

Registered number
07209229

Fred Christophers & Son Limited

Filleted Accounts

30 April 2023

Fred Christophers & Son Limited**Registered number:** 07209229**Balance Sheet****as at 30 April 2023**

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	3	30,000	33,750
Tangible assets	4	342,575	344,835
		<u>372,575</u>	<u>378,585</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		4,500	4,500
Debtors	5	17,797	16,395
Cash at bank and in hand		4,827	17,469
		<u>27,124</u>	<u>38,364</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(120,192)	(115,415)
Net current liabilities		<u>(93,068)</u>	<u>(77,051)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>279,507</u>	<u>301,534</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(80,117)	(93,572)
Provisions for liabilities		(3,340)	(3,340)
Net assets		<u><u>196,050</u></u>	<u><u>204,622</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		195,950	204,522
Shareholders' funds		<u><u>196,050</u></u>	<u><u>204,622</u></u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr F Christophers

Director

Approved by the board on 29 January 2024

Fred Christophers & Son Limited

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 30 April 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings	over 50 years
Plant and machinery	15% reducing balance
Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees	2023	2022
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>
3 Intangible fixed assets		£
Goodwill:		
Cost		
At 1 May 2022		<u>75,000</u>
At 30 April 2023		<u>75,000</u>
Amortisation		
At 1 May 2022		41,250
Provided during the year		<u>3,750</u>
At 30 April 2023		<u>45,000</u>
Net book value		
At 30 April 2023		<u>30,000</u>
At 30 April 2022		<u>33,750</u>

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 20 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 May 2022	332,930	29,567	15,700	378,197
At 30 April 2023	<u>332,930</u>	<u>29,567</u>	<u>15,700</u>	<u>378,197</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 May 2022	-	20,914	12,448	33,362
Charge for the year	-	1,447	813	2,260
At 30 April 2023	<u>-</u>	<u>22,361</u>	<u>13,261</u>	<u>35,622</u>
Net book value				
At 30 April 2023	<u>332,930</u>	<u>7,206</u>	<u>2,439</u>	<u>342,575</u>
At 30 April 2022	332,930	8,653	3,252	344,835

5 Debtors	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade debtors	17,447	16,045
Other debtors	350	350
	<u>17,797</u>	<u>16,395</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank overdraft	2,025	-
Trade creditors	12,064	7,432
Taxation and social security costs	2,343	2,238
Other creditors	103,760	105,745
	<u>120,192</u>	<u>115,415</u>

7 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank loans	<u>80,117</u>	<u>93,572</u>

8 Other information

Fred Christophers & Son Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Fred Christophers & Son Ltd
 Bridge House, 9 Kingsbridge Lane
 Ashburton

Devon

TQ13 7DX

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