 (::			41 9
7-1-1	1.4		11.5	1.	2008	1, 4		81.1
the many track	4117	F + F	7		5 551			5,088.1
	514.5	154.6	3,775 0	895.7	5,339.8	(128.7)	-	5.211 ±
production of the production of	. 1 7	: •	:		12. 5			122 9
error and converse	* 2 =	- 2	(75).		(* · · ·		(2)	9.6
nagy stock story on the light of the second			. ***1		1.7.3			1,714.3
Pathonic Charles (Alah	5.1.1	-	1145	5 3	.1	11= 51		261.5
indicate a program is contained on the contained of the contained on the c	11.1	** *	201		7.17	1.1		507.8
1 37 27 0 7 32 90	(1)50	1. 1	13.10		7: -	! _		(50.6)
Total swaps	89 6	115 6	335.2	230.0	770 4	(51.7)	-	718 7
Total financial liability	728.0	385.7	6.048.8	1,260.8	8,423.3	(180.4)	(466.3)	7,776.6

Note that the property of the property of the system $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$ to the property of the system of the states of the property of the system of the s

The trope below outlines the additional thanking facilities avaidable to the Group.

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
entre de la companya		
Experience of the section of the sec	√-	2
Total	250 0	800.0

As debt was retinenced the Group also restrictured the associated swaps to reflect the new maturity and lie.

Financial instruments

With the exception of derivative financial instruments (which are recognised and measured at fair value through profit and loss) the Grown of the control of the additions are recognised and measured to lowing the thinner assets measured at a mortised cost recognition category.

The weighted average interest rate of fixed rate financial nabilities at 30 June 2021 for the next 12 months was 6.1% (2020) 5 bit rand the weighted average period of funding was 4.3 years (2020) 4.7 years). The control of the period of funding was 4.3 years (2020) 4.7 years). The control of the period of funding was 4.3 years (2020) 4.7 years). Were horrowings of £6.173.0th (2020) (6.922,9) (see note 23), which includes £581.5th (2020) £1.426.6th with floating rate interest and the remainder with fixed rate interest option to the hedging an angle ments described previously).

measured at amortised cost comprise cash and class, equivalents of £243 5m (2020, £110.1 m) and other rinancial assets of £128.0 m (2020, £141.9m) as presented in notes 20 and 18 respectively.

Derivative financial instruments

The Group seeks to manage the exposures of its debt payment obligations through a combination of index inked in terest, atmand cross currency swaps.

At the year end, the Group held. interest rate swaps with not onal. appoints of £4.14 6m (2020). ES48 5m) which hedge the hiterest. $(A_{ij}, A_{ij}, A_{$ rate debt. The average fixed rate oil: these instruments is 0.21-(2020). 6.8. The swap contracts have termination dates first map bitne maturities of the underlying floating rate dept instruments (see note 23).

Between July and September 2020. the Group exited or recouponed a number of interest rate swap. arrangements, reducing the notional. rold ignotiviteresticate kwaps by £395 Im whist recognishing losses. John Jewintonia, 1g £3 7.5

The Group bases sole teredicators index inked swaps motional. amb intulat £681.8h in 2021, 2020 -Ellifié 2 7mm where the Group receives floating and paykifixed. invertito inhation in telest obligations in stening and US dollar denoing lated. to an interage rate of 2.11 indexed.

with RPs. The notional amounts of these swaps increase with RPI and these accretion amounts are cashsettled annually most recently in-June 2021 (£14.5m, 2020, £48.8m)

All of these instruments have all matinity date of April 2027. These instruments were established to -mamely fixed rate sterling bonds and the fixed rate US Private Placement issues) and in order to ensure that the cash flow characteristics arguwith these instruments, the Group. has entered into £657.1m (2020). £1.062 7.ml of fixed to floating rate. i merestirate swaps to match the mash frowsion poblitine tixed rate. dept instructents and for index pinked awars set out above.

In July and August 2020, toflowing the second of the second second second itixed rate US private pracement motes and £350m public point

maturing in June 2020, the Group exited or recouponed a number of index linked swap arrangements. reducing the notional holdings of index intked swaps by £630.7m. whilst recognising losses upon exit totalling £3.9m

The Group previously held USD crossic irrency swaps it line 2020. USD 307 9milto fix the Sterling cost of ruture interest and capital. repayment obligations relating to the US dollar denominated private placement issue at an exchange rate. of 1.52. The entire cross currency swap portfolio was exited in July. 2020 with the firm value at thise of disposar being £51.8n.

The fair value of the interest rate and inflation lioked swaps at 30 June. 2021 is a hap lify of £326 3/r. £2020 £718 7mt. This fair value is calculated. using a risk adousted discount rate.

The to lower grabble details the fact value of thank all east, liberts, edogleshed on the state head of thanks a position

	30 June 2021	30 June 20 2 0	
	£m	£m	
With a second second			
Within non-current assets	٦	_	
	7.2		
Within non-current liabilities			
Contract the Contract of the C			
And the second of the second			
	-	*. · *.	
[otal	(326.3)	{718 7}	
	·		
$\label{eq:continuous} \mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{A},\mathcal{A},\mathcal{A},\mathcal{A},\mathcal{A},\mathcal{A},\mathcal{A},\mathcal{A}$			
and Armagae and Armagae and Armagae and	-	[1	
 An above the constraint of the constraint. 			
Total (loss) / gain recognised in the income statement	(11.1)	121 7	
Description of the second of t	. •	1	
and the second of the second o		- r	
attention to the control of the cont			
the state of the s	•		
the distriction of the second second second second	=		
Total change in fair value	392.3	283.1	

Where mossible the Group socks to match the maturity of any derivative contracts with that of debt instruments that it has issued. In which they was they will instruments break clauses have been and, ded to both match underlying facility maturities and to optimise the availability and cost of the group was a formulation of their value of all other financial assets and liabilities is considered to be a close approximation to their carrying amount.

Fair value hierarchy

financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value are grouped.

into levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted orices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Leizel 2 fair value
 measurements are those
 derived from inputs other than
 quoted prices included within
 Levol 1 that are observable for
 the asset or liability, either
 directly file las prices; or
 indirectly rice, derived from
 oncest, and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation

techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Interest rate swaps, inflation rate swaps and cross-currency swaps (a) disclosed aboves are all classed as level 2 on the rair value hierarchy. In each case the items are valued based upon discounted cash flow. Future cash flows are estimated based on forward (interest/ inflation/ exchange) rates observable from rates and yield curves at the end of the reporting period, and contract rates, discounted at a risk-argusted rate.

26 Provisions

	Decommissioning	Restructuring	Remediation	Onerous Contracts	Other	Total
	£m	£m	Em	£m	£m	£nı
40 1 July 1 (5)	r - 1		. 1			*
Commission of Australia		•				
Topismounts the Legisland efficiency at the monophism of	₹.					٠.
on white the second	5.1		<u>.</u>			1
Section 1	İ		0.11		1.	
Small with		5.11	0.0			
At 30 June 2021	71.5	1.9	5.1	3.7	1.2	89.1

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	Em	Em
Analysed as		
Jan 19	s 2	2.4
No. apresed	÷≈ 2	14.1
	89 4	81.1

Provisions are made for decommissioning costs where the Group has an obligation to restore sites and the cost of restoration is not recoverable from third parties.

The decommissioning provisions are reviewed annually and calculated using expected rosts as determined by site and project management. The provision is in relation to assets of

which the remaining useful economic ife ranges up to 20 years, with the hajority of the provision relating to TV and Radio products for which there is no material decommission in glexpected before 2040.

The restructuring provision relates to the costs of exceptional activities to reorganise the Group

The remediation provision represents the cost of works identified as being required across a expected to be intrised over the next one to be livears.

Other provisions represent a variety of smaller items which are expected to be utilised over the next one to ten years.

27 Notes to the cash flow statement

Reconciliation from operating profit to net cash from operating activities.

	Year ended	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
	Em	£m	
Commission (Control of Control of	\$ 50 mg	2-1	
A Contract the			
$= 2 \alpha_{\chi} + \epsilon + i d + \epsilon + i \sigma_{\chi} + \epsilon_{\chi} + i \sigma_{\chi} + $	1.8.	_ 7 _	
Art off sacron of the legal classes		194	
country was the setting of the second	i	, 3	
Date of the second of the seco			
Definition of the book to be a control with the first	• :	15+1	
The second section of the second section is a second second section of the second section is a second section of the second section section is a second section of the second section	_ 1	5.5	
$(x_1,x_2,x_3,\dots,x_n,x_n)$;-	,	
		-	
The series to be the present of the series of the series of			
Cash generated from operating activities	400.2	488.9	
And the second section of the sectio	(1.7)	•	
Net cash from operating activities	398 7	489.0	

Analysis of changes in financial Fabilities.

	At 1 July 2020	Changes in financing cash flows (Cash)	Changes in foreign exchange (Non-cash)	Changes in tair value (Non-cash)	Other changes including accrued interest (Non-cash)	At 30 June 2021
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£.m	£m
in the second of		1-4 %				
And the second of the second		٠.				5 2 7
$\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{ll} 1 & \text{s.t.} & \text{s.t.} & \text{s.t.} & \text{s.t.} & \text{s.t.} \\ 2 & \text{s.t.} & \text{s.t.} & \text{s.t.} & \text{s.t.} \end{array}$	٠.,				·-	_ 2.:2
2 Part of the second					1	•
	5.5	0.27		•	. •	
[†] ota [‡]	1 21 2	(1,921.2)	0.8	11.0	781.9	6,514.1

The movements above do not include list elosts associated with entering the borrowing a rangements like light of e23)

28 Financial commitments and contingent liabilities

Financing commitments

way of a Whole Business Securitisation structure.

Capital commitments

Commitments for the acquisition of plant and equipment contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as a liability are payable as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 202 0
	£m	£m
Common or year	* n * · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17.1
Control to the state of the sta		٠, ١
Total capital commitments	23.1	15.6

There are no capital commitments payable in more than five years.

29 Retirement benefits

Defined contribution scheme

Ardiva Limited has operated a Defined Contribution Scheme during the year, for those employees who are not melocial Scheme, and the Benefit Plan Contributions payable in respect of this Scheme for the year were ±6.8m (2020) ±8.5m). The assets of the Scheme are held outside of the Group.

An amount of £1.2m (2020, £1.2 m) is included in accruals being the

onitstanding contributions to the Defined Contribution Scheme

Defined benefit plan

In the year to 30 June 2021, the Group operated one Defined Benefit Plan sponsored by Arq valumited. The Defined Benefit Plan is administered by a separate entity that is legally separated from the Group, and therefore the Plan assets are held separately from those of Argivalumited. The Trustees of the Plan are

required by law to act in the interests of the Plan and of all relevant stakeholders in the Plan. The Thistees are responsible for the investment policy with regards the assets of the Plan.

The Pian typically exposes the Group to risks such as investment risk interest rate risk, long-vity risk, and salary risk.

Investment risk	The present value of the defined benefit P an abolity for IAS19 purposes is calculated using a discount nate determined by reference to high quality corporate bondly elds, which is different to now the Plan assets are invested. Currently the Plan has a relatively balanced investment in equity securities, dobt instruments and real estate. Due to the long term nature of the Plan liabilities, the trustees of the Plan consider it appropriate that a reasonable portion of the Plan assets should be invested in equity securities to leverage the expected return generated by the Plan assets.
Interest risk	The source of th
Longevity risk	The present value of the defined benefit Plan liability is calculated by reference to a best estimate of the mortality of Plan participants both during and after their retirement. An according to the control of the c
Salary risk	The present value of the defined benefit Plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of Plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the Plan participants is a control of the Plan participants.

The Plan closed to the future accrual of — The triennial valuation carried out as at — IAS19 defined benefit liability, and the benefits on 31 January 2016. The weighted average duration of the expected penefit payments from the Plan is around 17 years

30 June 2020, whilst in approved thas been used for the durposes of measining the plantaisets and the present value of the defined benefit. frability. This was carried out by an independent from at consulting. actuaries. The present value of the

related current service cost and past. service cost, have been measured. using the projected unit credit method. based on roll-forward updates to the latest trienn al valuation figures 👢

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the artifactal valuations were as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
Key assumptions		
2 w 50 * rs(+	1 3	(5)
Compagnetic Compag	<u>:</u>	1.40
the same of the sa	20 200 St. + 10	16.2 of 25.00s
phononical control of the party of the state	=7.77	27.726
Other linked assumptions		
er jarret et alle en er en	- *	- 1
$(h, \chi, v) = 0 + \epsilon \cos \theta = -2 L \ln \theta + \theta = -2 \ln \rho + \epsilon \log \rho = 0 + \epsilon \log \rho = 0$		÷
and the state of t	+ 1.1	-
2000	e 1	1

Amounts recognised in the consolidated in one estatement in respect of the defined ponetit dian were an follows

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Дарынын от от орология ан		
	1.1	
	(v 8;	. 06

The life lest item prove has been uplicate with influence arcome used note 91. The resmoasurement of the respective of denetified by some the plant process of comprehensive incomes. The loss or containments in the plant grind by the vear hall been included within exceptional costs (see linte 7).

Alnotest recoal sed in the statement of comprehensive income in respect of the detined benefit plan were as to low-

	Year ended 30 June 2021	
	Em	£m
	-	
	•	
and the major of the property of the second	•	7= Î
Contract to the second		-
	26 4	(11 9)

AngleanShoup Emitted (company ling US2541 U.).

.

henefit plan was as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
		-
The property of the connection	2.00	_^
They may be the tradition of the angles for		<u> </u>
Surplus at 30 June	47 1	16 1

The Group has $x_i = x_i + x_$

The reconciliation of the statement of financial position over the year is as follows:

	Year ended	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
	€in	£m.	
200 8 0 1 Deg	1 .	2_	
And until 12 or large to a val	1 - >		
A contract with the Contract was a second	_ :	1.	
Contract Contractors		1	
Surplus at 30 June	47.1	16.1	

The arelient value of the plan liabilities das inoved over the year as tollows.

	Year ended	Year ended 30 June 2020	
	30 June 2021		
	£m	£m	
	es es	_ `:	
The state of the measure	• .	*	
		•	
(4) Sec. (4)		7 .	
and the algebra of two carriers of the contract of the contract of	S	1 1	
in the entropy of the service of the entropy of the		0.4	
		•	
30 June	(248.8)	(266.8)	

The fair value of the plan assets has moved over the year as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
	<u>_</u> 2 € +	2 + 1
	!	:
And the second of the control of the second	• :	$\frac{1}{2}(\omega) = 0$
Total Control of the Control	₹ 1	. 1
Committee to the high size	1	. 1
Suretty turk	4.5	2.1
30 June	295.9	

The inagonic stegories and tarrivalues of Pia Jusuets at the eod of the reporting year for each category are as follows:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	30 June 2021	30 june 2020	
	£m	£m	
= (, r, - r - , - r, -		=	
Lambda grafit	21 -		
Internal Control	1	7 .	
Maria de la	2 .	• *	
Survey of the second	•	÷:	
is out to the			
Total	295.9	282.9	

A" Instrument, have quoted prices in Bourginarcets

The Print oresides holdings of girt, and colorate portus, which are introded to pame, thence the final dain soft omicionly can at on somement associated with instages a spiral or topoprate pointly gird of AS19 is part, movement as to a constraint or discount rate well also be partially to discount rate will also be partially and the discount rate.

No allocations with contract and algebra me Prior assert are involved of the contract of the c

following unit aset on or the risiding that water has at \$900 in 2017. All given but tell aset set to any defect control one of £3 4m. Outpoer 2018 it 5 4m in 3m it 2019, which is further £5 4m in 3m it 6 0, 310 with 1 and ripated that a revised \$1 medical or \$200 in and ripated that a revised \$1 medical or \$200 in and \$100 in a transfer to \$100 in
petween the Trivitees and the Company as part of the tripinal actional variation as Corrently being or declared as at 30 June 2020.

Sensitivity Analysis

The assumptions to isothered to be the notifing those that the discount integrated adopted in flat on represented by RPI and the longevity assumptions.

The send to two or the 2021 year endings at sito in angel in the those key in what ons in show in elow

Funding Position	Discount rate decrease of 0.1%	RPI increase of 0.1%	Longevity assumption increase of 1 year
And the second second	+ . *	. •	• • •

The Lenking to to of the 3020 $\mu_{\rm B}$ and in results for manager in the tribenkes with other units shown a percent

Funding Position	Discount rate decrease of 0.1%	RPI increase of 0.1%	Longevity assumption increase of 1 year
			•

This sensitivit, analysis may not be representanive of the actuar analign in the defined benefit obligation as it is an it here the unungeness assumptions may be correlated.

30 Related party transactions

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which allo related parties, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not discosed in this note.

from the second of note 29.

Transactions between the Group and

its associates, joint ventures and entities under common influence are disclosed below.

The disclosure of transactions with related parties reflects the periods in which the related party relation hips exist. The disclosure of amounts outstanding to/from related parties at

the reporting date reflects related party relationships at that date

Trading transactions

During the year ended 30 June 2021 the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties who are not members of the Group

	Sale of go	ods and services	Purchase of goods and services		
	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended 30 June 2020	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	30 June 2021		
	£m	£m	€m	£m	
Assault 1					
with year to re-	· ×	4	2	Ė	
The state of the s	1 -	1			
	20.7	5.4	5.6	8.1	

An transactions are on third party terms and an outstanding parances, are interest free, unsecured and are not subject to any financial guarantee by either party.

As at 30 June 2021, the amount receivable from associates was £0.2m (2020) £0.5m3 and the amount payable to associates was £n3 (2020) £0.4m3.

As at 30 June 2021 the amount payable to joint ventures was £0.3m (2020, £0.9m)

As at 30 June 2021, the amount receivable from entities under common influence was £5 0in (2020 £1.8m).

Remuneration of Directors and key management personnel

The reinuneration of the Directors and key management personner of the Group is set out below in aggregate for each of the categories specified in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosure:

	Year ended 30 June 2021 Em	Year ended 30 June 2020 £m
Street, Company work	५ इ	4.7
Control of the sector		
Control programme therefore	>	
	5 9	6.6

There are no members of the Directors and key management personnel (2020 one) who are a second is chemic (see note 29).

The members of the Directors and Key management personner had no material transactions with the Group during the year, other than in

connection with their service agreements.

Further information in respect of the production of the statutory Directors, including the highest paid Director, has been provided on page 134.

Investor transactions

There are two investor companies FICAL and MERF II, which are related parties with the Group in accordance with IAS 24 by virtue of significant shareholding in the Group. Refer to the Directors ineport for further details of these investor companies.

30 June 2021	MGIF II *	MEIF II +	Macquarie Prism *	FICAL +
Shipping termanistics	£m	£m		£m
State of the state of the first of the search		; 4 •		
and the state of t	* ·	19.2	2 - 7	1- 🤜

 $⁽t_{ij}, t_{ij}, x_{ij}, x_{ij}, t_{ij}, x_{ij}, x_{$

PART OF THE ORIGINAL BOOK REPORTED AND A CONSIGNOR OF BOOK SOLD BY MANY MARKS [22].

30 June 2020	MGIFIL"	MEIFII +	Macquarie Prism *	FICAL +
	£m	£m	£m	£m
and entitle on the first		.2 -	1	4.2 + 4
Small district and experience processing and	7.4	1 5-	: .	22+4
A consequence of the consequence	5		i.	×, ·

والمرافع والمحارب والمرافع والمرافع وفروا والمحار والمرافع

31 Events after the reporting period

On 9th July 2021, the Group. refinanced its back facilities and now. h is access to a £100 úns Working Capital Facility maturing in 2024 and al-25 years 150 0 higgs diffy Fland These fact they are floating rate in particular with a hergic over SONIA of between 120 and 130bos. Ard volf lambing Notat activese scallgements

On 10 Availat 2021, if the provincial and och Billydare transmitter site. Our enginee sinave worked on a town stage. religivery plantspireinstate kerskiel. present on the mast. Throng illiphases 1 illiniat at the Billidhe site which is and 3 of our recovery plant, around 500,000 households have now had TV. services restored through utilisation of other sites and radio services HM is di-DABI have also been restored for many. Works have been completed for the improvement of Tv coverage from or r Eston Nabisite and a linddifform. 15 minakt has been installed at a site. in Ameliffe Wood in order to extendicoverage tions this site to achieve this. Phase 3 of the recovery plan-

I wo vesithe mechan of a reinporary expected to restore the vast majority of TV services. The legal process for securing site acress to bill dithetemporary mastic in progress. Phase 4. of the recovery bian will be tocomplete the enduring solution. Madagement are still assessing the financial impain of the incide it and the assets dainaged by the fire landinave. the contract of the second

32 Controlling parties

The Company Rowned by a consort a not spareholders in cluding. Canada Pension Pan Luastment Board, Macquarie European

Infrastructure Europii Interer Macquarie - The largest and smallest group in in craged to divaria millorities.

which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Argival Group Limited

where $\rho_{\rm c} \sim 10$ and $\rho_{\rm c}$ is a present positive transfer and the specific probability

Directors' report for Arqiva Group Limited ('the Company')

The Directors of Argiva Group Conted registered company number to the property of the following an mal report and audited floancial statements in respect of the year ended 30 June 2021.

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements as explained in the Statement of with the responsible to the page 67.

Business review and principal activities

The Company acts as an outimate holding company of the Argiva Group and the I page 1990 of companies.

The Company has made a loss for the financial year of £0.8m (2020 £127.1m) and has net liabilities of £11.5m (2020: £10.7 m).

Principal risks and uncertainties and key performance indicators ('KPIs')

From the perspective of the Company, the oracipal risk, and uncertainties arising from its activities are integrated with the principal risks and uncertainties of the Group and are not managed separately. Accordingly the principal risks and uncertainties of the Group, which include those of the Company, are discussed on pages 48 to 52.

Given the straightforward nature of the opinion that analysis using KPIS is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The KPIS of the Group are discussed on pages 32 and 34.

Dividends and transfers to reserves

The Directors do not propose to pay a dividend (2020 mlf). The loss for the financial year of £0.8m (2020 £127.1m) was charged to reserves.

Financial risk management

Due to the straightforward natine of the property of the intention of the programme is detailed on page 49.

Future developments and going concern

It is the intention of the Company to concluding the property of the company of the Company is a second or company.

The Company adopts the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements on the basis of the future profit, cash flows and available resource of the Group which lead the Directors of the Company to be confident that the Company will have adequate resources to confident in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Directors

The following held of his all directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report.

- Mike Parton
- Mark Braithwaite
- Chaistian Sey moor.
- Peter Adams (alternate)
- > 2s iv Davis
- Nei King
- Martin Healey (resigned 12 January 2021)
- Frank Dangeard (resigned 1 July 2021)
- Michael Darcey
- Maximilian Fiegrath (alternate)
- Batiste Ogier (appointed 12 fanuary 2021)
- Natha i Luckey (appointed 1 July 2021)

Jeremy Mavor was reappointed as the Company Secretors on 1.1 July 2021 apreviously Rachael Whitaker between R1 March 2021 and 1347, 2021, and Jeremy Mavor pilot to 31 March 2021.

Directors' indemnities

The Company has provided an indemnity for its Directors and the Company Secretary, which is a qualifying third party indemnity provision for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006. This was in place throughout the year ended 30 June 2021 and up to the date the financial statements are signed.

Disclosure of information to the independent auditors

The Directors of the Company in office at the date of approval of this report content that

- so far as the Directors are liware there is no relevant audit information of which the Auditors are inaware, and
- each Director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director to make himself aware of any relevant audit enformation and to establish that the control of that information.

On behalf of the Board

Mike Parton Director 21 September 2021

Company statement of financial position

	Note	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
		£m	£m
Non-current assets			
e de			
processing to	‡		
Mark the second		• 1	*
		1.4	0.8
Current assets			
Transconduction	-	•	5 · 1
" 1 _{4 (23%} ")		4.0	3.9
Current liabilities			
Driver and ex	•	-	*: -
Net current habilities		(12 9)	(11.5)
Net habilities		(11.5)	(10 7)
Equity			
and the second		. =	.=
* 4 *		•	
Section of each of		es, "	·× 2
Total equity		(11 5)	(10.7)

The across ting policies and notes on page 133 form part of tillese financial statements

The less than the highest factore Comion y was almost of £0.8 m (2020) \pm 12 $^{\circ}$ Lm (053)

On the the year the Comman, inclined an impairment charge of Enrig2020, £128 (interesting to the investment in a direct place) of the Country. A given Emanding No. 870, an disclosed whose (into the financial statements)

These timus in State helps becages 131 to 140 were approved by the Board of Directors on 21 September 2021 and were signed on its perialfiby.

Mike Parton Director

Company statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Balance at 1 July 2019	653 9	315.6	(853.1)	116 4
statteber expe			.127.5	: (7.7)
Balance at 30 June 2020	653.9	315.6	(980 2)	(10.7)
y the transfer of the Art			Š.	`
Balance at 30 June 2021	653.9	315.6	(981.0)	(11.5)

^{*}Thropic Coefficials (C. I.) mild section of the second of the control of the Coefficial of the control of the coefficial of the coeffi

Notes to the Company financial statements

1 Argiva Group Limited accounting policies and other information

Basis of preparation

As used in these fulancial starements and associated notes, the term in the property of the Limited.

Andiva Group Limited is a private company united by staires incorporated in United Kingdom. The registered address of the Company is Crawley Court, Winchester Hampshire, SO21 2QA

The Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared in a conducte with Financial Reporting

Standard 101. Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101). The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern hasis inder the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Actions 11. The financial Cargiva Group Limited and its subsidiaries) are available online at www.argiva.com

The requirements have been applied in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 200b. As per infited by Section (408) 31 of the Companies

statement has not been presented Accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout

New and revised Standards and Interpretations have been adopted in the current year, a fish of which can be found in note 2 of the Group financial statements. There is no material impact on the Company. The following disclosure exemptions, as permitted by paragraph 8 of FRS 101, have been taken in these Company financial statements and notes.

EU-adopted IFRS

IAS 1 Presentation of imancial statements IAS 7 Statement of Cash.

IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures

Relevant disclosure exemptions

The requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B to D, 40A to D, 111 and 134 to

All discrokure requirements

The requirements of paragraon 17: the requirement to disclose related party transactions eithered into between two or indiremembers of a Group, provided that any subsidiary party to the transaction is wholly bwhed by such a member.

Accounting policies

Investments in subsidial les ai diausociates are show liat cost less provision to timpa sment.

Qath and cash equivalents. Cash includes cash in pair caudio hack and one kideposits repayante on demand.

Other payables

Other payables are not interest bearing and any recorded at terrival in They are included in current liabilities, except for maturities gleafer than 12 months after the reporting date, which are classified as nonicliment capitities.

. D_yigeng√

Divide roldistributions are recognised as a data divinitible year in which the divinitible of central are soproved by the

Share capital Orollary shares are crassified as about v

Other information

Egyproyees

The Company had no employed, dilining the year (2020) indust. None of the Directors (2020) indust were less metabled by the Company.

Their indevolval tempiner of onlief and the services they provide to the Company, bus justed areas and a number of other entities outside of the Group. It is therefore not possible to make an accurate apportronment or the company except where summare part to the Company except where summare part to third parties in respect of their services. There were no such that sign on the year 2020 inpides.

Audr*iee:

The audit fee in respect of the Company and rees pay injects. PricewaterhouseCooper (ELP to inproduct) services were not specific to the Company and held selected in the notes to the Group financial statements (see note b).

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

No critical accounting estimate, or suggement, have been used in the preparation of friese final dial statements.

Directors' remuneration

The aggregate of the amount paid to the Directors in respect of their services as a Director of the Group are set out below

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Assignment of the control	, -	. •
An exist the order of promotion of the event of the order		3
The consequent of	0.5	(0.1)

Certain of the Directors were And the state of t shareholders and the rundividual remulieration reflects the services they in of which there were foil (2020) En Illinprovide to the Company, its subsidiaries i relation to the Company. According viand a number of other entities outside. of the Group, It is not possible to make an accurate apportionment of each Market and the state of the state of the

. . .

the a service to the Company and the Group except where sums are paid to third parties in respect of their services. no remuneration in respect of these Directors is recognised in the Company

There are no directors to whom: retirement benefits accrued in respect of qualifying services (2020) nonet.

Highest paid director

Included in the above is remuneration in respect of the highest paid Director ot.

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	£ m	£m
Approximation and the	. •	
Apply out on a consequence of the consequence		. •
Contract to the contract of th	0.3	(0.5)

3 Deferred tax

The balance of deferred tax recognised at 30 June 2021 is End (2020, End). The movement in deferred income tax assets and Table ties during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction wilds. End.

4 Investments

The State of the Control of the Cont

Company	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Year end	Percentage of ordinary shares held
responsible to the second of t	Setskape	er president		
And the transfer of the	of the first	How March Mighty	* 70 ts	1.
Start Newscale and Start	Str. Str.	garanta da la companya da la company	80.00	:
Stage Stage Compared		The second of the	. , .	
Control of the Control	State Comment		,	1
Sugar and St. Co. St. St.	, 1 x - 4	Strongwin Strong Strong		
Notice to the state of the state of		1001220		1.4
A professional and the contract of the contract of	Alteria	er many services		
18 1 18 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	grade the expellent	Entropy of the state of the state of		* p
Service of the Market Control of the Control	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	= 100 + 00,000,		200
Additional of the second of	÷ + 0 + 0	and the second		*
$(x, x, y, y, \theta) \not= \theta \not= (-\theta, x, y, y, y, y, y, \theta, x, y,	1.5	man graft.	4.2	
A Committee of the		ar ar		
No. Vantage (Care Care Care Care Care Care Care Care		est to the fire		7
Service of the North Control		A		•
Proceeding to No. 12 (1948)		Mark Mark		•
Array St.				4 - 44 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
A1 5 2 7 1 4 2 2 1		4 2.		
State of the state	8.3			
A supplied to the second				
A A SHOP IN THE STATE OF THE ST	1.194	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•
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$(x,y,y,y,z) = (x^2 + y^2 + y$, e *. +.		-	1
Acres 100	y reger	÷ , , ,		
$N_{(1,2,3)} \leq 2 \cdot N_{(1,2)}$,	•
and the Market of the Committee of the C				
AND NOTE OF STATES	100	A Committee of the comm		
$(x,y) = \mathcal{M}(x) + (x,y) + (y)$	2 1 1:	the section of		-
A GARANT OF THE STATE OF		2 1 to 1 to 2		
And the state of t			2.4	
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in the second second		* *	- •	1
Supplied to the second	4 - F - Z 1			3 - J. J
Bright State			11.75	
	je e wazi ji	v=		

Company	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Year end	Percentage of ordinary shares held
Argue Commence	Section :	some for the strainers and concerns on	0.737	1.0
And the state of t	10 - 40	State of the market		1.9
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organism is a control of	10 miles 1 1 2 1 1 8 1	$t = 6 + 2g + 2 + 6 + \dots$		1 '
$V_{ij} = \{ j : i \in \mathbb{R} \mid i \in \mathcal{E}_{ij}(0) \}$	1 - No. (18 - 11)	* and see a second	. 10	the assessment of
er comment of the end of the	make the parties	From the property		1 . 4
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DetDere Colored to the	_ >= \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	2001 C. W.	2.21	1
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to evertable with	the south	Section Consultation	100	-
and the superior	1 12000	т., .	٠.,	1 .
$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} $	gertak ekkili in	$\underline{\mathcal{A}}_{i} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} (\mathbf{x}_{i} + \mathbf{y}_{j}) = \mathbf{B}_{i} \cdot \mathbf{y}_{i} + \mathbf{y}_{i} \cdot \mathbf{y}_{i}$	17.20	Service Control
$(\alpha_{i}, \alpha_{i}, \alpha_{i}) = (\alpha_{i}, \alpha_{i}, \alpha_{i}, \alpha_{i}, \alpha_{i}) = (\alpha_{i}, \alpha_{i}, \alpha_{$	4. Car	5 + 5 - F	÷ 2	
The state of the s	granger of	garden Communica		
TANCE SEE	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	2 (8) (1) 1 1 2 10 4		1
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Note that we are the transfer of the second	Mark Solver	Prairie and a second	1	* .
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Control of the state of the state of	Sometimes and	The American Company of the	2	• 1
Now Light Control	Lote 13 Concern	Trapport of the same	100	. 1
Spring and the property of the second	Section Section	4,	11.0	+ 1
the company of a supplied	. Jestinas	professional contractions	1	the contract of the
Control of the Control	201014151	$= -(\alpha)^{38} - (3)^{8} + (3)^{6} +$, , , ,	, (
Something the Company of the Company	and in the state of	20 0 C 20 0 C		Y
in the state of th	Substitution of	$(C_{ij}, a_i, b_j) = (A_{ij}, B_{ij}, a_j)$	$1 = \epsilon_0 \epsilon$	1 m
Contract to the state of the state of	J. S. P. C. C. C. 10	Transfer of the second	2.0	, . . =
A Comment of the Comm	0.176	Comment of the Comment	•	\$ 1°
Symmetry of the second	Communication of the second		s*	* 66
Sugar transfer of the Company of the Company	0.000000	Harry Salaky	J . 1	

With the following exceptions, the registered office of each of the sunsidiary companies listed was Crawley Court, Wischester, Hampshire, SO21 2QA

Company	Registered office	
A sec	g in the complete of the compl	
4.4 (1.4)	SMAR CONTRACTOR MARCHAEL STREET SECTION SHOWS	
\$49.28\$8	The company for Arthress on the Superconstitution of France	
$N_{\rm const}(s_{\rm st})$	State State & Association of Leading Comments,	
Same and the	g to the company of the control of t	
Approximately services	Zero Falencia sin oleh 2006 beraikan errollari eta 2015 baraikan.	

In addition to the subsidiary ω dentalenes the Company indirectly holds the following interests in associates and some ventures:

Company	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Registered office	Year end	Percentage of ordinary shares held
Joint ventures					
1.20		Lyrus particular constant	Moreover, a few configuration of the second		:
	e de Company	I koko est. Bolistoka	Consider the Section of the Section	٠.	10 m
Associate undertakings:					
		n of the second	en e	: .	

- 17	. • •	ta josefa	antonia e e contrata de que espaiso La comerción de la comercia de 1870		en e
ot e e e		* 1, 1	en e	5	
* • ·					

The following companies within the Group will adopt the Department for Business: Energy and Industrial St. ategy (BEIS) and exemption for the year ended 30 June 2021. As the ultimate parent company, AGL has guaranteed the debts and liabilities field within these companies as required under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006.

Company	Company registration number
Angle - Construction and the Emilian	312 (83)
Nosaŭ li arevitegus 1991	+ +12 + m2
Analysis consist of the material	= = _{10.1} ~
The parties of the experience of the contract	Sec. 3.1
Normal Section (1981) in the first	\$2.6 (5.5)
Acres in standing	353-783
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or year top complete	.= > = . v
New York (Control	, 10 s . †
Now Dentary extra control	العرب المساعدة المسا
A parameter to 2 th laren	n: 753 ·
A country of the manager of the	19.13.132%
Notes Service Engineering to the Committee of the Committ	31.13.67
Notice Society House of Signature	872 423
ing ang ang βaga ang ang taong ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang a	987.8417
$\lambda_{AB} > 0$, $\lambda_{AB} > 0$. 1240
No. 1 - Por among the COL Society	1.01 7.21
Vagya on lagulastic form of articipents of	K (497)).

The following dormant companies within the Group will take the exemption from preparing and filing financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021 (by virtue of \$394A and \$448A of Companies Act 2006 respectively). As the ultimate parent company, AGE has guaranteed the various debts and Habilities held within these companies as required under section 394C of the Companies Act 2006.

Company	Company registration number
Aven Norther vicality.	, 178,48
A LUND FROM THE	.31 7762
And the characteristic and	141_07
era valini adilavi glivne n	29 4 Jun 70
Argue Transcollettick Elister	2,428.7
$A(q_{A(1)}) \leq t \leq \operatorname{sent}(e)$	1. Co.J2
Separation medical territorial	\
Acquai 2 di especiale	2*2 180
March Minner of sales from the	1. S. 25 ² 1
Arbas, Similaria	644 da
And the Maria Control of the M	85 Ju
$\delta \sigma = N_{\rm e}(W) \epsilon_{\rm e} \delta \sigma$	0.00
Notice to the contract of the	7 A
M. W. Darthyolds in reducine to	de 14_d1
$A(z) \sim sA + g z \sin z$ at	6711413
Action Commission Control	75 (31 <u>11</u>
$A(x_1,x_2,\lambda), a(x_1,x_2,x_3)$	-,77%;;

Company	Company registration number
and the second s	+ eg 172
Test union un intro-cuerrat de	$x = 0.7 \pm \frac{1}{2} x$
1 + 5= 17, 10 mm	17.1.48
A STANDARD CONTRACTOR	SC (10.1)
South to the large of the southern	27751 :
dollars to war I am and	* 46 *
Content of the conten	= - = _{N_} +
FMILHER	2.7 .1
$\Delta (x_{\omega}^{*}(x_{\omega})) dx_{\omega} = x_{\omega}^{*}(x_{\omega})$	The party
Probability of the State of the	7167557
oranic visit de importos	NEW YORK
Similar Section 2 and the distribution of	×3440
West - West London	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
and the second of the second o	+1.1
$N^{(k)} \propto (2^{k+1} + 2^{k+1} + 2^{k+1}) \times V$	400.0
is a dripe offered to a surely	4.13 (%)

The Company held the following investments in subsidiaries.

	Total
	£m
Cost	
	. :
	* - *
$A = 2x + 2x^2 + x^2 + $	
Carrying value	
At 30 June 2021	

frequently should in a hard stails a line.

During the polor year the Company incurred an implement or arge of \$128.0 minerating to an investment or a direct subsidiarly of the Company. Ald valify and ig No.3 Pic. This had constituted upon dered to be a control accounting est in aterias in the ordinary in the properties of the people of the depreciations of Angua Group Limited. The investment upon this impaired.

5 Other receivables

As to the exception of EC.8 in 2020, 60.8 must entire. Argula Holdings std which income iterest and 5 more annum ad which into receivable are due tromported Graup entire; and are undecored interest tree, and lebayable on denand. During the year hanage trein has performed a review of the company receivable balances which have estated of the legals fluation of some financial statement hem identically current and longuages. The receivable cation of hall trees was based on whether there is an expectation they will be repaid on 12 months.

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6 Other payables

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
	£m	£m	
A control of the transfer of the section	v	1.1 -	
Total	15.5	14.6	

The Company has no payables faring the after more than one year. Amounts payable to other Group entities are unsecured intenst free, and repayable on demand

/ Related parties

The Company has applied the provisions within FRS 101 to be exempt from the disclosure of transactions entered into, and balances outstanding, with a Gloup entity which is wholly lowned by another Group entity.

8 Controlling parties

The Company is owned by a consortium of shareholders including Canada Peus on Plan Investment Board. Macquirile European intrastructure Fund II, other Macquarie managed tunds and minorities.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that hearled by Ardy's Group. Einsted