

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 January 2021

Registered number: 07347678

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B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Directors' report

for the year ended 31 January 2021

The directors present the Annual Report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2021.

Principal activity

The principal activity of B&Q Properties Wrexham Limited ('the Company') is that of property investment.

Business review and dividends

The profit for the financial year before taxation amounted to £166k (2020: £140k) and profit after taxation amounted to £131k (2020: £110k). No dividend has been paid or is proposed in respect of the year (2020: £nil).

The property will continue to be held for investment and potential development purposes.

Since mid-March 2020 we have been operating in, and responding to, a rapidly changing environment as the Covid-19 outbreak spread and governments and businesses took action to contain its impact. We do not consider that the pandemic has had a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and/or cash flows.

During the year, engagement has focused on the continuing political uncertainty surrounding the Covid-19 outbreak and ongoing negotiations regarding Brexit.

Future outlook

There are no significant events planned in the future.

Financial risk management

The Company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks, which include interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

As part of the Kingfisher plc group, the Company's interest rate and liquidity risks are managed centrally by the group's treasury department. The group treasury department has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company by monitoring levels of debt finance and related finance costs.

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts when they fall due. The Company has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks for relevant third party debts. The exposure on any individual counterparty is assessed as low so the directors believe that the credit risk for the Company is acceptable.

Events after the balance sheet date

The corporation tax rate will change with effect from 1 April 2023, further details are contained in note 6 to the financial statements.

There are no other significant events since the balance sheet date.

Going concern

The directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the significant accounting policies in the notes to the financial statements. The directors of the Company's ultimate parent company, Kingfisher plc, have provided a letter confirming their support in settling any liabilities as they fall due.

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Directors' report (continued)

for the year ended 31 January 2021

Directors

The directors, who served throughout the year and to the date of signing except as noted, were as follows:

G Bell
G Bryant
P Crisp
M Jacobs

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Small companies exemptions

In preparing this report advantage has been taken of the small companies' exemption under Companies Act 2006 s415A to provide a strategic report.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Directors' report (continued)

for the year ended 31 January 2021

Appointment of Auditor

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor and resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:



G Bryant

Director

Date: 25th October 2021

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Independent auditor's report to the members of B&Q Properties Wrexham Limited

for the year ended 31 January 2021

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of B&Q Properties Wrexham Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of the Company which comprise:

- the income statement;
- the statement of changes in equity;
- the balance sheet; and
- the related notes 1 to 15.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Independent auditor's report to the members of B&Q Properties Wrexham Limited (continued)

for the year ended 31 January 2021

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Independent auditor's report to the members of B&Q Properties Wrexham Limited (continued)

for the year ended 31 January 2021

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included the UK Companies Act, tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

We discussed among the audit engagement team regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

As a result of performing the above, we identified the greatest potential for fraud in the following areas, and our specific procedures performed to address it are described below:

- impairment of investment property: we have obtained and tested the mathematical integrity of management's value in use calculation; assessed controls over the review of the calculation; challenged the assumptions regarding future cashflows and discount rate used by management in the forecasts; and considered the extent to which contradictory evidence exists. We have also reviewed the related disclosures to ensure that they meet the requirements of FRS101.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Independent auditor's report to the members of B&Q Properties Wrexham Limited (continued)

for the year ended 31 January 2021

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Claire Siviter FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor

Reading, United Kingdom

Date: 27 October 2021

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Income statement

for the year ended 31 January 2021

£'000	Notes	2021	2020
		Total	Total
Revenue	5	291	291
Administrative expenses		(15)	(15)
Operating profit		276	276
Finance costs	4	(110)	(136)
Profit before taxation	5	166	140
Income tax expense	6	(35)	(30)
Profit for the year		131	110

All of the above transactions relate to continuing operations.

The Company has no recognised gains or losses in the current or preceding period other than the gains disclosed above; therefore no separate Statement of comprehensive income has been presented.

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Statement of changes in equity

for the year ended 31 January 2021

£'000	Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company		
	Share capital	Retained losses	Total
At 1 February 2020	-	(738)	(738)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	131	131
At 31 January 2021 (note 10)	-	(607)	(607)
At 1 February 2019	-	(848)	(848)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	110	110
At 31 January 2020 (note 10)	-	(738)	(738)

Retained losses represent accumulated losses from previous periods.

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Balance sheet

as at 31 January 2021

£'000	Notes	2021	2020
Non-current assets			
Investment property	7	2,610	2,625
		2,610	2,625
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	8	-	1
		-	1
Total assets		2,610	2,626
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	9	(3,182)	(3,334)
Current tax liabilities		(35)	(30)
Total liabilities		(3,217)	(3,364)
Net liabilities		(607)	(738)
Equity			
Share capital	10	-	-
Retained losses		(607)	(738)
Total equity		(607)	(738)

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements of B&Q Properties Wrexham Limited (registered number 07347678) were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 18 October 2021 and signed on its behalf by:



G Bryant
Director

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 January 2021

1 General information

B&Q Properties Wrexham Limited is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales, incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is B&Q House, Chestnut Avenue, Chandlers Ford, Eastleigh, Hampshire, SO53 3LE. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the directors' report on pages 1 to 3.

2 Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

a. Basis of preparation

The Company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 100 (Financial Reporting Standard 100) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Accordingly these financial statements were prepared in accordance with FRS 101 (Financial Reporting Standard 101) 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' as issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom and the Companies Act 2006.

As permitted by FRS 101, the Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available under that standard in relation to financial instruments, capital management, presentation of comparative information in respect of certain assets, standards not yet effective, presentation of a cashflow statement, related party transactions, impairment of assets and operating leases. Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the consolidated financial statements of Kingfisher plc, which are publicly available.

b. Going concern

The Company's business activities and principal risks, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the directors report. After considering the uncertain current economic outlook, and considering cashflow forecasts and projections which take into account reasonably possible changes in trading performance and Covid-19 impacts, the directors have no reason to believe that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern and have reasonable expectations that the Company will continue in operational existence for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. The net liability position of £607k (2020: £738k) is due to intercompany payables and these are not expected to be recalled in the next 12 months. The directors of the Company's ultimate parent company, Kingfisher plc, have provided a letter confirming their support in settling any liabilities as they fall due. The support will be provided as the Company owns the investment property from which B&Q trades and the directors are satisfied that Kingfisher plc has sufficient resources to cover the support.

c. Revenue recognition

Revenue is comprised primarily of rental income. Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Other income is comprised of profits and losses on disposal of assets and the impairment or reversal of impairment of investment properties.

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 January 2021

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

d. Investment property

(i) Cost

Investment property is property held by the Company to earn rental income or for capital appreciation. The Company's investment properties are carried at cost less depreciation and provision for impairment.

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to reflect a straight line reduction from cost to estimated residual value over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Freehold land	-	not depreciated
Freehold and long leasehold buildings	-	over remaining useful life
Short leasehold land and buildings	-	over remaining period of the lease

Long leaseholds are defined as those having remaining lease terms of more than 50 years. Asset lives and residual values are reviewed at each Balance sheet date.

(iii) Impairment

Investment properties are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. When a review for impairment is conducted, the recoverable amount is assessed by reference to the net present value of expected future pre-tax cash flows ('value-in-use') of the relevant cash generating unit or fair value less costs to sell if higher. The discount rate applied is based upon the Group's weighted average cost of capital with appropriate adjustments for the risks associated with the relevant cash generating unit. Any impairment in value is charged to the income statement in the period in which it occurs.

(iv) Disposal

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the income statement. Sales of land and buildings are accounted for when there is an unconditional exchange of contracts.

e. Leased assets

(i) The Company as a lessee

The Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease at inception of the contract. Lease contracts relate to properties such as stores and distribution centres. For leases in which the Company is a lessee, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability.

The liability is initially measured as the present value of the lease payments not yet paid at the commencement date, discounted at an appropriate discount rate. Where the implicit rate in the lease is not readily determinable, an incremental borrowing rate is calculated and applied. The calculation methodology is based upon applying a financing spread to a risk-free rate, with the resulting rate including the effect of the credit worthiness of the operating company in which the lease is contracted, as well as the underlying term, currency and start date of the lease agreement.

Lease payments used in the measurement of the lease liability principally comprise fixed lease payments (subject to indexation/rent reviews) less any incentives. The lease liability is subsequently measured using an effective interest method whereby the carrying amount of the lease liability is measured on an amortised cost basis, and the interest expense is allocated over the lease term. The lease term comprises the non-cancellable lease term, in addition to optional periods when the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend (or not to terminate) a lease.

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 January 2021

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

e. Leased assets (continued)

(i) The Company as a lessee (continued)

The Company remeasures the lease liability and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset whenever an event occurs that changes the term or payment profile of a lease, such as the renewal of an existing lease, the exercise of lease term options, market rent reviews and indexation.

The right-of-use assets are initially measured at the amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by any upfront lease payments or incentives and any initial direct costs incurred. Subsequently, the assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the remaining lease term.

(ii) The Company as a lessor

The Company enters into lease agreements as a lessor with respect to its investment property. When the Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease.

To classify each lease, the Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

The Company recognises lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of revenue.

f. Taxation

The income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year.

Taxable profit differs from profit before taxation as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense which are taxable or deductible in other years or which are never taxable or deductible.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses can be utilised. Deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill in a business combination. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction which affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Current and deferred tax are calculated using tax rates which have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised.

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 January 2021

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

f. Taxation (continued)

Current and deferred tax are charged or credited to the income statement, except when they relate to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the current or deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity.

Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset against each other when they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax jurisdiction and when the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

g. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or the Company has substantially transferred the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities (or a part of a financial liability) are derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset only when the Company has a currently enforceable legal right to set-off the respective recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(i) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost less any provision for bad and doubtful debts.

(ii) Trade payables

Trade payables are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

3 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements under FRS 101 requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates, judgements and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Sources of estimation uncertainty

Impairment of assets

As required, the Company applies procedures to ensure that its assets are carried at no more than their recoverable amount. The procedures, by their nature, require estimates and assumptions to be made.

Investment properties are reviewed for impairment on an annual basis. When a review for impairment is conducted, the recoverable amount of an asset or a cash generating unit is determined as the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use, calculated on the basis of external valuations, management's assumptions and estimated discount rate. Further detail is included in note 7.

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 January 2021

3 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

Judgements made in applying accounting policies

There are no critical accounting judgements.

4 Finance costs

£'000	2021	2020
Interest payable to Group undertakings	110	136
Finance costs	110	136

The interest is incurred at a rate of 3.4198% (2020: 3.7986%)

5 Profit before taxation

The following items of revenue have been credited in arriving at profit before taxation:

£'000	2021	2020
Revenue	291	291

The following items of expense have been charged in arriving at profit before taxation:

£'000	2021	2020
Depreciation of investment property		
- Owned assets	15	15

The cost of auditing the financial statements for the year was £688 (2020: £688). This has been borne by B&Q Properties Limited and has not been recharged. There were no fees for non-audit services in the year (2020: £nil).

None of the directors received any emoluments in respect of services to the Company during the current or prior year. The directors are remunerated by another group company which is not recharged. There are no employees of the Company other than the directors.

6 Income tax expense

£'000	2021	2020
UK corporation tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	35	30
Income tax charge	35	30

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The Company's profits for this accounting period are taxed at a rate of 19% (2020: 19%).

Following the UK Budget announcement on 3 March 2021, the corporation tax rate will increase from 19% to 25% with effect from 1 April 2023. As this rate change had not been substantively enacted by the balance sheet date, the impact is not included in these financial statements.

The tax charge for the year does not differ from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%). The differences are explained below:

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 January 2021

6 Income tax expense (continued)

£'000	2021	2020
Profit before taxation	166	140
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%)	32	27
Net expenses not chargeable for tax purposes	3	3
Income tax charge	35	30

Tax is paid by the parent company and charged through the intercompany account.

7 Investment property

£'000	Land and buildings
Cost	
At 1 February 2020	4,941
At 31 January 2021	4,941
Depreciation	
At 1 February 2020	(2,316)
Charge for the year	(15)
At 31 January 2021	(2,331)
Net carrying amount	
At 31 January 2021	2,610
At 31 January 2020	2,625

A property valuation exercise is performed for internal purposes annually. Based on this exercise the fair value of investment property is £850k (2020: £1,020k). The value-in-use of the property exceeds the fair value, therefore no impairment charge has been recognised.

8 Trade and other receivables

£'000	2021	2020
Current		
Other receivables	-	1
	-	1

9 Trade and other payables

£'000	2021	2020
Current		
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	3,182	3,334
Trade and other payables	3,182	3,334

Amounts due to Group undertakings are unsecured, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

Interest is paid on the intercompany balance at a rate of 3.4198% (2020: 3.7986%).

B&Q PROPERTIES WREXHAM LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 January 2021

10 Share capital

	Number of ordinary shares	Ordinary share capital
Allotted, authorised, called up, and fully paid		£
At 1 February 2020	1	1
At 31 January 2021	1	1

The Company has one class of ordinary shares of £1 each which carry full voting rights, dividend and capital distribution rights.

There were no changes to share capital during the year.

12 Leases

Operating leases, in which the Company is the lessor, relate to investment property owned by the Company. The lease expired in December 2019 and continues on a one year rolling lease term. The lessee does not have an option to purchase the property at the expiry of the lease period.

The unguaranteed residual values do not represent a significant risk for the Company, as they relate to property which has a higher value-in-use or market value than net book value. The Company did not identify any indications that this situation will change.

Maturity analysis of operating lease receipts:

£'000	2021	2020
Less than one year	-	291
Total	-	291

13 Related party transactions

As permitted by FRS 101 the Company has taken advantage of the exemption not to disclose transactions either with its immediate parent undertaking and with other wholly owned subsidiaries of the Kingfisher plc group.

14 Post balance sheet events

The corporation tax rate will change with effect from 1 April 2023, further details are contained in note 6 to the financial statements.

There are no other significant events since the balance sheet date.

15 Ultimate parent undertaking

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is B&Q Properties Limited.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Kingfisher plc, a company registered in England and Wales. The largest and smallest group preparing consolidated financial statements of which B&Q Properties Wrexham Limited is a member is Kingfisher plc. The Annual Report and Financial Statements of Kingfisher plc may be obtained from the Company Secretary, Kingfisher plc, 3 Sheldon Square, Paddington, London, W2 6PX, which is its registered address.