Company registration number: 07152272

SETLO LIMITED Trading as SETLO LIMITED

Unaudited financial statements

31 March 2019

AMENDED



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Directors and other information

Directors

Mr Krzysztof Wieczorek

Company number

07152272

Registered office

27 Cooper Smith Road

Takeley CM22 6FS

Business address

27 Cooper Smiths Road

Takeley CM22 6FS

Accountants

MM Tax Services Ltd

Directors report Year ended 31 March 2019

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Mr Krzysztof Wieczorek

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 18 September 2020 and signed on behalf of the board by:

- DocuSigned by:

9/22/2020

Mr Krzysztof Wieczorek

Director

Statement of comprehensive income Year ended 31 March 2019

Note	2019 £
Turnover	63,832
Change in stocks of finished goods and in work in progress	(206)
	63,626
Staff costs	(8,424)
Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible and intangible fixed assets	(310)
Other operating expenses	(11,654)
Operating profit	43,238
Profit before taxation	43,238
Tax on profit	(8,274)
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income	34,964

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

Statement of financial position 31 March 2019

		,	201	9
	Note		3	3
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	6		929	
•				929
Current assets				
Debtors	7		33,296	
Cash at bank and in hand			23,473	
			56,769	
Creditors: amounts falling due		,		
within one year	8		(24,319)	
Net current assets				32,450
Total assets less current liabilities				33,379
Net assets				33,379
				====
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital		/		100
Profit and loss account				33,279
Shareholders funds				33,379

For the year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 March 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 September 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

DocuSigned by:

Mursul

9/22/2020

Mr Krzysztof Wieczorek Director

Company registration number: 07152272

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 March 2019

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account	Total
At 1 April 2018	100	23,215	23,315
Profit for the year		34,964	34,964
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	34,964	34,964
Dividends paid and payable		(24,900)	(24,900)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(24,900)	(24,900)
At 31 March 2019	100	33,279	33,379

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is 27 Cooper Smith Road, Takeley, CM22 6FS.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2019

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery

25% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2019

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1.

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the year were:

Wages and salaries

2019
£
8,424

5. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

Depreciation of tangible assets

2019
£
310

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2019

6.	Tangible assets		
		Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
		£	3
	Cost At 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019	4,200	4,200
	Depreciation		
	At 1 April 2018	2,961	2,961
	Charge for the year	310	310
	At 31 March 2019	3,271	3,271
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2019	929	929
		. ====	
7.	Debtors		0040
			2019 £
	Other debtors		33,296
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
			2019 £
	Corporation tax		22,544
	Social security and other taxes		1,775
			24,319

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2019		
•		Advances /(credits) to the directors	Balance o/standing
	3	3	3
Mr Krzysztof Wieczorek	-	1,360	1,360
	===	· ====	

SETLO LIMITED Formatted trial balance for the year ended 31 March 2019

Code	Description	Mar 19 Current £
Profit &	loss account	
Sales		
001	Sales	63,791
081	Other income	41
		63,832
Cost of	sales	
112	Purchases	206
		206
.Gross p	rofit	63,626
.GIUSS P	nont	+99.68%
Adminis	stration expenses	
301	Wages and salaries	8,424
320	Use of premises	520
326	Insurance	372
334	Repairs and maintenance	303
351	Motor expenses	4,692
361	Travelling and entertainment	4,691
368	Accountancy fees	1,010
371	Bank charges	66
394	Depreciation of tangible assets	310
		20,388
Profit be	efore taxation	43,238
		+67.74%
		•
Taxatio		
501	Corporation tax charge	8,274
		8,274
Profit of	ter taxation	34,964
FIVIIL AI	ici ianutivii	
Profit		34,964
		=

SETLO LIMITED Formatted trial balance for the year ended 31 March 2019

Code	Description	Mar 19 Current £
Balance		
Fixed as		. 4.000
661	FF & equipment - cost b/fwd	4,200
665	FF & equipment - accumulated depreciation b/fwd	(2,961)
666	FF & equipment - depreciation charge	(310)
		929
Current	assets	
732	Other debtors	31,936
741	Director 1 current account	1,360
771	Bank current account - type 1	23,473
		56,769
Current	liabilities	
831	Corporation tax payable	22,544
845	VAT control account	
		24,319
Net curi	rent assets	32,450
Net ass	ets ·	33,379
Share c	apital & reserves	
950	Share capital b/fwd	100
990	Profit and loss account b/fwd	23,215
991F	PL - dividends paid	(24,900)
Retained	·	34,964
Shareho	olders funds	33,379