Registration number: 07042244

# BURY MBC TOWNSIDE FIELDS LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2017



### CONTENTS

Company Information	1
Directors' Report	2 to 3
Independent Auditor's Report	4 to 5
Profit and Loss Account	6
Statement of Comprehensive Income	7
Balance Sheet	.8
Statement of Changes in Equity	9
Notes to the Financial Statements	10 to 14

### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

Mr Rishi Shori

Mr Iain Brian Gartside

**Registered office** 

Town Hall

**Knowsley Street** 

Bury Lancashire BL9 OSW

**Auditors** 

Horsfield & Smith

**Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor** 

**Tower House** 

269 Walmersley Road

Bury Lancashire BL9 6NX

# DIRECTORS' REPORT YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017.

#### Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

Mr Rishi Shori

Mr Michael Connolly (resigned 12 November 2016)

Mr Iain Brian Gartside (resigned 15 November 2017)

#### **Principal activity**

The principal activity of the company is as a property lessor

#### **Statement of Directors' Responsibilities**

The director is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Disclosure of information to the auditors

The director has taken steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The director confirms that there is no relevant information that he knows of and of which he knows the auditors are unaware.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

#### **Reappointment of auditors**

The auditors Horsfield & Smith are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Small companies provision statement**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the <u>director</u> on .6-12-17. and signed on its behalf by:

Mr Rishi Shori Director

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the financial statements of Bury MBC Townside Fields Limited for the year ended 31 March 2017, set out on pages 6 to 14. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 102 Section 1A 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the (set out on page), the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors, including "APB Ethical Standard - Provisions Available for Small Entities (Revised)".

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### **Opinion on the financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to smaller entities; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' Report.

P G Nicol FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Horsfield & Smith, Statutory Auditor

December 2017

Tower House 269 Walmersley Road Bury

Lancashire BL9 6NX

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# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover		505,760	507,126
Administrative expenses		(54,624)	(47,255)
Fair value adjustment	5	740,000	_
Operating profit Other interest receivable and similar income		1,191,136 1,816	459,871
Interest payable and similar charges		(286,948) (285,132)	(288,150)
Profit before tax	4	906,004	171,721
Taxation		(171,137)	(34,343)
Profit for the year		734,867	137,378
Retained earnings brought forward		903,582	766,204
Retained earnings carried forward	:	1,638,449	903,582

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
		2017	2016
		Ľ	Ľ
Profit for the year		734,867	137,378
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	734,867	137,378

# **BALANCE SHEET**31 MARCH 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Investment property	5	7,840,000	7,100,000
Current assets			
Debtors	6	11,856	10,246
Cash at bank and in hand		2,295,868	2,143,417
		2,307,724	2,153,663
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(508,907)	(502,206)
Net current assets		1,798,817	1,651,457
Total assets less current liabilities		9,638,817	8,751,457
<b>Creditors</b> : Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(7,256,603)	(7,256,603)
Provisions for liabilities		(456,658)	(304,165)
Net assets		1,925,556	1,190,689
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Revaluation reserve		287,106	287,106
Profit and loss account		1,638,449	903,582
Total equity		1,925,556	1,190,689

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the director on ..6-12-17

Mr Rishi Shori

Director

Company Registration Number: 07042244

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

	Share capital £	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 April 2016	1 '	287,106	903,582	1,190,689
Profit for the year			734,867	734,867
Total comprehensive income	<u> </u>		734,867	734,867
At 31 March 2017	1	287,106	1,638,449	1,925,556
	Share capital £	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 April 2015	1	287,106	766,204	1,053,311
Profit for the year			137,378	137,378
Total comprehensive income		_	137,378	137,378
At 31 March 2016	1	287,106	903,582	1,190,689

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Town Hall

**Knowsley Street** 

Bury

Lancashire

**BL9 OSW** 

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£).

#### **Summary of disclosure exemptions**

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 102 from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is small.

#### Name of parent of group

These financial statements are consolidated in the financial statements of the Council of the Metropolitan Borough of Bury.

The financial statements of the Council of the Metropolitan Borough of Bury may be obtained from Town Hall, Knowsley Street, Bury, Lancashire, BL9 OSW.

#### **Judgements**

There are no judgements that would cause a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The fair value of investment property requires the use of valuation techniques and the estimation of future cash flows to be generated over a number of years. It requires assumptions including revenue growth and rental values and increases and customer attrition rates. In addition the use of discount rates requires judgement.. The carrying amount is £7,100,000 (2016 -£7,100,000).

#### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of property rental amounts invoiced during the year.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a charge attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### **Investment property**

Land and buildings represents investment property which is property held by the for the purpose of earning rental income.

Investment property is initially stated at cost plus any directly attributable expenditure. Where fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort the property shall be subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised through the profit and loss account.

Investment property is not depreciated.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### **Trade debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

#### **Trade creditors**

Short term trade creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial Liabilities are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction.

If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future cashflows discounted at a market rate of interest. Such instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial assets and liabilities that are not basic financial instruments are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such instruments are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except where the fair values cannot be measured reliably the instrument is measured at cost less impairment.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the company transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the company, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### 3 Auditors' remuneration

	2017 £	2016 £
Audit of the financial statements	1,694	. 4,432
·		
4 Profit before tax		
Arrived at after charging/(crediting)		•
	2017	2016
	£	£
Interest payable on loans from group undertakings	286,948	288,150
5 Investment properties		
		2017
		£
At 1 April		7,100,000
Fair value adjustments	-	740,000

The valuation is based on the revenue stream under a 25 year lease started in 2011 with a minmum uplift "collar " of 2.5% and "cap" of 5% on furture rent reviews and a 5.75% yield to reflect the strength of the leasee convenant.

7,840,000

The valuation was made as at 1 April 2017 by the senior asset officer of the Council for the Metropolitan Borough of Bury.

#### 6 Debtors

At 31 March

	2017	2016
	£	£
Other debtors	11,856	10,246
	11,856	10,246

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

7 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2017	2016
		£	£
Due within one year			
Taxation and social security		15,488	15,716
Other creditors		493,419	486,490
		508,907	502,206
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	7,256,603	7,256,603
·			
8 Loans and borrowings			
<u></u>		2017	2016
,		£	£

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#### Other borrowings

Other borrowings

Other creditors falling due after more than one year is represented by long term funding received from the Council of the Metropolitan Borough of Bury which is intended not to be repaid. Interest is charged on this funding at 3.95% per annum.

7,256,603

7,256,603

#### 9 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

Non-current loans and borrowings

The company's immediate parent is the Council of the Metropolitan Borough of Bury.