A Plus Security Limited

Unaudited Filleted Accounts

31 October 2020

A Plus Security Limited

Chartered Accountants' report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory accounts of A Plus Security Limited for the year ended 31 October 2020

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of A Plus Security Limited for the year ended 31 October 2020 which comprise of the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of A Plus Security Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of A Plus Security Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of A Plus Security Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than A Plus Security Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that A Plus Security Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of A Plus Security Limited. You consider that A Plus Security Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of A Plus Security Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

Buckley Watson Limited Chartered Accountants 57a Broadway Leigh on Sea Essex SS9 1PE

15 July 2021

A Plus Security Limited

Registered number: 07062452

Balance Sheet

as at 31 October 2020

	Notes		2020		2019
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		54,803		72,208
•					
Current assets					
Stocks		27,510		30,750	
Debtors	4	308,373		434,783	
Cash at bank and in hand		239,833		51,492	
		575,716		517,025	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(207,301)		(350,000)	
N-4			000 445		107.005
Net current assets			368,415		167,025
Total assets less current		-		_	
liabilities			423,218		239,233
Creditors: amounts falling					
due after more than one year	r 6		(324,151)		(209,988)
Net assets		-	99,067	_	29,245
		-		_	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			175		175
Profit and loss account			98,892		29,070
Shareholders' funds		-	99,067	_	29,245
		-	20,007	_	20,210

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

M Topping Director

Approved by the board on 15 July 2021

A Plus Security Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 October 2020

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 20% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2020	2019
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	12	11

3 Tangible fixed assets

		10-4		
		machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost	2.	2	~
	At 1 November 2019	36,971	71,606	108,577
	At 31 October 2020	36,971	71,606	108,577
	Depreciation			
	At 1 November 2019	24,030	12,339	36,369
	Charge for the year	2,588	14,817	17,405
	At 31 October 2020	26,618	27,156	53,774
	7.4.0.1.0000001.2020			00,777
	Net book value			
	At 31 October 2020	10,353	44,450	54,803
	At 31 October 2019	12,941	59,267	72,208
4	Debtors		2020	2019
			£	£
	Trade debtors		308,373	403,934
	Other debtors		_	30,849
			308,373	434,783
5	5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2020	2019
			£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts		-	174,124
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchas	se contracts	18,295	19,226
	Trade creditors		68,156	72,469
	Taxation and social security costs		107,500	66,361
	Other creditors		13,350	17,820
			207,301	350,000
6	6 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		2020	2019
			£	£
	Bank loans		300,000	172,184
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchas	se contracts	24,151	37,804
			324,151	209,988

7 Other information

A Plus Security Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Unit 1 Crouchmans Business Yard

Poynters Lane

Great Wakering

Essex

SS3 9TS

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