# KATE BELLINGHAM LTD UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

Company registration number 07181909

jwpcreers llp



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# ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

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#### ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

#### 31 MARCH 2014

		2014		2013	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	2		1,428		1,782
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		8,316 20,535 28,851		10,160 13,819  23,979	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within year	one	9,304		12,353	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			19,547		11,626
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILI	ITIES		20,975		13,408
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			286		192
			20,689		13,216
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called-up equity share capital Profit and loss account	4	•	100 20,589		100 13,116
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			20,689		13,216

For the year ended 31 March 2014 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges her responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 12 Dec 2016

MISS KM BELLINGHAM

Company Registration Number: 07181909

The notes on pages 2 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

#### **Fixed assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment

20% Reducing Balance

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## **Financial instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

#### 2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST At 1 April 2013 and 31 March 2014	3,150
DEPRECIATION	·
At 1 April 2013 Charge for year	1,368 354
At 31 March 2014	1,722
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2014	1,428
At 31 March 2013	1,782

#### 3. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DIRECTOR

During the year the director named below had an overdrawn balance with the company as follows:

	2014 £
Miss K.M. Bellingham	
Balance as at 1 April 2013	(4,782)
Maximum outstanding during the period	2,957
Balance as at 31 March 2014	2,801

The loan account was repaid in full on 2 April 2014.

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

## 4. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		2014 £ 100		2013 £ 100
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2014 No	£	2013 No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100