Registration number: 06974736

ABBEYDALE VETS LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 01 JULY 2015 TO 12 OCTOBER 2015



Hazlewoods LLP Staverton Court Staverton Cheltenham GL51 0UX

ABBEYDALE VETS LIMITED

(REGISTRATION NUMBER: 06974736)

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

AT 12 OCTOBER 2015

	Note	12 October 2015 £	30 June 2015 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets	2	218,459	197,883
Current assets			
Stocks		21,606	78,395
Debtors		44,201	63,520
Cash at bank and in hand		139,123	110,879
		204,930	252,794
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(169,740)	(169,370)
Net current assets		35,190	83,424
Total assets less current liabilities	•	253,649	281,307
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		(666)	(1,333)
Provisions for liabilities		(23,877)	(21,033)
Net assets		229,106	258,941
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	4	4
Profit and loss account		229,102	258,937
Shareholders' funds		229,106	258,941

For the period ended 12 October 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 912116. and signed on its behalf by:

Director

ABBEYDALE VETS LIMITED NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 12 OCTOBER 2015

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective January 2015).

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

Goodwill

Positive goodwill is capitalised, classified as an asset on the balance sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its useful economic life. It is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following the acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class

Improvements to property Veterinary Equipment Fixtures and fittings Computer equipment

Depreciation method and rate

2% on cost 15% on reducing balance 15% on reducing balance 25% on reducing balance

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by the FRSSE.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital element of future finance payments is included within creditors. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the length of the contract and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

ABBEYDALE VETS LIMITED NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 12 OCTOBER 2015

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

2 Fixed assets

	Intangible assets £	Tangible assets £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 July 2015	190,198	259,123	449,321
Additions		24,500	24,500
At 12 October 2015	190,198	283,623	473,821
Depreciation			
At 1 July 2015	190,198	61,240	251,438
Charge for the period		3,924	3,924
At 12 October 2015	190,198	65,164	255,362
Net book value			
At 12 October 2015	-	218,459	218,459
At 30 June 2015	-	197,883	197,883

3 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	12 October 2015		30 June 2015	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordniary shares of £1 each	4	4	4	4

4 Control

The immediate parent company is Independent Vetcare Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The ultimate parent company is IVC Holdings 1 Sarl, a company registered in Luxembourg, which is controlled by funds managed by Summit Partners Europe Private Equity Fund LP. The consolidated financial statements of IVC Holdings 1 SARL are available from Siège Social: L-1855, Luxembourg, 5, rue du Plébiscite.