USG SECURITY LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 30 APRIL 2015

TUESDAY

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15/12/2015 COMPANIES HOUSE #30

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 APRIL 2015

	2015		2014	
Note	£	£	£	£
2		-		_
		25,498		24,707
		-		100
		25,498		24,807
	279,207		384,836	
	189,415		267,336	
	468,622		652,172	
9				
	(310,943)		(467,867)	
		157,679	•	184,305
		183,177		209,112
				
4		100		100
		183,077		209,012
		183,177		209,112
	2	279,207 189,415 468,622 9 (310,943)	Note £ £ £ 2 25,498 279,207 189,415 468,622 (310,943) 157,679 183,177 4 100 183,077	Note £ £ £ £ £ 2 25,498 279,207 189,415 468,622 652,172 (310,943) (467,867) 157,679 183,177 4 100 183,077

For the year ended 30 April 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 3./121.2015

W SORIANO

Company Registration Number: 07235710

The notes on pages 2 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Consolidation

In the opinion of the director, the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemption provided by Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group accounts.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year in respect of security services and consultancy, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - over useful life of 21 months

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Short Leasehold - over the period of the lease Fixtures & Fittings - 25% on reducing balance Computer equipment - 25% on reducing balance

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Intangible Assets £	Tangible Assets £	Investment £	Total £
COST At 1 May 2014 Additions	27,400 —	53,621 11,641	100	81,121 11,641
At 30 April 2015	27,400	65,262	100	92,762
DEPRECIATION AND AMOUNTS N At 1 May 2014 Charge for year	WRITTEN OFF 27,400 -	28,914 10,850	_ 100	56,314 10,950
At 30 April 2015	27,400	39,764	100	67,264
NET BOOK VALUE At 30 April 2015	_	25,498	_	25,498
At 30 April 2014		24,707	100	24,807

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

2. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

The company owned 100% of the issued ordinary share capital of WS Consulting Limited, a company registered in England. WS Consulting Limited was dormant during the year until it was dissolved on 12 August 2014.

	2015 £	2014 £
Aggregate capital and reserves	_	
WS Consulting Limited	_	100
Profit and (loss) for the year		
WS Consulting Limited	_	_

3. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DIRECTOR

Dividends amounting to £120,000 (2013: £140,000) were paid to W Soriano, a director of the company.

4. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2015		2014	
,	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100