Registered number: 7374636

### SOPNA CASH & CARRY LTD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

Roy & Co

Chartered Certified Accountants

139 Wilbraham Road Fallowfield Manchester M14 7DS

# SOPNA CASH & CARRY LTD Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 September 2017

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### SOPNA CASH & CARRY LTD Balance Sheet As at 30 September 2017

Registered number: 7374636

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3	_	28,347	_	34,156
			28,347		34,156
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	4	36,620		24,850	
Debtors	5	29,557		27,370	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,512	_	12,884	
		71,689		65,104	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(27,139)	_	(40,111)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		_	44,550	_	24,993
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		_	72,897	_	59,149
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	7	_	(2,395)	_	(3,595)
NET ASSETS		_	70,502	_	55,554
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	9		2		2
Profit and Loss Account			70,500		55,552
		_		_	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			70,502		55,554
		=		_	

# SOPNA CASH & CARRY LTD Balance Sheet (continued) As at 30 September 2017

For the year ending 30 September 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### **Director's responsibilities**

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.


#### Mr Margub Murshed

On behalf of the board

21 June 2018

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

## SOPNA CASH & CARRY LTD Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 September 2017

#### 1. Accounting Policies

#### 1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

#### Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

#### Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

#### 1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Motor Vehicles 15% Fixtures & Fittings 15%

#### 1.4. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period. Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

#### 1.5. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

# SOPNA CASH & CARRY LTD Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2017

#### 1.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### 2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

#### 3. Tangible Assets

J. Tallyible Assets			
	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
As at 1 October 2016	16,250	43,726	59,976
As at 30 September 2017	16,250	43,726	59,976
Depreciation			
As at 1 October 2016	9,394	16,426	25,820
Provided during the period	1,714	4,095	5,809
As at 30 September 2017	11,108	20,521	31,629
Net Book Value			
As at 30 September 2017	5,142	23,205	28,347
As at 1 October 2016	6,856	27,300	34,156
4. Stocks			
		2017	2016
		£	£
Stock - materials		36,620	24,850
	_	36,620	24,850

### SOPNA CASH9&4CARRY LTD

### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2017

5. <b>Debtors</b>				
			2017	2016
			£	£
Due within one year				
Trade debtors			28,840	27,370
VAT		-	717	
		<u>-</u>	29,557	27,370
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year				
			2017	2016
			£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contr	acts		-	2,743
Trade creditors			16,465	28,592
Bank loans and overdrafts  Corporation tax			1,898 8,776	- 8,776
Corporation tax		-		
		=	27,139	40,111
7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than O	ne Year			
			2017	2016
			£	£
Directors Loans (Long term liabilities - creditors > 1 year)		=	2,395	3,595
8. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purcha	ise			
			2017	2016
			£	£
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:				
Amounts Payable:				2 742
Within one year		=	<del>-</del>	2,743
		-		2,743
		_		2,743
9. Share Capital			_	
			2017	2016
Allotted, Called up and fully paid		=	2	2
	Value	Number	2017	2016
Allotted, called up and fully paid	£		£	£
Ordinary shares	1.000		2	

# SOPNA CASH9&5CARRY LTD Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2017

#### 10. General Information

SOPNA CASH & CARRY LTD is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 7374636. The registered office is 139 Wilbraham Road, Fallowfield, Manchester, M14 7DS.

lectronic form, authenticat	ion and manner of c	lelivery under sect	tion 1072 of the C	ompanies Act 2006.	