

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

for

Premium Jewellers Ltd

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### Premium Jewellers Ltd

## Company Information for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

**DIRECTOR:** M A Rahuman

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 11 Freshwater Road

Dagenham Essex RM8 1SP

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 07212710 (England and Wales)

## Balance Sheet 30 April 2023

	30.4.2		3	30.4.22	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		53,500		37,400
Tangible assets	5		9,443		7,009
			62,943		44,409
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		42,050		25,550	
Debtors	6	17,500		47,500	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,915		5,036	
		63,465		78,086	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	90,121		87,881	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(26,656)		(9,795)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			36,287		34,614

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Balance Sheet - continued 30 April 2023

	30.4.23		30.4.22		
	Notes	£	£	£	£
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			10		10
Retained earnings			36,277		_34,604
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			36,287		34,614

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 April 2023.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2023 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 15 January 2024 and were signed by:

M A Rahuman - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Premium Jewellers Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 0, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of nil years.

#### **Intangible assets**

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the costs of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using either a straight line or reducing balance method, as indicated below.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and Machinery - 25% Reducing Balance Method

The asset's residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit and loss.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit and loss

#### Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### Going concern

The total current liabilities exceeds the total current assets of the company as at 30th April 2023.. The director has confirmed that the company will have continuous support from the creditors. It is on this basis Accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 4 (2022 - 5).

#### 4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Goodwill
£
40,000
_20,000
_60,000
2,600
_ 3,900
6,500
_53,500
37,400

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

#### 5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

6.

		Plant and
		machinery
		etc
COST		£
At 1 May 2022		20,265
Additions		10,000
At 30 April 2023		30,265
DEPRECIATION		
At 1 May 2022		13,256
Charge for year		7,566
At 30 April 2023		20,822
NET BOOK VALUE		
At 30 April 2023		9,443
At 30 April 2022		7,009
DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE		
YEAR		
I LI XIX	30.4.23	30.4.22
	£	£
Other debtors	17,500	47,500

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

## 7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	30.4.23	30.4.22
	£	£
Trade creditors	2,420	20,426
Taxation and social security	501	1,232
Other creditors	87,200	66,223
	90,121	87,881

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, loans from third parties and loans from related parties, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the suture payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Such instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less and impairment.

#### 8. **ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY**

The controlling party is M A Rahuman.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.