

Diving for Development Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

Clever Accounts Limited
Brookfield Court
Selby Road
Garforth, Leeds
LS25 1NB

Diving for Development Ltd

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Company Information

Director	Graeme Burgon
Registered office	55 Maxwell Gardens Orpington Kent BR6 9QR
Accountants	Clever Accounts Limited Brookfield Court Selby Road Garforth, Leeds LS25 1NB

Diving for Development Ltd

(Registration number: 07325514)

Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>3</u>	2,196	1
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>3,869</u>	<u>3,489</u>
		6,065	3,490
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>4</u>	<u>(2,067)</u>	<u>(890)</u>
Net assets		<u>3,998</u>	<u>2,600</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>5</u>	1	1
Profit and loss account		<u>3,997</u>	<u>2,599</u>
Total equity		<u>3,998</u>	<u>2,600</u>

For the financial year ending 31 July 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 16 April 2018

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Graeme Burgon
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form an integral part of these financial statements.
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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is:

55 Maxwell Gardens

Orpington

Kent

BR6 9QR

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 16 April 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	2,196	-
Other debtors	-	1
	<u>2,196</u>	<u>1</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2017

4 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>6</u>	208	-
Taxation and social security		526	-
Other creditors		<u>1,333</u>	<u>890</u>
		<u>2,067</u>	<u>890</u>

5 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2017		2016	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

6 Loans and borrowings

	2017 £	2016 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Other borrowings	<u>208</u>	<u>-</u>

7 Dividends

	2017 £	2016 £
Interim dividend of £4,043.93 (2016 - £2,322.00) per ordinary share	4,044	2,322