Company Registration No. 07171598 (England and Wales)

**Twenty Two Promotions Limited** 

Unaudited financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2019

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## Balance sheet As at 28 February 2019

|                                       |       | 2019     |         | 2018     |         |
|---------------------------------------|-------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
|                                       | Notes | £        | £       | £        | £       |
| Current assets                        |       |          |         |          |         |
| Debtors                               | 3     | 45,113   |         | 135,601  |         |
| Cash at bank and in hand              |       | 98,379   |         | 179,639  |         |
|                                       |       | 143,492  |         | 315,240  |         |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within |       |          |         |          |         |
| one year                              | 4     | (32,538) |         | (27,627) |         |
|                                       |       |          |         |          |         |
| Net current assets                    |       |          | 110,954 |          | 287,613 |
|                                       |       |          |         |          |         |
| Capital and reserves                  |       |          |         |          |         |
| Called up share capital               | 5     |          | 100     | •        | 100     |
| Profit and loss reserves              |       |          | 110,854 |          | 287,513 |
| •                                     |       | •        |         |          |         |
| Total equity                          |       |          | 110,954 |          | 287,613 |
|                                       |       |          |         |          | =====   |

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 28 February 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Stuart Peters

Director

Company Registration No. 07171598

# Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 28 February 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Company information**

Twenty Two Promotions Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 71 Queen Victoria Street, London, EC4V 4BE.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for promotional activities net of VAT. Income is recognised when receivable in respect of the financial year.

### 1.4 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

### 1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 28 February 2019

## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

## 1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

## **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 28 February 2019

# 1 Accounting policies (continued)

## 1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

## 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 1 (2018 - 1).

|   |  | 2019   | 2018    |
|---|--|--------|---------|
|   | Amounts falling due within one year:           | £      | £       |
|   | Corporation tax recoverable                    | 13,600 |         |
|   | Other debtors                                  | 31,513 | 135,601 |
|   |  | 45,113 | 135,601 |
|   |  |        |         |
| 4 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year |        |         |
|   |  | 2019   | 2018    |
|   |  | £      | £       |
|   | Trade creditors                                | 17,100 | -       |
|   | Corporation tax                                | -      | 21,473  |
|   | Other taxation and social security             | 1,154  | 1,154   |
|   | Other creditors                                | 14,284 | 5,000   |
|   |  | 32,538 | 27,627  |
| _ | Called up about assistal                       |        |         |
| 5 | Called up share capital                        | 2019   | 2018    |
|   |  | £      | £       |
|   | Ordinary share capital                         | _      | _       |
|   | Issued and fully paid                          |        |         |
|   | 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each                 | 100    | 100     |
|   |  |        | =       |

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 28 February 2019

## 6 Directors' transactions

Dividends totalling £117,000 (2018 - £1,622,500) were paid in the year in respect of shares held by the company's directors.

At the year end 28 February 2019 a director was owed £7,725 (2018: £117,166) by the company.