Registration number: 06961440

Dental Arts Studio (Dental Care) Limited

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Landmark Accountants Limited
Chartered Accountants
Leavesden Park
5 Hercules Way
Watford
Hertfordshire
WD25 7GS

Contents

Company Information	<u> </u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>11</u>

Company Information

Directors Mr Y Solanki

Mr S Malhan

Registered office Leavesden Park

Suite 1

5 Hercules Way Watford Hertfordshire WD25 7GS

Accountants Landmark Accountants Limited

Chartered Accountants Leavesden Park 5 Hercules Way Watford

Hertfordshire WD25 7GS

(Registration number: 06961440) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021

	Note	20	021	20	020
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>		151,015		225,823
Current assets					
Stocks	6	11,587		9,762	
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	1,629,441		1,954,648	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	44,164	_	76,054	
		1,685,192		2,040,464	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,174,713)	_	(1,802,442)	
Net current assets			510,479		238,022
Total assets less current liabilities			661,494		463,845
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(155,880)		(161,145)
Provisions for liabilities		_	(32,479)	_	(38,101)
Net assets		=	473,135		264,599
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9	100		100	
Profit and loss account	-	473,035	-	264,499	
Total equity		:	473,135	:	264,599

For the financial year ending 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 21 December 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

(Registration number: 06961440) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021

Mr Y Solanki		
Director		
Mr S Malhan		
Director		

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Leavesden Park Suite I 5 Hercules Way Watford Hertfordshire WD25 7GS United Kingdom

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The presentational currency of these accounts is £ Sterling. The level of rounding is to the nearest £.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Plant and machinery 25% Straight Line

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
Over 5 years

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments.

Recognition and measurement

Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 28 (2020 - 28).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2020	3,205,957	3,205,957
At 31 March 2021	3,205,957	3,205,957
Amortisation At 1 April 2020	3,205,957	3,205,957
At 31 March 2021	3,205,957	3,205,957
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2021		

Tangible assets

	Long leasehold land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2020	2	485,931	485,933
Additions		12,405	12,405
At 31 March 2021	2	498,336	498,338
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2020	-	260,110	260,110
Charge for the year		87,213	87,213
At 31 March 2021		347,323	347,323
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2021	2	151,013	151,015
At 31 March 2020	2	225,821	225,823

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £2 (2020 - £2) in respect of long leasehold land and buildings.

Stocks

2021	2020
£	£

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

7 Debtors			
		2021	2020
		£	£
Trade debtors		-	45,157
Other debtors		1,629,441	1,909,491
	_	1,629,441	1,954,648
8 Creditors			
		2021	2020
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts		108,405	66,930
Trade creditors		-	34,353
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	11	930,678	1,622,103
Taxation and social security		64,000	55,884
Other creditors		71,630	23,172
		1,174,713	1,802,442
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings		155,880	161,145

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

9 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2021		20	2020	
	No.	£	No.	£	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100	

10 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet

The total amount of financial commitments not included in the balance sheet is £6,834 (2020 - £6,834).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

11 Related party transactions

Expenditure with and payables to related parties

Expenditure with and payables to related parties	
	Key
	management
2021	£
Amounts payable to related party	930,678
	Key
	management
2020	£
Amounts payable to related party	1,622,103

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.