

# Red Ketchup Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements  
for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

**Red Ketchup Limited**  
**(Registration number: 06940183)**  
**Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2020**

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	<u>4</u>	2,075	21,941
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>505,519</u>	<u>537,614</u>
		507,594	559,555
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year</b>	<u>5</u>	<u>(36,810)</u>	<u>(40,544)</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u><u>470,784</u></u>	<u><u>519,011</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	<u>6</u>	1	1
Profit and loss account		<u>470,783</u>	<u>519,010</u>
<b>Shareholders' funds</b>		<u><u>470,784</u></u>	<u><u>519,011</u></u>

For the financial year ending 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 19 February 2021

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Tu-Linh Ngo  
Director

# Red Ketchup Limited

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

### 1 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Office equipment	25% straight line basis

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

# **Red Ketchup Limited**

## **Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020**

### **Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### **Share capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

## **2 Staff numbers**

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2019 - 1).

# Red Ketchup Limited

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

### 3 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
<b>Cost or valuation</b>		
At 1 January 2020	513	513
Disposals	(513)	(513)
At 31 December 2020	-	-
<b>Depreciation</b>		
At 1 January 2020	513	513
Eliminated on disposal	(513)	(513)
At 31 December 2020	-	-
<b>Carrying amount</b>		
At 31 December 2020	-	-

### 4 Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors	-	21,360
Prepayments	581	581
Other debtors	1,494	-
	2,075	21,941

### 5 Creditors

#### Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
<b>Due within one year</b>		
Trade creditors	8	8
Taxation and social security	62	23,372
Accruals and deferred income	2,163	2,163
Other creditors	34,577	15,001
	36,810	40,544

## Red Ketchup Limited

### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

#### 6 Share capital

##### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary share of £1 each	1	1	1	1

80-83 Long Lane

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