Badu Sports (Broaden. Advance. Develop. Understand) Ltd

Filleted Accounts

30 September 2019

Badu Sports (Broaden. Advance. Develop. Understand) Ltd

Registered number: 07011298

Balance Sheet

as at 30 September 2019

	Notes		2019		2018
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		3,731		4,850
Current assets					
Debtors	3	53,052		28,201	
Cash at bank and in hand		87,451		83,551	
		140,503	•	111,752	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(70,119)		(29,536)	
Net current assets	-		70,384		82,216
Net assets		_	74,115	_ _	87,066
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			74,015		86,966
Shareholder's funds		_ _	74,115	- -	87,066

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Nana Matthew Badu

Director

Approved by the board on 30 June 2020

Badu Sports (Broaden. Advance. Develop. Understand) Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 September 2019

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment 25% reducing balance Fixtures, fittings and equipment 25% reducing balance

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and

investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2 Tangible fixed assets

		Computer equipment	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total £
	Cost			_
	At 1 October 2018	2,469	17,327	19,796
	Additions		124	124
	At 30 September 2019	2,469	17,451	19,920
	Depreciation			
	At 1 October 2018	1,995	12,951	14,946
	Charge for the year	119	1,125	1,243
	At 30 September 2019	2,114	14,076	16,189
	Net book value			
	At 30 September 2019	356	3,375	3,731
	At 30 September 2018	474	4,376	4,850
3	Debtors		2019	2018
			£	£
	Trade debtors		7,317	_
	Other debtors		45,735	28,201
			53,052	28,201
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	ar	2019	2018
			£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts		104	156
	Trade creditors		11,529	10,209
	Taxation and social security costs		15,778	2,895
	Other creditors		42,708	16,276
			70,119	29,536

5 Other information

Badu Sports (Broaden. Advance. Develop. Understand) Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

69 Vallance Road

LONDON

E1 5BS

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.