

FAKE BLOOD LTD**Registered number:** 07334803**Balance Sheet****as at 31 August 2023**

	Notes	2023	2022
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	3,349	2,942
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		69,383	58,575
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(15,925)	(4,328)
Net current assets		53,458	54,247
Total assets less current liabilities		56,807	57,189
Provisions for liabilities		(636)	(559)
Net assets		56,171	56,630
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		56,170	56,629
Shareholders' funds		56,171	56,630

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

T Keating

Director

Approved by the board on 5 October 2023

FAKE BLOOD LTD

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 August 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	25% Reducing Balance
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Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Domestic current year tax	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Uk Corporation Tax	£0	£0
<u>Current tax Charge</u>		

Deferred Tax	£77	£165
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Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

2 Employees	2023	2022
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc £
Cost	
At 1 September 2022	12,199
Additions	2,675
Disposals	(9,209)
At 31 August 2023	<u>5,665</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 September 2022	9,257
Charge for the year	1,115
On disposals	(8,056)
At 31 August 2023	<u>2,316</u>
Net book value	
At 31 August 2023	<u>3,349</u>
At 31 August 2022	<u>2,942</u>

4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2023	2022
	£	£
Other taxes and social security costs	2,722	1,983
Accruals	1,113	1,113
Directors Loan Account	12,090	1,232
	<u>15,925</u>	<u>4,328</u>

5 Controlling party

The company is controlled by Theo Keating Esq.

6 Other information

FAKE BLOOD LTD is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England.

Its registered office is:

Unit 117

176 Finchley Road

London

NW3 6BT

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.