Company Registration No. 07053020 (England and Wales)	
LUV LUV RECORDS LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

COMPANY INFORMATION

Director Mrs M Hayden

Secretary Mr C Hayden

Company number 07053020

Registered office 5A Bear Lane

Southwark London SE1 0UH

Accountants Prager Metis LLP

5A Bear Lane Southwark London SE1 0UH

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		-		404
Current assets					
Debtors	4	8,552		34,584	
Cash at bank and in hand		15,221		3,986	
		23,773		38,570	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	5				
year		(96,774)		(92,432)	
Net current liabilities			(73,001)		(53,862)
Total assets less current liabilities			(73,001)		(53,458)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			(73,101)		(53,558)
Total equity			(73,001)		(53,458)

The director of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 15 December 2017

Mrs M Hayden

Director

Company Registration No. 07053020

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Luv Luv Records Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 5A Bear Lane, Southwark, London, SE1 0UH.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis, which the director considers to be appropriate given her continued financial support and the support of Luv Luv Management Limited, the principal creditor of the company.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for the provision of services and contractual contributions for business overheads and is stated net of value added tax. Turnover is recognised on the contractual due date.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment 25% straight line Computer equipment 33.3% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 1 (2016 - 1).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

3	Tangible fixed assets	Plant and ma	Plant and machinery etc £	
	Cost At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017		9,062	
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 April 2016		8,658	
	Depreciation charged in the year		<u>404</u>	
	At 31 March 2017		9,062	
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2017		-	
	At 31 March 2016		404	
4	Debtors	2017	2016	
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£	
	Trade debtors	2,157	30,224	
	Other debtors	6,395 ———	4,360	
		8,552 =====	34,584	
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2017 £	2016 £	
	Trade creditors	1,265	39	
	Amounts due to group undertakings Other taxation and social security	93,014 -	83,609 6,196	
	Other creditors	2,495	2,588	
		96,774	92,432	
6	Called up share capital			
		2017 £	2016 £	
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid			
	100 Ordinary share of £1 each	100	100	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

7 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

The company was committed to making payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the year to 31 March 2017 of £26,160 (2016: £17,440)

8 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties

During the year the company had the following transactions with Luv Luv Luv Management Limited, its parent undertaking; the company paid expenses of £ 8,664 (2016: £30,898) on behalf of Luv Luv Luv Management and received funds of £ 18,352 (£ 44,280) from Luv Luv Management. At the year end the balance outstanding amounted to £ 93,297(£83,609) and this balance is included in creditors.

9 Parent company

Luv Luv Management Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales, was the immediate parent company during the entire period.

As a result of the 100% holding in the immediate parent company, the director is the ultimate controlling party.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.