Registered number: 07273177

# **WIL SHARES LIMITED**

# DIRECTOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020



# CONTENTS

	Page
Company information	1
Director's report	2
Statement of comprehensive income	3
Statement of financial position	4
Statement of changes in equity	5
Notes to the financial statements	6 - 9

#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Director

E A C Spencer Churchill

Registered number

07273177

Registered office

2nd Floor

7 Portman Mews South

London W1H 6AY

#### DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The director presents his report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### Director

The director who served during the year was:

E A C Spencer Churchill

#### Small companies note

In preparing this report, the director has taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

**E A C Spencer Churchill** 

Director

Date: 15.12.2021

#### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Turnover	2	-	39,492
Gross profit	•	-	39,492
Administrative expenses		(2,347)	(786, 392)
Exceptional administrative expenses	5	-	2,832,624
Operating (loss)/profit	-	(2,347)	2,085,724
Interest receivable and similar income	4	129,534	33,048
Profit before tax	-	127,187	2,118,772
Profit for the financial year	•	127,187	2,118,772
Other comprehensive income for the year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total comprehensive income for the year		127,187	2,118,772

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Note		2020 £		2019 £
Fixed assets					
Investments	6		2,731,484		2,922,821
			2,731,484	•	2,922,821
Current assets					
Debtors	7	6,222,760		5,854,844	
Cash at bank and in hand	8	99		49,491	
		6,222,859		5,904,335	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(479,012)		(479,012)	
Net current assets			5,743,847		5, 425, 323
Total assets less current liabilities			8,475,331		8,348,144
Net assets			8,475,331		8,348,144
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			9,200		9,200
Profit and loss account			8,466,131		8,338,944
		•	8,475,331	•	8,348,144

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

E A C Spencer Churchill

Director

Date:

15.12.202

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

# WIL SHARES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 07273177

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

•	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2019	9,200	6,243,635	6,252,835
Profit for the year	•	2,118,772	2,118,772
Dividends		(23,463)	(23,463)
At 1 January 2020	9,200	8,338,944	8,348,144
Profit for the year		127,187	127,187
At 31 December 2020	9,200	8,466,131	8,475,331

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 1. Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 1.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors consider this to be appropriate given the strength of the balance sheet.

#### 1.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Revenue represents dividends received from fixed asset investments. Dividends are included in turnover on the date that the right to receive payment has been established.

#### 1.4 Valuation of investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairments.

#### 1.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### 1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

## 1.7 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### 1.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.9 Foreign currency translation

#### Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

## 1.10 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

#### 1.11 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

#### 1.12 Exceptional items

Exceptional items are transactions that fall within the ordinary activities of the Company but are presented separately due to their size or incidence.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Turnover includes a dividend of £Nil (2019: £39,492) f	rom Ariot Investments.

# 3. Employees

Turnover

2.

The average monthly number of employees, including the director, during the year was as follows:

	The average monthly number of employees, including the director, during the	e year was as fo	ollows:
		2020 No.	2019 No.
	Director	1	1
4.	Interest receivable		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Other interest receivable	129,534	33,048
		129,534	33,048
5.	Exceptional items		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Profit on sale of fixed asset investment	-	(2,832,624)
		•	(2,832,624)
6.	Fixed asset investments		
			Unlisted investments £
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 January 2020 Disposals		2,922,821 (191,337)
	At 31 December 2020		2,731,484

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

7.	Debtors		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Due after more than one year	-	
	Other debtors	1,302,330	1,292,071
		1,302,330	1,292,071
	Due within one year		
	Other debtors	4,920,430	4,562,773
		6,222,760	5,854,844
8.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	99	49,491
		99	49,491
9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Other creditors	479,012	479,012
		479,012	479,012

#### 10. Transactions with director

At the year end, the company owed the director £465,335 (2019: £465,335).

# 11. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Wolvercote Investments Limited, a company incorporated in British Virgin Islands. Group accounts are not prepared.