Registered number: 06994529

SGY PRODUCTIONS LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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SGY PRODUCTIONS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:06994529

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Note		2020 £		2019 £
ed assets					
gible assets	4		-		317
rent assets					
tors: amounts falling due within one year	5	79,156		68,131	
n at bank and in hand	6	35,714		63,965	
		114,870		132,096	
ditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(170,553)		(149,240)	
current liabilities	•		(55,683)		(17,144)
al assets less current liabilities		•	(55,683)	_	(16,827)
visions for liabilities					
erred tax	8	-		(54)	
			<u> </u>		(54)
liabilities			(55,683)		(16,881)
ital and reserves					
ed up share capital	9		100		100
it and loss account			(55,783)		(16,981)
		-	(55,683)	-	(16,881)
	9	-	(55,783)	-	

SGY PRODUCTIONS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:06994529

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

The director considers that the company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has opted not to file the profit and loss account in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

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S G Young

Director

Date: 13 September 2021

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1. General information

SGY Productions Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales, registration number 06994529. The registered office address is Elsley Court, 20-22 Great Titchfield Street, London, United Kingdom, W1W 8BE.

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of services in respect of the staging of musical productions and sundry exhibitions.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Covid-19 disclosure note

The director is assessing, on a daily basis, the impact of the significant uncertainty arising from the COVID-19 virus. Whilst the director appreciates there is a significant uncertainty surrounding the future economic climate, the company is well placed to address these impacts. The director is satisfied that the company will be able to satisfy its financial obligations for at least 12 months from the date of signature of the financial statements, which have been prepared on the going concern basis.

2.3 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis as the director has confirmed he will continue to provide necessary funding in order for the company to maintain operations and meet liabilities in full for at least the next 12 months.

On this basis, the director is satisfied that the financial statements should be prepared on a going concern basis.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The company's functional and presentational currency is pound sterling.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

2.5 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of productions and exhibition

services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.7 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current corporation tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Computer equipment - 25%
Straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

2.9 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

2.11 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.12 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from other third parties and loans to related parties.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2019 - 1).

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Computer equipment
	£
At 1 January 2020	2,182
Disposals	(2,182)
At 31 December 2020	
At 1 January 2020	1,865
Charge for the year on owned assets	318
Disposals	(2,183)
At 31 December 2020	
Net book value	
At 31 December 2020	
At 31 December 2019	<u>317</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Debtors		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Trade debtors	70,109	57,631
	Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	1,875 7,172	10,250 250
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	79,156	68,131
			,
•	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	35,714	63,965
'.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Trade creditors	1,246	-
	Other creditors	66,259	66,258
	Accruals and deferred income	103,048	82,982
		<u>170,553</u>	149,240
ł.	Deferred taxation		
		2020 £	2019 £
	At beginning of year	(54)	(147)
	Utilised in year	54	93
	At end of year		(54)
	The deferred taxation balance is made up as follows:		
		2020 £	2019 £
		_	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

9. Share capital

	2020	2019
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
100 Ordinary shares shares of £1.00 each	100	100

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.