Annual Report and Financial Statements 31 December 2012

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ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2012

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COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

The following directors were in office throughout the financial year ended 31 December 2012 and subsequently except where noted

NameAppointedResignedDonald Lehman2 September 2013Mark Miller

Mark Reynolds

Mark Green 2 September 2013

SECRETARY

Donald Lehman 2 September 2013

Julie Leeburn 2 September 2013

REGISTERED OFFICE

37- 39, Kew Foot Road Richmond Surrey TW9 2SS

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP 16 Bedford Street Belfast BT2 7DT

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The company's results for the year ended 31 December 2012 showed a profit after taxation of £13,813,000 (2011 £47,361,000)

The directors paid an interim dividend in the year of £16,833,000 (2011 £48,926,000) The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2011 £nil)

POST BALANCE SHEEET EVENTS

In March 2013 the company received and paid dividends of £16,875,000

ACTIVITIES, REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

There have not been any significant changes in the company's principal activities in the year under review The principal activity of the company is that of holding investments in associated undertakings. The company continues to hold an investment in AES Ballylumford Limited, which operates an electricity generating station near Belfast and in AES Barry Operations Limited, a holding company with investments in a power plant in Maritza and an investment in the Turkish operation of the AES Corporation

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's activities expose it to a number of financial risks which the directors consider to be the company's principal risks. The group to which the company belongs has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the company by monitoring the levels of debt finance and related finance costs. The company does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Credit risk

The company's principal financial asset is other receivables. The company has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over large number of related parties.

Interest rate cash flow risk

The company has both interest bearing assets and interest bearing liabilities. Interest bearing assets are mainly inter-group loans which also bear interest at variable rates. Where appropriate, the company fixes the interest rate on inter-group loans to minimise the interest rate cash flow risk.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the company who served throughout the year and to the date of these financial statements (except as noted) are given on page 1

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITY

The company indemnifies the directors in its Articles of Association to the extent allowed under section 232 of the Companies Act 2006

AUDITORS

In the absence of a notice proposing that the appointment be terminated, Ernst & Young LLP will be deemed to be re-appointed as the company's auditor for the next year

DIRECTORS' REPORT

STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as each of the directors in office at the date of approval of these financial statements is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow directors and the company's auditor, each director has taken all the steps that they are obliged to take as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

Mark Reynolds

Director

26 September 2013

Company Registration No 07261857

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors confirm that they have complied with these requirements and, having a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

AES BALLYLUMFORD HOLDINGS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of AES Ballylumford Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012 which comprise Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 16 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of, whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report and Financial Statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

• adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or

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- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, and
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Keith Jess (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

Belfast

26 September 2013

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2012

| | Notes | 2012 £'000 | 2011 £'000 |
|---|-------|---------------|---------------|
| Revenue | | 16,833 | 48,878 |
| Administrative (expenses) / income | _ | (64) | 1,484 |
| OPERATING PROFIT | | 16,769 | 50,362 |
| Interest receivable and similar income | 4 | 1,227 | 1,231 |
| Interest payable and similar charges | 5 | (4,863) | (4,894) |
| PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION | 3 | 13,133 | 46,699 |
| Tax on ordinary activities | 6 | 680 | 662 |
| PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION | _ | 13,813 | 47,361 |

All of the results relate to continuing operations in both the current and previous year

There are no recognised gains or losses or other movements in shareholder's funds for the current and preceding financial year other than as stated in the profit and loss account. Accordingly, no statement of total recognised gains and losses has been prepared.

BALANCE SHEET As at 31 December 2012

| | Notes | 2012 £'000 | 2011 £'000 |
|--|-------|---------------|---------------|
| FIXED ASSETS Investments in group undertakings | 7 | 154,745 | 154,745 |
| | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS Debtors | 8 | 11,637 | 5,327 |
| Creditors amounts falling due within one year | 9 _ | (16,581) | (7,251) |
| NET CURRENT LIABILITIES | _ | (4,944) | (1,924) |
| TOTAL ASSET LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 149,801 | 152,821 |
| Creditors amounts falling due after one year | 10 | (73,960) | (73,960) |
| NET ASSETS | = | 75,841 | 78,861 |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | |
| Called up share capital | 11 | - | - |
| Share premium account Profit and loss account | 13 | 64,895 | 64,895 |
| Profit and loss account | 13 _ | 10,946 | 13,966 |
| SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS | 14 | 75,841 | 78,861 |

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 September 2013

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mark Reynolds

Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below and have all been applied consistently throughout the year.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention. The directors consider it appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis

Group financial statements

In accordance with Section 400 (1) of the Companies Act 2006, consolidated financial statements have not been presented as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of the AES Corporation, a company incorporated in the state of Delaware, USA and incorporates the financial statements of this company. These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised), whereby it is not required to publish its own cash flow statement as it is a wholly-owned subsidiary, for which the ultimate parent company prepares consolidated financial statements that include a consolidated cash flow statement

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction Monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in foreign currencies at balance sheet date are reported at the rate of exchange prevailing at the date

Dividend income

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive the payment is established. As the company is a holding company, dividends received are recognised as Revenue in the financial statements.

Dividends payable

Final dividends are recorded in the accounts in the year in which they are approved by the company's shareholders. Interim dividends are recorded in the year in which they are approved and paid

Investment

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any impairment in value

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its investments to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the investment is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any)

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation is provided on timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the group's taxable profit and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in the tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely then not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the years in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of estimates

The preparation of accounts in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the accounts and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period Actual outcomes could differ from those estimates

2. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS, EMPLOYEES AND AUDITORS

The directors received total remuneration for the year of £982,000 (2011 £1,006,000), all of which was paid by various subsidiaries of the AES Corporation. The directors do not believe that it is practicable to apportion this amount between their services as directors of the company and their services as employees of other companies within AES Corporation.

The company has no employees (2011 nil)

Auditor's remuneration for the audit of the company's annual financial statements for the current year was £6,000 (2011 £6,000)

3. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

| | | 2012 £'000 | 2011 £'000 |
|----|--|---------------|---------------|
| | Profit before taxation is stated after (crediting) / charging: | | |
| | Success fee refund / (charge) | • | 1,425 |
| 4. | INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME | | |
| | | 2012 | 2011 |
| | | £,000 | £'000 |
| | Interest income from group undertakings | 1,227 | 1,231 |
| 5, | INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES | | |
| | | 2012 | 2011 |
| | | £,000 | £,000 |
| | Interest payable to group undertakings | 4,863 | 4,894 |
| | | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

6. TAXATION

| _ | 2012 £'000 | 2011 £'000 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Current tax UK corporation tax recoverable on loss for the period Adjustments in respect of prior period | (688) | (684) 22 |
| | (680) | (662) |

The difference between the total current tax credit shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows

| | 2012 £'000 | 2011 £'000 |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Profit on ordinary activities before tax | 13,133 | 46,699 |
| Tax charge on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 24 5% (2011 26 5%) | 3,218 | 12,375 |
| Effect of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Non-taxable income Adjustments in respect of prior year | 219 (4,124) 8 | 292 (13,351) 22 |
| Current tax credit for the period | (680) | (662) |

A reduction to the main rate of UK corporation tax to 23% from 1 April 2013 was enacted in July 2012 In addition, reduction to the main rate of UK corporation tax to 21% effective from 1 April 2014 and to 20% effective from 1 April 2015 has been enacted in July 2013 As these rates were not substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, their impact is not reflected in these financial statements

The phased reduction to the main rate of UK corporation tax is expected to have an impact on the future income statement tax charge of the company as a lower tax rate is applied to taxable profits

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

7. INVESTMENTS

| | Fixed asset investments £'000 |
|--|-------------------------------|
| At cost At 1 January 2012 and at 31 December 2012 | 154,745 |
| Impairment provided: At 1 January 2012 and at 31 December 2012 | |
| Net book value At 31 December 2012 | 154,745 |
| At 31 December 2011 | 154,745 |

Investments relate to AES Barry Operations Limited which holds the investments in the Bulgarian Operations of the AES Corporation and through its investment in AES Mont Blanc BV holds the investment in the Turkish operation of the AES Corporation

| | Name of company Subsidiary undertakings | Country of incorporation | Type of shares | Proportion of voting rights and shares held | Nature of business |
|---|--|-------------------------------|----------------|---|------------------------|
| | Directly owned AES Ballylumford Limited AES Barry Operations | England &Wales | Ordinary | 100% | Electricity generation |
| | Limited | England &Wales | Ordinary | 100% | Holding company |
| 8 | Amounts falling due with Amounts owed by group Corporation tax recoveral | thin one vear undertakings | year | 201 £'00 9,12 | 23 1,833 - 980 |
| | Amounts falling due aft | er one year | | | |
| | Amounts owed by group | undertakıngs | | 2,5 | 2,514 |
| | | | | 11,63 | 5,327 |

Amounts falling due after more than one year represent loans made to subsidiary undertakings. The loans are unsecured, interest bearing and are due for repayment in 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

| 9. | CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year | | |
|-----|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Ç . | 2012 £'000 | 2011 £'000 |
| | Amounts owed to group undertakings | 10,521 | 7,242 |
| | Corporation tax | 6,012 | _ |
| | Accruals and deferred income | 48 | 9 |
| | | 16,581 | 7,251 |
| 10. | CREDITORS: amounts falling due after one year | | |
| | | 2012 | 2011 |
| | | £'000 | £'000 |
| | Loans owed to group undertakings | 73,960 | 73,960 |
| | Loans owed to group undertakings represent a loan made from the immediansecured, interest bearing and is due for repayment in 2020 | ate parent undertaking | The loan is |
| 11. | CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL | | |
| | | 2012 | 2011 |
| | Called up, allotted and fully paid | £ | £ |
| | Called up, allotted and fully paid 107 ordinary shares of £1 | 107 | 107 |
| | | | |
| 12. | | | |
| | DIVIDENDS | | |
| | DIVIDENDS | 2012 | 2011 |
| | DIVIDENDS | 2012 £'000 | 2011 £'000 |
| | Declared and paid during the year | | £'000 |
| | Declared and paid during the year Interim paid -March 2011 £22,887 73 per share | | £'000 2,426 |
| | Declared and paid during the year Interim paid -March 2011 £22,887 73 per share Interim paid -May 2011 £116,822 43 per share | | £'000 2,426 12,500 |
| | Declared and paid during the year Interim paid -March 2011 £22,887 73 per share Interim paid -May 2011 £116,822 43 per share Interim paid - November 2011 £186,915 89 per share | | £'000 2,426 12,500 20,000 |
| | Declared and paid during the year Interim paid -March 2011 £22,887 73 per share Interim paid -May 2011 £116,822 43 per share | | £'000 2,426 12,500 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2012

13 CAPITAL AND RESERVES

| 13 | CAPITAL AND RESERVES | Called up share capital £'000 | Share premium account £'000 | Profit and loss account £'000 | Total £'000 |
|-----|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| | At 1 January 2012 | - | 64,895 | 13,966 | 78,861 |
| | Profit for the year | - | - | 13,813 | 13, 813 |
| | Dividends declared and paid | | <u> </u> | (16,833) | (16,833) |
| | At 31 December 2012 | - | 64,895 | 10,946 | 75,841 |
| 14. | RECONCILIATION OF MOV | EMENTS IN SHA | AREHOLDER'S F | UNDS 2012 £'000 | 2011 £'000 |
| | Profit for the year | | | 13,813 | 47,361 |
| | Issue of ordinary share capital | | | - · · · | 11,582 |
| | Dividends paid | | | (16,833) | (48,926) |
| | Net (decrease) / increase in share | eholder's interest | | (3,020) | 10,017 |
| | Shareholder's interest at 1 Januar | | | 78,861 | 68,844 |
| | Shareholder's interest at 31 Dece | mber | | 75,841 | 78,861 |

15. POST BALANCE SHEEET EVENTS

Dividends of £16,875,000 where received and paid in March 2013

16. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The immediate parent undertaking and controlling party is AES UK Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales

The ultimate parent company and controlling entity, and parent of the smallest and largest group for which consolidated financial statements are prepared of which this company is a part, is the AES Corporation, a company incorporated in the State of Delaware, USA Copies of the parent company's financial statements can be obtained from the Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 5th Street NW, Washington DC 20549, USA

The company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by FRS 8 "Related Party Disclosures" not to disclose transactions with other undertakings within, and related parties of, The AES Corporation Group There are no other related party transactions during the current and preceding year