Registered number: 07235605

3 STAR VEG LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

MAGEE GAMMON

Chartered Accountants
Henwood House
Henwood
Ashford
Kent
TN24 8DH

3 STAR VEG LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:07235605

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 APRIL 2017

N.A.			2017		2016
Note FIXED ASSETS					
	_		47.000		24.000
Tangible assets	4		47,209		31,029
			47,209		31,029
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	5	4,750		4,250	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	156,390		191,148	
Cash at bank and in hand		24,872		23,819	
		186,012		219,217	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(135,786)		(119,198)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			50,226		100,019
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			97,435		131,048
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(31,499)		(18,792)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred tax	10	(9,442)		(6,206)	
			(9,442)		(6,206)
NET ASSETS			£ 56,494		£ 106,050
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			56,394		105,950
			£56,494		£ 106,050

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

3 STAR VEG LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:07235605

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 APRIL 2017

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 19 January 2018.

Mr M Fitzmaurice

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

1. General information

3 Star Veg Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. The company registration number is 07235605. The registered office of the company is Henwood House, Henwood, Ashford, Kent, TN24 8DH and the principal place of business is Unit 10 Linford House, 44 Linford Street, London, SW8 4UN.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Motor vehicles - 25%

Office equipment - 20%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

2.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.8 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of income and retained earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

2.10 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of income and retained earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.11 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

2.12 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of income and retained earnings in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.13 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

3. Employees

Staff costs, including director's remuneration, were as follows:

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 7 (2016 -6).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Total
Cost or valuation			
At 1 May 2016	56,343	1,508	57,851
Additions	28,106	705	28,811
At 30 April 2017	84,449	2,213	86,662
Depreciation			
At 1 May 2016	25,549	1,273	26,822
Charge for the year on owned assets	-	228	228
Charge for the year on financed assets	12,403	-	12,403
At 30 April 2017	37,952	1,501	39,453
Net book value			
At 30 April 2017	£46,497	£	£ 47,209
At 30 April 2016	£30,794	£235	£31,029

The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts, included above, are as follows:

	Motor vehicles		46,497		30,794
		£	46,497	£	30,794
5.	Stocks				
		2	017		2016
	Raw materials and consumables		4,750		4,250

2017

4,750

2016

4,250

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

6. Debtors

	2017	2016
Trade debtors	115,028	121,251
Other debtors	32,348	60,269
Prepayments and accrued income	9,014	9,628
	£ 156,390	£ 191,148

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
Trade creditors	68,683	84,787
Corporation tax	22,642	20,390
Other taxation and social security	15,291	2,555
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	13,440	8,054
Other creditors	12,773	-
Accruals and deferred income	2,957	3,412
	£ 135,786	£ 119,198

Other creditors includes and an amount of £10,154 relating to Close Invoice Finance, which is secured.

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

		2017		2016
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts		31,499		18,792
	£	31,499	£	18,792

Secured loans

Obligations under hire purchase and finance leases are secured on the assets concerned.

9. Hire purchase and finance leases

Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as follows:

	2017	2016
Within one year	13,440	8,054
Between 1-2 years	13,440	8,054
Between 2-5 years	18,059	10,738
	£ <u>44,939</u>	£ 26,846

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

10. Deferred taxation

		2017	2016
	At beginning of year	6,206	-
	Charged to profit or loss	3,236	6,206
	At end of year	£ 9,442	£ 6,206
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
		2017	2016
	Accelerated capital allowances	9,442	6,206
		£9,442	£ 6,206
11.	Share capital		
	Shares classified as equity	2017	2016
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	55 (2016 -100) Ordinary shares of £1 each 45 'A' Ordinary shares of £1 each	55 45	100
		£100	£ 100

On 20th January 2017, 45 Ordinary shares of £1 each were re-designated as 45 'A' Ordinary shares of £1 each.

12. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £152 (2016 -£nil) . Contributions totalling £274 (2016 -£nil) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

13. First time adoption of FRS 102

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.