In accordance with Rule 18.7 of the Insolvency (England & Wales) Rules 2016 and Sections 92A, 104A and 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986.

LIQ03 Notice of progress report in voluntary winding up





17/09/2019 COMPANIES HOUSE

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LIQ03 Notice of progress report in voluntary winding up

6	Period of progress report
From date	1 8 7 7 2 70 71 8
To date	1 7 7 7 7 Y2 Y0 Y1 Y9
7	Progress report
8	☐ The progress report is attached Sign and date
	Signature
Liquidator's signature	X Lei Lu.
Signature date	16 09 2019

LIQ03

Notice of progress report in voluntary winding up

Presenter information	Important information		
You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.	All information on this form will appear on the public record.		
Contact name Filippa Connor	☑ Where to send		
Company name Streets SPW	You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the address below:		
Address Gable House	The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,		
239 Regents Park Road	Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ. DX 33050 Cardiff.		
Post town London			
County/Region			
Postcode N 3 3 L F	7 Further information		
	For further information please see the guidance notes union the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk		
(020) 8371 5000	or email enquires@companiesnouse.gov.uk		
✓ Checklist	This form is available in an		
We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing.	alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at		
Please make sure you have remembered the following: The company name and number match the information held on the public Register. You have attached the required documents. You have signed the form.	www.gov.uk/companieshouse		

INOVA INVESTMENT LIMITED t/a 'Subway' In Creditors' Voluntary Liquidation

Liquidator's progress report to creditors and members for the year ending 17 July 2019

STATUTORY INFORMATION

Company name: Inova Investment Limited

Registered office: Gable House, 239 Regents Park Road, London

N3 3LF

Former registered office: Apartment 1222, 7 Baltimore Wharf, Dagenham, Essex

RM9 4HA

Registered number: 07007105

Liquidator name: Stella Davis

Liquidator's address: Gable House, 239 Regents Park Road, London N3

3LF

Liquidator's date of appointment: 18 July 2018

LIQUIDATOR'S ACTIONS SINCE APPOINTMENT

There is certain work that I am required by the insolvency legislation to undertake in connection with the liquidation that provides no financial benefit for the creditors. A description of the routine work undertaken since my appointment as Liquidator is set out below:-

1. Administration

This represents the work involved in the routine administrative functions of the case by the office holder and their staff, together with the control and supervision of the work done on the case by the office holder and their managers. It does not give direct financial benefit to the creditors, but has to be undertaken by the office holder to meet their requirements under the insolvency legislation and the Statements of Insolvency Practice, which set out required practice that office holders must follow.

- Case planning devising an appropriate strategy for dealing with the case and giving instructions to the staff to undertake the work on the case.
- Setting up physical and electronic case files.
- Setting up the case on the practice's electronic case management system and entering data.
- Issuing the statutory notifications to creditors and other required on appointment as
 office holder, including gazetting the office holder's appointment.
- Obtaining a specific penalty bond.
- Convening a decision procedure to seek a decision from creditors to approve the officeholders' remuneration.
- Dealing with all routine correspondence and emails relating to the case.

- Reviewing the adequacy of the specific penalty bond on a periodic basis.
- Undertaking periodic reviews of the progress of the case.
- Overseeing and controlling the work done on the case by case administrators.
- Preparing, reviewing and issuing annual progress reports to creditors and members.
- Filing returns at Companies House.
- Preparing and filing VAT returns.
- Preparing and filing Corporation Tax returns.

2. Creditors

Claims of creditors - the office holder needs to maintain up to date records of the names and addresses of creditors, together with the amounts of their claims as part of the management of the case, and to ensure that notices and reports can be issued to the creditors. The office holder also needs to deal with correspondence and queries received from creditors regarding their claims and dividend prospects as they are received. The office holder is required to undertake this work as part of her statutory functions.

RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

My receipts & payments account for the year from 18 July 2018 to 17 July 2019 is attached.

ASSETS

Leases

The Company held two short leases. Appropriate open cover insurance was obtained to cover the remaining terms of the leases. The rent deposits provided for those leases were fully utilised by the landlord to meet dilapidations claims. No funds were received from this source

Stock

The 'Subway' store held some stock but this was transferred to the new owner and no funds were received from this source.

Cash at Bank

The statement of affairs showed a balance on the NatWest Bank plc account of £100. This was set off against the liability to the Bank and therefore no funds have been received from this source.

Rent deposits from tenants

These had been deposited into the Company's trading accounts and no funds were recovered or remitted to the relevant tenants.

LIABILITIES

Secured Creditors:

An examination of the Company's mortgage register held by the Registrar of Companies showed one outstanding fixed and floating charge created on 31 July 2015 in favour of HSBC Bank plc.

The legislation requires that if the Company has created a floating charge after 15 September 2003, a prescribed part of the Company's net property (i.e. the money that would otherwise be available to the charge holder) should be ring-fenced for distribution to unsecured creditors.

The Statement of Affairs showed a shortfall to HSBC Bank plc of £84,000. HSBC Bank plc has claimed £92,414.85.

First Business Securities had supplied office furniture and equipment under a lease purchase agreement and was shown as being owed £18,673.92. First Business Securities has not presented its claim.

There are no funds available to any class of creditor.

Preferential Creditors:

No employee claims were expected and none have been received. Therefore there are no preferential creditors.

Crown Creditors:

The statement of affairs showed Crown liabilities of £500 for corporation tax and £147,160.89 for VAT. HM Revenue & Customs has presented a claim for £156,745 for PAYE, VAT, corporation tax, penalties and interest thereon.

Non-preferential unsecured Creditors:

The statement of affairs showed trade and expenses creditors totalling £310,109.98, the Director owed £17,500 and Nat West Bank plc owed £7,739.30.

Claims have been received from Nat West Bank plc for £4,402.58, the Director for £17,500 and other unsecured creditors totalling £286,073.90. The claims of fifteen creditors shown as being owed £41,418.42 have yet to be received.

Those creditors who have not yet claimed are now requested to do so, and a proof of debt form is enclosed for your use.

DIVIDEND PROSPECTS

Due to the lack of realisations there is no possibility of a divided to any class of creditor.

INVESTIGATION INTO THE AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

I undertook an initial investigation into the Company's affairs to establish whether there were any potential asset recoveries or conduct matters that justified further investigation, taking account of the public interest, potential recoveries, the funds likely to be available to fund an investigation, and the costs involved. I am required by the Statements of Insolvency Practice to undertake such an initial investigation and the work detailed below has been undertaken in connection with that initial investigation.

Specifically, I recovered, listed and reviewed the Company's accounting records; obtained and reviewed copy bank statements and transactions prior to the Company ceasing to trade from the Company's bankers; and compared the information in the Company's last set of accounts with that contained in the statement of affairs lodged in the Liquidation and made enquiries about the reasons for the changes.

There were no matters that justified further action in the circumstances of this appointment.

Within three months of my appointment as Liquidator, I am required to submit a confidential report to the Secretary of State to include any matters which have come to my attention during the course of my work which may indicate that the conduct of any past or present Director would make them unfit to be concerned with the management of the Company. I would confirm that my report has been submitted.

PRE-APPOINTMENT REMUNERATION

The Director was advised by the Company's accountant to seek advice from a licensed insolvency practitioner. Streets SPW were instructed on 21 May 2018 to assist the Director. £7,000 plus VAT has was paid by the Company to Streets SPW on that date in respect of the instructions given to prepare a Statement of Affairs, convene a meeting of the Company's members, or to seek a decision from the creditors on the appointment of a Liquidator.

LIQUIDATOR'S REMUNERATION

My remuneration was approved on a fixed fee of £12,500 for my work in respect of Administration & Planning, Creditors, and Investigations. I was also authorised to draw 25% of assets realised. I have not been able to draw any remuneration.

For your information my total time costs for the year to 17 July 2019 amount to £10,510.00 representing 44 hours work at an average charge out rate of £238.86 per hour.

Further information about creditors' rights can be obtained by visiting the creditors' information micro-site published by the Association of Business Recovery Professionals (R3) at http://www.creditorinsolvencyguide.co.uk/. A copy of 'A Creditors Guide to Liquidators' Fees' also published by R3, together with an explanatory note which shows Streets SPW's fee policy are available at the link

http://www.streetsspw.co.uk/sites/www.streetsspw.co.uk/files/images/liquidations creditor fee guide April 2017.pdf. Please note that there are different versions of the Guidance Notes and in this case you should refer to the April 2017 version.

LIQUIDATOR'S EXPENSES

I have incurred direct expenses, known as category 1 expenses, as follows:-

Type of category 1 disbursement	Amount incurred/ accrued in the reporting period £
Specific Bonding	35.00
Statutory Advertising	239.70
Books and records storage	28.87
Open cover insurance	150.00
Courier	31.02
Postage	63.70
Total	548.29

Direct expenses do not have to be approved, but when reporting to the committee and creditors during the course of the Liquidation the actual expenses incurred will be compared with the original estimate provided and I will explain any material differences (e.g. where legal costs rise due to escalated recover action).

I obtained approval from the creditors to charge and recover apportioned and allocated costs, known as category 2 expenses. Information about category 2 expenses is set out in the attached practice fee recovery policy. I have incurred apportioned and allocated costs as follows:-

Type of category 2 disbursement	Amount incurred/ accrued in the reporting period £
Photocopying	115.50

I have not been able to recover any expenses.

FURTHER INFORMATION

An unsecured creditor may, with the permission of the Court, or with the concurrence of 5% in value of the unsecured creditors (including the creditor in question), request further details of the Liquidator's remuneration and expenses within 21 days of their receipt of this report. Any secured creditor may request the same details in the same time limit.

An unsecured creditor may, with the permission of the Court, or with the concurrence of 10% in value of the unsecured creditors (including the creditor in question), apply to Court to challenge the amount of remuneration charged by the Liquidator as being excessive, and/or the basis of the Liquidator's remuneration, and/or the amount of the expenses incurred as being excessive, within 8 weeks of their receipt of this report. Any secured creditor may make a similar application to court within the same time limit.

To comply with the Provision of Services Regulations, some general information about Streets SPW can be found in the attached summary sheet.

SUMMARY

My administration of this matter is complete and I will be taking steps to finalise the liquidation and issue my final report.

If creditors have any queries regarding the conduct of the Liquidation, or if they want hard copies of any of the documents made available on-line, they should contact Filippa Conor on 020 8371 5000 or by email at businessrecovery@streetsspw.co.uk.

Stella Davis Liquidator

Inova Investment Limited (In Liquidation) Liquidator's Summary of Receipts & Payments

Statement of Affairs £		From 18/07/2018 To 17/07/2019 £	From 18/07/2018 To 17/07/2019 £
	GENERAL FIXED CHARGE		
(84,000.00)	Chargeholder - HSBC Bank plc	NIL	NIL
NIL	Intangible assets	NIL	NIL
	-	NIL	NIL
	FIXTURES & FITTINGS		
(19,173.92)	Chargeholder - First Business Securiti	NIL	NIL
500.00	Fixtures & tittings	NIL	NIL
		NIL	NIL
	ASSET REALISATIONS		
100.00	Cash at Bank - NatWest Bank plc	NIL	NIL
NIL	Leasehold Property - 2 short leases	NIL	NIL
NIL	Rent deposits from tenants	NIL	NIL
Uncertain	Stock	NIL	NIL
		NIL	NIL
	UNSECURED CREDITORS		
(17,500.00)	Director	NIL	NIL
(147,160.89)	H M Revenue & Customs - VAT	NIL	NIL
(500.00)	HM Revenue & Customs - CT	NIL	NIL
(7,739.30)	NatWest Bank plc	NIL	NIL
(310,109.98)	Trade & Expense Creditors	NIL	NIL
	BIOTRIBUTIONS	NIL	NIL
(4.000.00)	DISTRIBUTIONS		
(1,000.00)	Ordinary Shareholders	NIL_	<u>NIL</u>
		NIL	NIL
(586,584.09)		NIL	NIL
(000,004.03)	REPRESENTED BY		

Stella Davis Liquidator

NIL



Licensed Insolvency Practitioners

Practice Fee Recovery Policy for Streets SPW

Introduction

The insolvency legislation was changed in October 2015, with one or two exceptions, for insolvency appointments made from that time. This sheet explains how we intend to apply the alternative fee bases allowed by the legislation when acting as office holder in insolvency appointments. The legislation allows different fee bases to be used for different tasks within the same appointment. The fee basis, or combination of bases, set for a particular appointment is/are subject to approval, generally by a committee if one is appointed by the creditors, failing which the creditors in general meeting, or the Court.

Further information about creditors' rights can be obtained by visiting the creditors' information micro-site published by the Association of Business Recovery Professionals (R3) at www.streetsspw.co.uk/creditors-guides. Details about how an office holder's fees may be approved for each case type are available in a series of guides issued with Statement of Insolvency Practice 9 (SIP 9) and can be accessed at www.streetsspw.co.uk/creditors-guides. Alternatively a hard copy may be requested from Streets SPW, Gable House, 239 Regents Park Road, London N3 3LF. Please note that we have provided further details in this policy document.

Once the basis of the office holder's remuneration has been approved, a periodic report will be provided to any committee and also to each creditor. The report will provide a breakdown of the remuneration drawn. If approval has been obtained for remuneration on a time costs basis, i.e. by reference to time properly spent by members of staff of the practice at our standard charge out rates, the time incurred will also be disclosed, whether drawn or not, together with the average, or "blended" rates of such costs. Under the legislation, any such report must disclose how creditors can seek further information and challenge the basis on which the fees are calculated and the level of fees drawn in the period of the report. Once the time to challenge the office holder's remuneration for the period reported on has elapsed, then that remuneration cannot subsequently be challenged.

Under the old legislation, which still applies for insolvency appointments commenced before 6 April 2010, there is no equivalent mechanism for fees to be challenged.

Time cost basis

When charging fees on a time costs basis we use charge out rates appropriate to the skills and experience of a member of staff and the work that they perform. This is combined with the amount of time that they work on each case, recorded in 6 minute units with supporting narrative to explain the work undertaken.

Streets SPW charge-out rates

Grade of staff	Current charge-out per hour (£) effective from 1 February 2017	Previous charge-out per hour (£) effective from 1 February 2016 400-500	
Partner (appointment-taker)	400-500		
Manager	250	250	
Assistant manager	225	200	
Administrator (all levels)	200	175	
Assistant & support staff	100	100	

Where necessary and appropriate, members of staff from SPW (UK) LLP, a connected accountancy and tax practice of which Streets SPW is a trading name in respect of insolvency work undertaken by the LLP, will undertake work on a case on either a time cost (charged at their normal charge-out rate) or fixed fee basis.

SPW (UK) LLP charge-out rates

Grade of staff	Current charge-out rate per hour (£) effective from 1 January 2018	Previous charge-out rate per hour (£) effective from 1 January 2015
Partner	325	275
Associate	200	175
Manager	175	150
Senior	125	105
Semi-senior	75	65
Junior	55	45

These charge-out rates charged are reviewed on 1 January each year and are adjusted where necessary to take account of inflation and the firm's overheads.

Time spent on casework is recorded directly to the relevant case using a computerised time recording system and the nature of the work undertaken is recorded at that time. Each unit of time is 6 minutes. The work is recorded under the following categories: -

- Administration and Planning
- Case Specific Matters
- Creditors
- Investigations
- · Realisation of Assets
- Trading

In cases where we were appointed prior to 1 October 2015, most of our fees were recovered on a time costs basis and appropriate authority was obtained from the creditors or the committee as set down in the legislation. The legislation changed on 1 October 2015 and on new appointments we may seek time costs for all categories.

When we seek time costs approval we have to set out a fees estimate. That estimate acts as a cap on our time costs so that we cannot draw fees of more than the estimated time costs without further approval from those who approved our fees. When seeking approval for our fees, we will disclose the work that we intend to undertake, the hourly rates we intend to charge for each part of the work, and the time that we think each part of the work will take. We will summarise that information in an average or "blended" rate for all of the work being carried out within the estimate. We will also say whether we anticipate needing to seek approval to exceed the estimate and, if so, the reasons that we think that may be necessary.

The disclosure that we make should include sufficient information about the insolvency appointment to enable you to understand how the proposed fee reflects the complexity (or otherwise) of the case, any responsibility of an exceptional kind falling on the office holder, the effectiveness with which the office holder has carried out their functions, and the value and nature of the property with which the office holder has to deal.

If we subsequently need to seek authority to draw fees in excess of the estimate, we will say why we have exceeded, or are likely to exceed the estimate; any additional work undertaken, or proposed to be undertaken; the hourly rates proposed for each part of the work; and the time that the additional work is expected to take. As with the original estimate, we will say whether we anticipate needing further approval and, if so, why we think it may be necessary to seek further approval.

Percentage basis

The legislation allows fees to be charged on a percentage of the value of the property with which the office holder has to deal (realisations and/or distributions). Different percentages can be used for different assets or types of assets. In cases where we were appointed prior to 1 October 2015, most of our fees were recovered on a time costs basis and appropriate authority was obtained from the creditors or the committee as set down in the legislation. The legislation changed on 1 October 2015 and we now seek remuneration on a percentage basis more often. A report accompanying any fee request will set out the potential assets in the case, the remuneration percentage proposed for any realisations and the work covered by that remuneration, as well as the expenses that will be, or are likely to be, incurred. Expenses can be incurred without approval, but must be disclosed to help put the remuneration request into context.

The percentage approved in respect of realisations will be charged against the assets realised, and where approval is obtained on a mixture of bases, any fixed fee and time costs will then be charged against the funds remaining in the liquidation after the realisation percentage has been deducted

The disclosure that we make should include sufficient information about the insolvency appointment to enable you to understand how the proposed fee reflects the complexity (or otherwise) of the case, any responsibility of an exceptional kind falling on the office holder, the effectiveness with which the office holder has carried out their functions, and the value and nature of the property with which the office holder has to deal.

If the basis of remuneration has been approved on a percentage basis then an increase in the amount of the percentage applied can only be approved by the committee or creditors (depending upon who approved the basis of remuneration) in cases where there has been a material and substantial change in the circumstances that were taken into account when fixing the original level of the percentage applied. If there has not been a material and substantial change in the circumstances then an increase can only be approved by the Court.

Fixed fee

The legislation allows fees to be charged at a set amount. Different set amounts can be used for different tasks. In cases where we were appointed prior to 1 October 2015, most of our fees were recovered on a time costs basis and appropriate authority was obtained from the creditors or the committee as set down in the legislation. The legislation changed on 1 October 2015 and we now seek remuneration on a fixed fee basis more often. A report accompanying any fee request will set out the set fee that we proposed to charge and the work covered by that remuneration, as well as the expenses that will be, or are likely to be, incurred. Expenses can be incurred without approval, but must be disclosed to help put the remuneration request into context.

The disclosure that we make should include sufficient information about the insolvency appointment to enable you to understand how the proposed fee reflects the complexity (or otherwise) of the case, any responsibility of an exceptional kind falling on the office holder, the effectiveness with which the office holder has carried out their functions, and the value and nature of the property with which the office holder has to deal.

If the basis of remuneration has been approved on a fixed fee basis then an increase in the amount of the fixed fee can only be approved by the committee or creditors (depending upon who approved the basis of remuneration) in cases where there has been a material and substantial change in the circumstances that were taken into account when fixing the original level of the fixed fee. If there has not been a material and substantial change in the circumstances then an increase can only be approved by the Court.

Members' voluntary liquidations and voluntary arrangements

The legislation changes that took effect from 1 October 2015 did not apply to members' voluntary liquidations (MVL), Company Voluntary Arrangements (CVA) or Individual Voluntary Arrangements (IVA). In MVLs, the company's members set the fee basis, often as a fixed fee. In CVAs and IVAs, the fee basis is set out in the proposals and creditors approve the fee basis when they approve the arrangement.

All bases

With the exception of Individual Voluntary Arrangements and Company Voluntary Arrangements which are VAT exempt, the officeholder's remuneration invoiced to the insolvent estate will be subject to VAT at the prevailing rate.

Agent's costs

Charged at cost based upon the charge made by the Agent instructed, the term Agent includes:

- Solicitors/Legal Advisors
- Auctioneers/Valuers
- Accountants
- Quantity Surveyors
- Estate Agents
- Other Specialist Advisors

In new appointments made after 1 October 2015, the office holder will provide details of expenses to be incurred, or likely to be incurred, when seeking fee approval. When reporting to the committee and creditors during the course of the insolvency appointment the actual expenses incurred will be compared with the original estimate provided.

Disbursements

In accordance with SIP 9 the basis of disbursement allocation in respect of disbursements incurred by the office holder in connection with the administration of the estate must be fully disclosed to creditors. Disbursements are categorised as either category 1 or category 2.

Category 1 expenses are directly referable to an invoice from a third party, which is either in the name of the estate or Streets SPW; in the case of the latter, the invoice makes reference to, and therefore can be directly attributed to, the estate. These disbursements are recoverable in full from the estate without the prior approval of creditors either by a direct payment from the estate or, where the firm has made payment on behalf of the estate, by a recharge of the amount invoiced by the third party. Examples of category 1 disbursements are statutory advertising, external meeting room hire, external storage, specific bond insurance and company search fees.

Category 2 expenses are incurred by the firm and recharged to the estate; they are not attributed to the estate by a third party invoice and/or they may include a profit element. These disbursements are recoverable in full from the estate, subject to the basis of the disbursement charge being approved by creditors in advance. Examples of category 2 disbursements are photocopying, internal room hire, internal storage and mileage.

It is proposed that the following category 2 disbursements are recovered: -

Mileage Money Laundering Check Software Photocopying Internal Room Hire Internal Storage 45p per mile £15 per case per annum 15p per sheet £100 per hour £10 per box per 6 months

PROVISION OF SERVICES REGULATIONS SUMMARY SHEET FOR STREETS SPW

The following information is designed to draw the attention of interested parties to the information required to be disclosed by the Provision of Services Regulations 2009.

Licensing Body

Stella Davis and Harold Sorsky are licensed to act as Insolvency Practitioners ("IPs") in the United Kingdom by the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants ("ACCA").

Harold Sorsky is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales ("ICAEW").

Streets SPW is a trading style of SPW (UK) LLP, a limited liability partnership. SPW (UK) LLP is a member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales ("ICAEW").

Rules Governing Actions

All IPs are bound by the rules of their professional body, including any that relate specifically to insolvency. The rules of the professional body that licences Stella Davis and Harold Sorsky can be found at:

http://www.accaglobal.com/content/dam/ACCA_Global/Members/Doc/rule/ACCA-Rulebook%202018-effective-1-March-2018.pdf

In addition, IPs are bound by the Statements of Insolvency Practice (SIPs), details of which can be found at https://www.r3.org.uk/what-we-do/publications/professional/statements-of-insolvency-practice.

Ethics

All IPs are required to comply with the Insolvency Code of Ethics and a copy of the Code can be found at:

http://www.accaglobal.com/gb/en/member/professional-standards/monitoring/insolvency/code-ethics.html

General Data Protection

As part of our professional duties we are required to obtain certain information from and about you or your organisation. These include but are not limited to your name, all contact details and details of financial, contractual and other transactions with any company of debtor that we may be dealing with, whether within a formal insolvency appointment, or not. The information we hold on you may be accessed, corrected and erased at your request, where permissible.

We will use the information we collect to administer the affairs of our clients and we do not consider our legitimate interests to be overridden by your interests or fundamental rights and freedoms.

We use all information to comply with our legal obligations, our public interest requirements and our statutory and best practice requirements. In particular we maintain and will process the information we hold in order to comply with the provisions of the Insolvency Act 1986 and its associated legislation and case law. We will also do this to comply with the best practice requirements of the IPs' licensing body, the ACCA.

We will hold the information for the length of the administration of the affairs of our clients and for up to 6 years thereafter, dependent on legal requirements.

Our Privacy Statement and Cookie Policy can be read on our website www.streetsspw.co.uk. Further information about the General Data Protection requirements is available from the Information Commissioner's Office www.ico.org.uk.

Complaints

At Streets SPW we always strive to provide a professional and efficient service. However, we recognise that it is in the nature of insolvency proceedings for disputes to arise from time to time. As such, should you have any comments or complaints regarding the administration of a particular case then in the first instance you should contact the IP acting as office holder.

If you consider that the IP has not dealt with your comments or complaint appropriately you should then put details of your concerns in writing to our complaints officer Mr Shirish Shah of SPW (UK) LLP at Gable House, 239 Regents Park Road, London N3 3LF. This will then formally invoke our complaints procedure and we will endeavour to deal with your complaint under the supervision of a senior partner unconnected with the appointment.

Most disputes can be resolved amicably either through the provision of further information or following negotiations. However, in the event that you have exhausted our complaints procedure and you are not satisfied that your complaint has been resolved or dealt with appropriately, you may complain to the regulatory body that licences the insolvency practitioner concerned. Any such complaints should be addressed to The Insolvency Service, IP Complaints, 3rd Floor, 1 City Walk, Leeds, LS11 9DA, and you can make a submission using an on-line form available at www.gov.uk/complain-about-insolvency-practitioner; or you can email insolvency.enquiryline@insolvency.gsi.gov.uk; or you may phone 0300 678 0015. Information on the call charges that apply is available at https://www.gov.uk/call-charges.

Professional Indemnity Insurance

Street SPW's Professional Indemnity Insurance is provided by Nexus Underwriting Limited, 150 Leadenhall Street, London, EC3V 4QT and the territorial scope of the cover is the United Kingdom.

VAT

Streets SPW is registered for VAT under registration no. 125 4271 36.

Bribery Act 2010

Streets SPW is committed to applying the highest standards of ethical conduct and integrity in its business activities. Every employee and individual acting on Streets SPW's behalf is responsible for maintaining our reputation and for conducting company business honestly and professionally.

Streets SPW take a zero-tolerance approach to bribery and corruption and are committed to acting professionally, fairly and with integrity in all our business dealings and relationships wherever we operate.

Streets SPW requires all those who are associated with it to observe the highest standards of impartiality, integrity and objectivity.

Streets SPW prohibits anyone acting on its behalf from:

- bribing another person. A bribe includes the offering, promising or giving of any financial or other type of advantage;
- accepting a bribe. This includes requesting, agreeing to receive or accepting any financial, or another kind of advantage;
- bribing a foreign public official; and
- · condoning the offering or acceptance of bribes.

Streets SPW will:

- avoid doing business with others who do not accept our values and who may harm our reputation;
- maintain processes, procedures and records that limit the risk of direct or indirect bribery;

- promote awareness of this policy amongst its staff, those acting on its behalf and entities with which it has any commercial dealings;
- investigate all instances of alleged bribery, and will assist the police, and other authorities when appropriate, in any resultant prosecutions. In addition, disciplinary action will be considered against individual members of staff;
- · review this policy regularly and update it when necessary.

PROOF OF DEBT - GENERAL FORM

In the matter of Inova Investment Limited

and in the matter of The Insolvency Act 1986

Date of Liquidation: 18 July 2018

1.	Name of Creditor	
2.	Address of Creditor	
3.	Total amount of claim, including any Value Added Tax and outstanding uncapitalised interest as at the date the company went into liquidation (see note)	£
4.	Details of any document by reference to which the debt can be substantiated. [Note the liquidator may call for any document or evidence to substantiate the claim at his discretion]	
5.	If the total amount shown above includes Value Added Tax, please show:-	
	(a) amount of Value Added Tax (b) amount of claim NET of Value Added Tax	£
6.	If total amount above includes outstanding uncapitalised interest please state amount	£
7.	If you have filled in both box 3 and box 5, please state whether you are claiming the amount shown in box 3 or the amount shown in box 5(b)	
8	Give details of whether the whole or any part of the debt falls within any (and if so which) of the categories of preferential debts under section 386 of, and schedule 6 to, the Insolvency Act 1986 (as read with schedule 3 to the Social Security Pensions Act 1975)	Category Amount(s) claimed as preferential £
9.	Particulars of how and when debt incurred.	
10.	Particulars of any security held, the value of the security, and the date it was given	£
11.	Signature of creditor or person authorised to act on his behalf	
	Name in BLOCK LETTERS	
	Position with or relation to creditor	

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Form 4.25

PROOF OF DEBT - GENERAL FORM (CONTD)				
Admitted to Vo	ote for			
£				
Date				
Liquidator				
Admitted prefe	erentially for			
£				
Date				
Liquidator				
Admitted non-	preferentially for			
£				
Date				
Liquidator				
NOTE:	A company goes into liquidation if it passes a resolution for voluntary winding up or an order for its winding up is made by the court at a time when it has not already gone into liquidation by passing such a resolution.			