## A & W BROCK LIMITED

## UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

\*A55V4LB6\* A27 28/04/2016 #245 COMPANIES HOUSE

## A & W BROCK LIMITED

## **UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015**

		2015		2014	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		77,113		88,278
Current assets					
Debtors		366		1,269	
Cash at bank and in hand		22,150		15,979	
		22,516		17,248	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year		(80,356)		(84,703)	
Net current liabilities		·	(57,840)		(67,455)
Total assets less current liabilities			19,273		20,823
					=
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	3		2		2
Profit and loss account			19,271		20,821
Shareholders' funds			19,273		20,823
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For the financial year ended 31 December 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies and the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The abbreviated financial statements on pages 1 to 3 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on ... 1644. Data. and are signed on its behalf by:

A E Brock

**Director** 

WR Brock **Director** 

# A & W BROCK LIMITED NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

#### Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings Leasehold 10% straight line Plant and machinery 25% straight line Computer equipment 25% straight line

#### **Pensions**

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised in the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses on revaluations where at the balance sheet date there is an agreement to sell the asset.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries and associates only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable or a binding agreement to distribute past earnings in future has been entered into by the subsidiary or associate.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for according to the substance of the contractual arrangement as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## A & W BROCK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

2	Fixed assets			
		Tang	ible assets	
			£	
	Cost			
	At 1 January 2015		139,355	
	Additions		4,198	
	At 31 December 2015		143,553	
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2015		51,077	
	Charge for the year		15,363	
	At 31 December 2015		66,440	
-	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2015		77,113	
	At 31 December 2014		88,278	
3	Share capital	2015	2014	
		£	£	
	Allotted, called up and fully paid			
	1 Ordinary A shares of £1 each	1	1	
	1 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	1	1	
		2	2	